Taking the "Public" Out of Public Cloud:

Getting Started with Private Endpoints



dataMinds





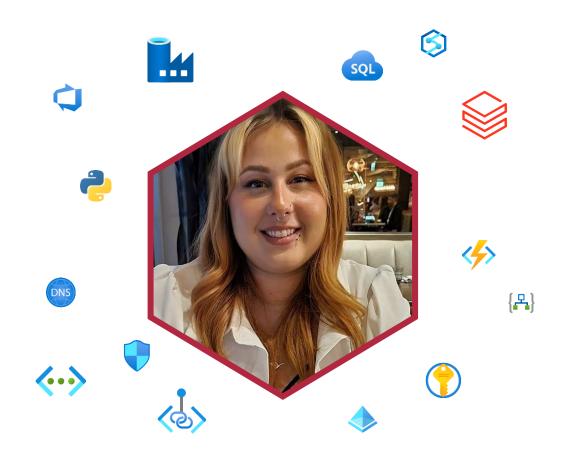






www.thinkingacloud.co.uk

https://github.com/gracedev94/ GraceOH-CommunityContent

























1 Intro to Private Endpoints

- What is an endpoint
- Public vs Private Endpoints
- Why Private Endpoints are more secure

10 mins

7 Steps to Success: Deploying and configuring Private Endpoints

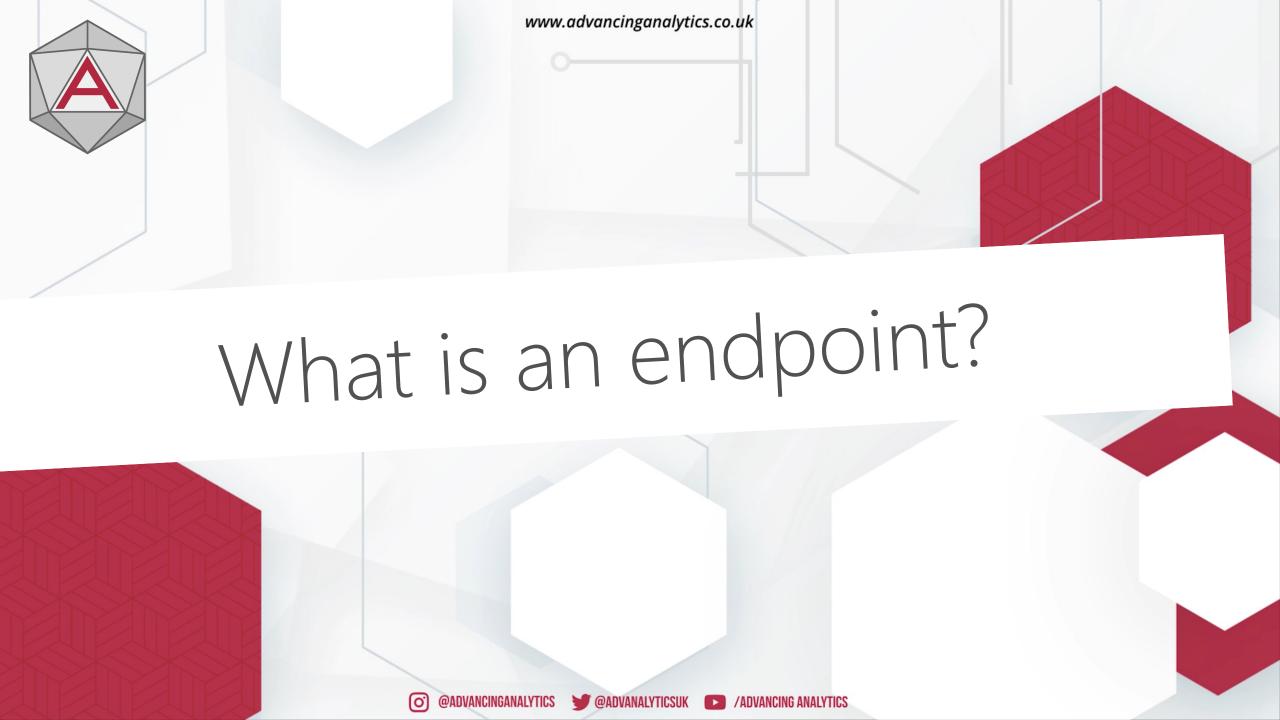
- 7 steps to successfully deploy and configure a Private Endpoint
 - DNS
- Demo

