

Oracle Database 12c: Clusterware & RAC Admin Accelerated Ed 1

Duration: 5 Days

What you will learn

This Oracle Database 12c: Clusterware & RAC Admin Accelerated training covers 8 days worth of content in only 5 days. It starts with the Oracle Database 12c: Clusterware Administration course (4 days) and then covers the Oracle RAC database architecture(4 days); learn how these products work together. In this course, you will be introduced to Oracle Database Exadata Cloud Service.

Learn To:

Perform Grid Infrastructure pre-installation tasks.

Install both Standard and Flex clusters.

Add and remove nodes from a cluster in addition to upgrading and patching existing Grid Homes.

Manage and administer both Standard Clusters and Policy-Managed Clusters.

Use Oracle Clusterware to make applications highly available.

Install Oracle RAC software.

Create cluster databases.

Administer both administrator and policy-managed Oracle RAC databases.

Monitor and address performance issues.

Learn about services in a RAC environment as well as highly available connection features including Application Continuity and Transaction Guard.

Create and administer a RAC One Node Database.

Create and manage multitennant RAC databases.

Gain an understanding of the Oracle Database Exadata Cloud Service.

Benefits to You

By taking this course, you'll know how to make applications highly available using Oracle Clusterware and RAC. You'll walk away with the ability to install, configure, manage and troubleshoot both Oracle Clusterware and Oracle RAC software. Ensure fast, reliable, secure and easy to manage performance as you learn to optimize database workloads, lower IT costs and deliver a higher quality of service by enabling consolidation onto database clouds.

Audience

Administrator
Database Administrators
Support Engineer
Technical Administrator
Technical Consultant

Related Training

Required Prerequisites

Oracle Database 12c: Oracle Automatic Storage Management Administration

Oracle Database 12c: Grid Infrastructure Administration

Working knowledge of Oracle Database 11g: Release 2, including Clusterware, ASM and RAC

Working knowledge of Oracle Database 11g: Release 2, including Clusterware, ASM and RAC or

Suggested Prerequisites

Oracle Database 11g: RAC Administration Release 2

Oracle Grid Infrastructure 11g: Manage Clusterware and ASM - Release 2

Course Objectives

Configure the RAC database to use ARCHIVELOG mode and the fast recovery area

Configure RMAN for the RAC environment

Gain an understanding of the Oracle Database Exadata Cloud Service

Understand effect of node failure in Flex Clusters

Understand the scope and capabilities of what-if command evaluation

Perform the different types of what-if command evaluation

Install Grid Infrastructure for Standard and Flex clusters

Configure ASM disk groups

Perform the prerequisite steps for extending a cluster

Describe the benefits of Oracle RAC

Convert a single-instance Oracle database to RACs

Understand Flex Clusters architecture and components

Define redo log files in a RAC environment

Define undo tablespaces in a RAC environment

Start and stop RAC databases and instances

Modify initialization parameters in a RAC environment

Introduction to Grid Infrastructure

What is a Cluster?

What is a Flex Cluster?

Clusterware Characteristics

Oracle Clusterware

Hardware and Software Concepts (High level)

Shared Storage Overview

Oracle Clusterware Architecture

Cluster Storage Requirements

Clusterware Initialization and OHASD

Clusterware Process Architecture

Location Independent Names, Addresses and Name Resolution (GNS, SCAN, VIP..)

Shared GNS Background and Architecture

Configuring shared GNS

Migrating to shared GNS

Moving GNS to Another Cluster

Flex Cluster Architecture

Flex Cluster Architecture

Configuring Flex Cluster

Flex Clusters and Node Failure

Grid Infrastructure Pre-Installation Tasks

Shared Storage for Oracle Clusterware

Checking System Requirements

Single Client Access Name for the Cluster

Redundant Interconnect Usage

Kernel Requirements

Groups and Users

Shell Settings

Oracle Validated Configuration

Installing Grid Infrastructure

Installing Oracle Grid Infrastructure

Installing Flex Cluster

Verifying the Oracle Clusterware Installation

Managing Cluster Nodes

Adding Oracle Clusterware Homes

Prerequisites for Running addNode.sh

Adding a Node with addNode.sh

Configuring the node role

Removing a Node from the Cluster

Traditional Clusterware Management

Oracle Clusterware startup and shutdown

Administering the Voting Disk file

Administering the Oracle Cluster Registry Disk file

Network Administration

What-If Command Evaluation
Clusterware Admin Tools Review

Policy-Based Cluster Management

Policy-Based Cluster Management Overview Server Categorization Policy Set

Patching Grid Infrastructure

Out-of-Place Oracle Clusterware Upgrade
Types of Patches
Obtaining Oracle Clusterware Patches
Rolling Patches
Installing a Rolling Patchset with OUI
OPatch Overview
Installing a Rolling Patch with OPatch
OPatch Automation

