

# BIO727P GROUP SOFTWARE PROJECT

TEAM CELINE

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## DATA BASE

### SNP Data

Chromosome, Position,  
Ref & Alt Allele, ID,  
genotype per sample (all  
populations)

### Annotation Data

Chromosome, Position, Ref &  
Alt Allele, rs ID, Gene Symbol,  
Ensembl Gene ID, Impact

### Population Metadata

Sample ID, Sex,  
Superpopulation Code &  
Name, Subpopulation Code &  
Name, Data Collections

### Gene Aliases

Gene Alias, Complete Gene  
Name, Gene Symbol  
(Data base: *org.Hs.eg.db*)

*e!Ensembl*



Bcftools

*R* Studio

### Derived / Ancestral Alignment Data

Ancestral & Derived  
Allele, Der. & Anc. Allele  
Frequency

### Data Mining & Wrangling

Data Filtering (biallelic SNPs)  
Calculating allele and genotype frequency per population

VCftools



### SNP Data Base

Unique SNP ID, Chrom, Position, rs ID, Ref, Alt,  
Gene, Gene ID, AF & GT per population, Gene Alias,  
Derived Allele Frequency

## WEBSITE

### Input Field

- SNP ID
- Gene Name / Alias
- Genomic Coordinates

### SNP Search

### Checkboxes

- Populations
- Summary Stats
  - Shannon Diversity
  - Expected Heterozygosity
  - Tajima's D

### Data Mining & Extraction

### SNP Data Frame

Unique SNP ID, Chrom, Position, rs ID, Ref, Alt,  
Gene, Gene ID, AF & GT per population, Gene  
Alias, Derived Allele Frequency

### Distribution Plots

- Populations (GBR, LWK, CDX,  
MXL, GIH)
- Summary Stats
- If more than 1 Pop: FST

## Web Development

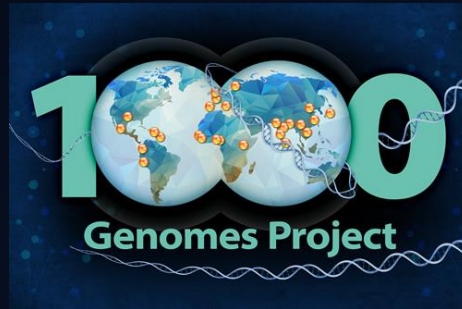
Database  
Home

SNP search → Results → Visualisation  
Select additional/other population(s)  
Select additional/other summary stat(s)