40 mins Common mistakes to avoid

- Using "select networks"
- Non-centralized Private DNS Zones

15 mins



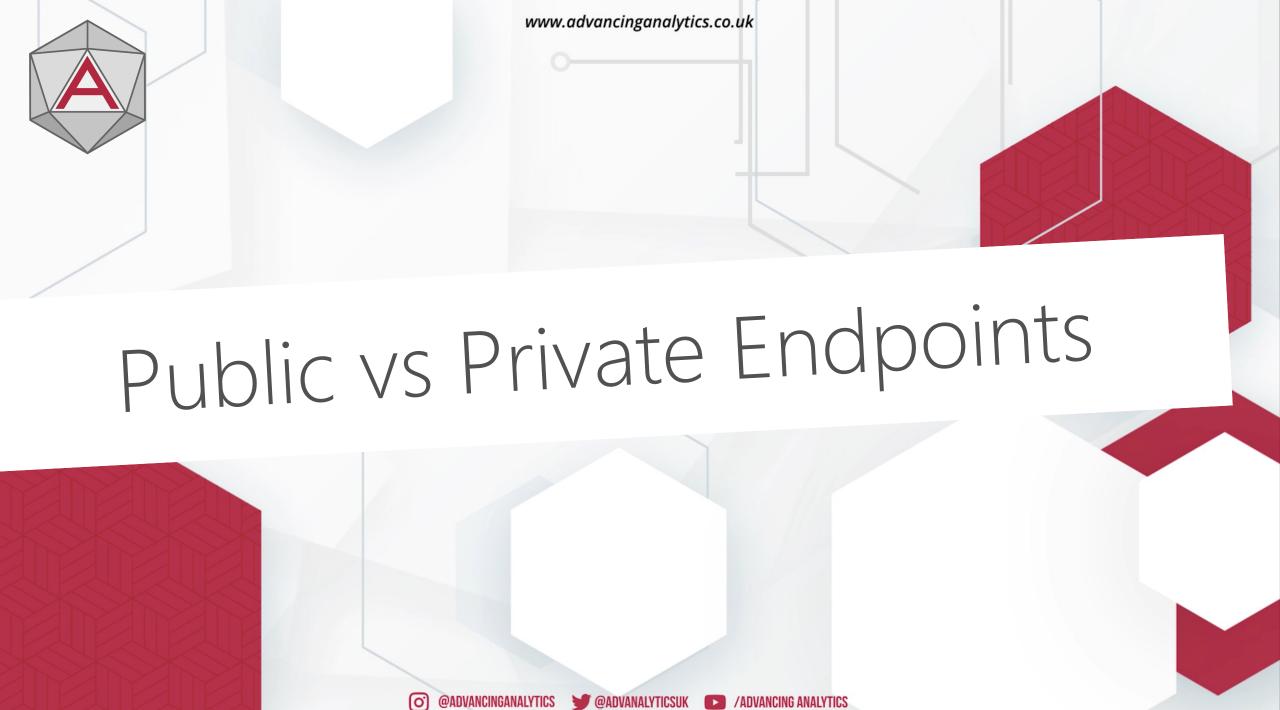


An IP endpoint refers to a unique network address that identifies a specific device or application on a network.

It is composed of an IP address and a port number.

The combination of the IP address and the port number creates a unique endpoint that can be used for communication and data transfer between devices over a network.





When talking about endpoints of Azure PaaS services, they fall into two categories:

Public Endpoints

Private Endpoints

Public IP Addresses

Private IP Addresses





Public Endpoint

- Location information is publicly available; the IP address is resolvable from the public internet.
- By default, anyone on the public internet has access.

Public Endpoint with Selected Networks enabled

- Location information is publicly available; the IP address is resolvable from the public internet.
- Restricted access to selected networks and IP addresses.

Private Endpoint

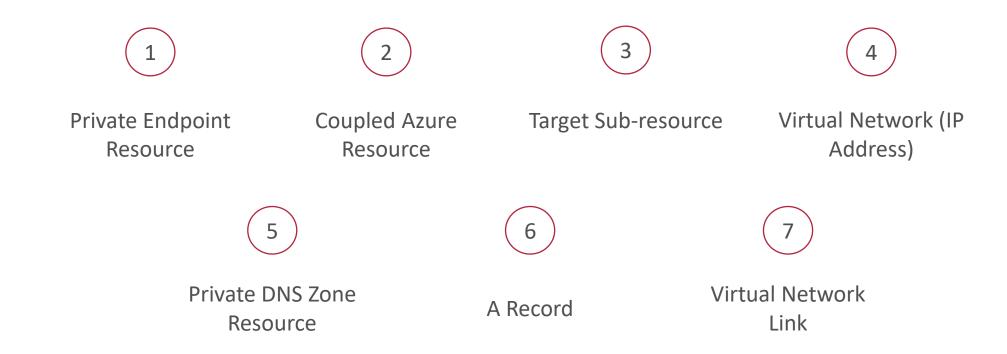
- Location information is not publicly available; the IP address is not resolvable from the public internet.
- Can only access from within the private network.







