Taking the "Public" Out of Public Cloud: Getting Started with Private Endpoints













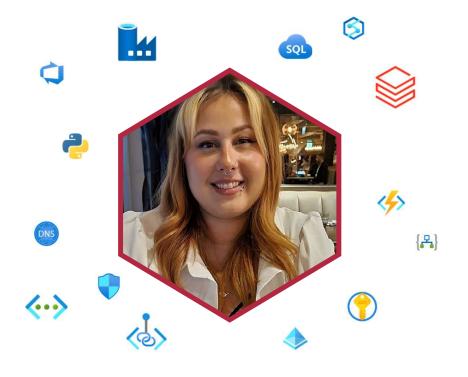








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Intro to Private Endpoints

What is an endpoint
Public vs Private Endpoints
Why Private Endpoints are more secure

5

mins

7 Steps to Success:
Deploying and configuring
Private Endpoints

- 7 steps to successfully deploy and configure a Private Endpoint
 - DNS
- Demo

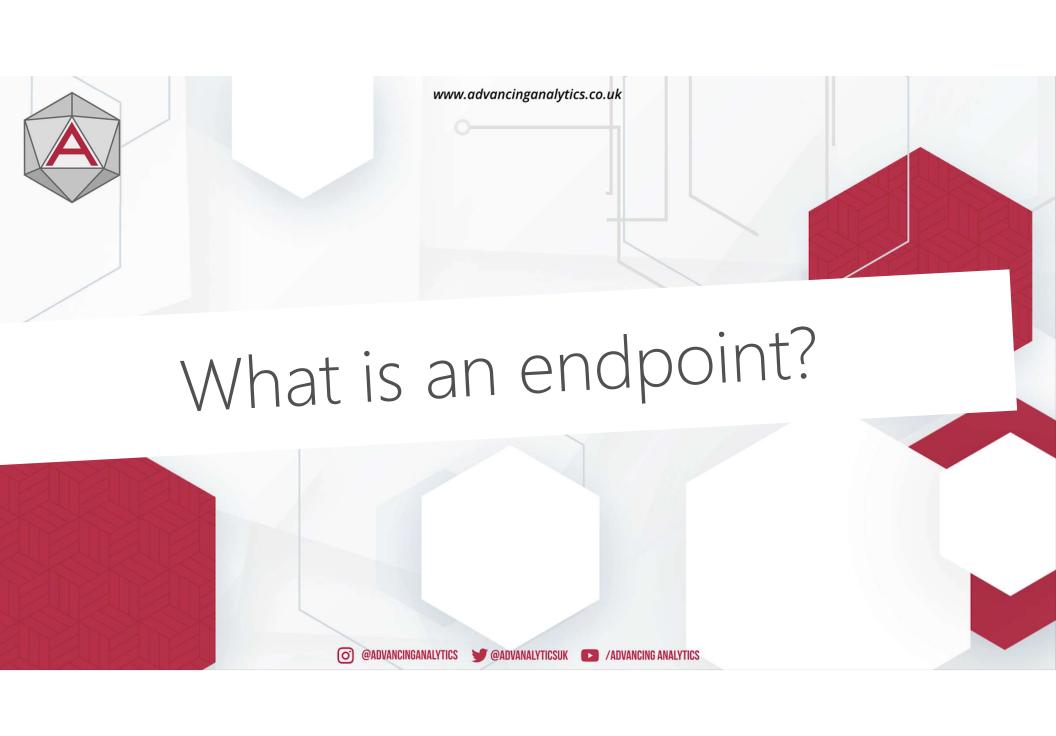
30 mins Common mistakes to avoid

- Using "select networks"
- Non-centralized Private DNS Zones

10 mins









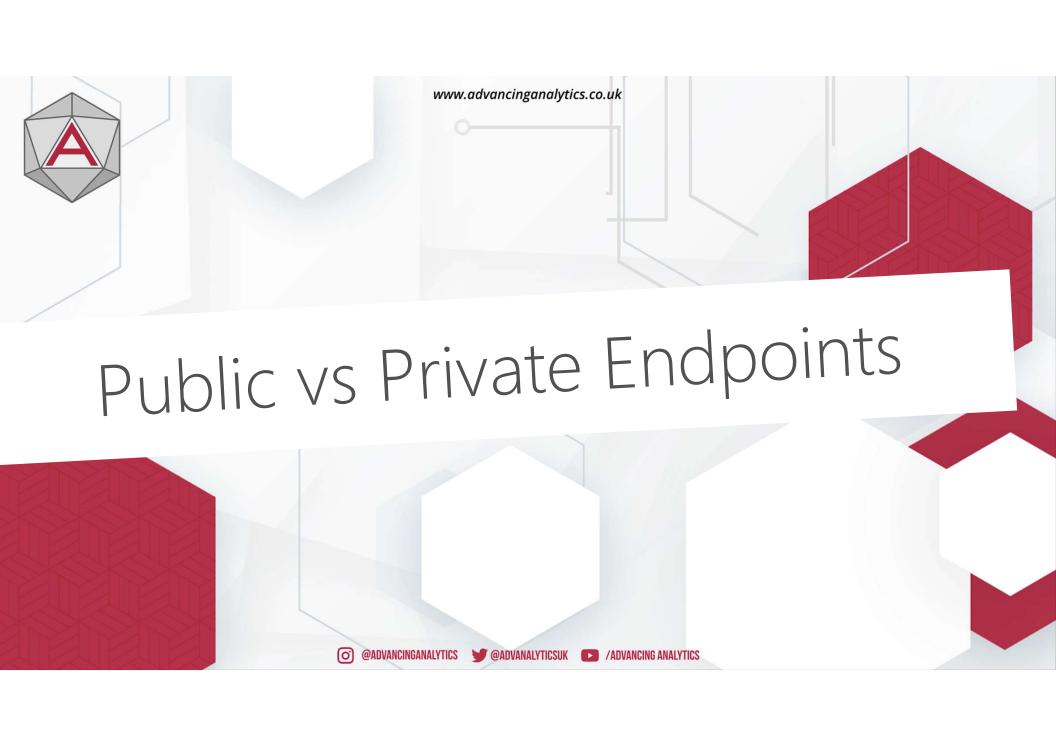
What is an endpoint?

An IP endpoint refers to a unique network address that identifies a specific device or application on a network.

It is composed of an IP address and a port number.

