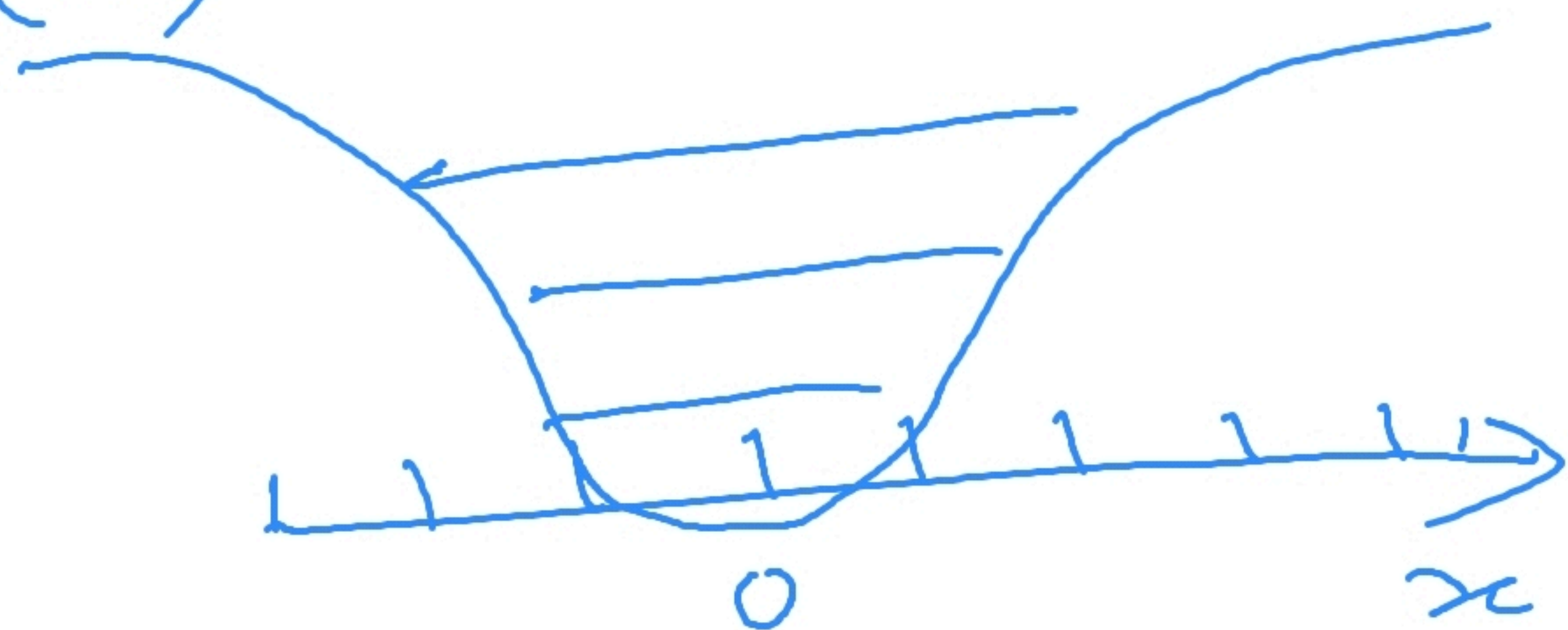


TISE

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} + V(x) \psi = E_k \psi$$

$V(x)$



$$\frac{d^2 \psi}{dx^2} \approx \frac{\psi_{n-1} - 2\psi_n + \psi_{n+1}}{(\Delta x)^2}$$

$$x_i = i \Delta x \quad i \in (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$i \in [-100, 100]$$

$\psi(x)$ for eigenvalue, E_k

ψ_i

$$\psi(x) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{as } x \rightarrow \pm \infty$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \psi^* \psi dx = 1$$

Two-point BVP

N coupled 1st order ODEs

$$[t_1, t_2] \begin{cases} n_1 \text{ BCs at } t_1 \\ n_2 \text{ BCs at } t_2 \\ n_1 + n_2 = N \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{d\vec{y}}{dt} = f(t, \vec{y})$$

$$B_{1j}(t, \vec{y}) = 0$$
$$B_{2k}(t, \vec{y}) = 0$$

$$\bar{j} = 1, \dots, n_1$$
$$k = 1, \dots, n_2$$

$$\vec{y}_{N \times 1}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{IVP } N \vec{y}_0_{N \times 1}}}$$