7 Steps to Success





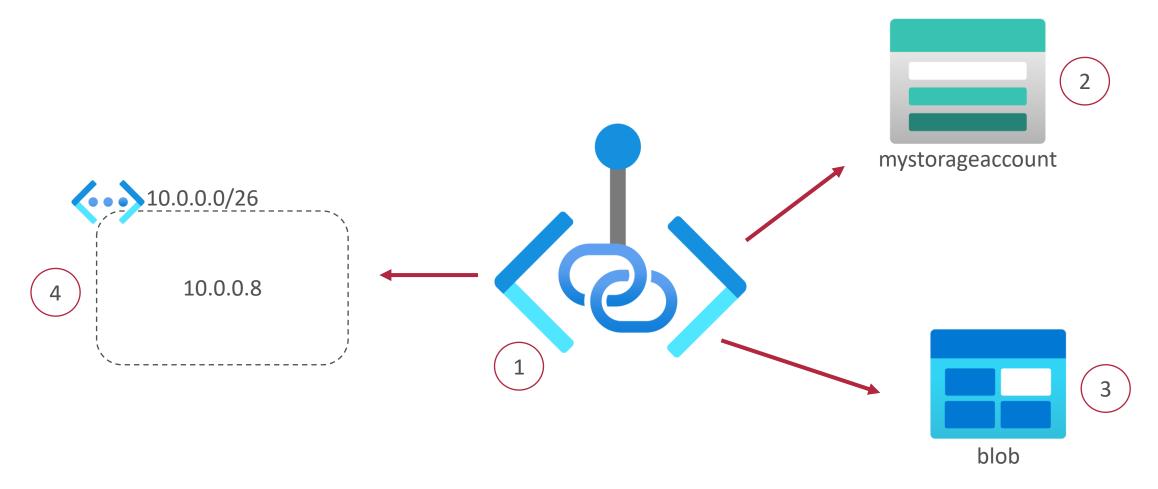


Private Endpoint





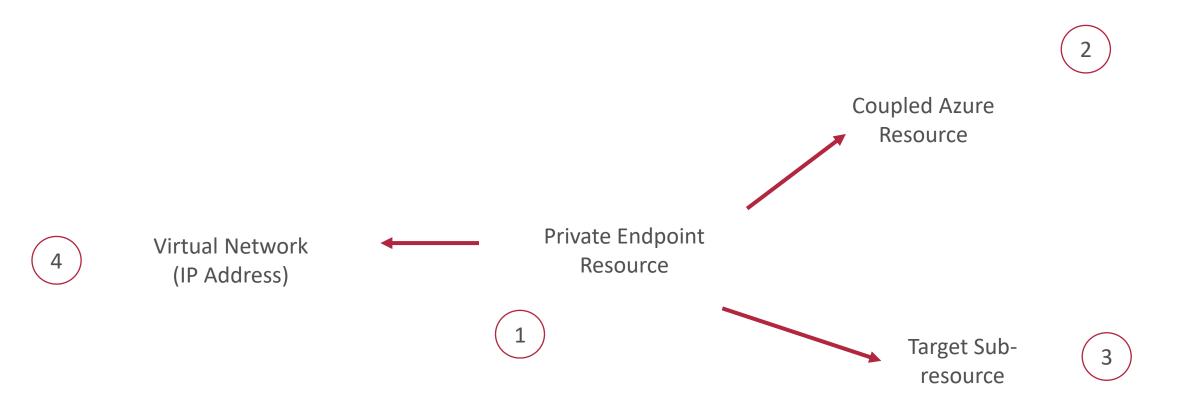
Steps 1 – 4: Private Endpoint







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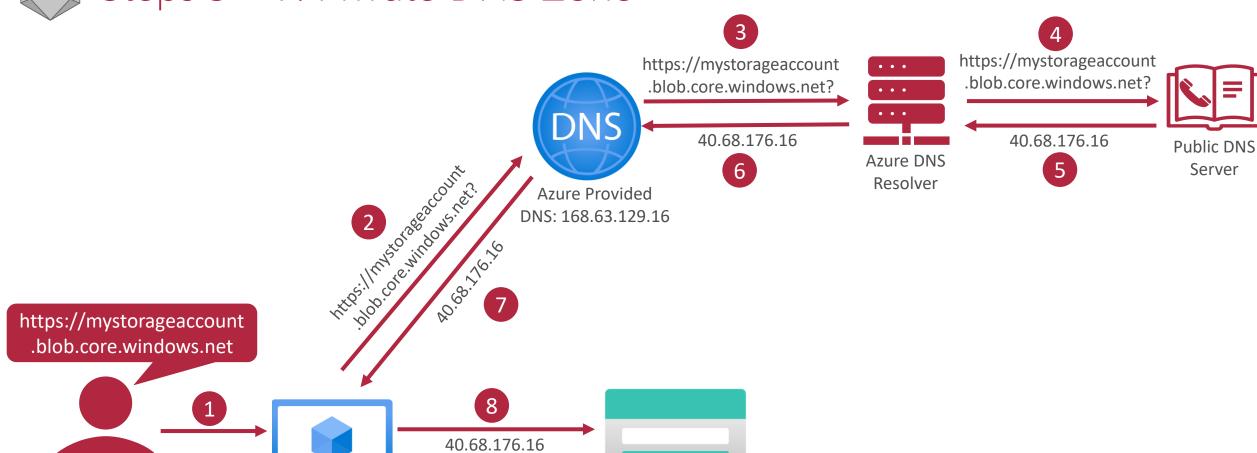




Private DNS Zone







mystorageaccount

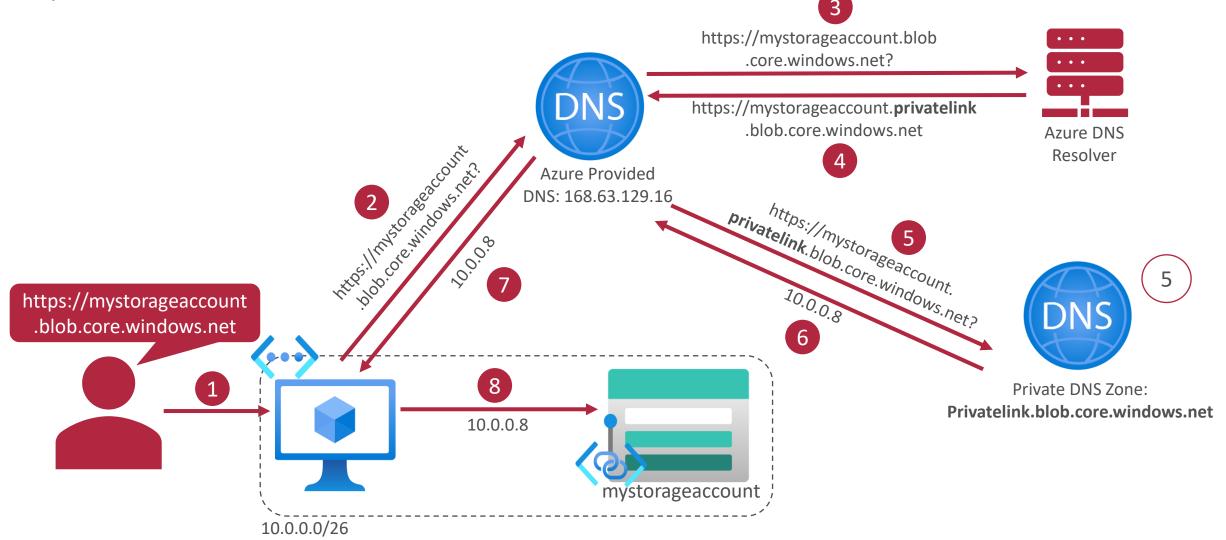


Azure Private DNS Zones:

- Azure Resource;
- Global resource, expected to be centralised;
- Private phonebook not resolvable from the internet.

