

What a disaster!

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Packages used

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --  
v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.5  
v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr    1.5.1  
v ggplot2    3.5.1      v tibble     3.2.1  
v lubridate  1.9.3      v tidyr      1.3.1  
v purrr      1.0.2
```

```
-- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --  
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()  
x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()  
i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become
```

```
library(DataScienceExercises)  
library(knitr)
```

Exploring flight data

In this short text we explore the following data set on flights departing from New York.

```
base_data <- DataScienceExercises::nycflights21_small[1:200, ]  
data.frame(head(DataScienceExercises::nycflights21_small, 50))
```

	arr_delay	dep_delay	month	carrier	distance
1	-39	-4	4	DL	2248
2	-22	-4	12	AA	1389
3	0	-4	1	B6	1076
4	-8	-1	7	UA	1608
5	-7	-4	3	DL	1035
6	-17	-10	11	YX	335
7	-50	-3	6	9E	425
8	-29	-5	1	DL	1969
9	-46	-9	5	DL	1035
10	112	92	6	UA	1605
11	50	69	4	DL	1020
12	-3	13	12	B6	1417
13	-35	-9	1	YX	264
14	-7	6	3	B6	1065
15	-14	-4	8	DL	488
16	239	266	4	AA	529
17	-9	0	11	UA	1085
18	-17	-4	12	9E	288
19	0	12	3	B6	1089
20	-46	-11	7	DL	1020
21	-6	-1	9	9E	431
22	-14	-1	11	UA	2454
23	48	54	11	YX	799
24	-20	-4	11	YX	502
25	26	28	11	DL	1598
26	263	284	10	UA	2565
27	108	43	2	B6	944
28	-13	-10	12	YX	1107
29	-35	-1	5	AA	1372
30	-6	-7	9	YX	544
31	17	-5	7	UA	997
32	129	153	11	DL	431
33	-14	-5	3	NK	550
34	-11	-3	8	UA	2454
35	-5	-2	5	UA	997
36	-11	0	10	DL	1010
37	0	-8	9	YX	214
38	13	19	5	B6	1041
39	13	2	11	DL	1990
40	-21	-10	12	YX	288
41	-9	-5	9	YX	708
42	-19	-1	8	DL	502

43	8	-3	12	YX	541
44	-26	-4	11	DL	1010
45	-11	2	8	DL	2475
46	-20	-6	11	B6	1626
47	-24	-6	6	YX	636
48	-25	-7	6	9E	764
49	-6	9	6	YX	184
50	-13	-5	9	YX	184

To have a first look on the relationship of the variables, consider the following scatter plots:

```

arrival_dep <- ggplot(data = base_data) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x=arr_delay, y=dep_delay),
             alpha=0.5, color="#00395B") +
  ggplot2::theme_bw() +
  labs(x="Arrival delay", y="Departure delay") +
  theme(
    legend.position = "bottom",
    legend.title = ggplot2::element_blank(),
    panel.border = ggplot2::element_blank(),
    axis.line = ggplot2::element_line(colour = "grey"),
    axis.ticks = ggplot2::element_line(colour = "grey")
  )

arrival_dist <- ggplot(data = base_data) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(x=arr_delay, y=distance),
             alpha=0.5, color="#00395B") +
  ggplot2::theme_bw() +
  labs(x="Arrival delay", y="Departure delay") +
  theme(
    legend.position = "bottom",
    legend.title = ggplot2::element_blank(),
    panel.border = ggplot2::element_blank(),
    axis.line = ggplot2::element_line(colour = "grey"),
    axis.ticks = ggplot2::element_line(colour = "grey")
  )

arrival_month <- ggplot(data = base_data) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(y=arr_delay, x=month),
             alpha=0.5, color="#00395B") +
  ggplot2::theme_bw() +
  labs(x="Arrival delay", y="Departure delay") +

```

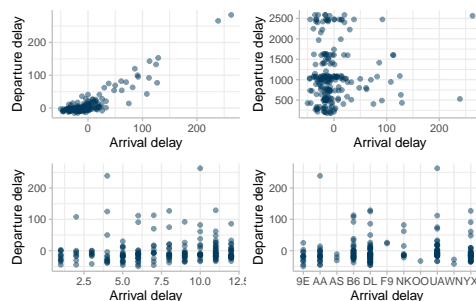
```

theme(
  legend.position = "bottom",
  legend.title = ggplot2::element_blank(),
  panel.border = ggplot2::element_blank(),
  axis.line = ggplot2::element_line(colour = "grey"),
  axis.ticks = ggplot2::element_line(colour = "grey")
)

arrival_carrier <- ggplot(data = base_data) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(y=arr_delay, x=carrier),
             alpha=0.5, color="#00395B") +
  ggplot2::theme_bw() +
  labs(x="Arrival delay", y="Departure delay") +
  theme(
    legend.position = "bottom",
    legend.title = ggplot2::element_blank(),
    panel.border = ggplot2::element_blank(),
    axis.line = ggplot2::element_line(colour = "grey"),
    axis.ticks = ggplot2::element_line(colour = "grey")
  )

ggpubr::ggarrange(
  arrival_dep, arrival_dist,
  arrival_month, arrival_carrier,
  ncol = 2, nrow = 2)

```



This suggests that there is a strong correlation between departure and arrival delay. To compute the correlation we might use the following R code:

```
[1] 0.9114122
```

There is indeed a very strong correlation. But is it significant? Lets check it using the Pearson

correlation test:

```
cor.test(base_data$arr_delay, base_data$dep_delay, method = "pearson")
```

Pearson's product-moment correlation

```
data: base_data$arr_delay and base_data$dep_delay
t = 31.166, df = 198, p-value < 2.2e-16
alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 0.8845188 0.9322677
sample estimates:
      cor
0.9114122
```

Of course, these are just preliminary results, from a methodological point of view there is still much to do...