

Verification and Validation Report: CVT Simulator

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1 Revision History

Date	Version	Notes
Date 1	1.0	Notes
Date 2	1.1	Notes

2 Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms

symbol	description
T	Test

[symbols, abbreviations or acronyms – you can reference the SRS tables if needed —SS]

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3 Functional Requirements Evaluation

4 Nonfunctional Requirements Evaluation

This section will cover the evaluation of the Nonfunctional Requirements.

4.1 Accuracy

4.2 Usability

The Usability/Understandability survey remains in progress at this time and results will be discussed in the [Usability Report](#). Therefore, Usability test-1 and Usability test-2 have not been fully completed yet, however as they are in progress these tests will be completed as future work.

1. **test-1:** Navigating Main Interface

Survey question: On a scale of 1-5 with 1 being extremely difficult and 5 being extremely easy, how easy was it to navigate the main interface?

2. **test-2:** Use of Most Common Features

Survey question: For the following main features: Inputting parameters, Adjusting parameters, Viewing data outputs, Saving and exporting data. Rate each feature on a scale of 1-5 with 1 being extremely difficult and 5 being extremely easy

4.3 Maintainability

The maintainability tests are designed to test how maintainable the system is given likely future changes.

1. **test-1:** Maintainability

This test was manually completed where the amount of time and number of lines of code will be recorded when implementing the changes that correspond to the 2023 CVT configuration. Implementation of the 2023 CVT parameters takes at most 20 minutes with modifications to appropriately 26 lines of code in the `car_specs.py`. Thus, the system

is easily maintainability and the number of lines modified and time taken is minimal given a total change in parameters of the CVT.

4.4 Verifiability

4.5 Understandability

The Usability/Understandability survey remains in progress at this time and results will be discussed in the [Usability Report](#). Therefore, Understandability test-1 and Understandability test-2 have not been completed yet, however as they are in progress these tests will be completed as future work.

1. **test-1:** Function Purpose

Survey question: For the following main features: Inputting parameters, Adjusting parameters, Viewing data outputs, Saving and exporting data. Was the purpose of each function clear, on a scale of 1-5 with 1 being very unclear and 5 being extremely clear.

2. **test-2:** Understanding Simulation Outputs

Survey question: On a scale of 1-5, with 1 being very unclear and 5 being extremely clear, how well did you understand the simulation results and output?

4.6 Reusability

The reusability tests are designed to assess how easily the system can be adapted to new or modified configurations.

1. **test-1:** Reusability

This test was manually performed by the teams, where the time taken and number of lines of code modified were recorded when implementing the 2023 CVT configuration. Implementation of the 2023 CVT parameters requires at most 20 minutes and involves modifications to approximately 26 lines of code in the `car_specs.py` file. These minimal changes demonstrate the system's high reusability, as it can be quickly adapted to new CVT configurations with little effort and modification.

5 Comparison to Existing Implementation

Not applicable for this project.

6 Unit Testing

6.1 Back End Unit Testing

The back end was fully covered by unit tests except for a several files which were not suited for unit testing as they were mainly constants or did not provide functionality that could be tested.

The test structure that was created was to essentially mirror how the code-base is organized. There is a test folder which houses all the tests, then inside that there is a simulations and utils folder which contain mirrored test files of the actual files under src/simulations or src/utils.

The tests were written using the built in unittest module in python. The tests were run using the command `coverage run -m unittest discover -s test/simulations -s test/utils`. This command runs all the tests in those two folders using the coverage library.

A coverage report was generated using the command `coverage report -m`.

This command generates a report that shows the percentage of code that was covered by the tests. The report also shows which lines were not covered by the tests. This can be seen in section 11 of this document.

6.2 Front End Unit Testing

The front end communication protocol was fully covered by unit tests besides the function that calls the python script since it is dependent on the back end Implementation.

The tests are stored in a separate project within the front end solution. They are written using the MS Unit Testing Framework and are ran using the `dotnet test` command.