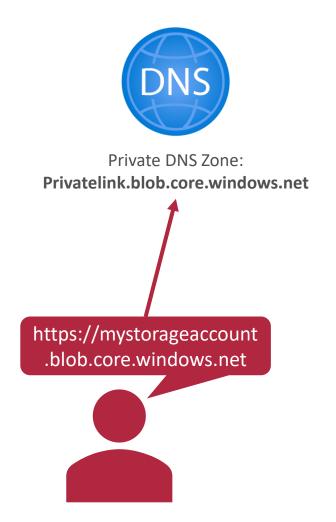


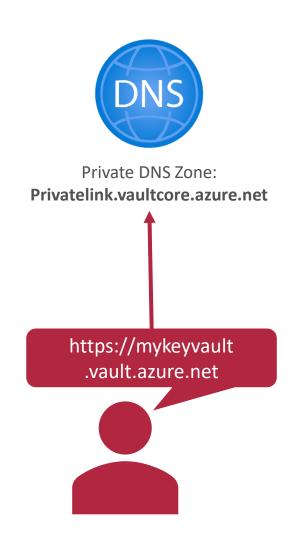


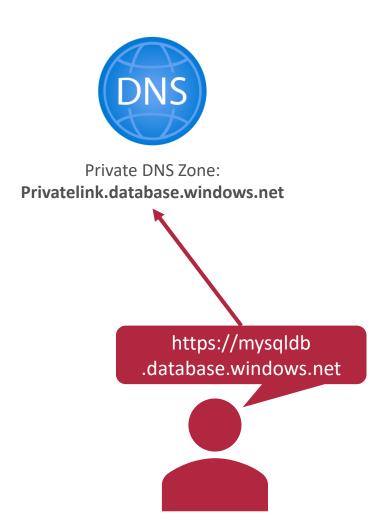














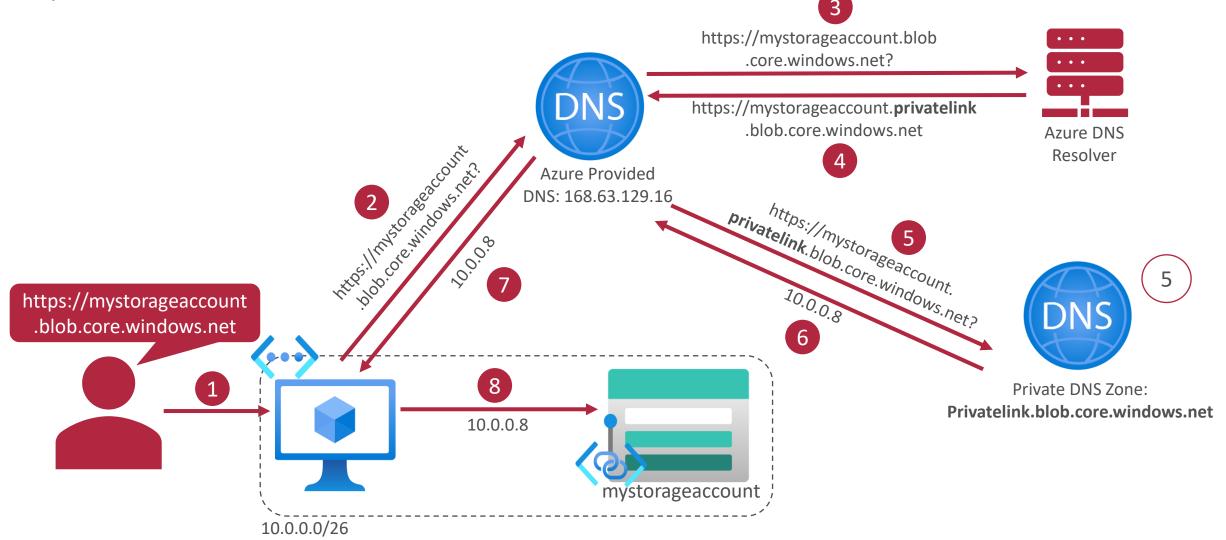
https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/private-link/private-endpoint-dns

For Azure services, use the recommended zone names as described in the following table:

Private link resource type / Subresource	Private DNS zone name	Public DNS zone forwarders
Azure Automation / (Microsoft.Automation/automationAccounts) / Webhook, DSCAndHybridWorker	privatelink.azure-automation.net	azure-automation.net
Azure SQL Database (Microsoft.Sql/servers) / sqlServer	privatelink.database.windows.net	database.windows.net
Azure SQL Managed Instance (Microsoft.Sql/managedInstances)	privatelink.{dnsPrefix}.database.windows.net	{instanceName}. {dnsPrefix}.database.windows.net
Azure Synapse Analytics (Microsoft.Synapse/workspaces) / Sql	privatelink.sql.azuresynapse.net	sql.azuresynapse.net
Azure Synapse Analytics (Microsoft.Synapse/workspaces) / SqlOnDemand	privatelink.sql.azuresynapse.net	{workspaceName}- ondemand.sql.azuresynapse.net
Azure Synapse Analytics (Microsoft.Synapse/workspaces) / Dev	privatelink.dev.azuresynapse.net	dev.azuresynapse.net
Azure Synapse Studio (Microsoft.Synapse/privateLinkHubs) / Web	privatelink.azuresynapse.net	azuresynapse.net
Storage account (Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts) / Blob (blob, blob_secondary)	privatelink.blob.core.windows.net	blob.core.windows.net
Storage account (Microsoft Storage/storage Accounts) / Table	privatelink.table.core.windows.net	table.core.windows.net