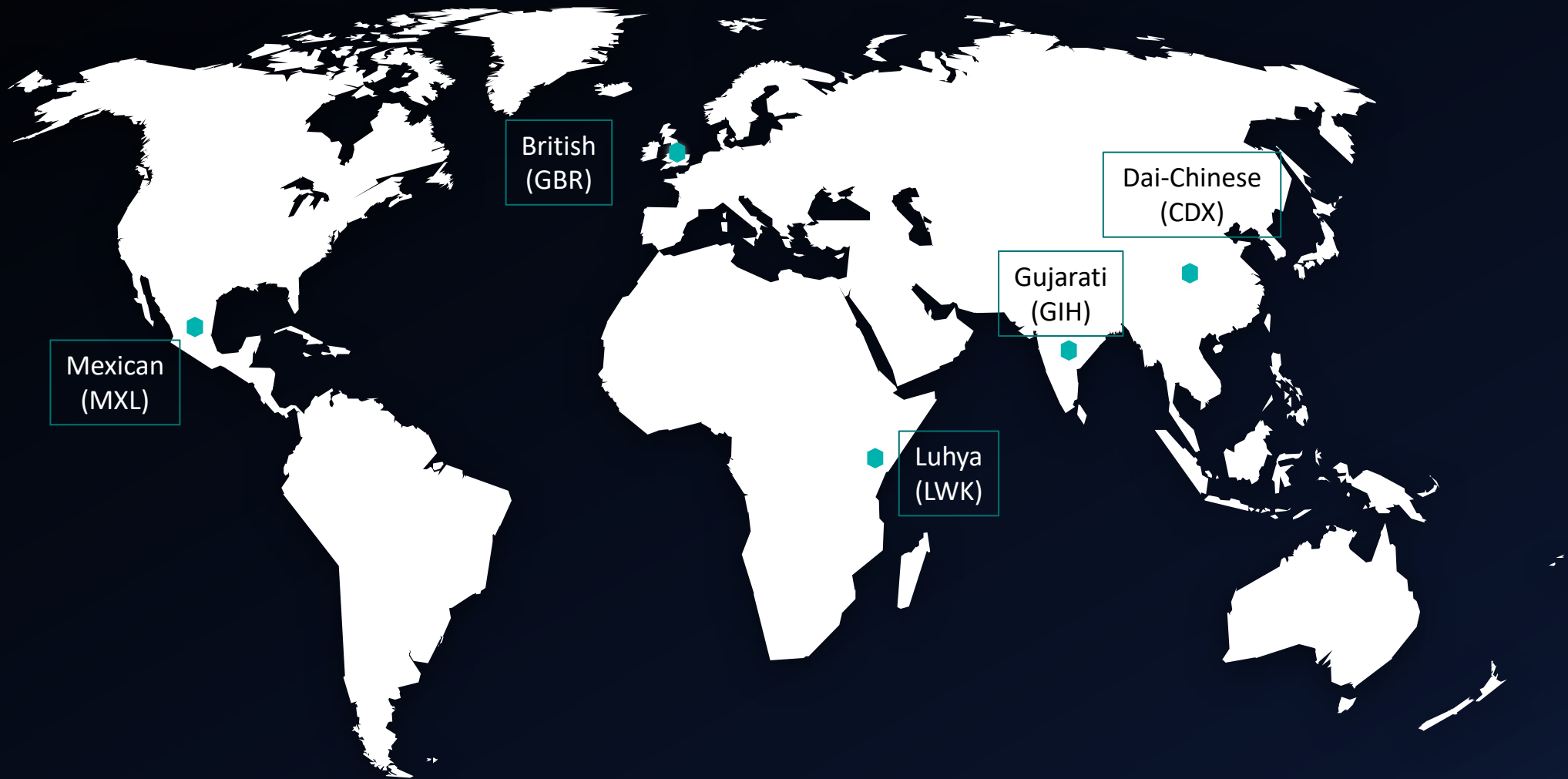


# Data Collection

- SNP VCF files from Ensembl FTP Server
- Population Sample Data from 1000 Genomes Project
- Gene Alias from `Org.Hs.eg.db` - R Bioconductor package containing genome wide annotation for Human genome



# Population Selection



# Walk-through for allele and genotype frequency processing

1. Convert numbers to letters
2. Calculate allele counts, frequencies and genotype frequencies per population using *genetics::genotype()* and *summary()* in R
3. Frequencies joined to SQL database (see Table 2)

Table 1:

