Quarto & R Markdown

Theoretical and Empirical Research Methodology, Exercise 7

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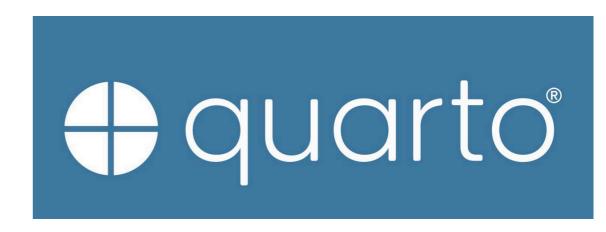
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Goals for today

- I. Understand what **Quarto** is and how it relates to **R Markdown** and **knitr**
- II. Write your first Quarto document
- III. Render Quarto documents into html and PDF format
- IV. Become aware of specific challenges for project management when using Quarto







Outline

- 1. What is Quarto?
- 2. Quarto step-by-step
- 3. Notes on project management
- 4. Avoiding common Quarto mistakes

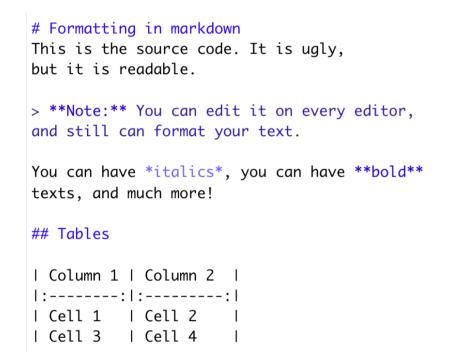
What is Quarto?

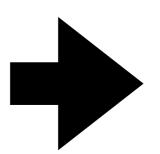


First: What is R Markdown?



- R Markdown is a document format that allows you to write documents containing code of two languages:
 - R code to perform statistical analysis → we know this (almost <a> €)
 - Markdown code to create formatted text using a plain text editor
- Markdown is readable in its source and, if rendered, allows for formatting, such as **bold** or *italic* fonts, tables, headings...





Formatting in markdown

This is the source code. It is ugly, but it is readable.

Note: You can edit it on every editor, and still can format your text.

You can have italics, you can have bold texts, and much more!

Tables

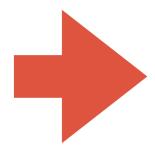
Column 1	Column 2
Cell 1	Cell 2
Cell 3	Cell 4



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 - Markdown code to create formatted text using a plain text editor
- Markdown is readable in its source and, if rendered, allows for formatting, such as **bold** or *italic* fonts, tables, headings...
- Together, R and Markdown allows you to write formatted texts and conducts statistical analysis within one file
 - Perfect to make research accessible and reproducible

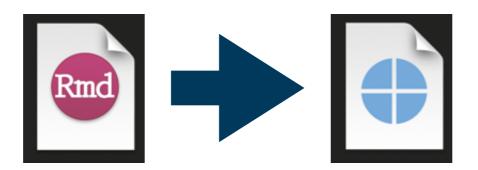


We will not cover the basics of markdown → quite boring in a group

Please do the interactive Markdown tutorial on the course webpage



And what about Quarto?



- Quarto is basically a next-generation version of R Markdown
- It allows you to do everything you can do in R Markdown, but...
 - ...it works with more languages, including Python and Julia
 - ...it has some additional features and capabilities
- R Markdown will stay, but no need to learn it any more

What is Quarto?

The header - contains meta information

Markdown

Chunk options

R Chunks

```
title: 'GDP and development'
    author: "Claudius"
    date: '2022-04-06'
    format
       html:
         theme: pulse
         toc: true
        toc-depth: 2
         toc-location: body
         number-sections: true
14 → # Packages used
    library(DataScienceExercises
     library(ggplot2)
 21 - # GDP and development indicators
     While there are convincing critiques of GDP as a measure of well-being, there is also a clea
     relationship between GDP and socio-economic wellbeing indicators, such as life expectancy:
     head(gdp_data, 3)
     plot_preview <- ggplot2::ggplot(
       data = gdp_data,
       mapping = ggplot2::aes(
        x = gdpPercap,
         y = lifeExp,
         size = pop,
         fill = continent
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
       ggplot2::geom_point(
         shape=21, color="black", alpha=0.5) +
        title = "Life expectancy and income per capita",
         caption = "Note: size of bubbles represents population. Data: Gapminder",
        x = "GDP per capita (int. Dollar)",
        y = "Life expectancy in years"
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
       ggplot2::scale_x_continuous(
         labels = scales::number_format(scale = 0.001, suffix = "k")
       ggplot2::scale_size_continuous(
         range = c(0.1, 24)
       scale_fill_brewer(
        palette = "Dark2"
       ggplot2::theme_bw() +
         legend.position = "bottom",
        legend.title = ggplot2::element_blank(),
         panel.border = ggplot2::element_blank(),
         axis.line = ggplot2::element_line(colour = "grey"),
         axis.ticks = ggplot2::element_line(colour = "grey")
    plot_preview
    This relationship seems to be, however, heterogeneous across countries.
```

GDP and development

AUTHOR PUBLISHED

Claudius April 6, 2022

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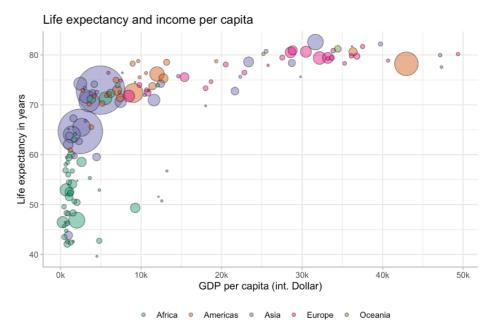
- 1 Packages used
- · 2 GDP and development indicators
- 3 Trends of divergence