The combination of the IP address and the port number creates a unique endpoint that can be used for communication and data transfer between devices over a network.







When talking about endpoints of Azure services, they fall into two categories:

Public Endpoints

Public IP Addresses

Private Endpoints

Private IP Addresses







Public Endpoint

- Location information is publicly available; the IP address is resolvable from the public internet.
- By default, anyone on the public internet has access.

Public Endpoint with Selected Networks enabled

- Location information is publicly available; the IP address is resolvable from the public internet.
- Restricted access to selected networks and IP addresses.

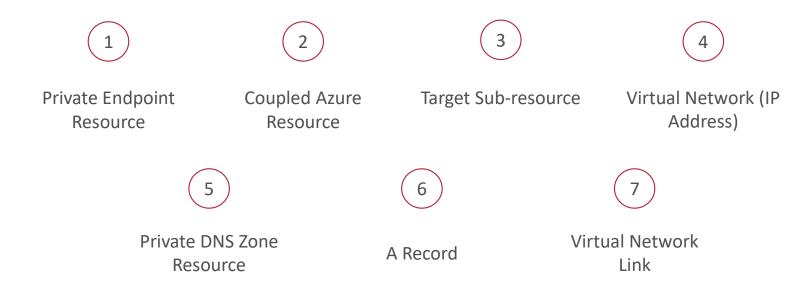
Private Endpoint

- Location information is not publicly available; the IP address is not resolvable from the public internet.
- Can only access from within the private network.













