The following is a personal project based on my senior thesis work, looking at how Kazakhstan's relationships changed post-Russian invasion of Ukraine. This project utilizes web scraping.

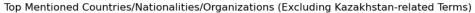
```
In [45]: #import packages
         from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
         from selenium import webdriver
         from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
         from selenium.webdriver.support.ui import WebDriverWait
         from selenium.webdriver.support import expected_conditions as EC
         from selenium.common.exceptions import TimeoutException, NoSuchElementException
         import pandas as pd
         import time
         import spacy
         from collections import Counter
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         from collections import defaultdict
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings('ignore', category=FutureWarning)
```

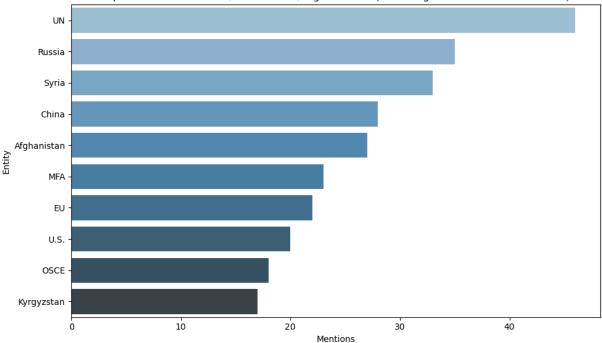
Headlines from the official website of the Kazakh Embassy are scraped to track Kazakhstan's diplomatic activity and international engagement. By extracting and analyzing the text of these news updates, it is possible to identify mentions of foreign countries or nationalities that appear in the context of meetings, visits, or official statements. This provides a way to systematically record which countries are engaging with Kazakhstan over time, offering insight into the country's evolving diplomatic relationships post-invasion of Ukraine.

```
In [ ]: driver = webdriver.Chrome()
        url = "https://www.gov.kz/memleket/entities/mfa/press/news/1?lang=en"
        driver.get(url)
        titles = []
        dates = []
        # Start the timer
        start_time = time.time()
        timeout_duration = 20 * 60 # 20 minutes
        while True:
            # Check if we've hit the timeout
            if time.time() - start_time > timeout_duration:
                print("Timeout reached. Exiting loop.")
                break
            try:
                # Wait for the main container of news items to load
                WebDriverWait(driver, 10).until(
                    EC.presence_of_all_elements_located((By.CSS_SELECTOR, 'div.card-news-li
                )
```

```
# Parse current page source with BeautifulSoup
                 soup = BeautifulSoup(driver.page source, "html.parser")
                 # Extract titles
                 title_divs = soup.find_all('div', class_='inner-html')
                 titles_text = [t.get_text(strip=True) for t in title_divs]
                 # Extract dates
                 date_ps = soup.find_all('p', class_='typography typography__variant-caption
                 dates_text = [d.get_text(strip=True) for d in date_ps]
                 # Append to lists
                 titles.extend(titles_text)
                 dates.extend(dates text)
                 # Find and click the "Next page" button
                 next_button = driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR, 'button[aria-label="Next
                 if not next_button.is_enabled():
                     print("Next button is disabled. Ending pagination.")
                     break
                 driver.execute_script("arguments[0].scrollIntoView(true);", next_button)
                 time.sleep(1)
                 driver.execute_script("arguments[0].click();", next_button)
                 # Wait for page to Load
                 time.sleep(2)
             except (TimeoutException, NoSuchElementException) as e:
                 print(f"Error or no more pages: {e}")
                 break
         driver.quit()
         # Build df
         df = pd.DataFrame({'date': dates, 'title': titles})
         df.to_csv('headings_and_dates.csv')
In [4]: df=pd.read_csv("headings_and_dates.csv")
         df=df.drop_duplicates(["date", "title"])
In [42]: # Load spaCy model
         nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")
         # Initialize counters
         country_mentions = Counter()
         org_mentions = Counter()
         # Define terms to ignore (case-insensitive)
         EXCLUDED_TERMS = {
             "kazakh", "kazakhstan", "astana",
             "the republic of kazakhstan",
             "the ministry of foreign affairs", "kazakhstan presented credentials", "the min
```

