

JSAVER: JavaScript Static Analyzer via ECMAScript Representations

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ABSTRACT

This document describes the artifact package accompanying the ESEC/FSE 2022 paper “Automatically Deriving JavaScript Static Analyzers from Specifications using Meta-Level Static Analysis.” The artifact includes the source code of JSAVER, the accepted paper, a companion report, ECMA-262 (JavaScript language specification) open-source repository as a git submodule, and scripts to replicate the evaluation results presented in the paper. JSAVER stands for a JavaScript Static Analyzer via ECMAScript Representation. It is the first tool that automatically derives JavaScript static analyzers from language specifications using an *interpreter*-based approach called meta-level static analysis instead of traditional a *compiler*-based approach. It extends another tool JISET to extract JavaScript definitional interpreters written in IRES, an intermediate representation for ECMAScript, from diverse versions of ECMA-262.

KEYWORDS

JavaScript, definitional interpreter, meta-level static analysis

1 GETTING STARTED GUIDE

The source code of JSAVER and the dataset of our study are publicly available at <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6668789>, and the latest version is maintained as a GitHub repository:

```
$ git clone --recurse-submodules \
  https://github.com/kaist-plrg/jsaver.git
```

Please see `INSTALL.md` for the detailed guide on installation and how to use this artifact.

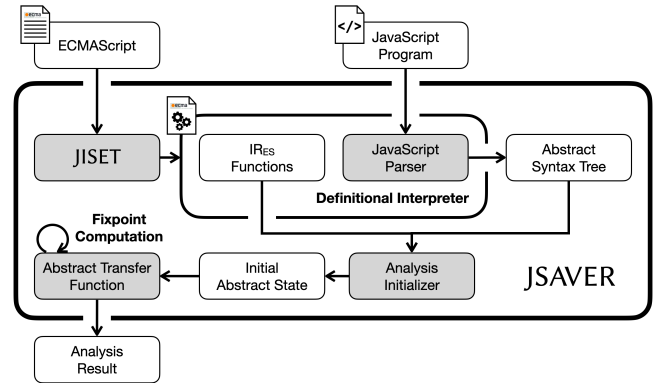
Additionally, we packaged the artifact in a docker container. If you want to skip the environment setting, we recommend you to use it. You can install the docker by following the instruction in <https://docs.docker.com/get-started/> and download our docker image with the following command:

```
$ docker pull jhnaldo/icse-21-jest
$ docker run -it -m=16g --rm \
  jhnaldo/fse22-jsaver
# user: guest, password: guest
```

Note that the docker image is 3GB large thus be patient when you download it and please assign more than 16GB memory for the docker engine.

Details of the JSAVER framework are available in the original paper (fse22-jsaver.pdf) and the companion report for the formalization (fse22-jsaver-report.pdf).

2 OVERALL STRUCTURE



JSAVER consists of two phases: 1) definitional interpreter extraction and 2) meta-level static analysis.

2.1 Definitional Interpreter Extraction

We utilize another tool JISET, a JavaScript IR-based Semantics Extraction Toolchain,¹ to extract JavaScript definitional interpreters from given ECMA-262. In this artifact, we extracted the definitional interpreter from ES2021 (ES12), the latest version of ECMA-262, and manually filled out essential steps of its not-yet-compiled parts. It consists of two different main parts for semantics and syntax of JavaScript. For semantics, it compiles abstract algorithms in ECMA-262 to corresponding IRES functions. For syntax, it generates a JavaScript parser in Scala.

2.2 Meta-Level Static Analysis

JSAVER performs a *meta-level static analysis* with JavaScript as its *defined-language* and IRES as its *defining-language*. Thus, it indirectly analyzes a JavaScript program by analyzing IRES functions with the AST of the program as an argument. Using the generated parser, it first parses a given JavaScript program to produce an Abstract Syntax Tree (AST). Then, Analysis Initializer constructs an initial abstract state with the extracted IRES functions and the produced AST. Finally, JSAVER computes the fixpoint of Abstract Transfer Function with the initial abstract state.

It utilizes a worklist algorithm to update the abstract state per control point, a pair of the following two components:

- A node in control-flow graph of the extracted definitional interpreter
- A view that represents an analysis sensitivity

¹<https://github.com/kaist-plrg/jiset>