Ref	Alt	Samples (numeric)	Samples (base)
A	G	0 0	A A
T	C	0 1	T C
A	T	1 1	T T

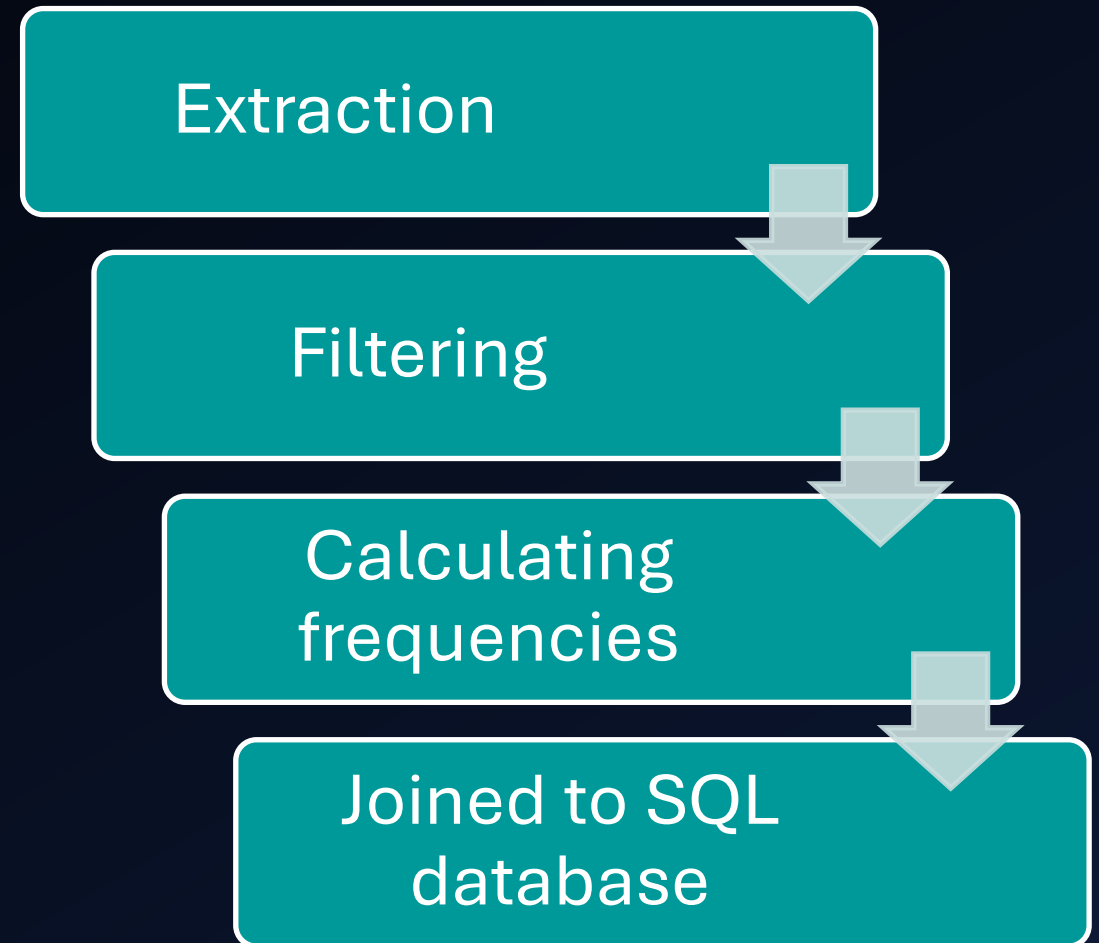
Table 2:

GBR_AF _ref	GBR_AF _alt	GBR_GT 00	GBR_GT 0110	GBR_GT 11
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0

# Walk-through for derived allele frequency processing

1. Extract position and ancestral allele field from VCF
2. Remove SNPs with missing ancestral allele by position
3. Calculated derived / ancestral allele frequencies
4. Join ancestral and derived alleles to database

Justification: determine the occurrence of a mutated/derived allele in the human population which arose after recent divergence from outgroup



# SNP Database

SNP_Data_Table	
Unique_SNP_ID	Gene
Chromosome	Gene ID
Position	AF & AC per population
rsID	GT per population
Ref	Gene Alias
Alt	Derived Allele Frequency

Example of Unique SNP ID:  
22 : 50807605 : C : A



# Features of Software

- SNP search
  - Browse for SNPs via rs ID, Gene Name (or Alias), or Genomic Coordinates
- Summary statistics selection
  - Shannon Diversity, Expected Heterozygosity and Tajima's D
  - FST Analysis
- Population selection
  - Choose one or more of the 5 provided populations
- Download stats as TXT
  - Download the FST or other stats data frame as a txt file
- Visualise summary stats
  - When choosing summary stats and population, plots are automatically shown



