Appendix A

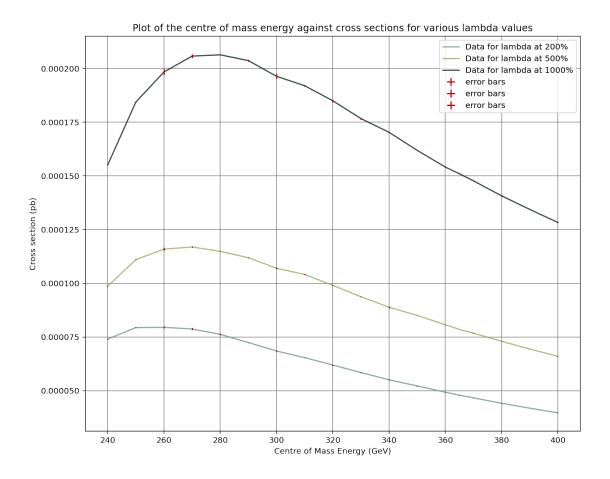
November 13, 2023

```
[7]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     lam200 = np.loadtxt("lambda200.csv", delimiter = ",")
     rows, cols = lam200.shape
     CoME200 = lam200[0:,0]
     CoME_error200 = lam200[0:,1]
     Cross_section200 = lam200[0:,2]
     Cross_section_error200 = lam200[0:,3]
     lam500 = np.loadtxt("lambda500.csv", delimiter = ",")
     rows, cols = lam500.shape
     CoME500 = lam500[0:,0]
     CoME_error500 = lam500[0:,1]
     Cross_section500 = lam500[0:,2]
     Cross_section_error500 = lam500[0:,3]
     lam1000 = np.loadtxt("lambda1000.csv", delimiter = ",")
     rows, cols = lam1000.shape
     CoME1000 = lam1000[0:,0]
     CoME_error1000 = lam1000[0:,1]
     Cross_section1000 = lam1000[0:,2]
     Cross_section_error1000 = lam1000[0:,3]
     lam05 = np.loadtxt("lambda05.csv", delimiter = ",")
     rows, cols = lam05.shape
     CoMEO5 = lamO5[0:,0]
     CoME_error05 = lam05[0:,1]
     Cross_section05 = lam05[0:,2]
     Cross_section_error05 = lam05[0:,3]
     plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
     plt.title("Plot of the centre of mass energy against cross sections for various ∪
      ⇔lambda values")
```

```
plt.xlabel("Centre of Mass Energy (GeV)")
plt.ylabel("Cross section (pb)")
plt.plot(CoME200, Cross_section200, color = "#6F9580",alpha = 0.8, label = 0.8

¬"Data for lambda at 200%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(CoME500, Cross_section500, color = "#95AA63", alpha = 0.8, label = 0.8
 →"Data for lambda at 500%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(CoME1000, Cross_section1000, color = "#011B10", alpha = 0.8, label = __
 plt.errorbar(CoME200, Cross_section200, xerr = CoME_error200, yerr = __
 Gross_section_error200, color = "#BA0001", label = "error bars", linestyle⊔
⇒= "")
plt.errorbar(CoME500, Cross_section500, xerr = CoME_error500, yerr = __
 →Cross_section_error500, color = "#BA0001", label = "error bars", linestyle |
 plt.errorbar(CoME1000, Cross_section1000, xerr = CoME_error1000, yerr = __
 ⇔Cross_section_error1000, color = "#BA0001", label = "error bars", linestyle⊔
⇔= "")
plt.grid(color = "grey")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[7]:



```
[8]: import numpy as np
lam10 = np.loadtxt("lambda10.csv", delimiter = ",")
rows, cols = lam10.shape
CoME10 = lam10[0:,0]
CoME_error10 = lam10[0:,1]
Cross_section10 = lam10[0:,2]
Cross_section_error10 = lam10[0:,3]

lam100 = np.loadtxt("lambda100.csv", delimiter = ",")
rows, cols = lam100.shape
CoME100 = lam100[0:,0]
CoME_error100 = lam100[0:,1]
Cross_section100 = lam100[0:,2]
Cross_section_error100 = lam100[0:,3]

lam50 = np.loadtxt("lambda50.csv", delimiter = ",")
rows, cols = lam50.shape
```

```
CoME50 = lam50[0:,0]
CoME_error50 = lam50[0:,1]
Cross_section50 = lam50[0:,2]
Cross_section_error50 = lam50[0:,3]
plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
#plt.title("Plot of the centre of mass energy against cross sections for
⇔various lambda values")
plt.xlabel("Centre of Mass Energy (GeV)", fontsize = 15)
plt.ylabel("Cross section (pb)", fontsize = 15)
plt.plot(CoME200, Cross_section200, color = "chocolate",alpha = 0.75, label = 0.75

¬"Data for lambda at 200%", linestyle = "-")

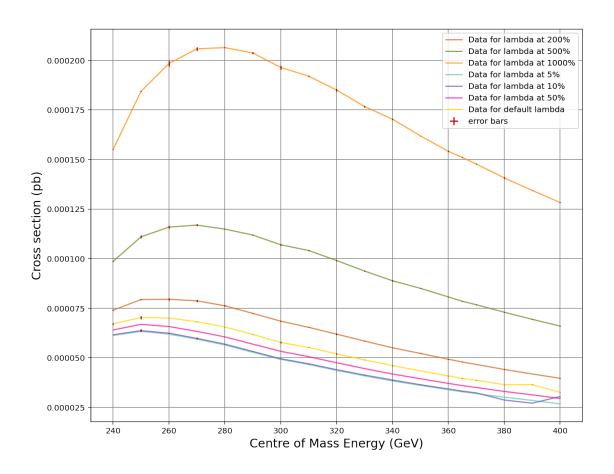
plt.plot(CoME500, Cross_section500, color = "olivedrab", alpha = 0.75, label = 0.75