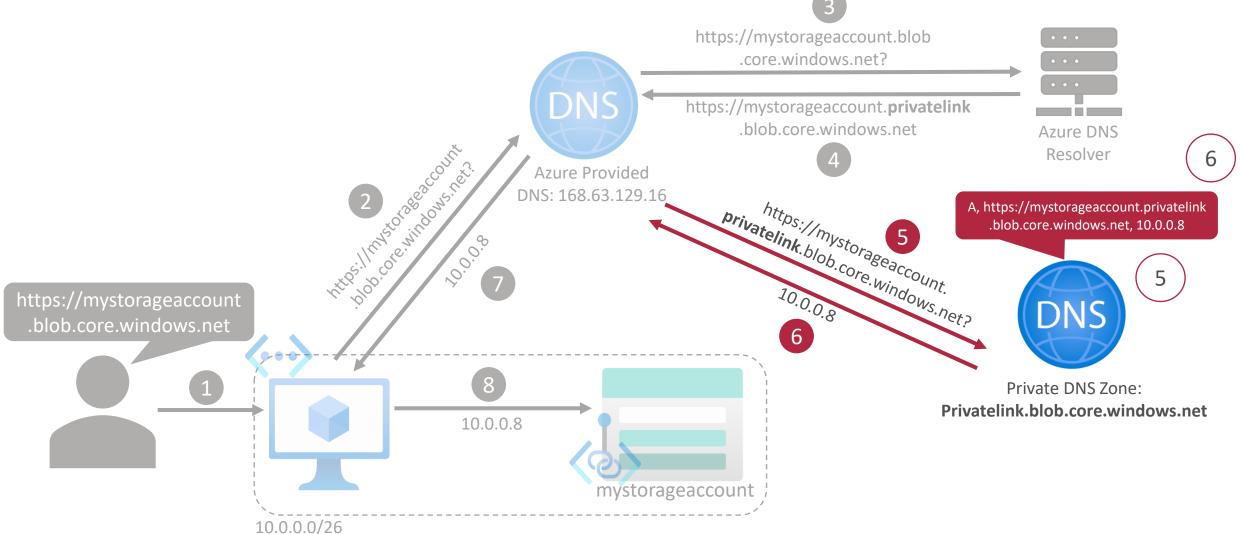
















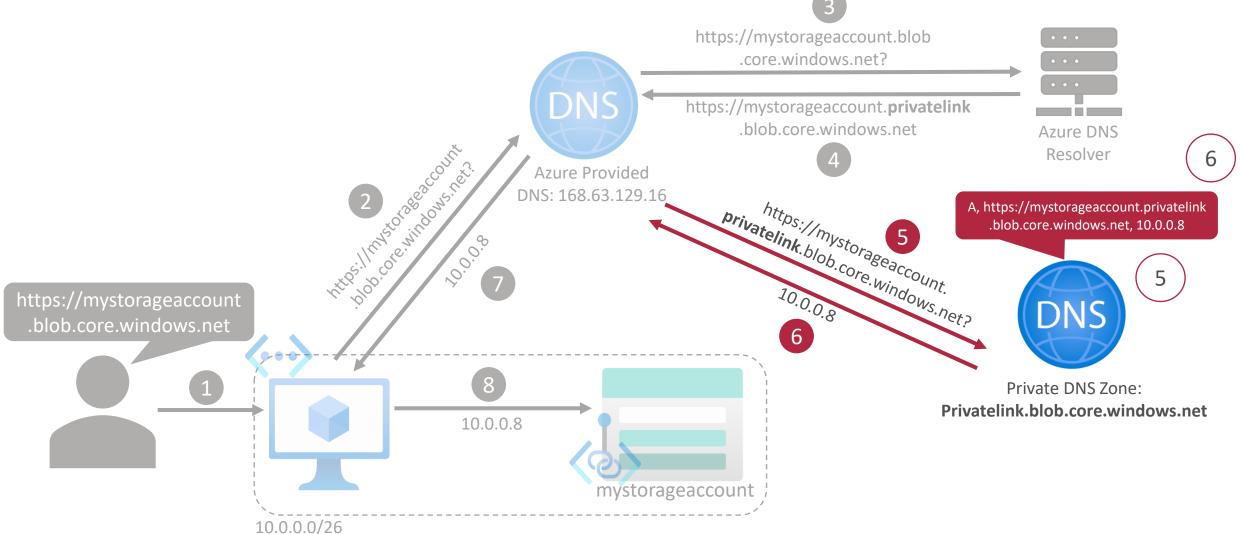
DNS Records are the **instructions** that live in the DNS Servers (the phonebook) on **how to handle DNS queries** for a particular **domain**.

There are lots of types of DNS Records.

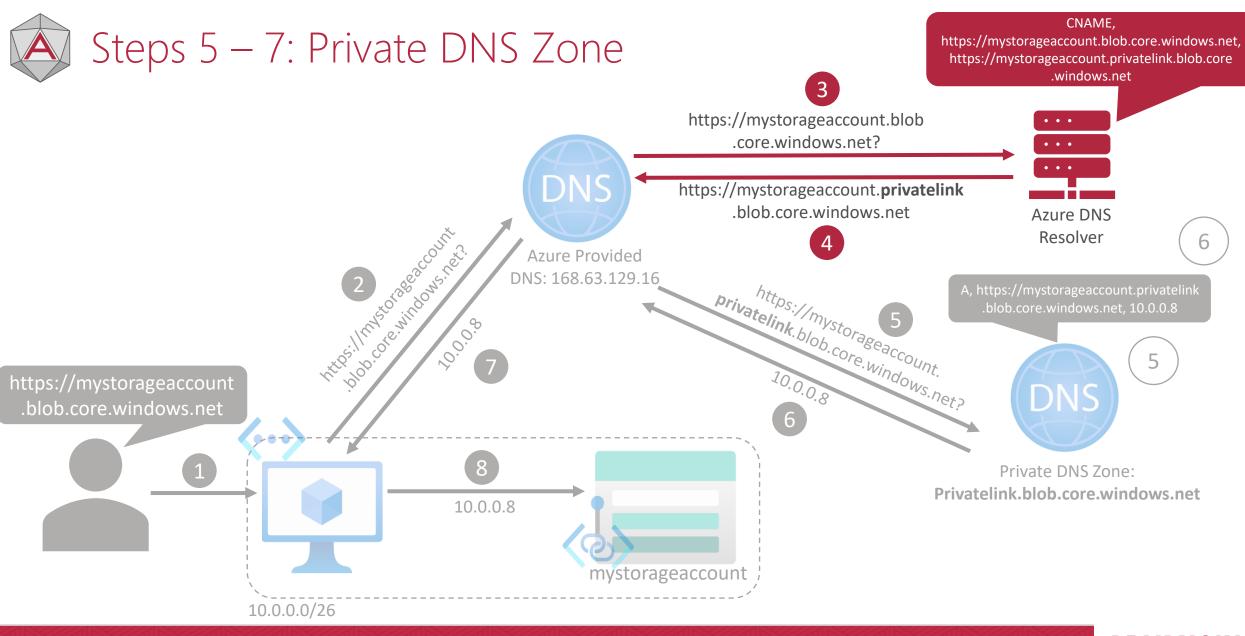
A Records contain a domain's associated IP Addresses.