HW4 pendulum

$$L = 1.5 \text{ m}$$

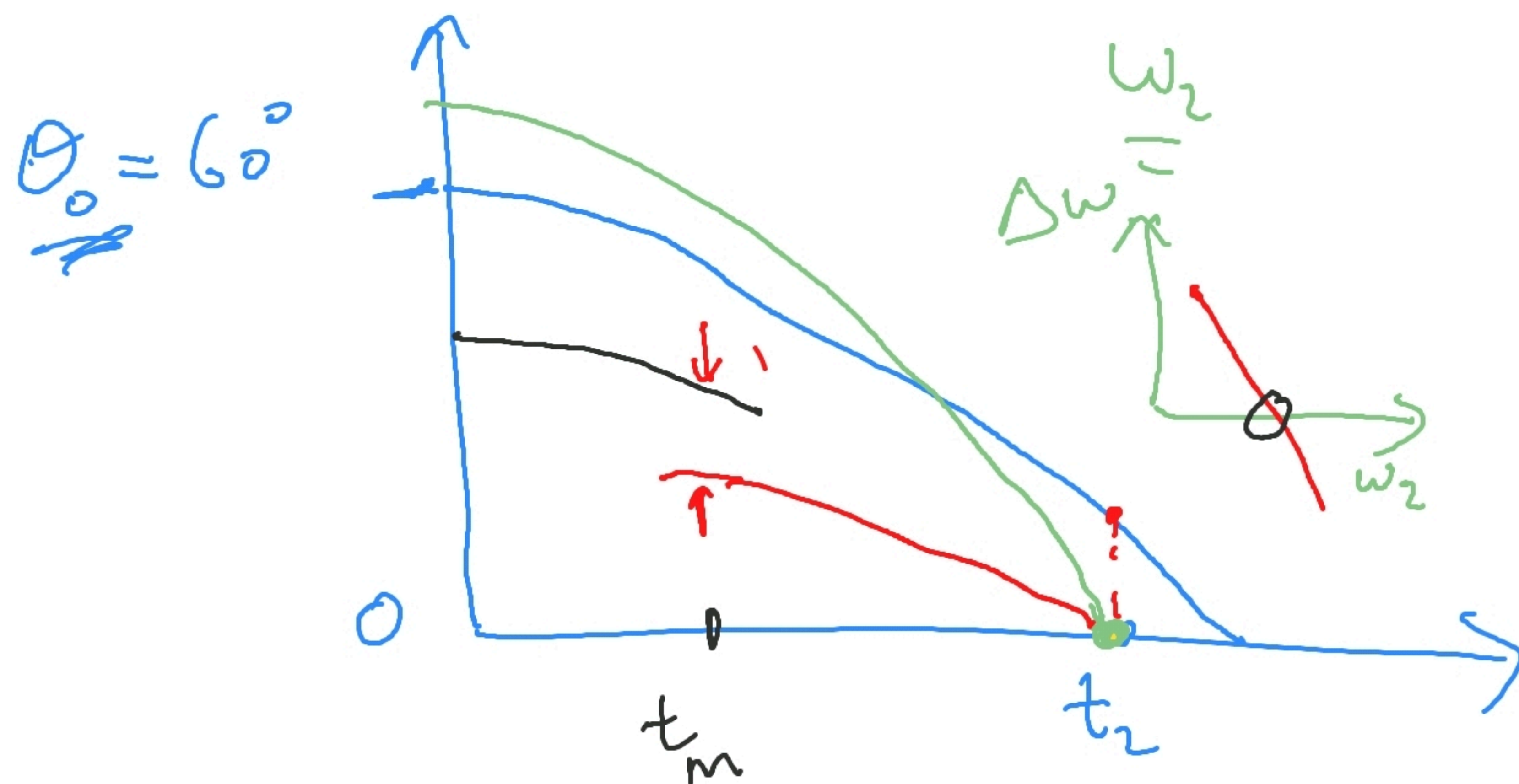
$$g = 9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \omega(t_1=0) = 0 \text{ rad/s} \checkmark$$