¬"Data for lambda at 500%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(CoME1000, Cross_section1000, color = "darkorange", alpha = 0.75, label
 →= "Data for lambda at 1000%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(CoME05, Cross_section05, color = "mediumaquamarine",alpha = 0.75,
 →label = "Data for lambda at 5%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(CoME10, Cross_section10, color = "slateblue", alpha = 0.75, label = 0.75
 →"Data for lambda at 10%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(CoME50, Cross section50, color = "deeppink", alpha = 0.75, label = 1
 ⇔"Data for lambda at 50%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(CoME100, Cross_section100, color = "gold", alpha = 0.75, label = "Datau

¬for default lambda", linestyle = "-")

plt.errorbar(CoME200, Cross_section200, xerr = CoME_error200, yerr = __
 ⇔Cross_section_error200, color = "#BA0001", label = "error bars", linestyle⊔
⇒= "")
plt.errorbar(CoME500, Cross_section500, xerr = CoME_error500, yerr = u
 ⇔Cross_section_error500, color = "#BA0001", linestyle = "")
plt.errorbar(CoME1000, Cross_section1000, xerr = CoME_error1000, yerr = __
 Gross section error1000, color = "#BA0001", linestyle = "")
plt.errorbar(CoMEO5, Cross_section200, xerr = CoME_error200, yerr = __
 ⇔Cross_section_error200, color = "#BA0001", linestyle = "")
plt.errorbar(CoME50, Cross_section500, xerr = CoME_error50, yerr = __
 ⇔Cross_section_error50, color = "#BA0001", linestyle = "")
plt.errorbar(CoME10, Cross section10, xerr = CoME error10, yerr = 1
 ⇔Cross_section_error10, color = "#BA0001", linestyle = "")
plt.errorbar(CoME100, Cross_section100, xerr = CoME_error100, yerr = __
 Gross_section_error100, color = "#BA0001", linestyle = "")
plt.grid(color = "grey")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

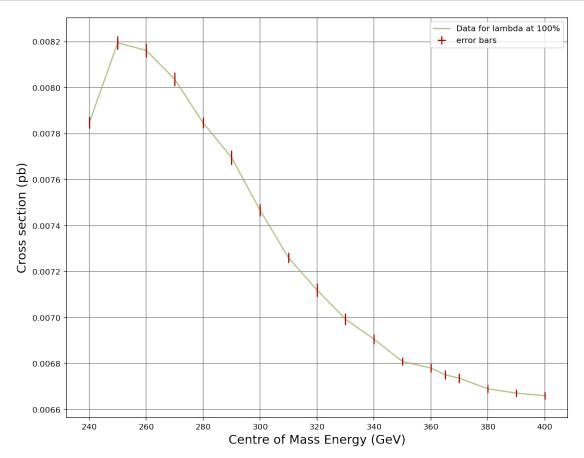
[8]:



```
[10]: import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      CoME_scan = np.loadtxt("CoMe_100.csv", delimiter = ",")
      rows, cols = CoME_scan.shape
      COME100 = CoME_scan[0:,0]
      COME_error100 = CoME_scan[0:,1]
      Cross_sectiOn100 = CoME_scan[0:,2]
      Cross_sectiOn_error100 = CoME_scan[0:,3]
      plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
      \#plt.title("Plot\ of\ the\ cross\ section\ against\ centre\ of\ mass\ energy\ for\ leading
       ⇔order processes for e+ e- > e+ e- H")
      plt.xlabel("Centre of Mass Energy (GeV)", fontsize = 15)
      plt.ylabel("Cross section (pb)", fontsize = 15)
      plt.plot(COME100, Cross_sectiOn100, color = "#93ae55",alpha = 0.75, label = 0.75

¬"Data for lambda at 100%", linestyle = "-")
```

[10]:

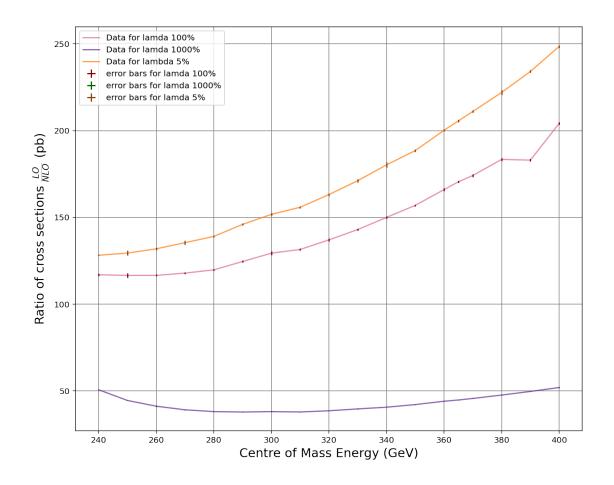


```
[11]: import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

Ratio1 = np.loadtxt("CoMe_100.csv", delimiter = ",")
   Ratio2 = np.loadtxt("lambda100.csv", delimiter = ",")
   Ratio3 = np.loadtxt("lambda1000.csv", delimiter = ",")
   Ratio4 = np.loadtxt("lambda05.csv", delimiter = ",")
   rows, cols = Ratio1.shape
   rows, cols = Ratio2.shape
   rows, cols = Ratio3.shape
   rows, cols = Ratio4.shape
```

```
Come_ratio100 = Ratio1[0:,0]
Come_ratio100_error = Ratio1[0:,1]
CS_ratio100 = Ratio1[0:,2]/Ratio2[0:,2]
CS ratio100_error = (Ratio1[0:,2]/Ratio2[0:,2])*np.sqrt((Ratio1[0:,3]/Ratio1[0:
(Ratio2[0:,3]/Ratio2[0:,2])**2)
Come ratio 1000 = Ratio 1[0:,0]
Come_ratio1000_error = Ratio1[0:,1]
CS_ratio1000 = Ratio1[0:,2]/Ratio3[0:,2]
CS ratio1000 error = (Ratio1[0:,2]/Ratio3[0:,2])*np.sqrt((Ratio1[0:,3]/Ratio1[0:
(-,2])**2 + (Ratio3[0:,3]/Ratio3[0:,2])**2)
Come_ratio05 = Ratio1[0:,0]
Come_ratio05_error = Ratio1[0:,1]
CS_{ratio05} = Ratio1[0:,2]/Ratio4[0:,2]
CS_ratio05_error = (Ratio1[0:,2]/Ratio4[0:,2])*np.sqrt((Ratio1[0:,3]/Ratio1[0:
 (-,2])**2 + (Ratio4[0:,3]/Ratio4[0:,2])**2)
plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
#plt.title("Plot of the ratio of the leading order over the next leading order_
 ⇔processes for e+ e- > e+ e- H")
plt.xlabel("Centre of Mass Energy (GeV)", fontsize = 15)
plt.ylabel(r"Ratio of cross sections $\frac{LO}{NLO}$ (pb)", fontsize = 15)
plt.plot(Come_ratio100, CS_ratio100, color = "palevioletred",alpha = 0.75,__
 ⇔label = "Data for lamda 100%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(Come_ratio1000, CS_ratio1000, color = "rebeccapurple", alpha = 0.75, u
 →label = "Data for lamda 1000%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(Come_ratio05, CS_ratio05, color = "tab:orange", alpha = 0.75, label =
 →"Data for lambda 5%", linestyle = "-")
plt.errorbar(Come_ratio100, CS_ratio100, xerr = Come_ratio100_error, yerr = __
 GCS ratio100 error, color = "darkred", label = "error bars for lamda 100%", I
 →linestyle = "")
plt.errorbar(Come_ratio1000, CS_ratio1000, xerr = Come_ratio1000_error, yerr = u
 ⇔CS_ratio1000_error, color = "darkgreen", label = "error bars for lamda⊔
 plt.errorbar(Come_ratio05, CS_ratio05, xerr = Come_ratio05_error, yerr = __
⇔CS_ratio05_error, color = "saddlebrown", label = "error bars for lamda 5%", □
⇔linestyle = "")
plt.grid(color = "grey")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[11]:

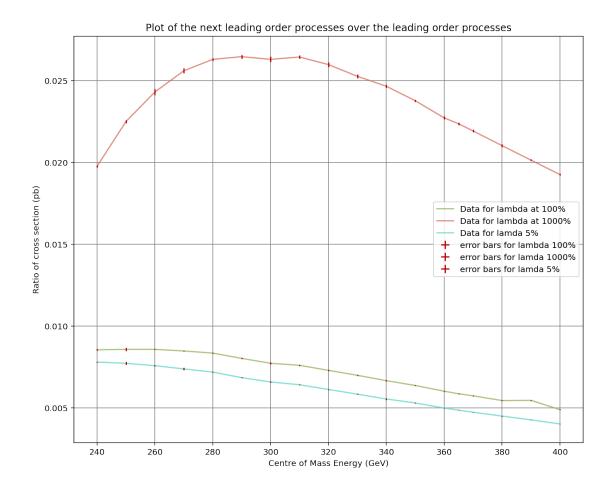


```
[7]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     Ratio1 = np.loadtxt("CoMe_100.csv", delimiter = ",")
     Ratio2 = np.loadtxt("lambda100.csv", delimiter = ",")
     Ratio3 = np.loadtxt("lambda1000.csv", delimiter = ",")
     Ratio4 = np.loadtxt("lambda05.csv", delimiter = ",")
     rows, cols = Ratio1.shape
     rows, cols = Ratio2.shape
     rows, cols = Ratio3.shape
     rows, cols = Ratio4.shape
     Come_ratio100 = Ratio1[0:,0]
     Come_ratio100_error = Ratio1[0:,1]
     CS_ratio100 = Ratio2[0:,2]/Ratio1[0:,2]
     CS_ratio100_error = (Ratio2[0:,2]/Ratio1[0:,2])*np.sqrt((Ratio1[0:,3]/Ratio1[0:
      (3,2])**2 + (Ratio2[0:,3]/Ratio2[0:,2])**2)
     Come_ratio1000 = Ratio1[0:,0]
```

```
Come_ratio1000_error = Ratio1[0:,1]
CS_ratio1000 = Ratio3[0:,2]/Ratio1[0:,2]
CS ratio1000 error = (Ratio3[0:,2]/Ratio1[0:,2])*np.sqrt((Ratio1[0:,3]/Ratio1[0:
 →,2])**2 + (Ratio3[0:,3]/Ratio3[0:,2])**2)
Come ratio05 = Ratio1[0:,0]
Come_ratio05_error = Ratio1[0:,1]
CS_ratio05 = Ratio4[0:,2]/Ratio1[0:,2]
CS_ratio05_error = (Ratio4[0:,2]/Ratio1[0:,2])*np.sqrt((Ratio1[0:,3]/Ratio1[0:
 (-,2])**2 + (Ratio4[0:,3]/Ratio4[0:,2])**2)
plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
plt.title("Plot of the next leading order processes over the leading order ⊔
 →processes")
plt.xlabel("Centre of Mass Energy (GeV)")
plt.ylabel("Ratio of cross section (pb)")
plt.plot(Come_ratio100, CS_ratio100, color = "#93ae55",alpha = 0.75, label = 0.75