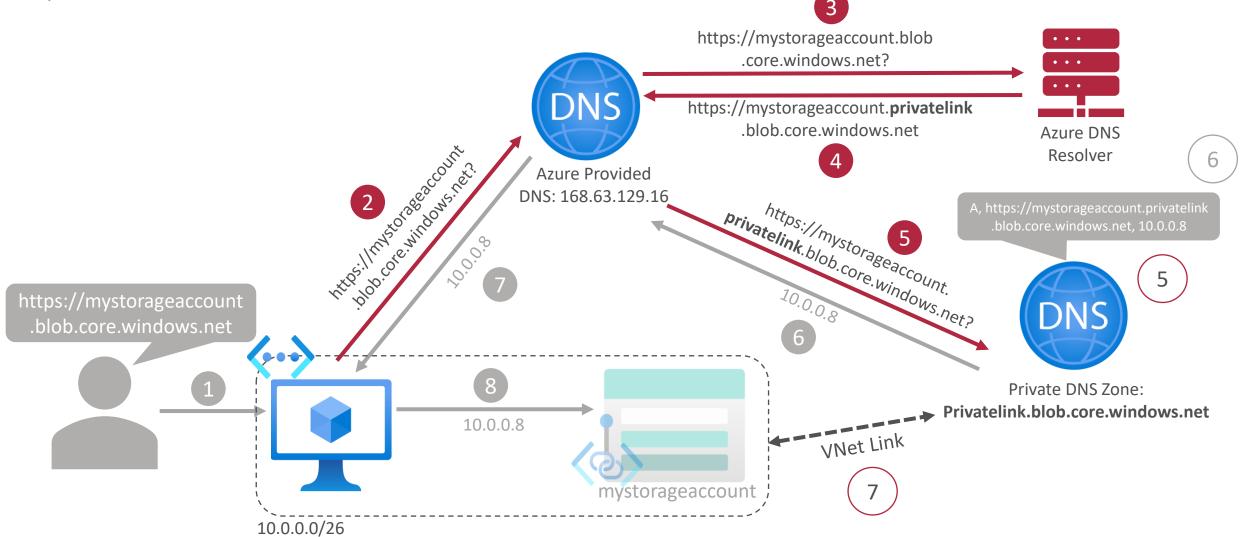


















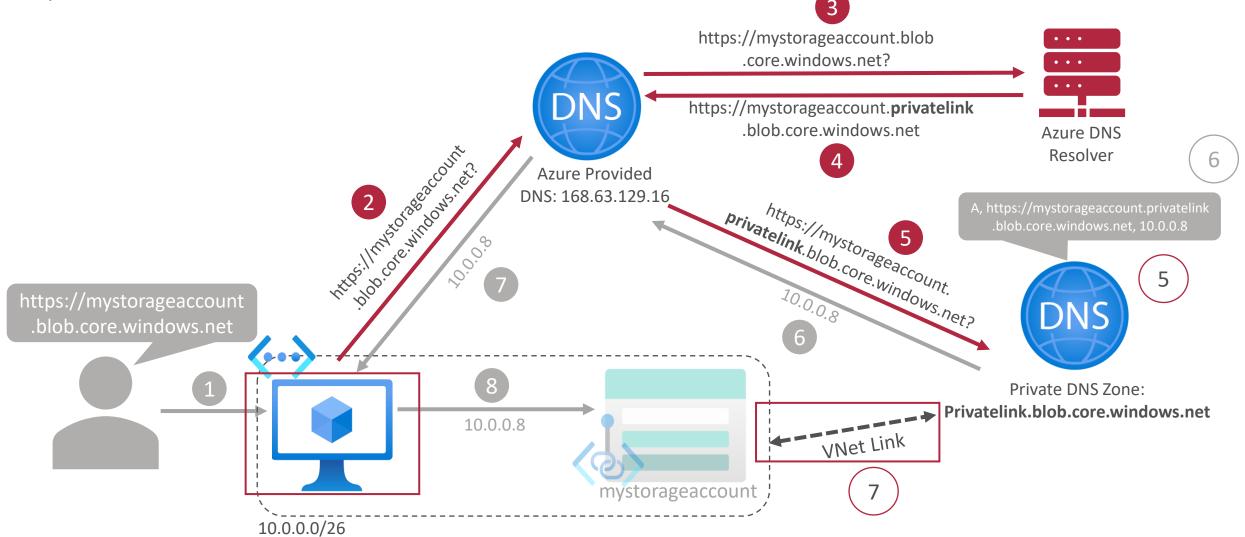
By default, **VNets are not aware of Private DNS Zones**, so any client (e.g. a VM) inside the VNet cannot use the zones to look up IP addresses.

We have to **explicitly connect** VNets to Private DNS Zones. This is called a **VNet Link**.

Once a VNet is linked to a Private DNS Zone, any client within that VNet can successfully **send DNS queries** to that zone.





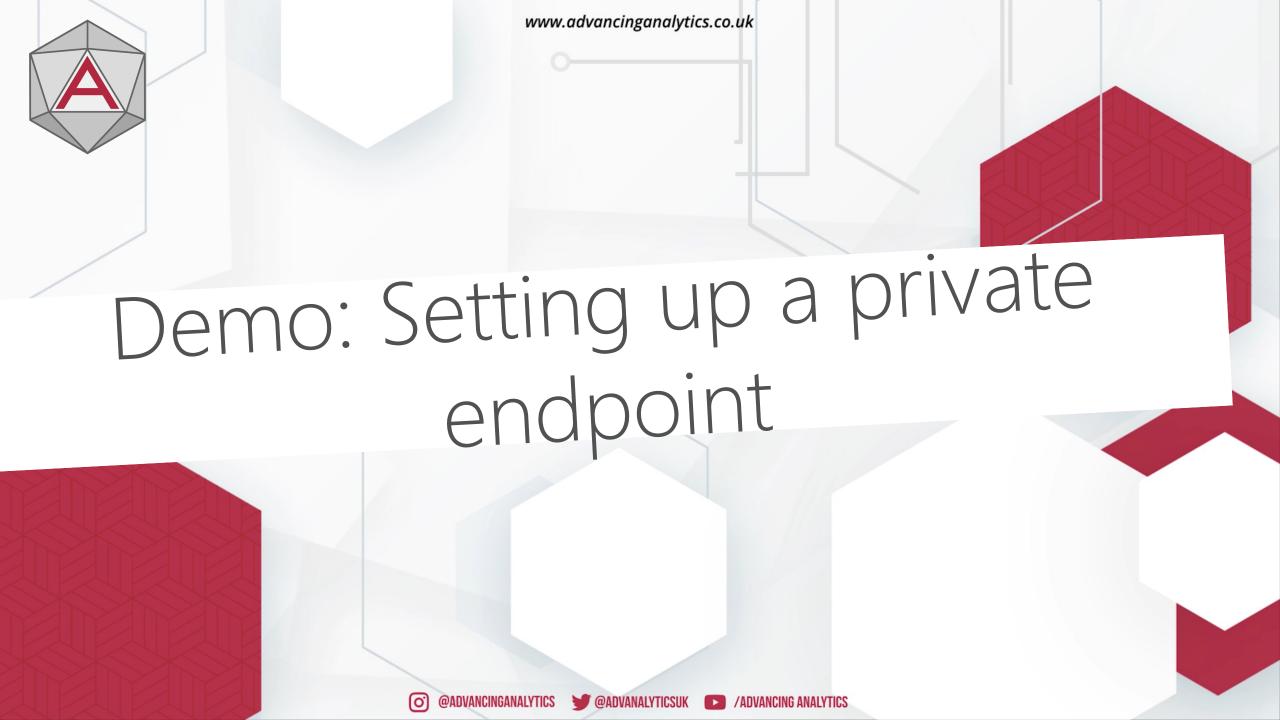






- 1. Private Endpoint Resource
 - 2. Coupled Azure Resource
 - 3. Target Sub-resource
 - 4. Virtual Network (IP Address)
- 5. Private DNS Zone Resource
 - 6. A Record
 - 7. Virtual Network Link







