



1 Bernoulli trial

$$p = \pi/4$$

$$N = 4,000,000$$

$$\binom{N}{k} = \frac{N!}{k!(N-k)!}$$

$$p(X = 3,140,725)$$

$$1 = [p + (1-p)][p + (1-p)] \\ = p^2 + 2p(1-p) + (1-p)^2$$

Binomial

$$p(X = k) = \binom{N}{k} p^k (1-p)^{N-k}$$

$$V(X) = Np(1-p) = \sigma^2 \\ \sigma = \sqrt{Np(1-p)} = 821$$

Here,  $k$  =  
number  
of successes  
each with  
probability,  $p$ .

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} k=0 \\ k=1 \\ k=2 \end{array} \right\}$$

• rejection or hit+miss method.

$$x \in \mathbb{R}$$

• transformation method.

$$\underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{cdf}}}{F(x)} \equiv P\{X \leq x\} = \int_{-\infty}^x \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{pdf}}}{f(x)} dx$$
$$f(x) \equiv \frac{dF}{dx} \geq 0$$

pdf = probability density function  
cdf = cumulative distribution fn.

pdf is normalized to 1.  
ie.

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = 1$$

$$x \sim \text{Un}(0, 1)$$

$$y = S(x)$$

$$y \sim f_y(y) = p_y(y)$$

$$p_x(x) dx = p_y(y) dy$$

$$x = \int_0^x dx = \int_{y_0}^y p_y(y) dy = F(y) \quad (1)$$

$$y = F^{-1}(x) \quad (2)$$

$$p(t; \tau) = \frac{1}{\tau} e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$\left[ \int_0^{\infty} p(t; \tau) dt = 1 \right]_{t \in \mathbb{R}^+}$$

$$F(t) = \int_0^t \frac{1}{\tau} e^{-t/\tau} dt = 1 - e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$x \sim \text{Un}(0, 1)$$

$$x = F(t) = 1 - e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$e^{-t/\tau} = 1 - x$$

$$-t/\tau = \ln(1 - x)$$

$$\boxed{t = -\tau \ln(1 - x)}$$

$$\hookrightarrow t = -\tau \ln(x)$$

given that  
 $(1 - x) \sim \text{Un}(0, 1)$  too.