Steps 1 – 4: Private Endpoints

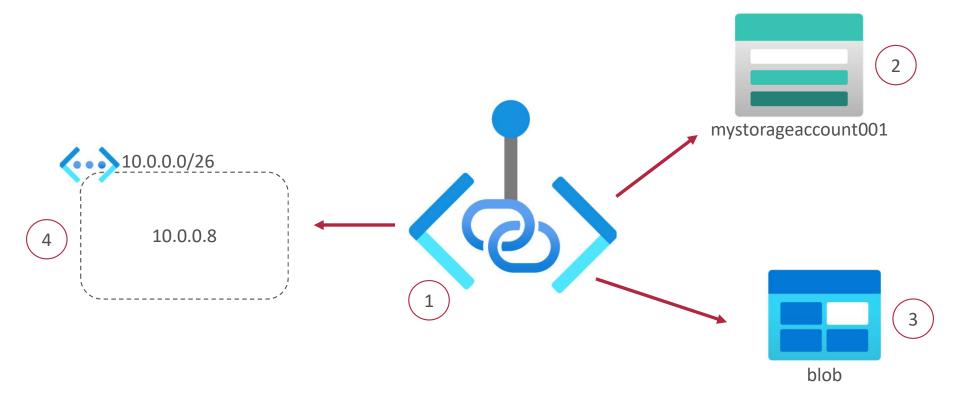


Private Endpoint





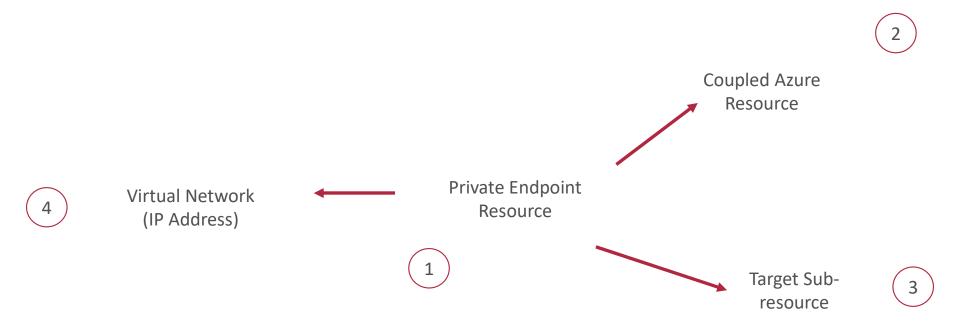
Steps 1 – 4: Private Endpoint







Steps 1 – 4: Private Endpoint





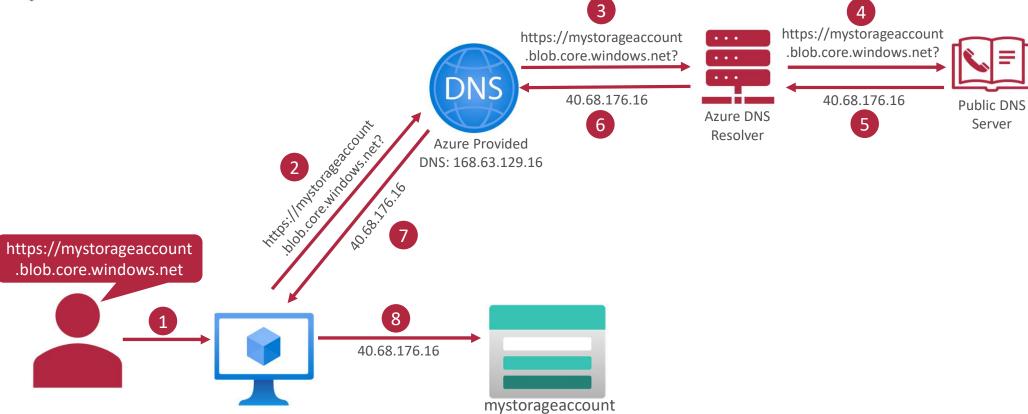




Private DNS Zone









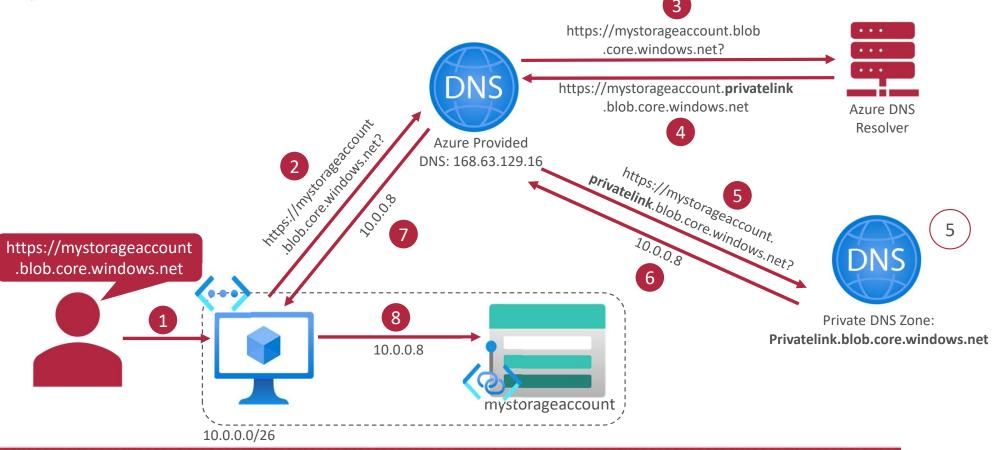


Azure Private DNS Zones:

- Azure Resource;
- Global resource, expected to be centralised;
- Private phonebook not resolvable from the internet.