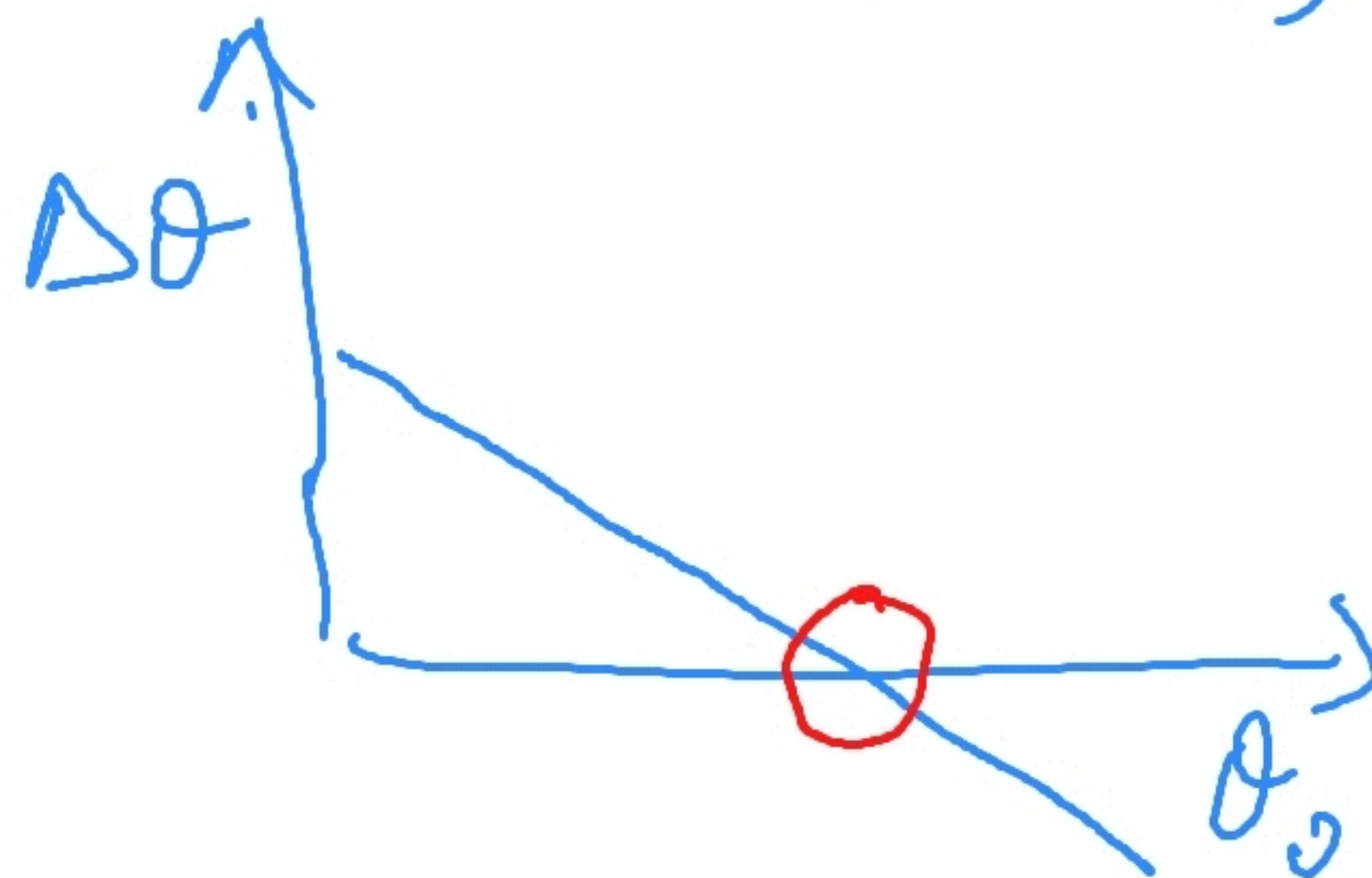
$$\theta(t_2 = \frac{T}{4} = 0.625 \text{ s}) = 0 \text{ rad}$$

$$T = 2.5 \text{ s}$$

Guess θ_0 ($\theta(t_1=0)$)