1 Packages used

library(DataScienceExercises)
library(ggplot2)

2 GDP and development indicators

While there are convincing critiques of GDP as a measure of well-being, there is also a clear relationship between GDP and socio-economic wellbeing indicators, such as life expectancy:

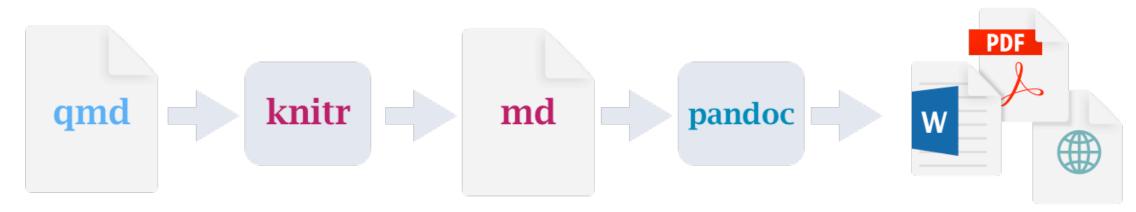


Note: size of bubbles represents population. Data: Gapminder



What is Quarto?

Quarto documents can be rendered to very different formats



bookdown to write books

blogdown to create websites

Many extensions

learnr to create exercises

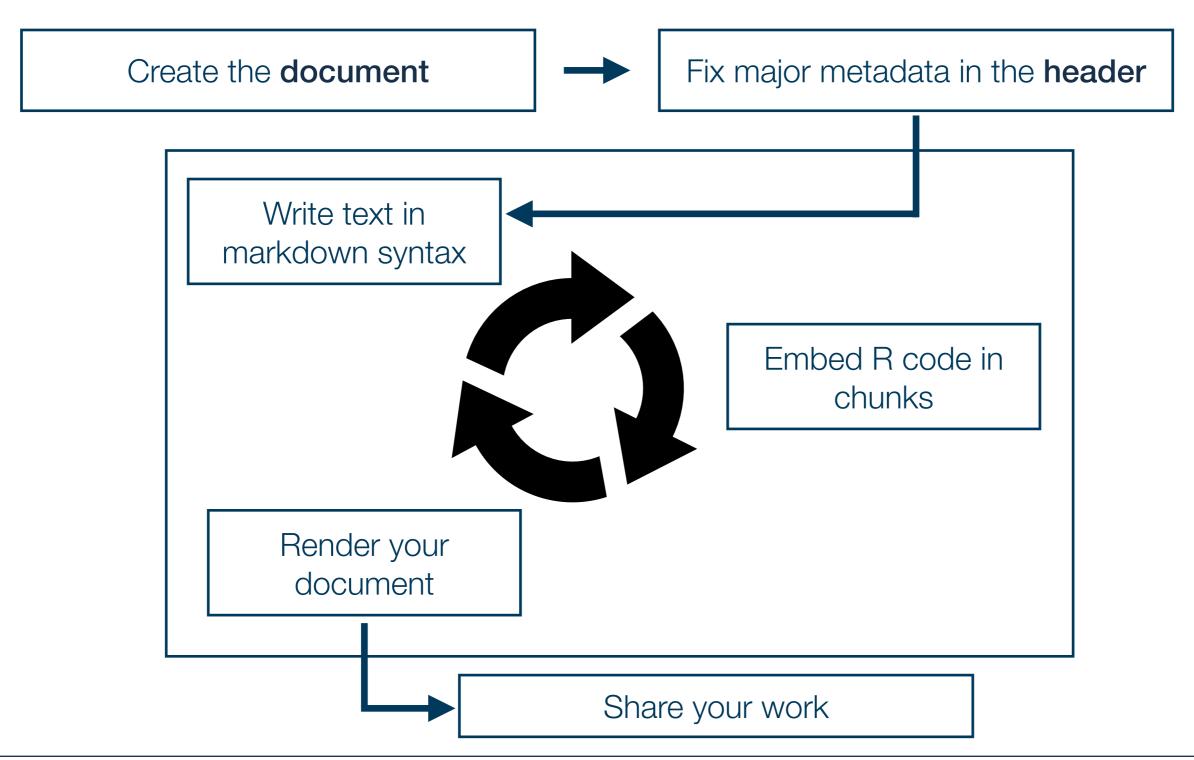
...and many more

- Basic syntax the same for all applications → this will be the focus here
 - Now go through the single steps required to get a Quarto document working