¬"Data for lambda at 100%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(Come_ratio1000, CS_ratio1000, color = "#d6695a", alpha = 0.75, label
 ⇒= "Data for lambda at 1000%", linestyle = "-")
plt.plot(Come_ratio05, CS_ratio05, color = "#59d7c6", alpha = 0.75, label = __
 →"Data for lamda 5%", linestyle = "-")
plt.errorbar(Come_ratio100, CS_ratio100, xerr = Come_ratio100_error, yerr = __
 ⇔CS_ratio100_error, color = "#BA0001", label = "error bars for lambda 100%", ⊔
 ⇔linestyle = "")
plt.errorbar(Come_ratio1000, CS_ratio1000, xerr = Come_ratio1000_error, yerr = __
 ⇔CS_ratio1000_error, color = "#BA0001", label = "error bars for lamda_
 4000\%, linestyle = "")
plt.errorbar(Come_ratio05, CS_ratio05, xerr = Come_ratio05_error, yerr =_
 →CS_ratio05_error, color = "#BA0001", label = "error bars for lamda 5%", __
 →linestyle = "")
plt.grid(color = "grey")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[7]:



```
[8]: import numpy as np
  import pandas as pd
  import numpy as np
  import pandas as pd
  import pandas as pd
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

CoME_scan = np.loadtxt("CoMe_100.csv", delimiter = ",")
  rows, cols = CoME_scan.shape
  COME100 = CoME_scan[0:,0]
  COME_error100 = CoME_scan[0:,1]
  Cross_section100 = CoME_scan[0:,2]
  Cross_section_error100 = CoME_scan[0:,3]

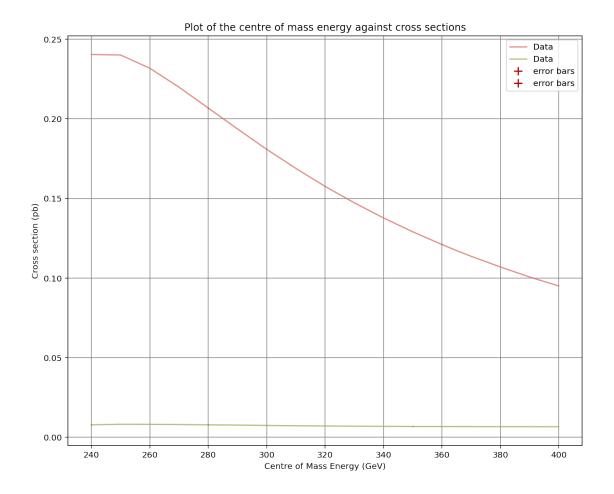
eeHz_100 = np.loadtxt("eeHz_100.csv", delimiter = ",")
  rows, cols = eeHz_100.shape
  Come_eeHz100 = eeHz_100[0:,0]
```

```
Come_error_eeHz100 = eeHz_100[0:,1]
Cross_sectioneeHz100 = eeHz_100[0:,2]
Cross_section_erroreeHz100 = eeHz_100[0:,3]
plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
plt.title("Plot of the centre of mass energy against cross sections")
plt.xlabel("Centre of Mass Energy (GeV)")
plt.ylabel("Cross section (pb)")
plt.plot(Come_eeHz100, Cross_sectioneeHz100, color = "#d6695a",alpha = 0.75,
 ⇔label = "Data", linestyle = "-")
plt.errorbar(Come_eeHz100, Cross_sectioneeHz100, xerr = Come_error_eeHz100,_u
 →yerr = Cross_section_erroreeHz100, color = "#BA0001", label = "error bars", 
⇔linestyle = "")
plt.plot(COME100, Cross_section100, color = "#93ae55", alpha = 0.75, label = 0.75

y"Data", linestyle = "-")

plt.errorbar(COME100, Cross_sectiOn100, xerr = COME_error100, yerr = __
 ⇔Cross_sectiOn_error100, color = "#BA0001", label = "error bars", linestyle⊔
 ⇒= "")
#plt.ylim(0.00005, 0.1)
plt.grid(color = "grey")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[8]:



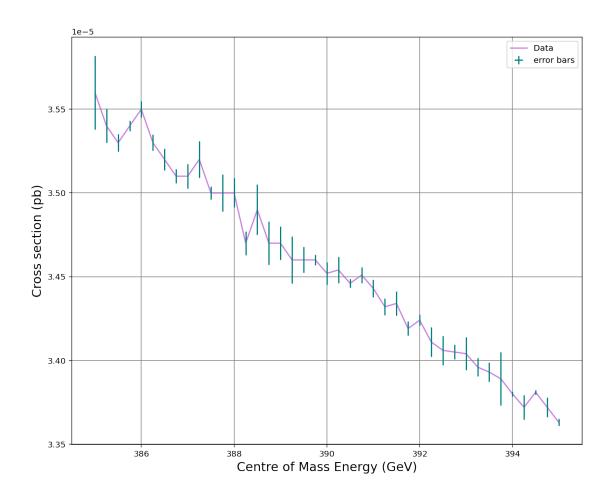
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

eeHee_390_NLO = np.loadtxt("eeHee_390_NLO.csv", delimiter = ",")
rows, cols = eeHee_390_NLO.shape
roots = eeHee_390_NLO[0:,0]
roots_error = eeHee_390_NLO[0:,1]
Cross_section_390 = eeHee_390_NLO[0:,2]
Cross_section_390error = eeHee_390_NLO[0:,3]

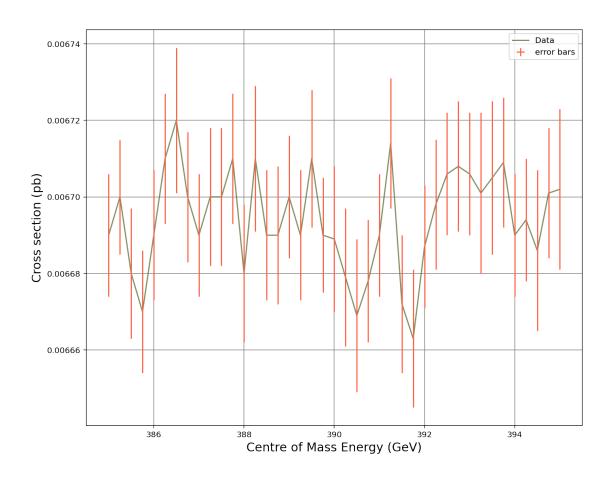
eeHee_390_LO = np.loadtxt("eeHee_390_LO.csv", delimiter = ",")
rows, cols = eeHee_390_LO.shape
```

```
rootsL0 = eeHee_390_L0[0:,0]
roots_errorL0 = eeHee_390_L0[0:,1]
Cross_section_390L0 = eeHee_390_L0[0:,2]
Cross_section_390errorLO = eeHee_390_LO[0:,3]
plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
#plt.title("Finer centre of mass energy scan from 385 to 395 GeV for next⊔
 ⇒leading order processes of e+ e- > e+ e- H ")
plt.xlabel("Centre of Mass Energy (GeV)", fontsize = 15)
plt.ylabel("Cross section (pb)", fontsize = 15)
plt.plot(roots, Cross_section_390, color = "mediumorchid",alpha = 0.75, label_
plt.errorbar(roots, Cross_section_390, xerr = roots_error, yerr =_u
 ⇔Cross_section_390error, color = "teal", label = "error bars", linestyle =
plt.grid(color = "grey")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
#plt.title("Finer centre of mass energy scan from 385 to 395 GeV for leading ⊔
⇔order processes of e+ e- > e+ e- H")
plt.xlabel("Centre of Mass Energy (GeV)", fontsize = 15)
plt.ylabel("Cross section (pb)", fontsize = 15)
plt.plot(rootsLO, Cross_section_390LO, color = "darkolivegreen",alpha = 0.75,__
 ⇔label = "Data", linestyle = "-")
plt.errorbar(rootsLO, Cross_section_390LO, xerr = roots_errorLO, yerr =_u
 ⇔Cross_section_390errorLO, color = "tomato", label = "error bars", linestyle⊔
= """)
plt.grid(color = "grey")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[12]:



[12]:



```
[0]:
```

```
[10]: from scipy.stats import chi2 as stats_chi2
      from scipy.optimize import least_squares
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import numpy as np
      def fit(xdata, ydata, xerror, yerror, init_params):
          Function to perform least-squares fit for a straight line.
          - xdata
                         array of x data points
          - ydata
                          array of y data points
          - xerr
                          array of x data errors
                          array of y data errors
          - yerr
                          array of function parameters
          - init_params
          def straight_line_fit(params, xdata):
              f = params[0] + params[1]*xdata
              return(f)
          def straight_line_fit_differential(params, xdata):
```

```
df = params[1]
      return(df)
  #The residuals are the difference between the data points and the model \Box
\hookrightarrow function of the data.
  def minimise_function(params, xdata, ydata, xerror, yerror):
      residuals = (ydata - straight line fit(params, xdata)) / (np.
→sqrt(yerror**2 + (straight_line_fit_differential(params, xdata))**2⊔
→*(xerror**2)))
      return(residuals)
  # Run fit
  result = least_squares(minimise_function, init_params, args=(xdata, ydata, u
→xerror, yerror))
  # Check fit succeeds
  if not result.success or result.status < 1:</pre>
      print ("ERROR: Fit failed with message {}".format(result.message))
      print ("Please check the data and inital parameter estimates")
      return 0,0,0,0
  else:
      print ("Fit succeeded")
  # Get fitted parameters
  final_params = result.x
  c = final params[0]
  m = final_params[1]
  nparams = len(final params)
  # Calculate chi2
  chi2_array = result.fun ** 2
  chi2 = sum(chi2_array)
  npoints = len(xdata)
  reduced_chi2 = chi2 / (npoints - nparams)
  chi2_prob = stats_chi2.sf(chi2, (npoints - nparams))
  # Print chi2
  np.set_printoptions(precision = 3)
  print("\n=== Fit quality ===")
  print("chisq per point = \n", chi2_array)
  print("chisq = {:7.5g}, ndf = {}, chisq/NDF = {:7.5g}, chisq prob = {:7.
→5g}\n".format(chi2, npoints-nparams, reduced_chi2, chi2_prob))
  if reduced_chi2 < 0.25 or reduced_chi2 > 4:
      print("WARNING: chi2/ndf suspiciously small or large. Please check the
→data and initial parameter estimates")
  if chi2_prob < 0.05:</pre>
```

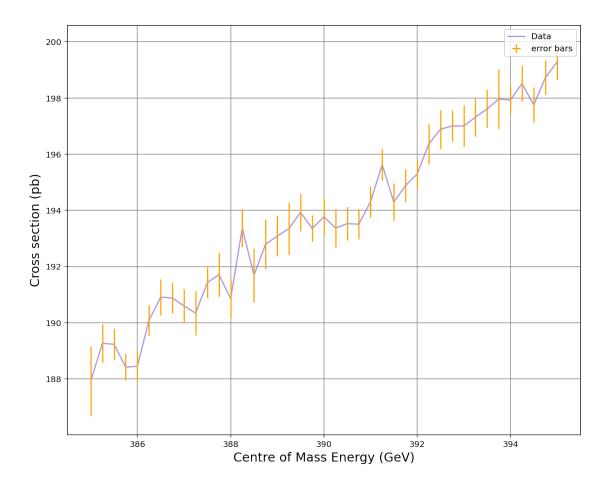
```
print("WARNING: chi2 probability for given degrees of freedom less than ⊔
⇔0.05 . Please check the data and initial parameter estimates")
  # Calculate errors
  jacobian = result.jac
  jacobian2 = np.dot(jacobian.T, jacobian)
  determinant = np.linalg.det(jacobian2)
  if determinant < 1E-42:
      print(f"Matrix singular (determinant = {determinant}, error calculation ∪