Troubleshooting Oracle Clusterware

Diagnostic Framework Support for CRS
Cluster Health Monitor Enhancements Overview
Component level checks - cluvfy with -comp
Resource Debugging - Java Tools and Dynamic Debugging
Troubleshooting Node Evictions
Log files and Diagnostic Collection
The oclumon Utility

Making Applications Highly Available

Overview of Using Oracle Clusterware to Enable HA

Oracle Clusterware HA Components
Resource Management Options
Server Pools
Overall flow diagram of HA lifecycle (crs_profile, crs_register, crs_start....)
Clusterware Resource Modeling
Creating an Application VIP
ONS and FAN overviews

RAC Databases Overview & Architecture

Overview of Oracle RAC RAC One Node Cluster-Aware Storage Solutions Benefits of Using RAC Scaleup and Speedup I/O Throughput Balanced Global Resources RAC and Flex ASM

Installing and Configuring Oracle RAC

Installing the Oracle Database Software Installation options
Creating the Cluster Database
Post-installation Tasks

Single Instance to RAC Conversion Cleaning Up Unsuccessful Installs

Oracle RAC Administration

Parameters and RAC - SPFILE, Identical and Unique Parameters

Instance Startup, Shutdown and Quiesce

Undo Tablespaces

Redo Threads

Use Enterprise Manager Cluster Database Pages

RAC Alerts

RAC Metrics

Session management on RAC instances

RAC Backup and Recovery

Instance Failure And Recovery In RAC - LMON and SMON

Redo Threads and Archive Log Configurations and Admin

Parameter Settings Affecting Parallel Recovery and MTTR

Instance Failure And Recovery In RAC - LMON and SMON

RAC and the Fast Recovery Area

RMAN Configuration

RMAN Admin For RAC: Channels, Instances, Backup Distribution

RMAN Restore And Recovery RAC Considerations

RAC Global Resource Management and Cache Fusion

Globally Managed Resources and Management

Library Cache Management

Row cache management

Buffer cache fusion

Buffer Cache Management Requirements

Accessing single blocks in RAC

Multi-block read considerations in RAC

Undo and read consistency considerations in RAC

RAC Monitoring and Tuning

OCPU and Wait Time Latencies

Wait Events for RAC

Common RAC Tuning

Session and System Statistics

RAC specific V\$ Views

Automatic Database Diagnostic Monitor for RAC

Managing High Availability of Services in a RAC Environment

Oracle Services

Services for Policy - and Administrator-Managed Databases

Creating Services

Managing Services

Use Services with Client Applications

Services and Connection Load Balancing

Services and Transparent Application Failover

Services and the Resource Manager

Upgrading and Patching RAC

Overview of Upgrades and Patching
Release and Patch Set Upgrades
PSU, CPU and Interim Patches
Merge Patches
Performing Out Of Place Database Upgrades
Planning and Preparing for Upgrade
Performing Out of Place Release Install or Upgrade
Post Upgrade Tasks

Application Continuity

What is AC?
What problem does it solve?
Benefits of AC
How AC works
AC Architecture

Side Effects Restrictions

Application requirements

Design for High Availability

Causes of Planned and Unplanned Down Time
Oracle's Solution to Down Time
RAC and Data Guard
Maximum Availability Architecture
Fast-Start Failover
Hardware Assisted Resilient Data
Database High Availability Best Practices
RAID Configuration for High Availability

Oracle Database Exadata Cloud Service Overview

Introducing Exadata Cloud Service
Service Configuration Options & Service Connection Options
Service Architecture & Availability
Management Responsibilities
Storage Configuration & Management Details
Simple Web-Based Provisioning & Management
REST APIs
Migrating to Exadata Cloud Service