Quarto step by step







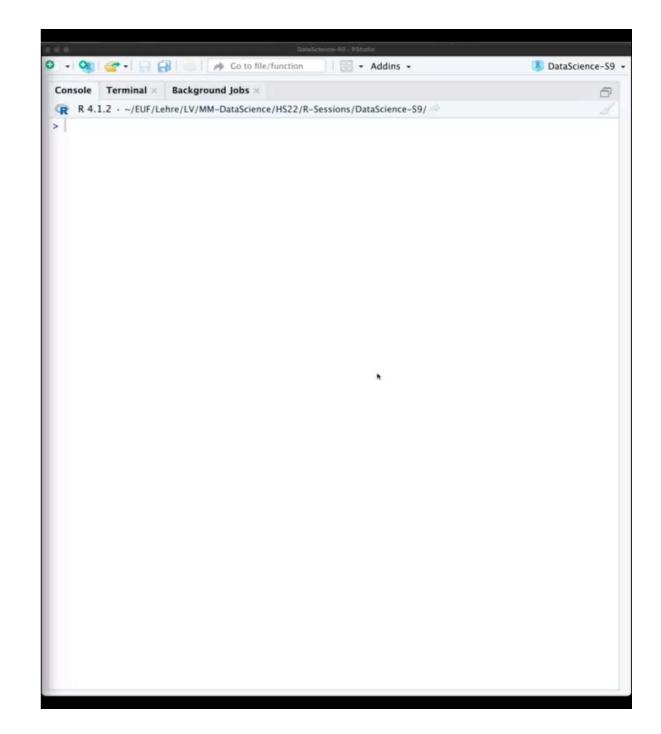
R Markdown step-by-step

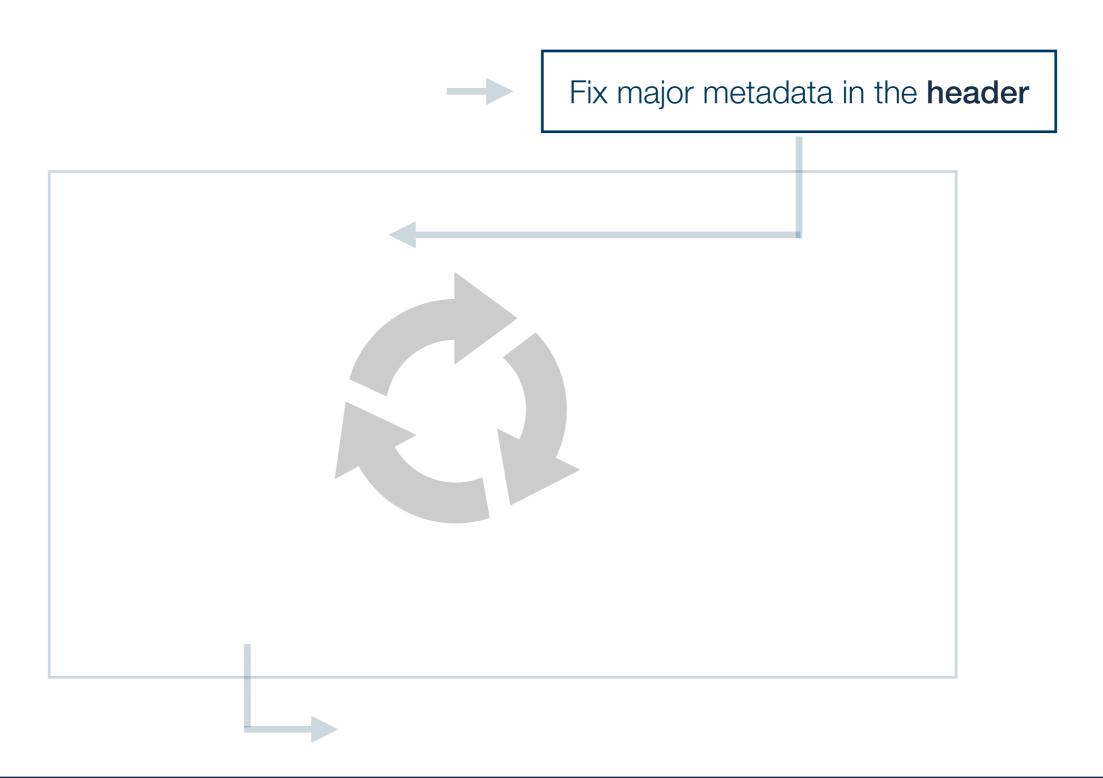
Create the document



1. Creating the document

- First create a new Quarto document, and choose, if adequate, a template
 - New ► Quarto document...
- There are plenty of templates distributed as packages
 - For learning purposes its best to start with a blank document
- After creating the document its best to save it immediately
 - Either in the subdirectory R, or in a separate top-level directory quarto