A coverage report was generated using the JetBrains dotCover tool which shows the percentage of code that was covered by the tests.

7 Changes Due to Testing

[This section should highlight how feedback from the users and from the supervisor (when one exists) shaped the final product. In particular the feedback from the Rev 0 demo to the supervisor (or to potential users) should be highlighted. —SS]

7.1 Front End Changes

On the front end, many changes were made to support unit testing. The communication protocol was separated from the main Unity project since Unity was not compatible with the MS Unit Testing Framework.

Moving the communication protocol into a separate project allowed for the simplification of the code base by isolating responsibilities and improving modularization.

There were also changes on the front end to support the requested changes from the Rev 0 demo. The input parameters were updated to be stored in a csv file and read from there.

This changes was to facilitate the implementation of uploading and downloading the parameters from the front end which was a requested feature from the Rev 0 demo.

8 Automated Testing

Both back and front end sets of unit tests were automated and added to the CI/CD pipeline. Now whenever there is a commit it must pass all the tests in order to be verified. If there is an error it will fail and state which tests failed. This is a good way to ensure that the code is always working as expected.

As well the back end coverage report is also generated in the CI/CD run so you can see how much of the code is being covered by tests at that moment.

The configuration for the CI/CD can be seen here: <https://github.com/gr812b/CVT-Simulator/blob/develop/.github/workflows/ci.yaml>

9 Trace to Requirements

10 Trace to Modules

11 Code Coverage Metrics

```
PS C:\Users\travi\CVT-Simulator> coverage report
```

Name	Stmts	Miss	Cover
src\constants\car_specs.py	24	0	100%
src\utils\argument_parser.py	32	0	100%
src\utils\conversions.py	13	0	100%
src\utils\simulation_result.py	31	13	58%
src\utils\system_state.py	13	0	100%
src\utils\theoretical_models.py	64	2	97%
test\utils\test_argument_parser.py	19	1	95%
test\utils\test_conversions.py	30	1	97%
test\utils\test_simulation_result.py	37	1	97%
test\utils\test_system_state.py	26	1	96%
test\utils\test_theoretical_models.py	35	1	97%
TOTAL	324	20	94%

Figure 1: Back End Code Coverage

CommunicationProtocol	80%	27/133
(1.0.0.0, NETStandard,Version=v2.0)	80%	27/133
CommunicationProtocol	80%	27/133
Senders	46%	26/48
PythonRunner	0%	23/23
InputStore	82%	3/17
Parameter	100%	0/8
Receivers	99%	1/85
InputParameters	94%	1/18
SimulationResult	100%	0/12
CSVReader<T>	100%	0/17
DataPoint	100%	0/38

Figure 2: Front End Code Coverage

References

Appendix — Reflection

The information in this section will be used to evaluate the team members on the graduate attribute of Reflection.

The purpose of reflection questions is to give you a chance to assess your own learning and that of your group as a whole, and to find ways to improve in the future. Reflection is an important part of the learning process. Reflection is also an essential component of a successful software development process.

Reflections are most interesting and useful when they're honest, even if the stories they tell are imperfect. You will be marked based on your depth of thought and analysis, and not based on the content of the reflections themselves. Thus, for full marks we encourage you to answer openly and honestly and to avoid simply writing "what you think the evaluator wants to hear."

Please answer the following questions. Some questions can be answered on the team level, but where appropriate, each team member should write their own response:

1. What went well while writing this deliverable?
2. What pain points did you experience during this deliverable, and how did you resolve them?
3. Which parts of this document stemmed from speaking to your client(s) or a proxy (e.g. your peers)? Which ones were not, and why?
4. In what ways was the Verification and Validation (VnV) Plan different from the activities that were actually conducted for VnV? If there were differences, what changes required the modification in the plan? Why did these changes occur? Would you be able to anticipate these changes in future projects? If there weren't any differences, how was your team able to clearly predict a feasible amount of effort and the right tasks needed to build the evidence that demonstrates the required quality? (It is expected that most teams will have had to deviate from their original VnV Plan.)