$$\Delta\theta = \theta(t_2) - \theta^{BC}(t_2)$$
$$= \theta(t_2)$$



$$B1 \quad \omega(t_1 \rightarrow \infty) = 0$$

$$B2 \quad \theta(t_2 = T/4) = 0$$

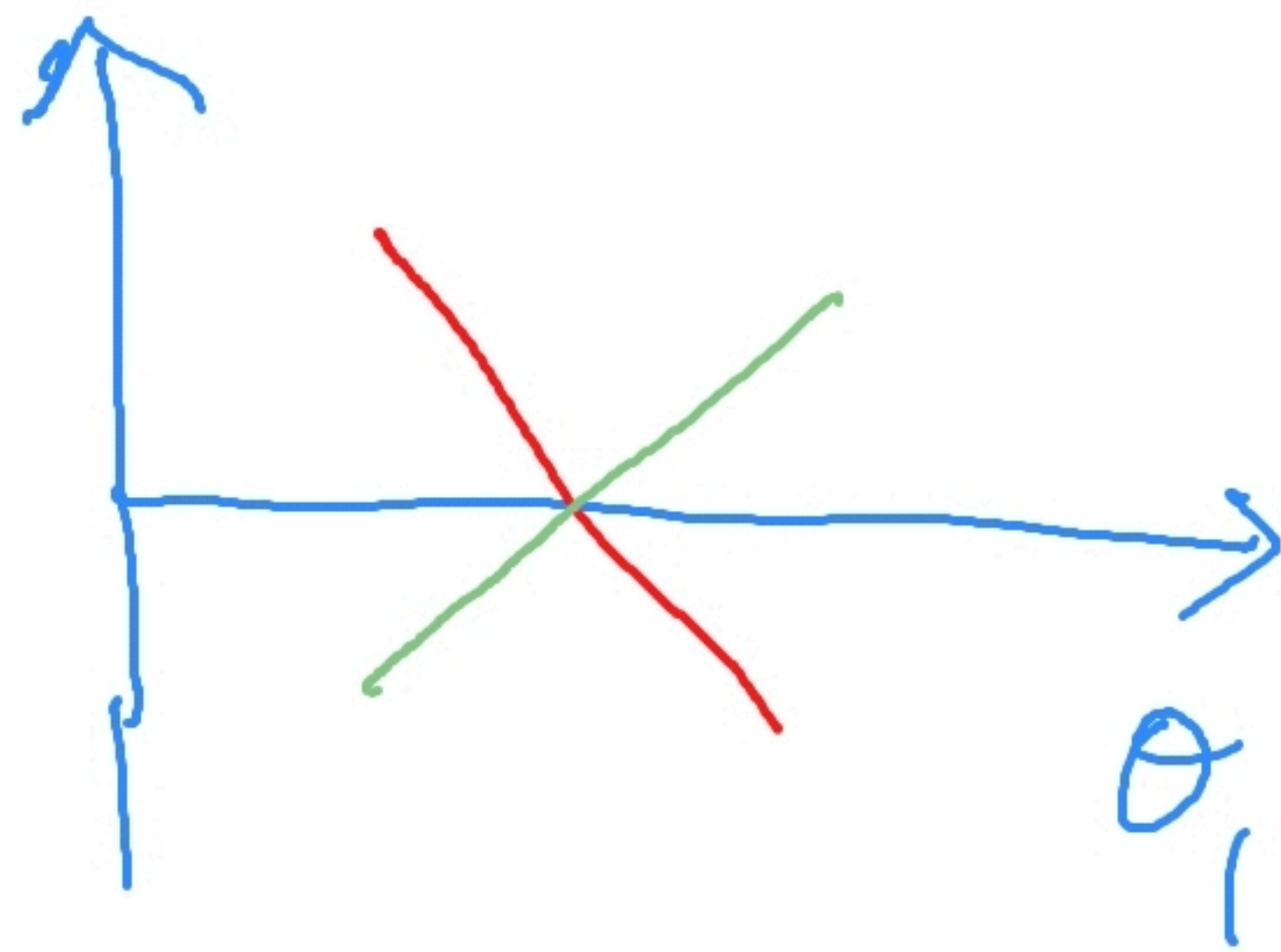
$$T = 2.5s$$

$$G1 \quad \theta(t_1 = 0) = \theta_1$$

$$G2 \quad \omega(t_2 = T/4) = \omega_2 = -\sqrt{\frac{2g}{l}(1 - \cos\theta_1)}$$

$\Delta\theta$

$\Delta\omega$



N ODEs

n_1 specified values

$n_2 = N - n_1$ free parameters.

$$y_i(t_1; V_1, V_2, \dots, V_{n_2})$$
$$\vec{V}_{n_2 \times 1}$$

$$\vec{F}_{n_2 \times 1} = B_{2k}^{2k}(t_2, \vec{y}) \quad k=1, \dots, n_2$$

$$\vec{V}_{\text{new}} = \vec{V}_{\text{old}} + \delta \vec{V}$$

$$v_1' = v_1 - \frac{f(v_1)}{f'(v_1)}$$

$$J_{n_2 \times n_2} \cdot \delta \vec{V}_{n_2 \times 1} = -\vec{F}_{n_2 \times 1}$$

$$J_{ij}' = \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial V_j}$$

$$A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$$
$$\vec{x} = A^{-1}\vec{b}$$

$$\frac{\partial F_i}{\partial V_j} \approx \frac{F_i(V_1, V_2, \dots, V_j + \Delta V_j, \dots) - F_i(V_1, V_2, \dots, V_j, \dots)}{\Delta V_j}$$