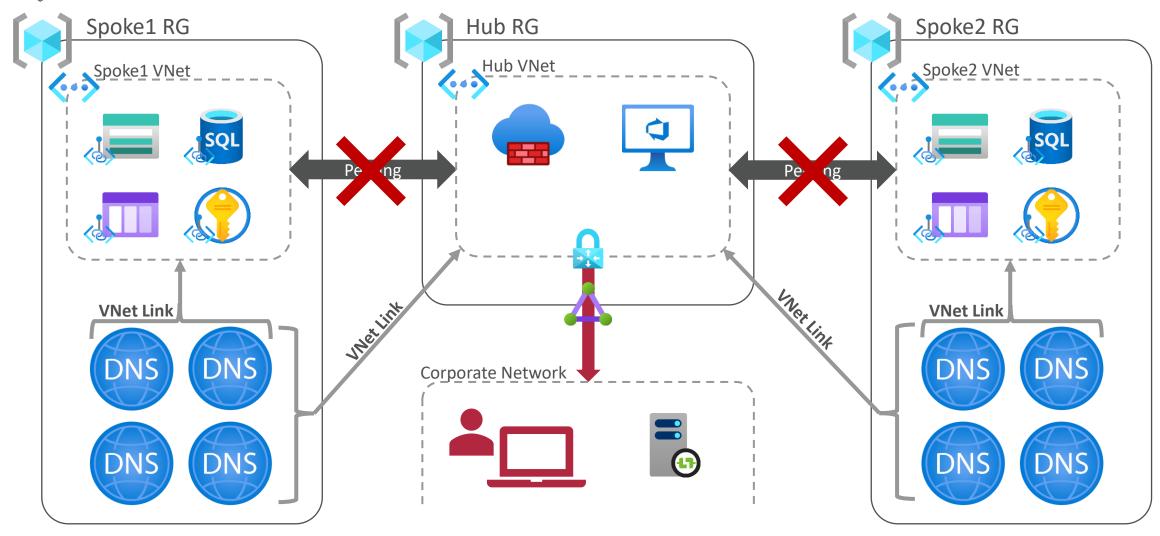
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Non-centralised Private
DNS Zones

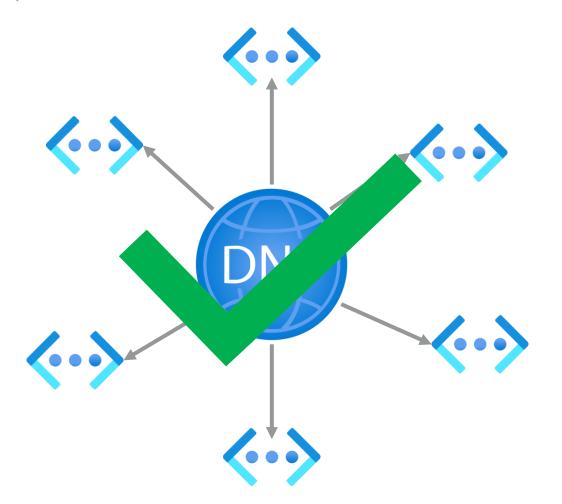
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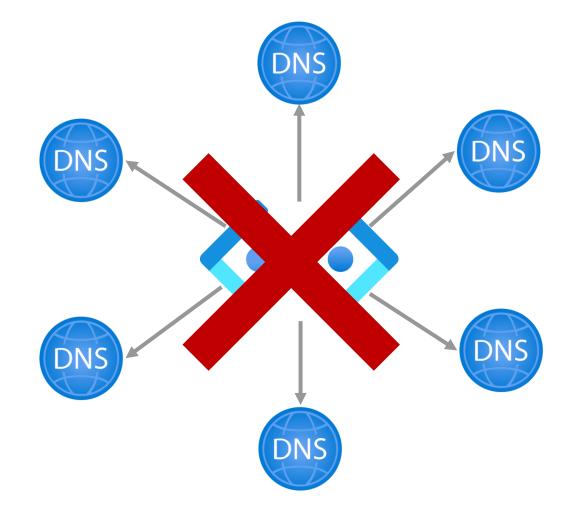
Using the "Selected Networks" option instead of "Disable all public access"