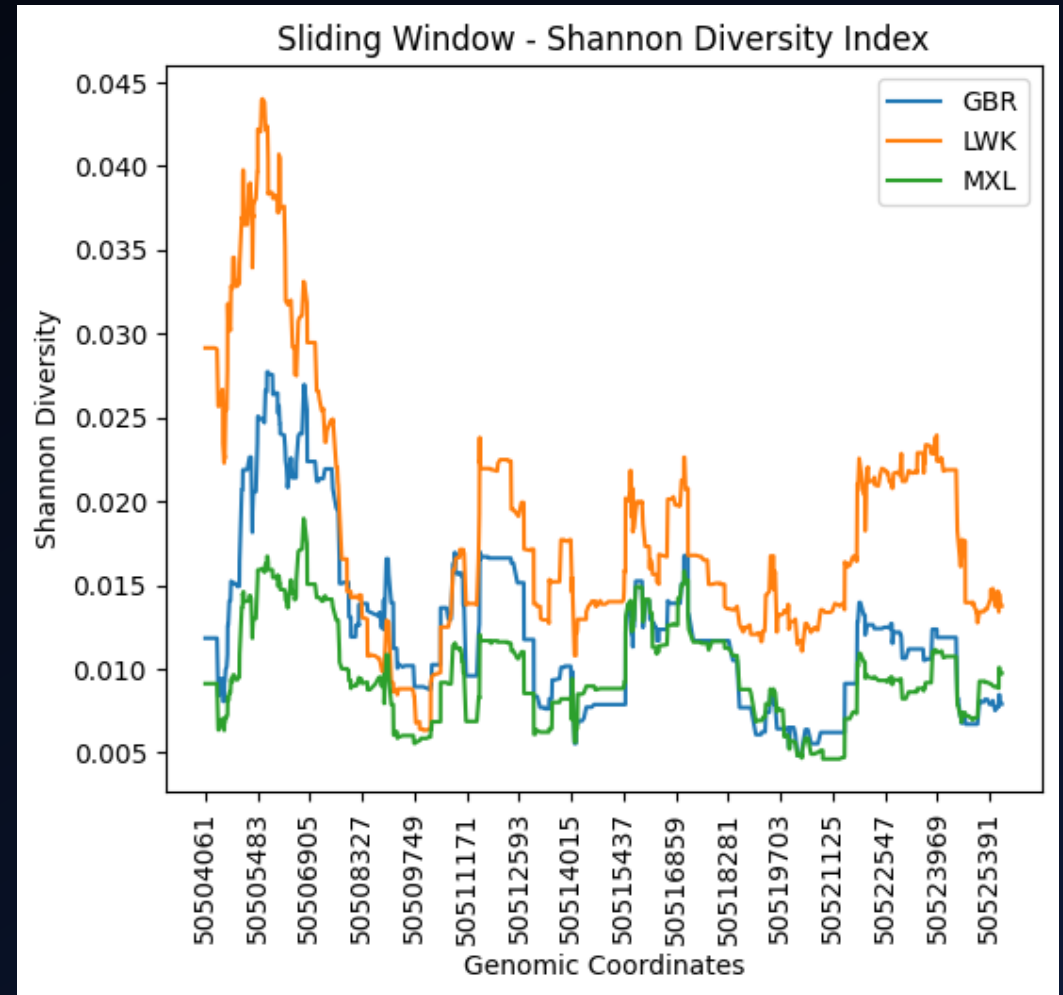
# Choice of Summary Statistics

1. Shannon Diversity
  - More effective at describing diversity than using allele counts/richness
  - Sample size
2. Expected Heterozygosity
  - Study the difference in genetic variation in populations affected by urbanisation
  - Physiological responses e.g., disease resistance
3. Tajima's D
  - Infer which loci were affected by natural selection by identifying difference between observed and expected allele frequencies
4.  $F_{ST}$ 
  - Hudson method – not affected by change in sample size and avoid false positive signals

