Knowledge Check - Answers

- Convert CAFE to decimal – C=12, A=10, F=15, E=14 12(16³)+10(16²)+15(16¹)+14(16⁰) = 12*4096+10*256+15*16+14 = 51966

- Convert 7A69 to binary 0111 1010 0110 1001
 - What is the high order nibble of the low order byte in binary? 0110
 - What is the low order nibble of the high order byte in hex?



Knowledge Check - Answers

- What ICMP type and code indicate a ping response?
 - Type 0, code 0
- What two bytes start most IPv4 packets?
 - 0x4500
- What ICMP type might indicate a traceroute?
 - Type 11
- What are the sets of flags in a normal TCP 3-way handshake?
 - SYN, SYN-ACK, ACK
- What are the two common methods of terminating a TCP connection?
 - FIN, RST



Knowledge Check - Answers

- Find SYN-ACK packets
 - tcp[13]=0x12
- Find packets with a source port of 80
 - src port 80
 - udp[0:2]=80 || tcp[0:2]=80
- Find packets with all TCP flags set
 - tcp[13] = 0xff
- Find all UDP packets with a destination port of 123
 - udp[2:2]=123
 - udp && dst port 123
- Find all type 3 code 3 ICMP packets
 - icmp[0]=3 && icmp[1]=3



Practical Exercise – Fragmentation Answers

- frags.pcap
 - Why might only 1 host have responded to the ICMP echo request?
 - Fragmented ICMP blocked by Google, but not by local router
- frags2.pcap
 - What was the server's response code?
 - 301
 - What URL was probably requested?
 - www.google.com



- -nmap.pcap
 - -Which host was performing scanning?
 - **-** 192.168.2.175
 - -tcpdump -r nmap.pcap -nn 'tcp[13]=0x02' | cut -f3 d' ' | cut -f1-4 -d '.' | sort | uniq -c | sort -n

```
reading from file nmap.pcap, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet)
1 192.168.2.45
3 192.168.2.75
18 192.168.2.98
4537 192.168.2.175
```



- -nmap.pcap
 - -Which host was the scan target?
 - -192.168.2.75
 - -tcpdump -r nmap.pcap -nn 'tcp[13]=0x02' | cut -f5 d' ' | cut -f1-4 -d '.' | sort | uniq -c | sort -n

```
reading from file nmap.pcap, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet)
1 65.55.44.109
4 192.168.2.45
16 192.168.3.249
4538 192.168.2.75
```



- nmap.pcap
 - How many TCP ports were scanned?
 - 1000
 - sudo tcpdump -r nmap.pcap -nn 'tcp[13]=0x02 && src host
 192.168.2.175 && dst host 192.168.2.75'| cut -f 5 -d' ' | cut -f5 -d'.'|
 cut -f1 -d':' | sort | uniq | wc -l
 - How many UDP ports were scanned?
 - 30
 - sudo tcpdump -r nmap.pcap -nn 'udp && src host 192.168.2.175 && dst host 192.168.2.75'| cut -f 5 -d' ' | cut -f5 -d'.' | cut -f1 -d':' | sort | uniq | wc -l



- nmap.pcap
 - Which TCP ports were open?
 - 1025,1026,1027,1031,1032,1034,135, 139,2869,3306,445,5357
 - sudo tcpdump -r nmap.pcap -nn
 'tcp[13]=0x12 && dst host
 192.168.2.175 && src host
 192.168.2.75'| cut -f 3 -d' ' | cut -f5 -d'.'|
 cut -f1 -d':' | sort | uniq

```
reading from file nmap.pcap
1025
1026
1027
1031
1032
1034
135
139
2869
3306
445
5357
```



- nmap.pcap
 - What may have caused the scan behavior after 12:04:10?
 - Firewall enabled that does not reset connections

```
56710 → 445 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200
33664 \rightarrow 111 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200
56884 → 256 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200
33784 → 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200
33602 \rightarrow 22 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200 Le
42012 → 53 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200 Le
36270 \rightarrow 113 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200
34480 \rightarrow 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200 Let
52224 → 587 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200
51006 → 8080 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200
51008 \rightarrow 8080 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200
52230 → 587 [SVN] Seq-0 Win-20200
```



ch2.pcap (from root-me.org)

-Find the FTP password-ngrep for PASS

```
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet_intro_long$ ngrep -qI ch2.pcap 'PASS'
input: ch2.pcap
filter: ((ip || ip6) || (vlan && (ip || ip6)))
match: PASS

T 10.20.144.150:35974 -> 10.20.144.151:21 [AP] #11
    PASS cdts3500..
```



ch3.pcap (from root-me.org)

- -Find the twitter password
- -ngrep -ql ch3.pcap 'Authorization: Basic' | tr ':'
 '\n' | grep 'Basic' | cut -f3 -d' ' | cut -f1 -d'.' |
 base64 -d



2015-03-24-traffic-analysis-exercise.pcap (from malware-traffic-analysis.net)