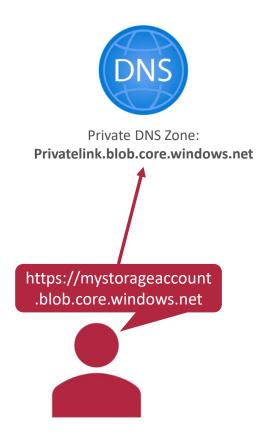


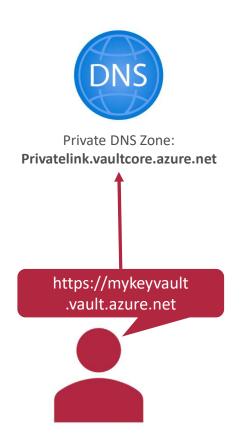


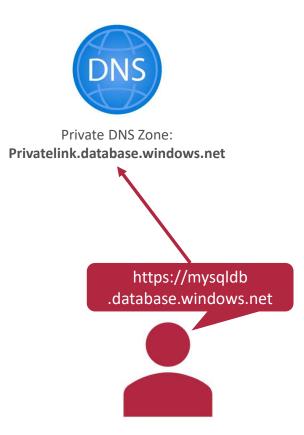
















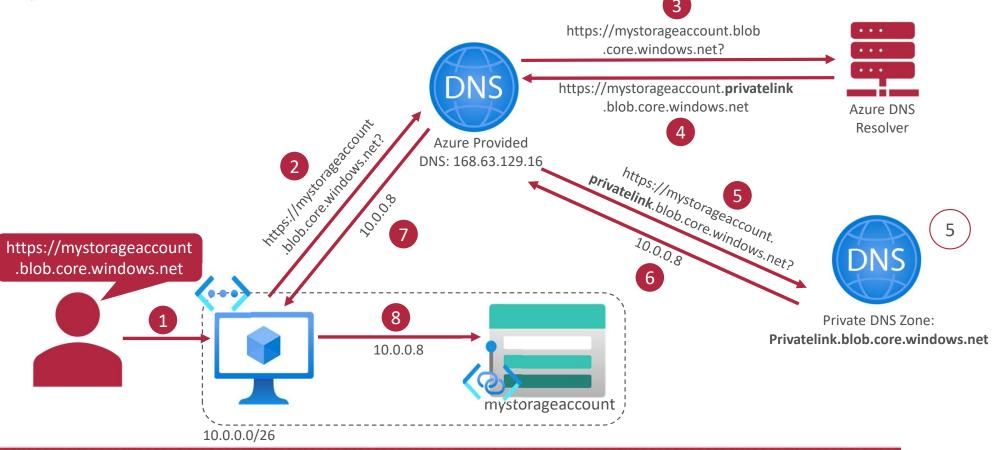
https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/private-link/private-endpoint-dns

For Azure services, use the recommended zone names as described in the following table:

Private link resource type / Subresource	Private DNS zone name	Public DNS zone forwarders
Azure Automation / (Microsoft.Automation/automationAccounts) / Webhook, DSCAndHybridWorker	privatelink.azure-automation.net	azure-automation.net
Azure SQL Database (Microsoft.Sql/servers) / sqlServer	privatelink.database.windows.net	database.windows.net
Azure SQL Managed Instance (Microsoft.Sql/managedInstances)	privatelink.{dnsPrefix}.database.windows.net	{instanceName}. {dnsPrefix}.database.windows.net
Azure Synapse Analytics Microsoft.Synapse/workspaces) / Sql	privatelink.sql.azuresynapse.net	sql.azuresynapse.net
Azure Synapse Analytics Microsoft.Synapse/workspaces) / SqlOnDemand	privatelink.sql.azuresynapse.net	{workspaceName}- ondemand.sql.azuresynapse.net
Azure Synapse Analytics Microsoft.Synapse/workspaces) / Dev	privatelink.dev.azuresynapse.net	dev.azuresynapse.net
Azure Synapse Studio Microsoft.Synapse/privateLinkHubs) / Web	privatelink.azuresynapse.net	azuresynapse.net
Storage account Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts) / Blob (blob, olob_secondary)	privatelink.blob.core.windows.net	blob.core.windows.net
Storage account	privatelink.table.core.windows.net	table.core.windows.net