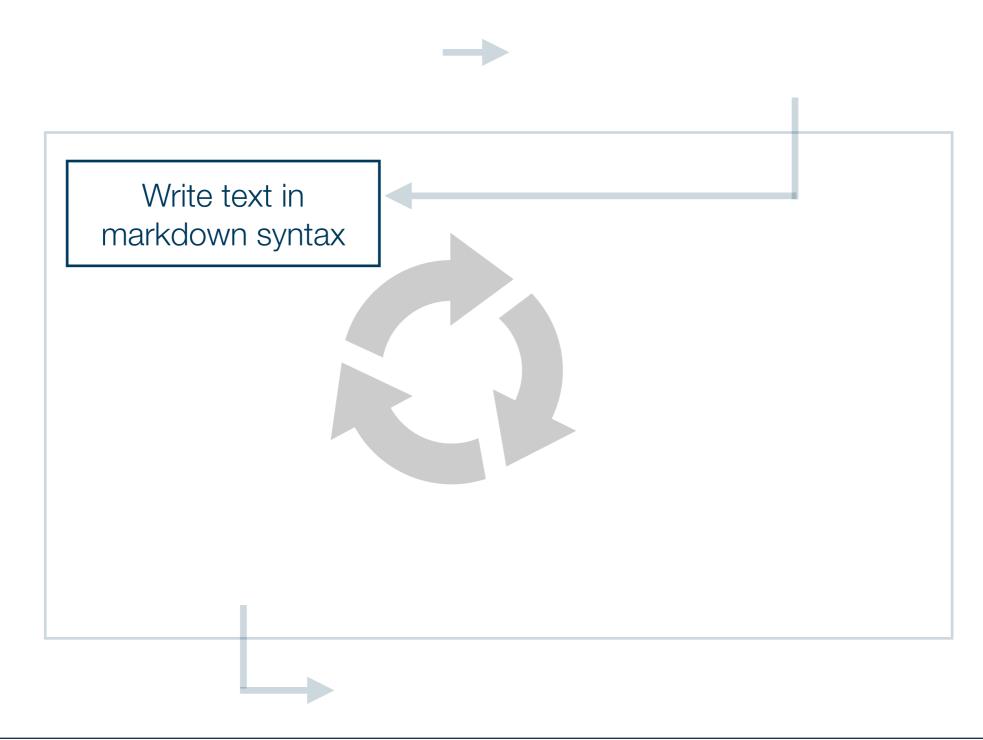




Quarto step-by-step 2. Specify the header

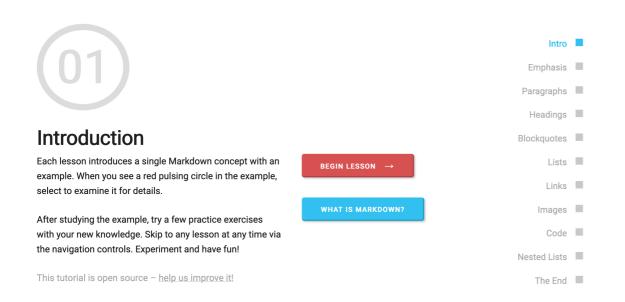
- The header contains meta data
 - It starts and ends with ---
 - Usually you should set at least title, author, and date
- title: 'The title of my document'
 author: "Claudius"
 date: '2022-04-06'
 format:
 html:
 toc: true
 toc-location: body
 number-sections: true
- The output arguments are usually set later
 - Determines the argument output_format for the function quarto::quarto_render(), which is used to render output
 - The more specific comments translate into different arguments of quarto::quarto_render(), especially pandoc_args
 - The headers is written in YAML
 - There is a nice overview over the major keywords in the Quarto docs (see further readings)





Quarto step-by-step 3. Write the main text

- Just write the text as you would do in any normal text editor
 - To format the text, follow the Markdown syntax
 - Syntax best learned by example → interactive Markdown tutorial

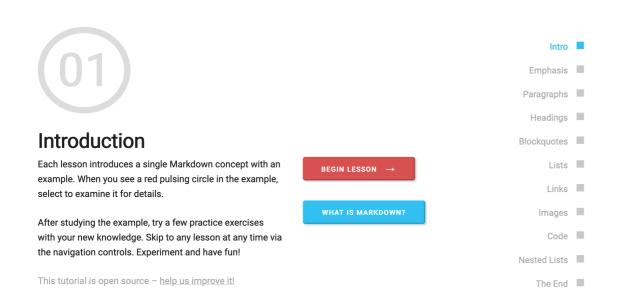


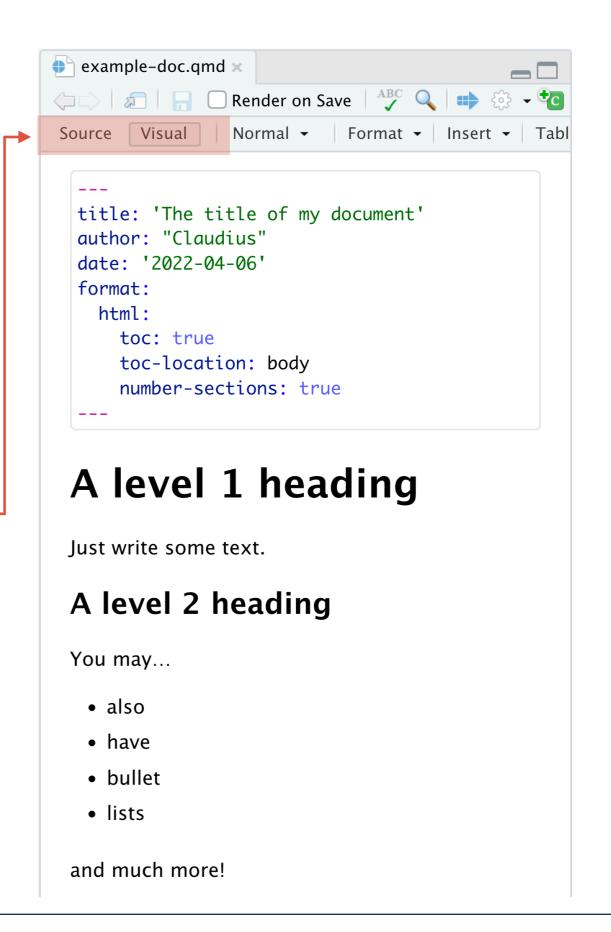
```
example-doc.gmd ×
               Render on Save
Source
        Visual
                                           Outline
  1 - ---
      title: 'The title of my document'
      author: "Claudius"
      date: '2022-04-06'
  5
      format:
   6
        html:
   7
          toc: true
   8
          toc-location: body
  9
          number-sections: true
 10 - ---
 11
 12 * # A level 1 heading
 13
 14
      Just write some text.
 15
 16 - ## A level 2 heading
 17
 18
      You may...
 19
 20
      * also
      * have
 22
      * bullet
 23
      * lists
 24
      and much more!
 25
 26
25:15
       # A level 2 heading $
                                             Quarto $
```