¬failed.")

      param_errors = np.zeros(nparams)
  else:
      covariance = np.linalg.inv(jacobian2)
      param_errors = np.sqrt(covariance.diagonal())
  print ("=== Fitted parameters ===")
  print ("c = {:7.5g} +- {:7.5g}".format(final_params[0], param_errors[0]))
  print ("m = {:7.5g} +- {:7.5g}".format(final_params[1], param_errors[1]))
  # Calculate fitted function values
  yfit = straight_line_fit(final_params, xdata)
  # Visualise result
  fig = plt.figure(figsize = (8, 6))
  plt.title('Fit result')
  plt.xlabel('x', fontsize=16)
  plt.ylabel('y', fontsize=16)
  plt.grid(color = 'grey', linestyle="--")
  plt.errorbar(xdata, ydata, xerr = xerror, yerr = yerror, fmt='k', linestyleu
plt.plot(xdata, yfit, color = '#C8A2C8', linestyle = '-', label = "Fit")
  plt.legend(loc = 2, fontsize=16)
  text = "c: {:7.5g} +- {:7.5g}\n".format(final_params[0], param_errors[0])
  text += "m: \{:7.5g\} +- \{:7.5g\}\n".format(final_params[1], param_errors[1])
  plt.text(0.95, 0.0, text, transform = fig.axes[0].transAxes, ha = "right", ___
⇔va = "bottom", fontsize=12)
  plt.show()
  # Return arrays of parameters and associated errors
  return final_params, param_errors
```

```
[13]: import numpy as np
      import pandas as pd
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      Ratio1 390 = np.loadtxt("eeHee 390 NLO.csv", delimiter = ",")
      Ratio2_390 = np.loadtxt("eeHee_390_LO.csv", delimiter = ",")
      rows, cols = Ratio1 390.shape
      rows, cols = Ratio2_390.shape
      comeratio 390 = Ratio1 390[0:,0]
      comeratio_390_error = Ratio1_390[0:,1]
      CSratio 390 = Ratio 2 390[0:,2]/Ratio 1 390[0:,2]
      CSratio_390_error = (Ratio2_390[0:,2]/Ratio1_390[0:,2])*np.sqrt((Ratio1_390[0:
      →,3]/Ratio1_390[0:,2])**2 + (Ratio2_390[0:,3]/Ratio2_390[0:,2])**2)
      plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
      #plt.title("Ratio of the leading order over the next leading order for the ⊔
      →process e+ e- > e+ e- H for a finer scan around the 390 GeV point.")
      plt.xlabel("Centre of Mass Energy (GeV)", fontsize = 15)
      plt.ylabel("Cross section (pb)", fontsize = 15)
      plt.plot(comeratio_390, CSratio_390, color = "mediumpurple",alpha = 0.75,
       ⇒label = "Data", linestyle = "-")
      plt.errorbar(comeratio_390, CSratio_390, xerr = comeratio_390_error, yerr = __ 
       GSratio_390_error, color = "orange", label = "error bars", linestyle = "")
      plt.grid(color = "grey")
      plt.legend()
      plt.show()
```

Γ137:



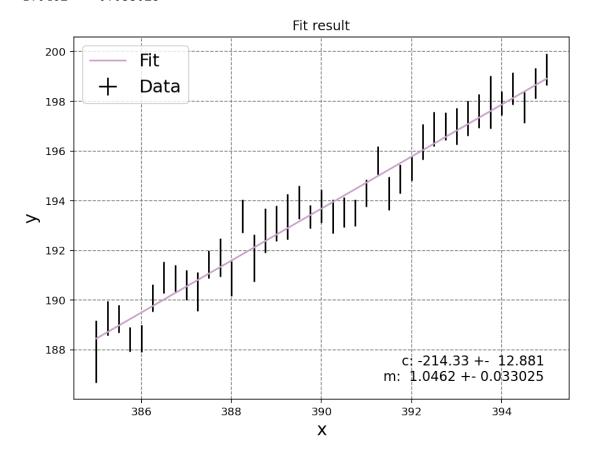
$$N_{events} = \sigma \cdot \mathcal{L}$$

Fit succeeded

```
=== Fit quality ===
chisq per point =
[0.18     0.659     0.221     2.882     3.717     0.358     1.921     1.264     0.008     0.349     0.428     0.25
1.094     5.072     0.194     0.225     0.385     0.244     1.306     0.021     0.018     0.702     1.274     3.218
0.584     1.256     2.083     1.188     0.899     0.213     0.738     0.634     0.062     0.118     0.161     0.115
0.017     0.366     1.033     0.015     0.345]
chisq = 35.819, ndf = 39, chisq/NDF = 0.91842, chisq prob = 0.61578
```

```
=== Fitted parameters === c = -214.33 +- 12.881 m = 1.0462 +- 0.033025
```

[12]:



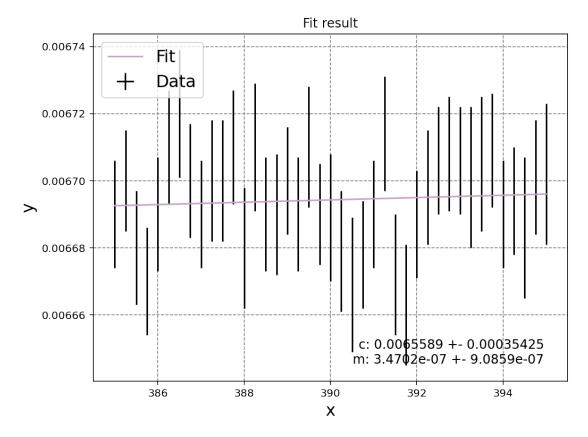
```
[13]: init_params = [-180, 1]