- IP address of the infected host
 - **-** 192.168.122.200
- Which server is probably legitimate, but compromised?
 - -forums.pelicanparts.com
- What redirection techniques does this exploit kit use?
 - Script tag injection
- What types of exploits were served?
 - Adobe Reader, Flash, Java, Silverlight



sansholidayhack2013.pcap (from SANS holiday hack challenge, 2013)

- What are the MACs and IPs of the machines that ARP cache poison? Is it successful?
 - 00:0c:29:f7:f4:9a 10.21.22.253 successful
 - 10.25.22.252 unsuccessful
- What are the IPs of the systems that were port scanning?
 - 10.25.22.252,10.21.22.253,10.25.22.253
 - tcpdump -nn -r sansholidayhack2013.pcap 'tcp[13]=0x02' | cut -f3,5 -d' | tr ' ' '.' | cut -f1-4,6-10 -d'.' | sort | uniq -c | sort -rn
 - tcpdump -nn -r sansholidayhack2013.pcap 'tcp[13]=0x14' | cut -f5 -d' ' | cut -f1-4 -d'.' | sort | uniq -c | sort -n



sansholidayhack2013.pcap (from SANS holiday hack challenge, 2013)

- -What systems and protocols did the scans discover?
 - -tcpdump -nn -r sansholidayhack2013.pcap 'tcp[13]=0x12 && (dst host 10.25.22.252 || dst host 10.21.22.253 || dst host 10.25.22.253)' | cut -f3 -d' ' | sort | uniq
- -What account was used in an attack over the SMB protocol?



sansholidayhack2013.pcap (from SANS holiday hack challenge, 2013)

10.16.11.5.110	10.25.22.22.80	165.254.158.56.80	208.80.154.234.80
10.21.22.22.502	10.25.22.23.80	173.194.43.47.443	208.80.154.240.80
10.21.22.23.502	10.25.22.250.80	192.190.173.45.80	216.22.25.175.80
10.21.22.24.502	10.25.22.30.80	192.204.3.75.80	54.230.49.239.80
10.21.22.253.1225	10.25.22.58.4444	199.7.57.72.80	63.245.217.36.80
10.2.2.2.8081	10.25.22.58.445	208.80.154.224.80	69.16.175.10.80
72.167.239.239.80	74.125.226.239.443	82.103.140.42.443	74.125.226.228.80



sansholidayhack2013.pcap (from SANS holiday hack challenge, 2013)

72.21.195.198.443	74.125.226.242.443	10.25.22.22.44818
72.21.203.211.80	74.125.226.251.80	165.254.138.136.80
72.21.214.3.443	74.125.22.82.80	208.80.154.225.80
72.21.215.52.80	81.169.180.37.443	69.195.141.178.443
74.125.226.199.443	81.169.180.37.80	82.103.134.102.80



sansholidayhack2013.pcap (from SANS holiday hack challenge, 2013)

- -What account was used in an attack over the SMB protocol?
 - -ernie



- -What are the max and minimum SSL/TLS versions supported by 192.168.2.122?
 - -Max: TLS 1.2
 - -Min: TLS 1.0



```
ssl.handshake
                                            Destination
                      Source
                                                                  Protocol
     111 2016-05-29 ... 192.168.2.122
                                            216.58.193.132
                                                                  TLSv1.2
     116 2016-05-29 ... 216.58.193.132
                                            192,168,2,122
                                                                 TLSv1.2
     118 2016-05-20 102 168 2 122
                                            216 58 103 132
                                                                  TI Cv1 2
> Frame 111: 583 bytes on wire (4664 bits), 583 bytes captured (4664 bits)
> Ethernet II, Src: Vmware f0:0b:61 (00:0c:29:f0:0b:61), Dst: AsustekC be:
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.2.122, Dst: 216.58.193.132
> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 40702, Dst Port: 443, Seq: 1, Ac

▼ Secure Sockets Layer

  ▼ TLSv1.2 Record Layer: Handshake Protocol: Client Hello
       Version: TLS 1.0 (0x0301)
       Length: 512

→ Handshake Protocol: Client Hello
          Handshake Type: Client Hello (1)
          Version: TLS 1.2 (0x0303)
           Nanuom. 12u3a34c13a10e1e4045f09e01c9a2353710b639e7ef06b4...
          Session ID Length: 32
          Session ID: dae500cd74df5dc6c9a4351d72b82efda997499260631196...
```



- -Flag 1
 - -http.request.full_uri contains "flag"
- -Flag 2

```
root@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet_intro_long# ngrep -qI packet_intro.pcap
'flag2'
input: packet_intro.pcap
filter: ((ip || ip6) || (vlan && (ip || ip6)))
match: flag2

T 192.168.2.122:57196 -> 66.235.120.113:80 [AP] #2344
  GET / HTTP/1.1..Host: askjeevs.com..User-Agent: flag2:82d5927b53538c2da5c4e5eadba2b
f2a..Accept: */*....
root@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet_intro_long#
```

-Flag 2

-ngrep -ql packet_intro.pcap 'flag2'

```
root@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet_intro_long# ngrep -qI packet_intro.pcap
'flag2'
input: packet_intro.pcap
filter: ((ip || ip6) || (vlan && (ip || ip6)))
match: flag2

T 192.168.2.122:57196 -> 66.235.120.113:80 [AP] #2344
  GET / HTTP/1.1..Host: askjeevs.com..User-Agent: flag2:82d5927b53538c2da5c4e5eadba2b
f2a..Accept: */*....
root@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet_intro_long#
```