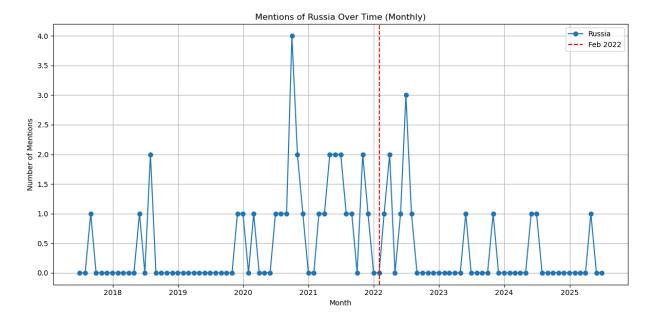
```
# Map nationalities to country names
nationality_to_country = {
   "Kazakh": "Kazakhstan",
   "American": "United States",
    "Russian": "Russia",
    "Chinese": "China",
   "British": "United Kingdom",
    "Moldovan": "Moldova",
   "Belarusian": "Belarus",
    "Paris" : "France"
}
# Process each row
for _, row in df.iterrows():
   title = row['title']
   if not isinstance(title, str):
        continue # Skip rows where title is NaN or not a string
   doc = nlp(title)
   for ent in doc.ents:
        ent text = ent.text.strip()
        ent_lower = ent_text.lower()
       # Skip excluded terms
        if ent_lower in EXCLUDED_TERMS:
            continue
        if ent.label == "GPE":
            country_mentions[ent_text] += 1
        elif ent.label == "NORP":
            mapped = nationality_to_country.get(ent_text, ent_text)
            if mapped.lower() not in EXCLUDED_TERMS:
                country_mentions[mapped] += 1
        elif ent.label_ == "ORG":
            if ent_lower not in EXCLUDED_TERMS:
                org_mentions[ent_text] += 1
# Combine and prepare for plotting
top_countries = pd.DataFrame(country_mentions.items(), columns=["Entity", "Count"])
top_orgs = pd.DataFrame(org_mentions.items(), columns=["Entity", "Count"])
top_combined = pd.concat([top_countries, top_orgs])
top_combined = top_combined.groupby("Entity", as_index=False).sum()
top_combined = top_combined.sort_values("Count", ascending=False).head(10)
# Plotting
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(data=top_combined, x="Count", y="Entity", palette="Blues_d")
plt.title("Top Mentioned Countries/Nationalities/Organizations (Excluding Kazakhsta
plt.xlabel("Mentions")
plt.ylabel("Entity")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```





Between 2017 and 2025, the headlines published by the Kazakh Embassy most frequently referenced a set of key countries and regions, reflecting the focus of Kazakhstan's diplomatic engagements. The top mentions include Russia (35), Syria (33), China (28), Afghanistan (27), the United States (20), Kyrgyzstan (17), Vienna (14), Iran (14), Central Asia as a region (14), and Turkmenistan (14). These patterns highlight both Kazakhstan's immediate regional priorities and its broader international partnerships.

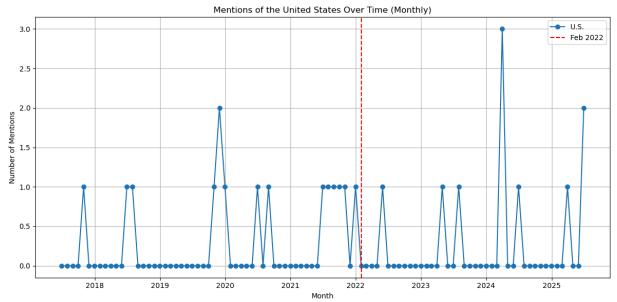
```
In [43]:
         # Resample to monthly totals
         monthly_mentions_df = mentions_df.resample('M').sum()
         # Make sure "Russia" exists as a column
         if "Russia" in mentions_df.columns:
             monthly_russia_mentions = mentions_df["Russia"].resample('M').sum()
         else:
             raise ValueError("No mentions of 'Russia' found in data.")
         plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
         plt.plot(monthly_russia_mentions.index, monthly_russia_mentions, marker='o', label=
         # Add vertical line at Feb 2022
         plt.axvline(pd.to_datetime("2022-02-01"), color='red', linestyle='--', label="Feb 2
         plt.title("Mentions of Russia Over Time (Monthly)")
         plt.xlabel("Month")
         plt.ylabel("Number of Mentions")
         plt.legend()
         plt.grid(True)
         plt.tight_layout()
         plt.show()
```



In the period surrounding Russia's invasion of Ukraine in February 2022, headlines from the Kazakh Embassy show that Russia had already been one of the most frequently mentioned countries in Kazakhstan's diplomatic reporting. While Russia continues to appear prominently in the embassy's communications both before and after the invasion, there is no observable increase in mentions following the outbreak of the war. This suggests that, despite Russia's growing isolation on the global stage, Kazakhstan has not intensified its diplomatic engagement with Moscow, indicating that the invasion did not bring the two countries any closer in their official interactions.

```
In [44]: # Resample to monthly totals
         monthly_mentions_df = mentions_df.resample('M').sum()
         # Collect possible U.S. name variants
         us_variants = ["US", "USA", "United States", "United States of America"]
         # Check which variants are in the DataFrame
         present_variants = [col for col in us_variants if col in mentions_df.columns]
         if not present variants:
             raise ValueError("No mentions of U.S. variants found in data.")
         # Combine them into a single series
         monthly_us_mentions = mentions_df[present_variants].resample('M').sum().sum(axis=1)
         # PLot
         plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
         plt.plot(monthly_us_mentions.index, monthly_us_mentions, marker='o', label="U.S.")
         # Add vertical line at Feb 2022
         plt.axvline(pd.to_datetime("2022-02-01"), color='red', linestyle='--', label="Feb 2
         plt.title("Mentions of the United States Over Time (Monthly)")
         plt.xlabel("Month")
         plt.ylabel("Number of Mentions")
```

```
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Mentions of the United States in Kazakh Embassy headlines remain consistently infrequent both before and after Russia's invasion of Ukraine, signaling steady engagement but not necessarily intensified cooperation. Given that Kazakhstan is not a strategically critical partner for the U.S., this pattern suggests that Washington's current level of attention is sufficient to maintain visibility and influence without requiring major resource commitments. A prudent course of action for the U.S. would be to continue monitoring developments, sustain diplomatic and economic engagement at a measured level, and selectively collaborate on areas of mutual interest, such as regional security, trade, or energy, rather than treating Kazakhstan as a high-priority strategic focus.