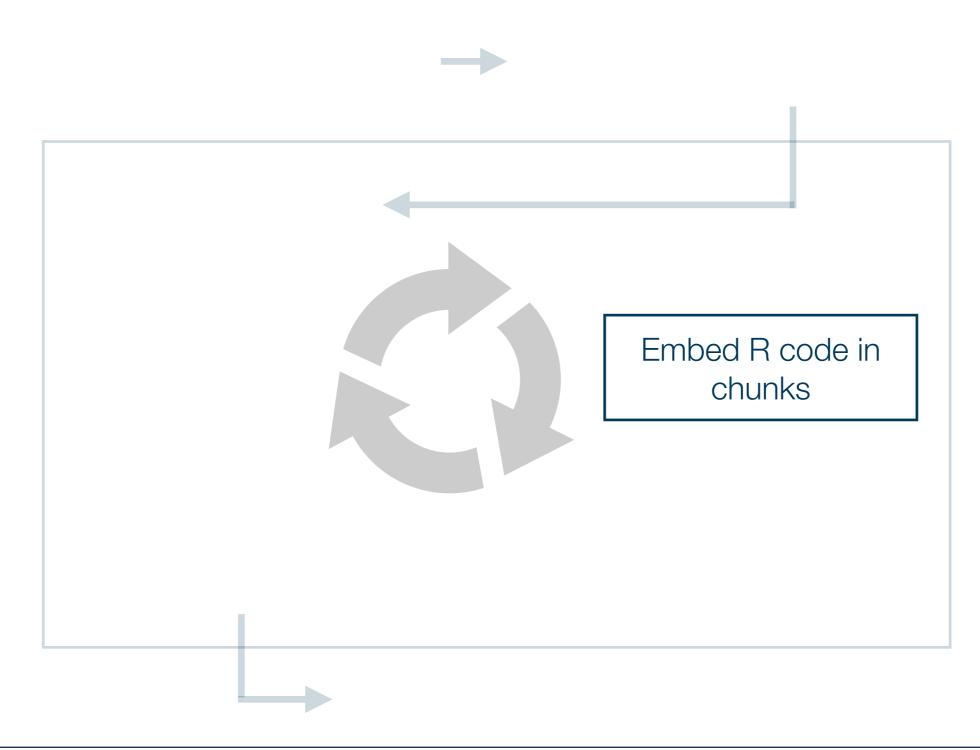
Quarto step-by-step 3. Write the main text

- Just write the text as you would do in any normal text editor
 - To format the text, follow the Markdown syntax
 - Syntax best learned by example → interactive Markdown tutorial
 - Check out the Visual Quarto editor!











4. Embed R code into your document

- R code is written within chunks
 - Shortcut on Mac: ₩ \(\mathbb{i}\)
- Each chunk starts with a line
   ```{r} and ends with ````

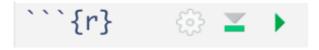
```
example-doc.qmd ×

Render on Save Render
Render
Render
Render
Run

Outline

1
2 # Adding a chunk
3
4 This is text
5
6 ```{r}
7 # This is a chunk
8 x <- 5
9 10*x
10 * ```
```

- Within the chunk you write R code just as you already know it
- You can refer to variables defined in previous chunks
  - In principle you can refer to all objects defined previously in your session
  - But make sure that they were defined in chunks above the one you
    work on → doing otherwise would cause problems when rendering the
    file
  - To execute the chunk or all previous chunks you might use the buttons:





#### 4. Embed R code into your document

- How the R code gets shown and executed in the final document is controlled via the chunk options
- Traditionally they were added to the first line of the chunk:

```
This is a chunk with echo=FALSE:

[1] 4
```

`{r name, echo=FALSE}

2 + 2 ## [1] 4

This is a chunk with echo=TRUE:

This modern variant is more consistent with Quarto syntax:

```
```{r, echo=FALSE}

#I echo: false

...
```

Quarto step-by-step 4. Embed R code into your document

- You get suggestions when pressing →
- When creating a new chunk the point-and-click option menu is available:



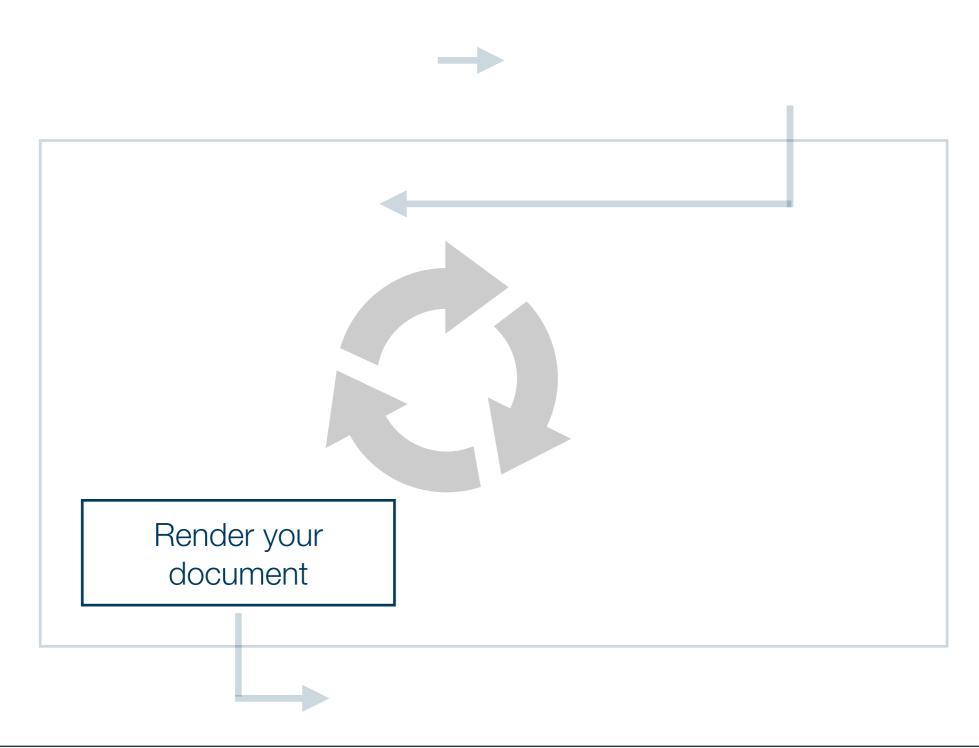
 You can set default options for chunk options in the YAML header of the document under the keyword execute:

```
1 ---
2 title: 'The title'
3 author: "Claudius"
4 date: '2022-10-26'
5 execute:
6 warning: false
7 echo: false
```