#fit data to straight line
params, errors = fit(rootsL0, □
□ Cross_section_390L0, roots_errorL0, Cross_section_390errorL0, init_params)
```

Fit succeeded

```
c = 0.0065589 +- 0.00035425
m = 3.4702e-07 +- 9.0859e-07
```

[13]:



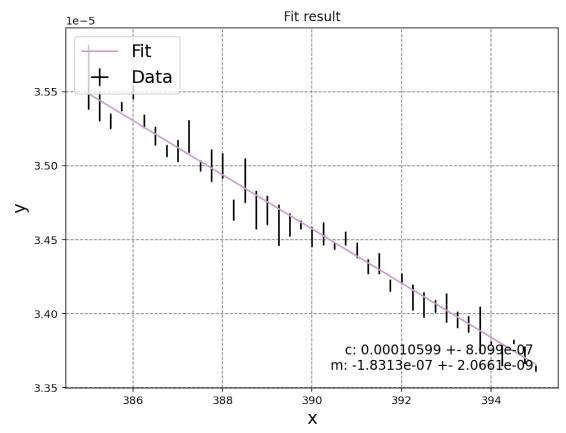
Fit succeeded

```
=== Fit quality ===
chisq per point =
    [2.578e-01 1.807e-01 3.460e+00 2.504e+00 1.648e+01 7.162e-01 4.513e-02
2.607e+00 9.108e-02 1.266e+00 6.428e-01 1.938e-02 4.932e-01 7.398e+00
1.233e-01 6.103e-01 3.111e-01 6.173e-01 6.954e-01 3.534e-01 6.174e-01
2.765e-02 6.575e-01 2.526e+00 6.061e-01 2.254e-01 3.410e-01 2.191e+00
1.103e+00 3.233e-01 3.971e-01 1.873e-01 2.917e-02 1.010e-01 9.190e-04
6.517e-04 8.218e+00 1.010e+00 1.925e+01 8.511e-02 1.654e+00]
chisq = 78.424, ndf = 39, chisq/NDF = 2.0109, chisq prob = 0.000185
```

WARNING: chi2 probability for given degrees of freedom less than 0.05 . Please

```
check the data and initial parameter estimates === Fitted parameters === c = 0.00010599 +- 8.099e-07 m = -1.8313e-07 +- 2.0661e-09
```

[14]:

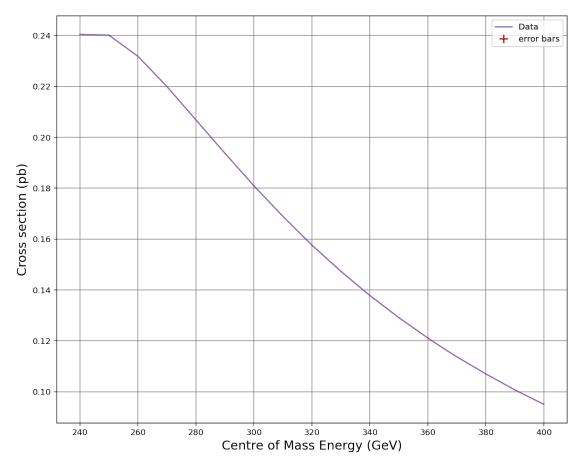


```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

zh= np.loadtxt("ee_zh.csv", delimiter = ",")
rows, cols = zh.shape
zh_come = zh[0:,0]
zh_comeerror = zh[0:,1]
zh_data = zh[0:,2]
zh_dataerror = zh[0:,3]
```

```
plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
#plt.title("zh")
plt.xlabel("Centre of Mass Energy (GeV)", fontsize = 15)
plt.ylabel("Cross section (pb)", fontsize = 15)
plt.plot(zh_come, zh_data, color = "rebeccapurple", alpha = 0.75, label = "Data", linestyle = "-")
plt.errorbar(zh_come, zh_data, xerr = zh_comeerror, yerr = zh_dataerror, color = "#BA0001", label = "error bars", linestyle = "")
#plt.ylim(0.00005, 0.1)
plt.grid(color = "grey")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

[15]:



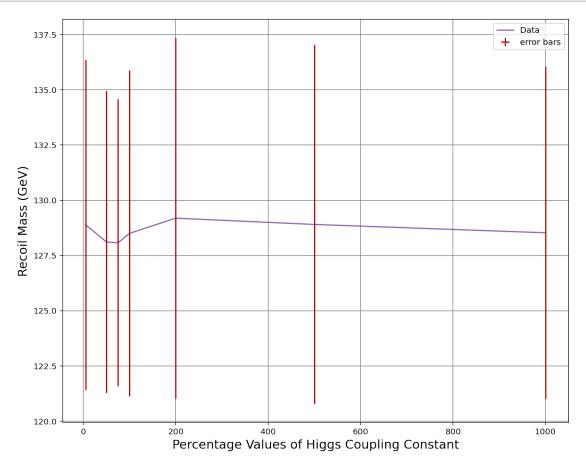
```
[16]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

recoil240 = np.loadtxt("recoil.csv", delimiter = ",")
```

```
rows, cols = recoil240.shape
coupling = recoil240[0:,0]
coupling_error = recoil240[0:,1]
hist = recoil240[0:,2]
hist_error = recoil240[0:,3]
plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
#plt.title("?")
plt.xlabel("Percentage Values of Higgs Coupling Constant", fontsize = 15)
plt.ylabel("Recoil Mass (GeV)", fontsize = 15)
plt.plot(coupling, hist, color = "rebeccapurple", alpha = 0.75, label = 0.75
 →"Data", linestyle = "-")
plt.errorbar(coupling, hist, xerr = coupling_error, yerr = hist_error, color = __

¬"#BA0001", label = "error bars", linestyle = "")
#plt.ylim(0.00005, 0.1)
plt.grid(color = "grey")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

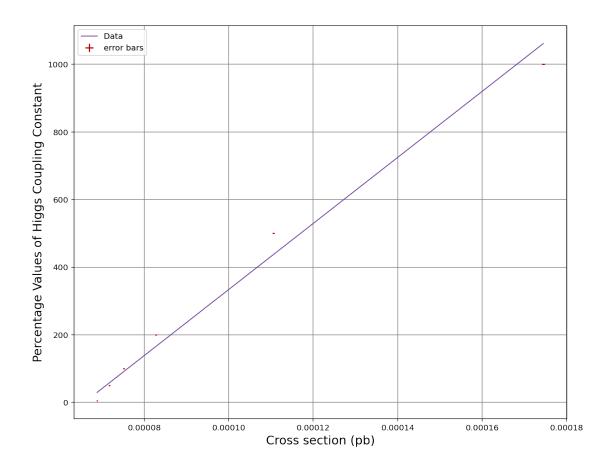
[16]:



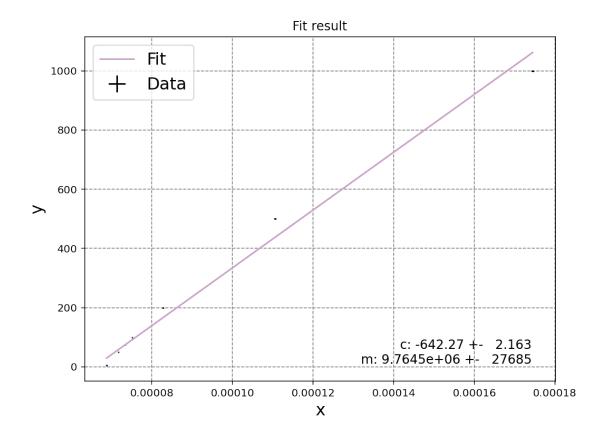
```
[5]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                   import numpy as np
                   lum = np.loadtxt("luminosity.csv", delimiter = ",")
                   rows, cols = lum.shape
                   cs = lum[0:,0]
                   cs_error = lum[0:,1]
                   percent = lum[0:,2]
                   percent_error = lum[0:,3]
                   p0 = -642.27
                   p1 = 9.7645e + 06
                   plt.figure(figsize = (11, 9))
                   #plt.title("?")
                   plt.ylabel("Percentage Values of Higgs Coupling Constant", fontsize = 15)
                   plt.xlabel("Cross section (pb)", fontsize = 15)
                   plt.plot(cs, (p1*cs+p0), color = "rebeccapurple", label = "Data", linewidth = 1)
                   plt.errorbar(cs, percent, xerr = cs_error, yerr = percent_error, color = color

¬"#BA0001", label = "error bars", linestyle = "")
                   #plt.ylim(0.00005, 0.1)
                   plt.grid(color = "grey")
                   plt.legend()
                   plt.show()
```

[5]:



```
[22]: init_params = [-600, 9e6]
      #fit data to straight line
      params, errors = fit(cs, percent, cs_error, percent_error, init_params)
     Fit succeeded
     === Fit quality ===
     chisq per point =
      [2.444e+02 2.580e+01 5.682e-02 2.233e+01 2.559e+02 6.518e+02 4.145e+02]
     chisq = 1614.8, ndf = 5, chisq/NDF = 322.95, chisq prob =
     WARNING: chi2/ndf suspiciously small or large. Please check the data and
     initial parameter estimates
     WARNING: chi2 probability for given degrees of freedom less than 0.05 . Please
     check the data and initial parameter estimates
     === Fitted parameters ===
     c = -642.27 +-
     m = 9.7645e + 06 + -
                         27685
[22]:
```



```
[3]: import numpy as np
     x1 = float(input("Enter data value 1"))
     x2 = float(input("Enter data value 2"))
     error_x1 = float(input("Enter the error on data value 1"))
     error_x2 = float(input("Enter the error on data value 2"))
     for i in range(-10000, 10000):
         consistent_equation = np.sqrt((error_x1)**2 + (error_x2)**2)
         consistent = abs(x2 - x1)
         consistent_equation *= 3
         if consistent_equation < consistent:</pre>
             print("Not consistent")
             print(consistent_equation)
             print(consistent)
             break
         elif consistent_equation > consistent:
             print("Consistent!")
             print(consistent_equation)
             print(consistent)
```

break

Enter data value 1 126.67Enter data value 2 125.35Enter the error on data value 1 5.13Enter the error on data value 2 0.15Consistent! 15.396577541778562 1.320000000000004

```
[4]: import numpy as np
     x1 = float(input("Enter data value 1"))
     x2 = float(input("Enter data value 2"))
     error_x1 = float(input("Enter the error on data value 1"))
     error_x2 = float(input("Enter the error on data value 2"))
     for i in range(-10000, 10000):
         consistent_equation = np.sqrt((error_x1)**2 + (error_x2)**2)
         consistent = abs(x2 - x1)
         consistent_equation *= 3
         if consistent_equation < consistent:</pre>
             print("Not consistent")
             print(consistent_equation)
             print(consistent)
             break
         elif consistent_equation > consistent:
             print("Consistent!")
             print(consistent_equation)
             print(consistent)
             break
```

Enter data value 1 126.96Enter data value 2 125.35Enter the error on data value 1 5.9Enter the error on data value 2 0.15Consistent! 17.70571941492353

1.609999999999994