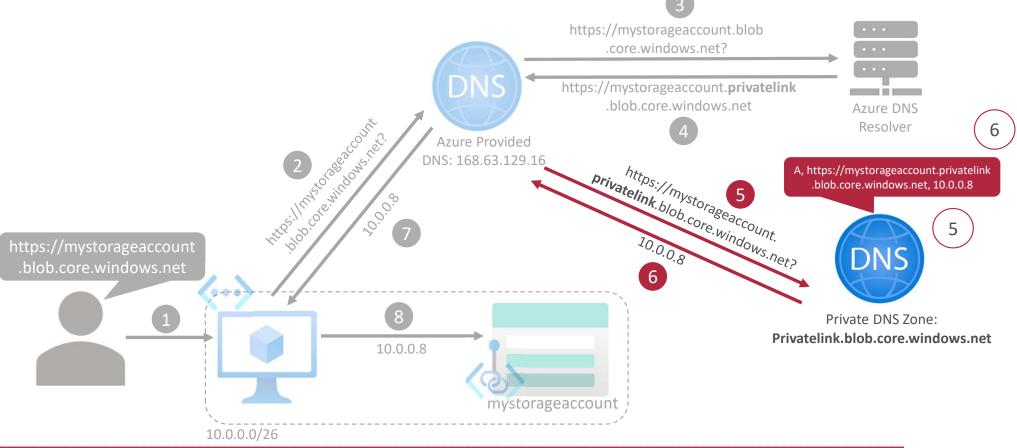














6 A Record



Steps 5 – 7: A Record

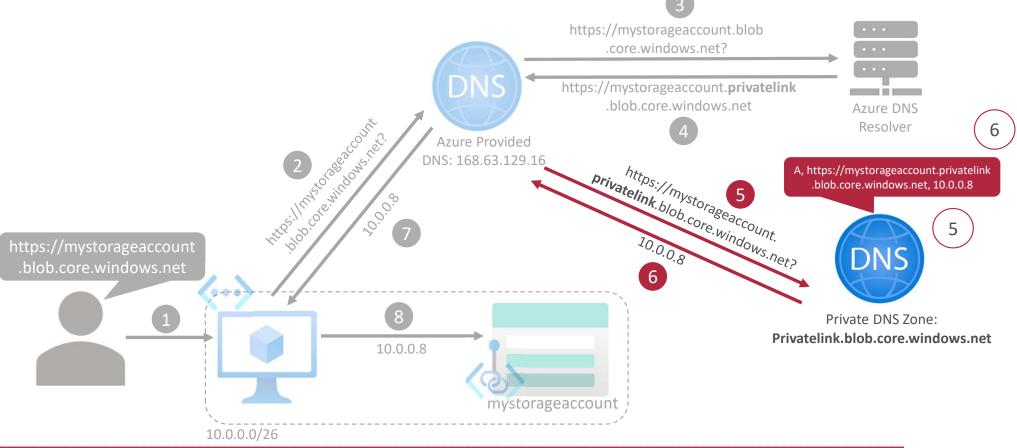
DNS Records are the **instructions** that live in the DNS Servers (the phonebook) on **how to handle DNS queries** for a particular **domain**.

There are lots of types of DNS Records.

