evolMC: a package for Monte-Carlo simulation

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Getting the package

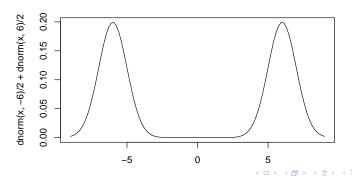
Package evolMC. http://github.com/grady/evol-mc

```
library(devtools)
install_github("evol-mc", "grady")
library(evolMC)
```

See the "example" package vignette for demo code.

The Problem

- ▶ We wish to sample from a distribution with multiple modes, separated by regions of very low probability density.
- ► Traditional Metropolis algorithms do not work well here.



- ▶ Consider a distribution $f(x|t) \propto \exp\{-H(x)/t\}$, where $t \geq 1$ is called the *temperature* and H(x), called the *fitness function*, corresponds to the negative log-density of x, up to a constant.
- ► Increasing the temperature causes the distribution to become "flatter", i.e. to have thicker tails.
- A population \mathbf{x} consists of N individuals x_i , $i=1,\ldots,N$, and we also define an associated set of temperatures $\mathbf{t}=(t_1,\ldots,t_N)$. It is assumed that $x_i\in\mathbb{R}^d$ and the t_i are in descending order, terminating at the temperature of the target distribution. (In most cases this means $t_N=1$.)
- ▶ Each individual x_i is independently sampled from the distribution $f_i(x_i) \propto f(x_i|t_i)$.



Algorithm 1 Evolutionary Monte Carlo

procedure EMC

with prob p_m

 \mathbf{Mutate}

otherwise

Crossover

end w/prob

EXCHANGE

end procedure

 $\triangleright p_m$ is the mutation probability.

Algorithm 2 A Gaussian random-walk mutation.

```
procedure MUTATE

Copy the current population to x.

for all individuals x_i in x do

y \leftarrow \mathcal{N}_d(x_i, t_i \sigma^2 I)

with prob \min\{1, \exp(-H(y)/t_i + H(x_i)/t_i)\}

x_i \leftarrow y

end w/prob

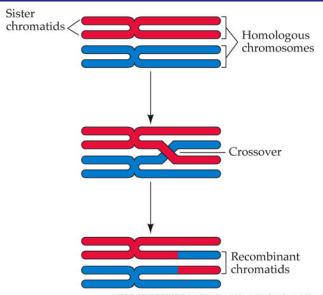
end for

Set current population to x.

end procedure
```

Algorithm 3 The fitness-weighted *crossover*.

```
procedure Crossover
   Copy the current population to x.
   for all individuals x_i in x do
       w_i \leftarrow \exp(-H(x_i))
   end for
   Select k uniformly from \{1: d\}.
   Select i from \{1: N\} with weights proportional to \{w_i\}.
   Select j uniformly from \{1: N\}\setminus\{i\}.
   In x, swap elements k: d of individuals i and j.
   with prob · · ·
                                                           ▶ Metropolis update.
       Set the current population to x.
   end w/prob
end procedure
```







Algorithm 4 The *exchange* attempts to swap individuals between neighboring temperature states.

```
procedure EXCHANGE

Copy the current population to x.

Select i uniformly from \{1: N\}.

Select j uniformly from \{i \pm 1\} \cap \{1: N\}.

Swap individuals i, j of x.

with prob \min\{1, \exp(-H(x_i)/t_i - H(x_j)/t_j + H(x_i)/t_j + H(x_j)/t_i)\}

Set the current population to x.

end w/prob

end procedure
```