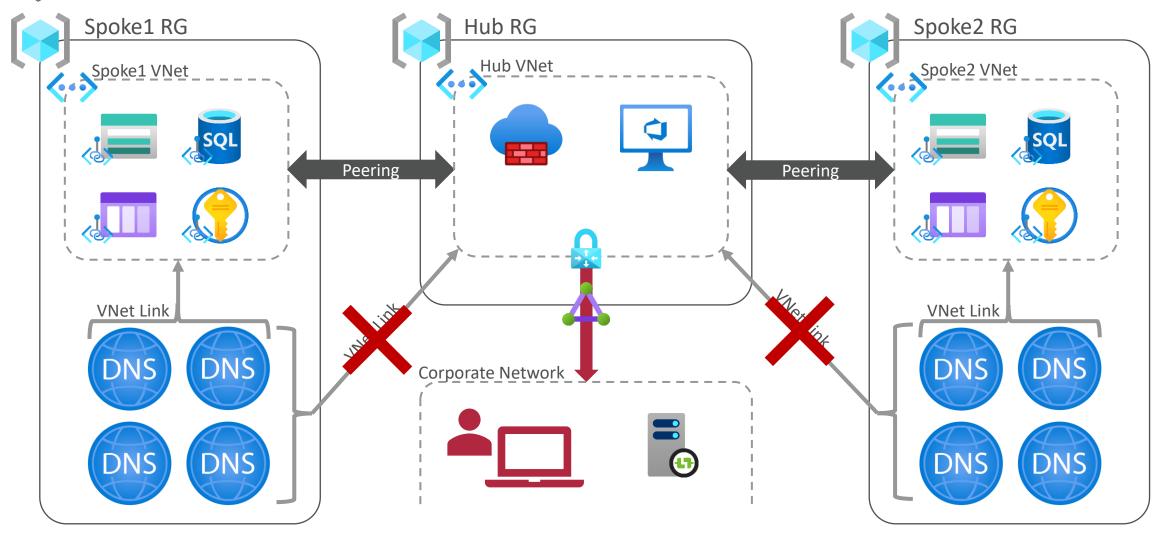




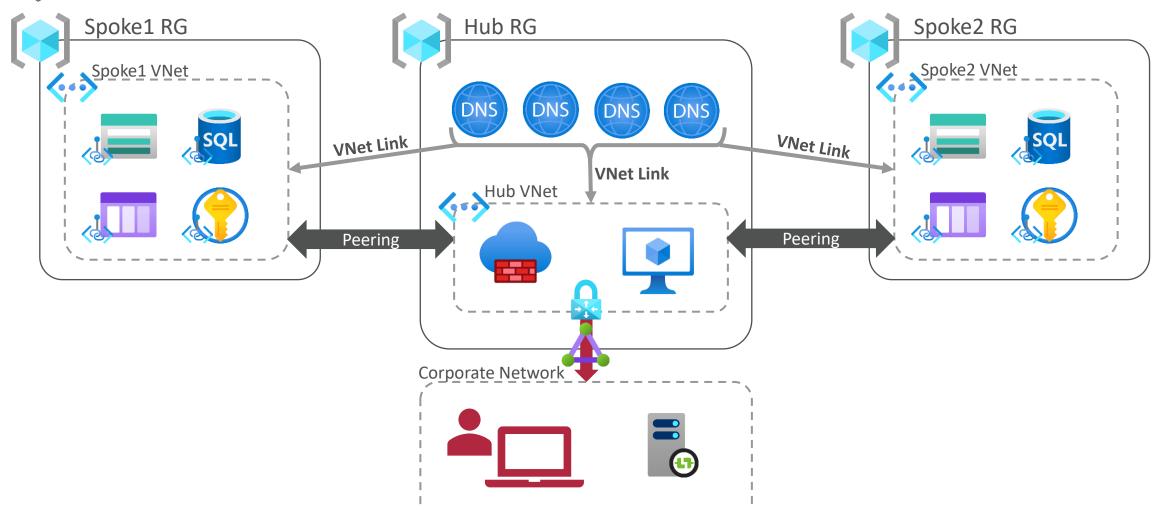








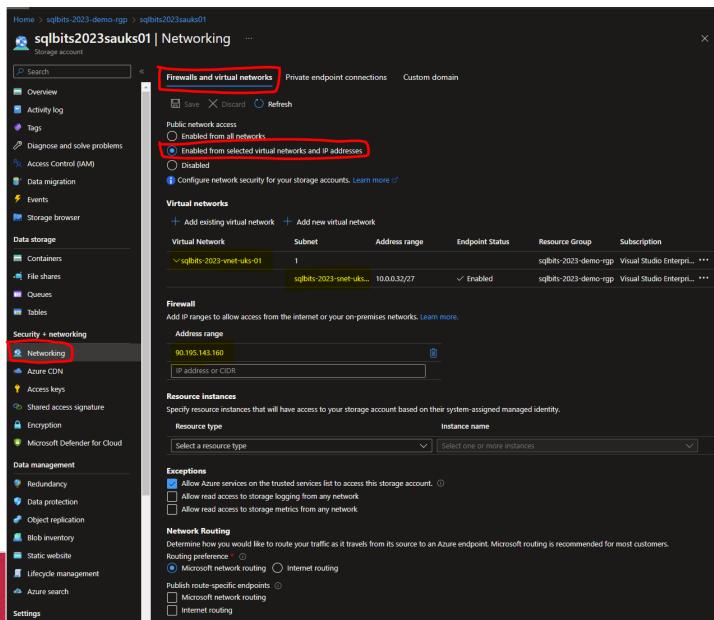








2. Using "Selected Networks" option







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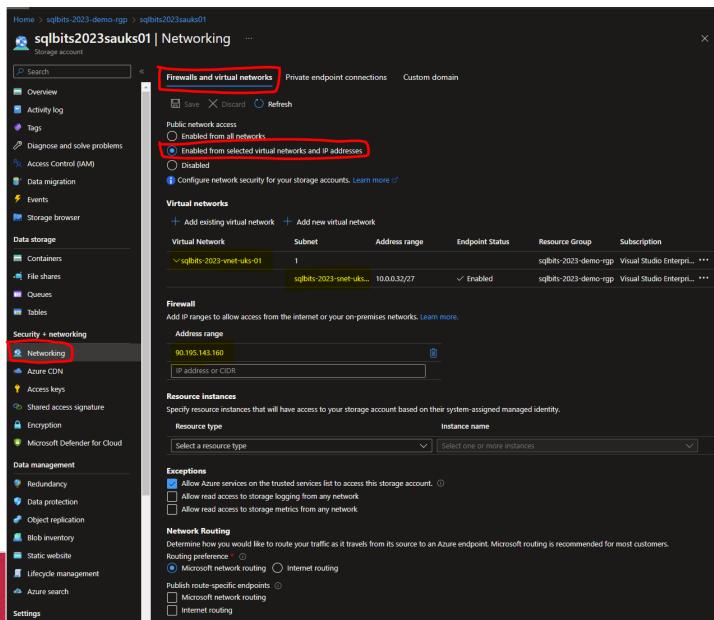
Public network access

- Enabled from all networks
- Enabled from selected virtual networks and IP addresses.
- O Disabled
- 👔 Configure network security for your storage accounts. Learn more 🗹





2. Using "Selected Networks" option







Blog post:

• https://www.thinkingacloud.co.uk/p/7-steps-to-successfully-deploy-an-azure-private-endpoint/

Azure Private DNS Zone names:

• https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/private-link/private-endpoint-dns



Thank you! Any Questions?

- in Grace O'Halloran (grace-o-halloran)

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