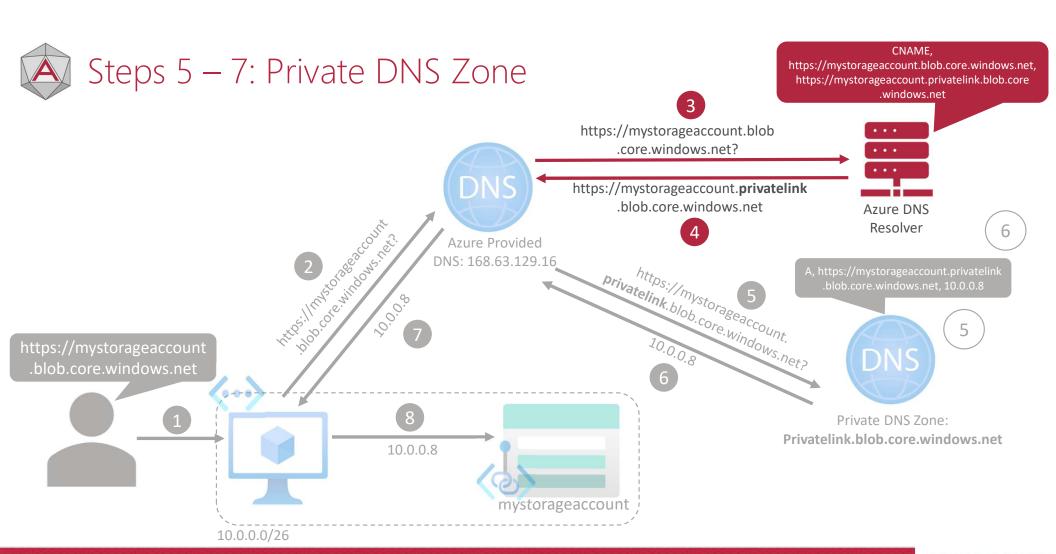
A Records contain a domain's associated IP Addresses.





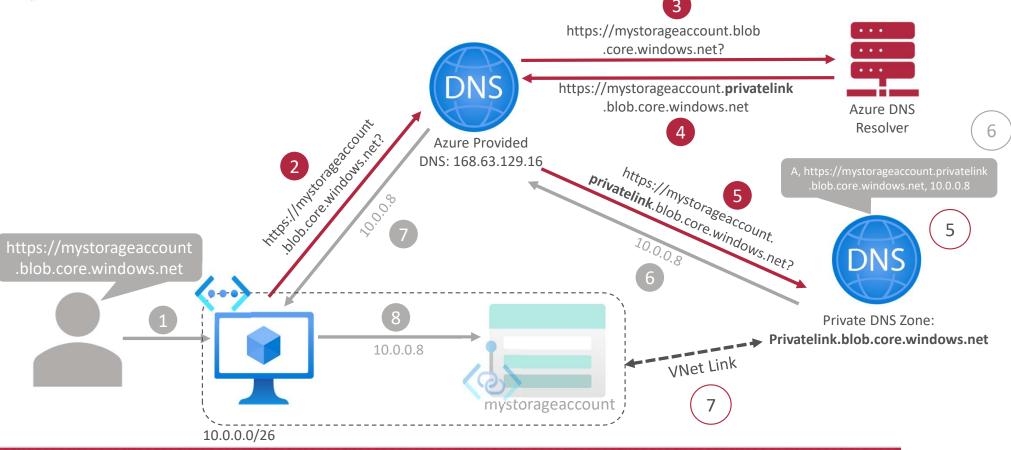




















Steps 5 – 7: VNet Link

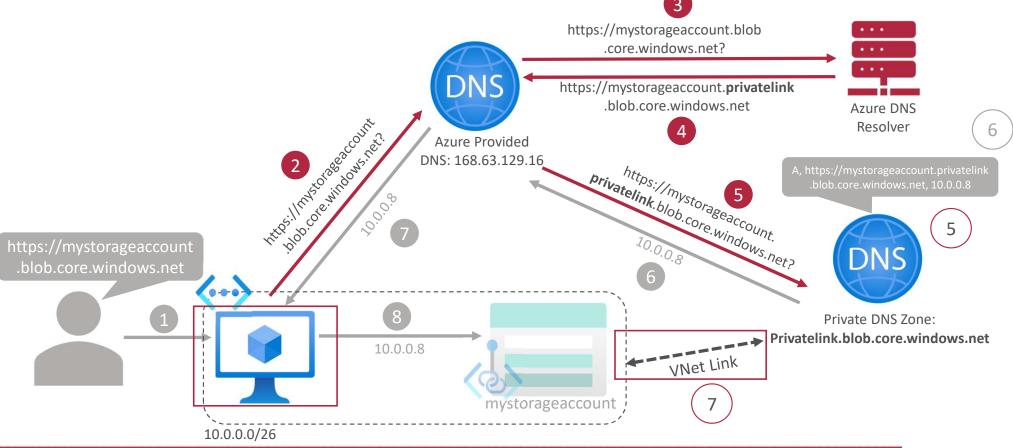
By default, **VNets are not aware of Private DNS Zones**, so any client (e.g. a VM) inside the VNet cannot use the zones to look up IP addresses.