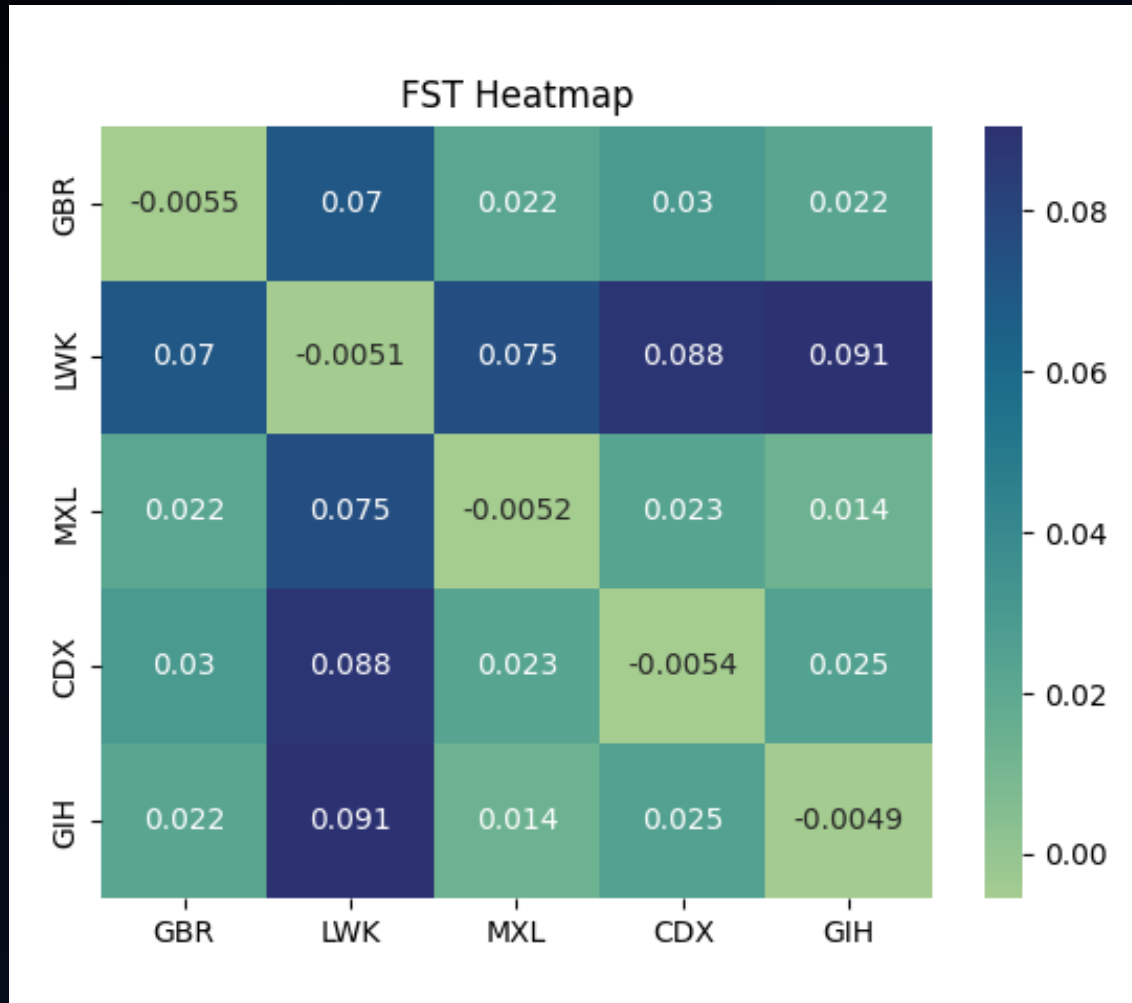
# Justification for Visualisation Type

## Sliding windows

- X-axis: positions to avoid gaps in graph
- Line graphs commonly used to demonstrate change in variability throughout the region
- Overlapping uniform window size