A full list of all chunk options can be found here:

https://quarto.org/docs/reference/cells/cells-knitr.html



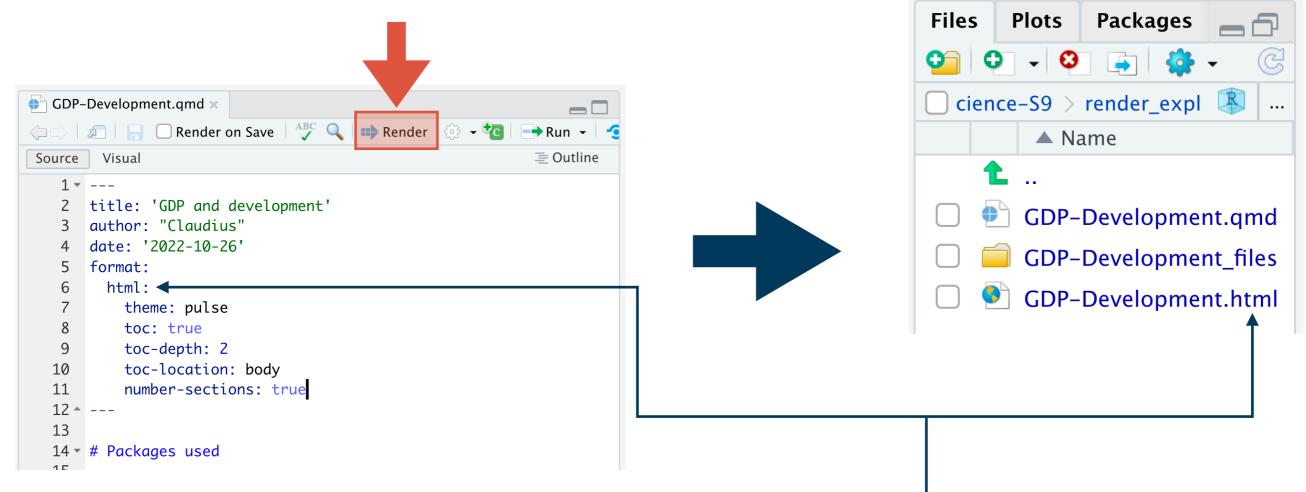




4. Render the documents

This should in fact be done regularly during step 3

Otherwise its hard to identify the source of an error



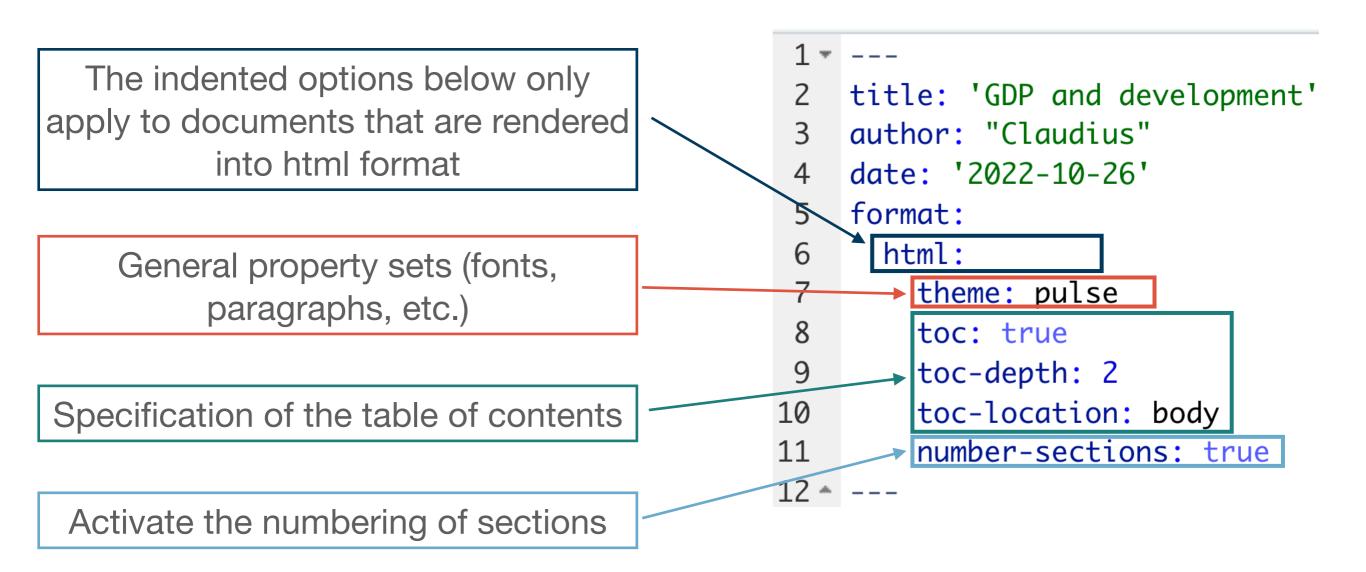
The format is determined in the header under format

History

Connecti

Environment

4. Render the documents - examples for output options

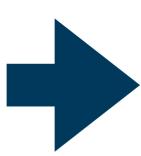


For a complete overview over output options and possible themes you should check the Quarto docs for the desired output format!