We have to **explicitly connect** VNets to Private DNS Zones. This is called a **VNet Link**.

Once a VNet is linked to a Private DNS Zone, any client within that VNet can successfully **send DNS queries** to that zone.











- 1. Private Endpoint Resource
 - 2. Coupled Azure Resource
 - 3. Target Sub-resource
 - 4. Virtual Network (IP Address)
- 5. Private DNS Zone Resource
 - 6. A Record
 - 7. Virtual Network Link







1

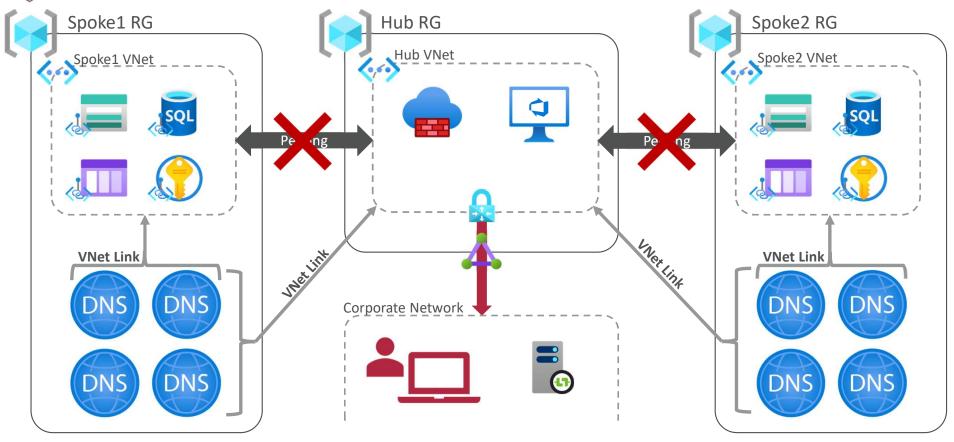
Non-centralised Private DNS Zones

2

Using the "Selected Networks" option instead of "Disable all public access"

