$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$$
  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$   $\frac{3}{7}$   $\frac{3}{6}$   $\frac{3}{6}$ 

1. Eval 
$$SIN(\frac{\pi}{2})$$
  $cot(\frac{S\pi}{3}) + Sec(\frac{S\pi}{4})$ 

$$= (1) \cdot \frac{1}{tan(\frac{S\pi}{3})} + \frac{1}{cos(\frac{S\pi}{4})}$$

$$= 1 \cdot (1 \div -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1}) + (1 \div -\frac{1}{12})$$

$$= 1 \cdot (-\frac{1}{13}) + (-\sqrt{2})$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + -\sqrt{2}$$

$$= -1 - \sqrt{6}$$

2 Evaluate 
$$\sin\left(\frac{13\pi}{12}\right)$$

$$= \sin\left(\frac{9\pi}{12} + \frac{4\pi}{12}\right) = \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$= \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} + \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

3. Express 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{12}\cos(x) + \frac{1}{12}\sin(x)$$
 as cosine functional hor-translatation
$$= \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\cos(x) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\sin(x)$$

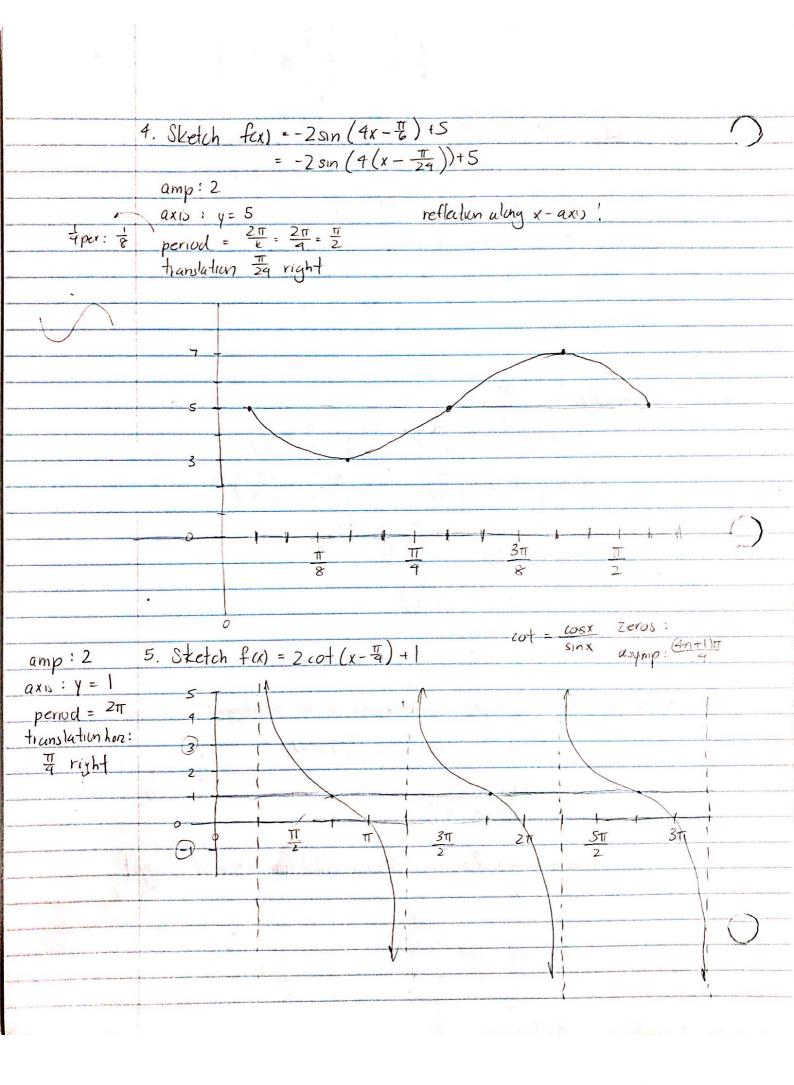
$$= \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}-x\right)$$

$$= \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}-x\right)$$
or  $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ 

$$= \cos\left(-(x-\frac{\pi}{4})\right)$$

is a cosine function with aborizontal translation of 4 right

Hilrory



6. Determine one sine equation and one cosine equation for the fortlowing graph

sine!

amp: 2 period  $\frac{2\pi}{k} = \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{\pi k}{2} = 2\pi k = 4$ axis: y = 1 horz translation:  $\frac{5\pi}{29}$  right

$$0 f(x) = 2 sin \left(4(x - \frac{sii}{2q})\right) + 1$$

cos !

amp 2 period = 4

axis: y=1 horz translation = Tright