4. Render the documents - implications of output options

```
title: 'GDP and development'
author: "Claudius"
date: '2022-10-26'
```



GDP and development

Claudius

PUBLISHED October 26, 2022

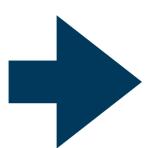
Packages used

library(DataScienceExercises) library(ggplot2)

GDP and development indicators

While there are convincing critiques of GDP as a measure of well-being, there is also a clear relationship between GDP and socio-economic wellbeing indicators, such as life expectancy:

```
title: 'GDP and development'
   author: "Claudius"
   date: '2022-10-26'
   format:
     html:
6
       theme: pulse
       toc: true
       toc-depth: 2
       toc-location: body
       number-sections: true
```



GDP and development

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- 2 GDP and development indicators
- 3 Trends of divergence

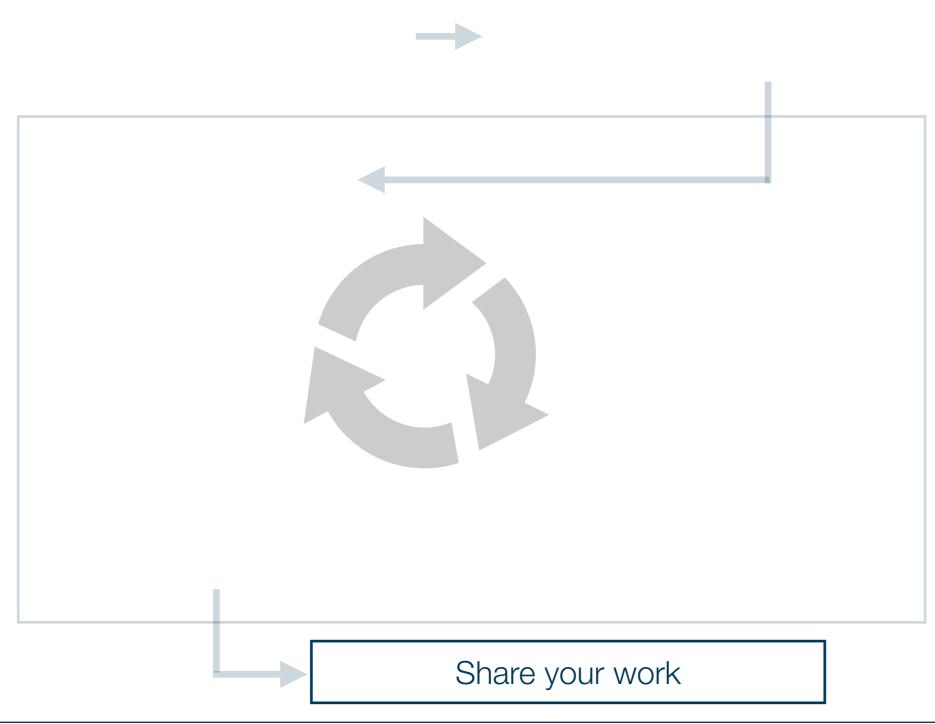
1 Packages used

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2 GDP and development indicators

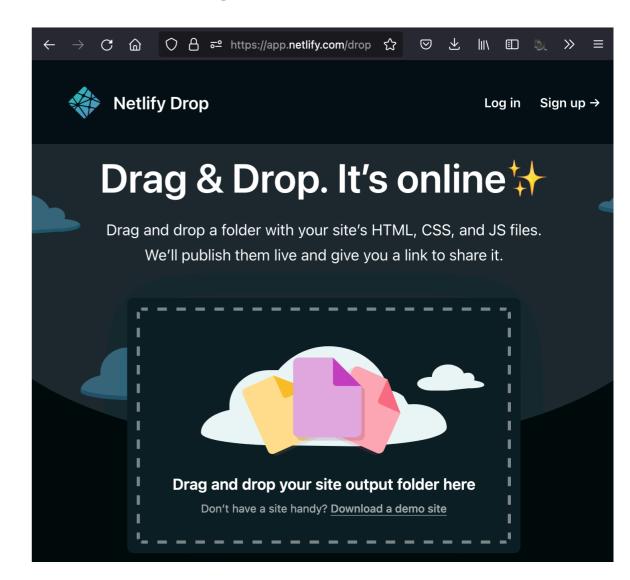
While there are convincing critiques of GDP as a measure of well-being, there is also a clear relationship between GDP and socio-economic wellbeing indicators, such as life expectancy:





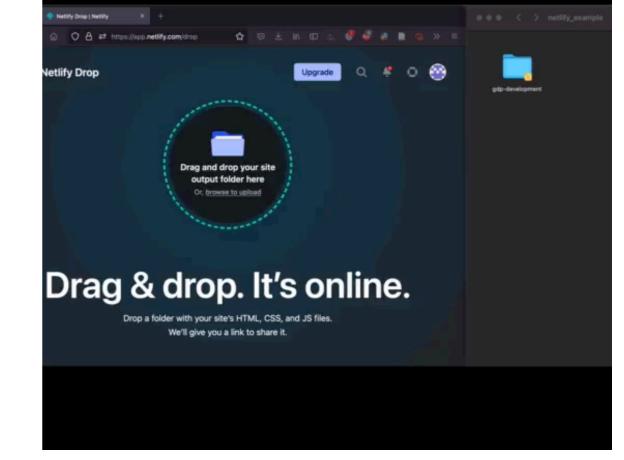
Quarto step-by-step 5. Share your work

- Many different possibilities → check the further readings
 - Key question is often about the format
- Here we consider a very straightforward solution for html-documents
 - Netlify Drop: https://app.netlify.com/drop
- Prerequisites:
 - You create an html document
 - All relevant output data is in one folder
 - You produce an output index.html
- Then its a nice way to distribute your document quickly