# Justification for Visualisation Type



## Heatmap

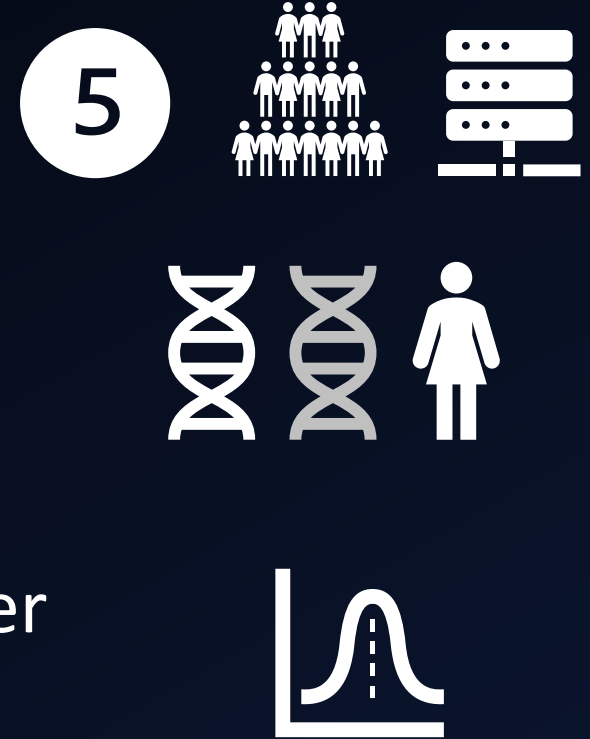
- FST is calculated pairwise per population combination
- Limited number of comparisons
- Heatmap not too overloaded while easily visualizing which populations are most similar/different to each other

# Software Demo

- Celine will show our web application now

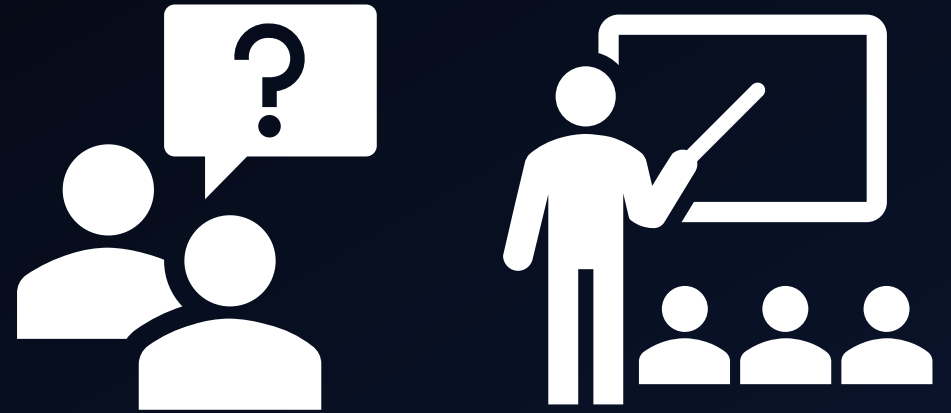
# Limitations & Opportunities

- Only 5 populations
- Bi-allelic SNPs
- Indels or structural variants ignored
- Uniform window size
- Overlapping windows → less statistical power
- Interactive graphs





# Thank you for listening!

QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS?