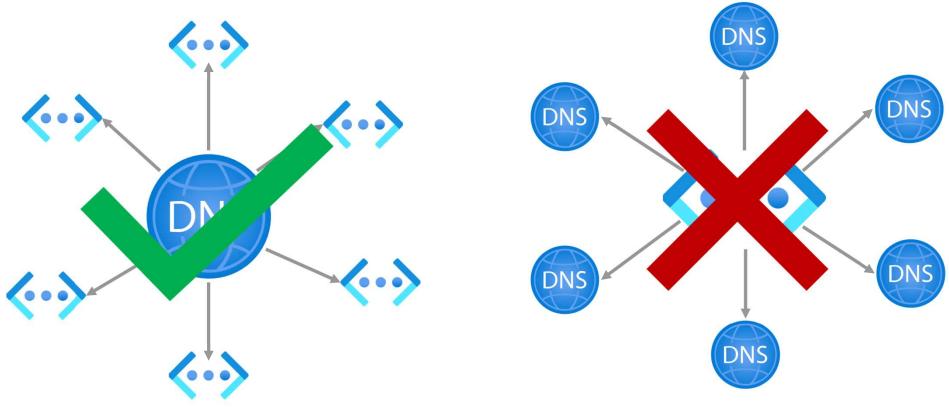






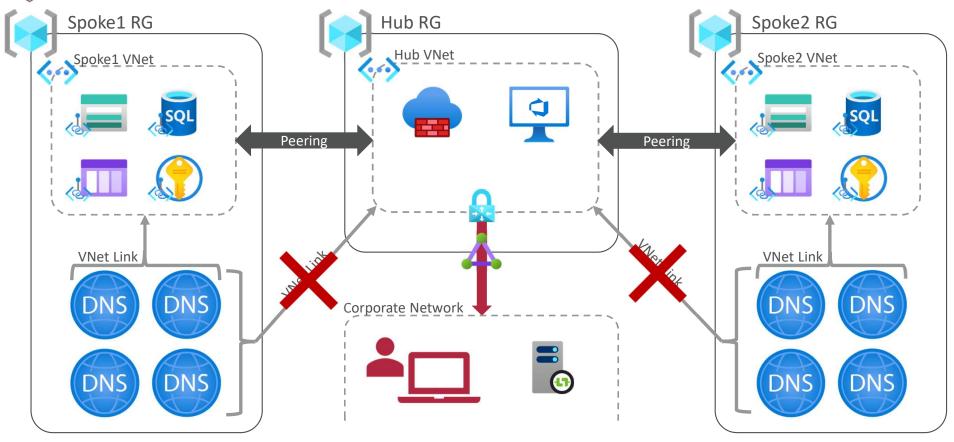






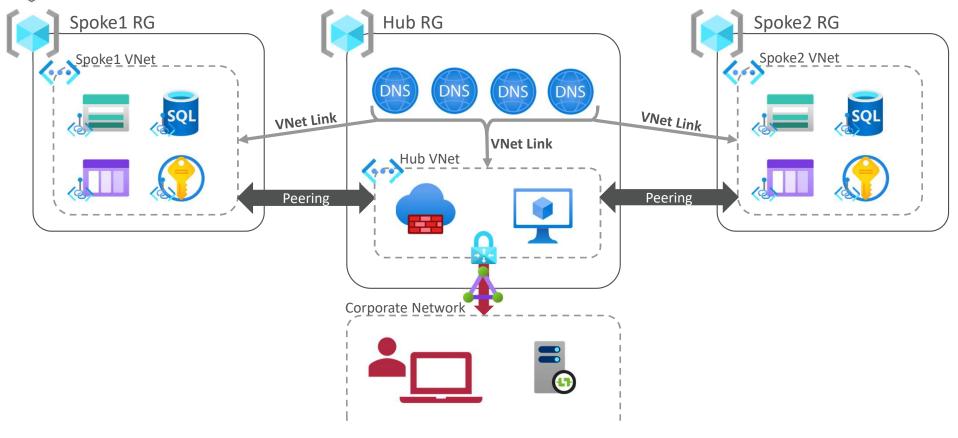








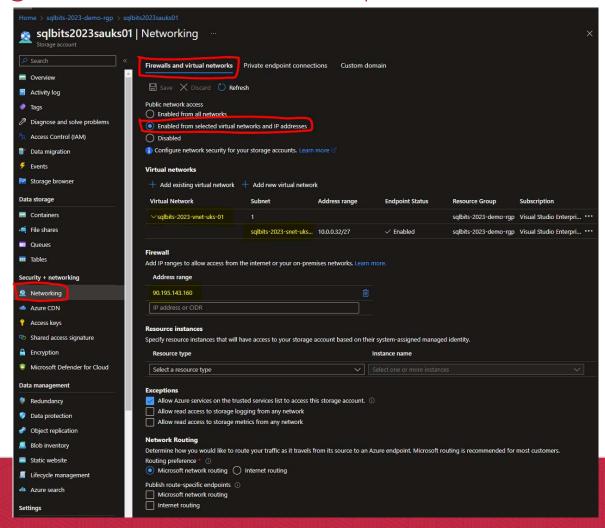








2. Using "Selected Networks" option







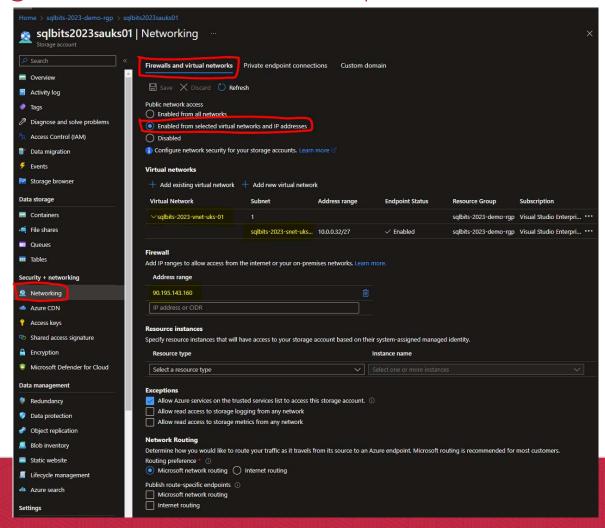
2. Using "Selected Networks" option

Public network access Enabled from all networks Enabled from selected virtual networks and IP addresses Disabled Configure network security for your storage accounts. Learn more





2. Using "Selected Networks" option





Thank you! Any Questions?

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