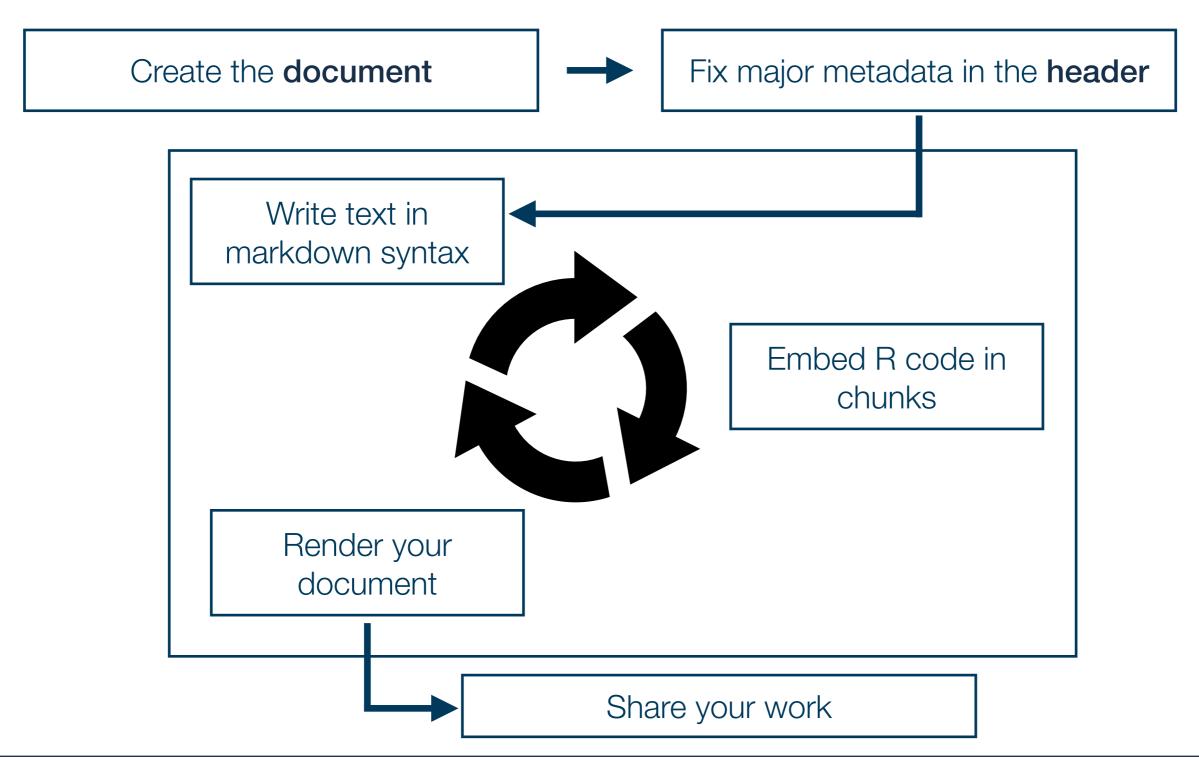
Quarto step-by-step 5. Share your work

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 - You produce an output index.html
- Then its a nice way to distribute your document quickly



If you are registered you can also choose a custom URL and much more







Practice!

- Write and render a document!
- The text should include...
 - ...a heading of level 1 and 2
 - …a text body
 - ...a plot made with ggplot2

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(
  data = DataScienceExercises::aggGDPlifexp,
  mapping = aes(
    x = gdpPercap,
    y = lifeExp,
    color=continent)
  ) +
  geom_point() +
  theme_bw()
```

- Also add meta data on the author, title, and date
- Render the document into html
- Deploy the document via Netlify Drop and post the link on Moodle:
 - https://app.netlify.com/drop (Note: the .html file must be called index.html)



Project management with Quarto



Remarks on project organisation

- The use of the here package is especially important when writing Quarto documents
 - When rendering an qmd document, your computer is **not** using your current working directory
 - Rather, the working directory is set to the location of the qmd file
 - This means that you cannot copy-paste code from R scripts that contains relative paths, except you use the here-package
- Its usually a good idea to put qmd-files either into the folder R or create a separate top level directory quarto

Avoid common mistakes



Avoiding common markdown mistakes

- There are some very common mistakes
 - These screw up you document considerable and make it painful to read...
 - ...but are actually very easy to avoid
- Thus, after completing a markdown document, always look at the rendered version
 - Check whether any of the problems below still exists and eliminate them when necessary

Task:

Download DesasterMarkdown.pdf from the course homepage and collect the aspects that bother you the most!



The black list of markdown turpitudes

Problem	Solution
Overly long or wide tables	Only print what is necessary, check whether str() or dplyr::glimpse() are more adequate
Uninformative warnings or messages	Use the chunk options warning and message (maybe even set default to false)
Too many or too few code chunks visible	Make sure you used the chunk options echo and include correctly
Important output is missing	Make sure you used the chunk options include correctly
Figures in inappropriate sizes	Make sure to adjust out-width and out-height / fig-width and fig-height

- Upgrade: make tables pretty with knitr::kable() and kableExtra
- See the overview: https://quarto.org/docs/reference/cells/cells-knitr.html



Summary & outlook



Summary and outlook

- Quarto allows you to write documents that contain...
 - R code to perform statistical analysis
 - Markdown code to create formatted text using a plain text editor
- This allows you to do and describe your statistical analysis within one consistent document → makes research fully transparent and reproducible
- We covered the main steps of working with Quarto:
 - (1) create the documents, (2) set meta-data in the header, (3) write text, (4) embed R code, (5) render the document, and (6) share the final result
 - To learn markdown, just do the interactive tutorial
- There are a few mistakes that might easily screw up your document

 are just as easy to avoid