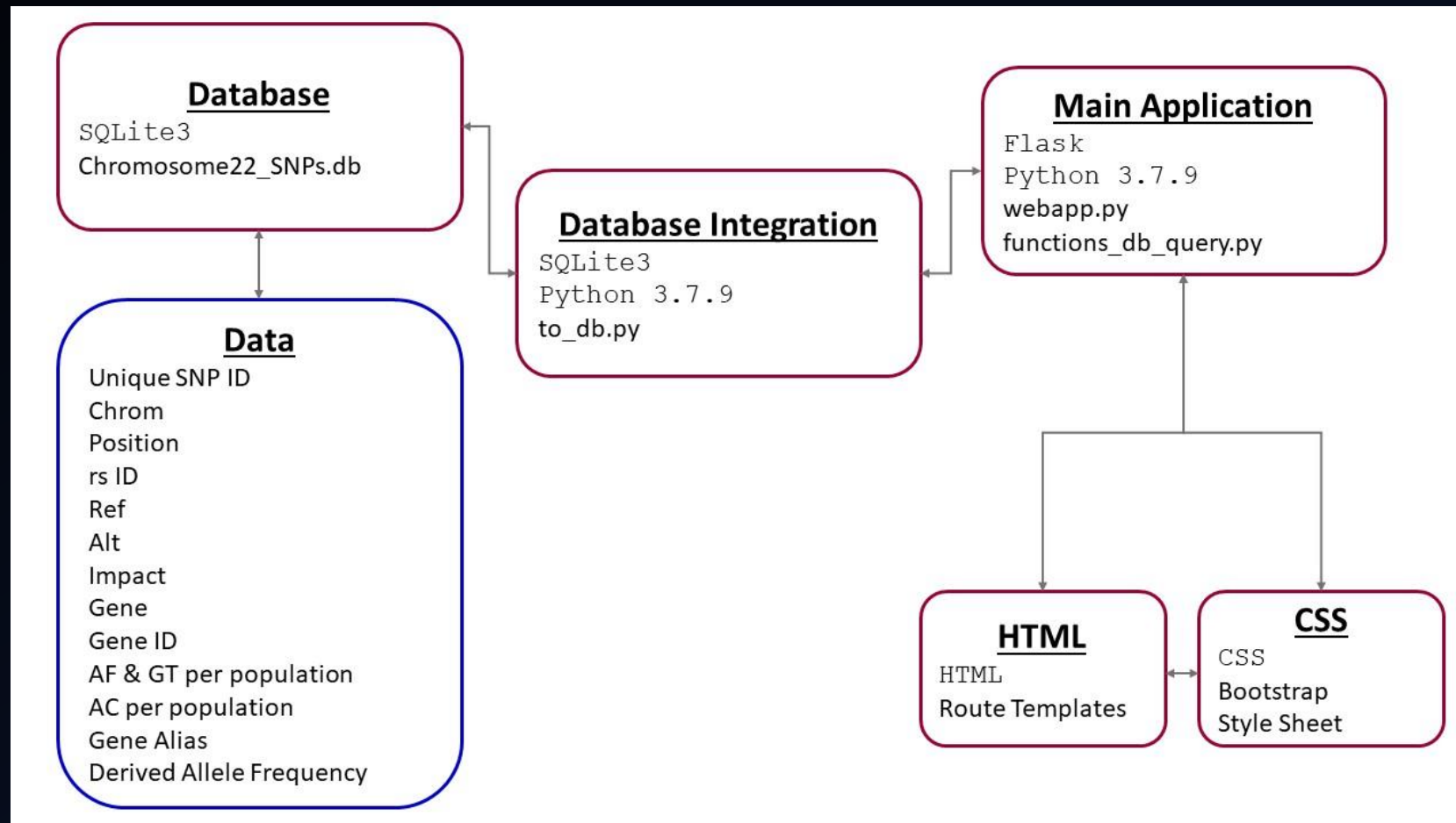


# Individual Contributions

	Amanah	Celine	Gracia
Implementation 	Data Pre-processing for derived allele frequency (VCFtools)	Web App incl. Flask, HTML / CSS	Data Pre-processing (bcftools) & Data Wrangling
	Genotype & Allele Frequency Calculation	Python to SQL data base	Genotype & Allele Frequency Calculation
	FST statistic	Tajima's D and Shannon diversity	Sliding Window
Documentation 	Description of contributed implementation		
	Justification of summary stats	Running the software	Structure / Outline
	Literature research / References	Database connection & query Data visualisation	Transfer documentation into $\text{L}^{\text{A}}\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$



# Software Architecture



# Data Mining & Wrangling

- Bcftools: pre-process VCF files by population samples
- Vcftools: extract derived allele frequency for SNPs
- R genetics: calculate allele counts, allele & genotype frequency
- Python packages
  - pandas: modify, join and filter data
  - scikit-allele: calculate Tajima's D & FST
  - pandas & math: calculate Shannon Div. & Exp. Heterozygosity