-Flag 3

-ngrep -ql packet_intro.pcap 'flag3'

```
root@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet_intro_long# ngrep -qI packet_intro.pcap
'flag3'
input: packet_intro.pcap
filter: ((ip || ip6) || (vlan && (ip || ip6)))
match: flag3

U 192.168.2.122:60663 -> 8.8.8.8:53 #4750
    .V...... b768e1e8075fd6c1b7c11c84536dd467.flag3.com....

U 8.8.8.8:53 -> 192.168.2.122:60663 #4757
    .V..... b768e1e8075fd6c1b7c11c84536dd467.flag3.com.....?.dns1.re
    gistrar-servers.com,,..hostmaster.Mx..0..........._
```

- -Flag 4
 - -echo "flag" | base64
 - -ngrep -ql packet_intro.pcap 'ZmxhZ'
 - -ngrep -ql packet_intro.pcap 'ZmxhZ' | grep 'ZmxhZ' | tr -s ' ' | cut -f3 -d' ' | cut -f2- -d'=' | base64 -d



```
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet intro long$ echo "flag" | base64
7mxh7wo=
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet intro long$ ngrep -qI packet intro.pcap 'ZmxhZ'
input: packet intro.pcap
filter: ((ip || ip6) || (vlan && (ip || ip6)))
match: ZmxhZ
T 192.168.2.122:56154 -> 174.36.107.130:80 [AP] #5040
 GET /?a=ZmxhZzQ6MDIxMDFkZDNmNWYxZjA0NGRiYjM1YTUzMDUyMjQx0Tc== HTTP/1.1..Host: supersketch.com..Use
r-Agent: curl/7.47.
 0..Accept: */*....
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet_intro_long$ ngrep -qI packet intro.pcap 'ZmxhZ' |
grep 'ZmxhZ' | tr -s ' ' | cut -f3 -d' ' | cut -f2- -d'=' | base64 -d
flag4:02101dd3f5f1f044dbb35a5305224197base64: invalid input
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet intro long$
```



- -Flag 5
 - -echo "flag5" | xxd -ps
 - -ngrep -ql packet_intro.pcap '666c616735'
 - -printf
 "666c6167353a643638666337323164613331
 6565663932663565373939616466643534653
 139" | xxd -r -p



```
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet intro long$ echo "flag5" | xxd -ps
666c6167350a
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet_intro_long$ ngrep -qI packet intro.pcap '666c61673
input: packet intro.pcap
filter: ((ip || ip6) || (vlan && (ip || ip6)))
match: 666c616735
T 192.168.2.122:51588 -> 204.79.197.200:80 [AP] #5712
  GET /search=666c6167353a6436386663373231646133316565663932663565373939616466643534653139 HTTP/1
  .1..Host: bing.com..User-Agent: curl/7.47.0..Accept: */*....
T 204.79.197.200:80 -> 192.168.2.122:51588 [AP] #5728
  HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently..Location: http://www.bing.com/search=666c6167353a64363866633732
  31646133316565663932663565373939616466643534653139..Server: Microsoft-IIS/8.5..X-MSEdge-Ref: Re
  f A: FE730BDA1B4241D7AC872F3CE666680F Ref B: 36FB7548E3AF536AF11F30FF82345B4A Ref C: Sun May 29
   19:15:33 2016 PST..Date: Mon, 30 May 2016 02:15:32 GMT..Content-Length: 0....
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet intro long$ printf "666c6167353a643638666337323164
6133316565663932663565373939616466643534653139" | xxd -r -p
```



- -Flag 6
 - -tshark -r packet_intro.pcap -T fields -e
 icmp.type -Y 'icmp' | xargs printf '%x' | xxd -r -p



```
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet intro long$ tshark -r
packet intro.pcap -T fields -e icmp.type -Y 'icmp' | xargs printf '%x'
666c6167363a363935373464306161633937323061343238373632376337373130323839
3330dddddddddddddddddddddddddddddrangercha@kali:/mnt/hqfs/vmsha
red/training/packet intro long$
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet intro long$
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet intro long$ tshark -r
packet intro.pcap -T fields -e icmp.type -Y 'icmp' | xargs printf '%x' |
xxd -r -p
/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet intro long$
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet intro long$
```



-Flag 7

-tcpdump -r packet_intro.pcap -nnA 'icmp' | grep '\.\.' | cut -f4 -d'-' | grep -v '@\.\.\.\.\.z' | tr -d '\n'



```
rangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/training/packet_intro_long$ sudo tcpdump
-r packet_intro.pcap -nnA 'icmp' | grep '\.\.' | cut -f4 -d'-' | grep
-v '@\.\.\.\.\.z' | tr -d '\n'
[sudo] password for rangercha:
reading from file packet_intro.pcap, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet)
flag7:02ae9641b7052bfa4124dc41943cf36crangercha@kali:/mnt/hgfs/vmshared/tr
```

