SoM

Note:
Leave annotation
as P1, P2, P3, P4

EmCraft System on Module

NXP i.MX 8M Quad Applications Processor with DDR4 LPRAM and eMMC
Connectors: 4x dual row 80 pin 0.4mm pitch headers (P1..P4)

P1 IMX8M-SOM1 · P2 IMX8M-SOM2 · P3 IMX8M-SOM3 · P4 IMX8M-SOM4

MIPI (mipi.sch): CSI_P1_D3_PD/ND, CSI_P1_D1_PD/ND, CSI_P1_D2_PD/ND, CSI_P1_D0_PD/ND, CSI_P1_CK_P/N, CLK01, CSI_RST, CSI_PWDN, GPIO3_IO19, IMU_INT, PROX_INT, GPIO1_IO12, I2C3_SCL, I2C3_SDA, TCPC_INT, LCD_LEDK, LCD_RESET, DSI_D2_P/N, DSI_D0_P/N, DSI_CK_P/N, DSI_D1_P/N, DSI_D3_P/N, CAPTOUCH_INT, CAPTOUCH_RST, GPIO1_IO05

Sensors (sensors.sch): IMU_INT, I2C3_SCL, I2C3_SDA, PROX_INT

Buttons & LED (buttons_led.sch): SW_VOLUP, SW_VOLDN, ONOFF, SYS_RST, GP_LED1, BTN1, BTN2, ONOFF, SYS_RST, LED

Ethernet (ethernet.sch): ENET_TXC, ENET_TD0–TD3, ENET_TX_CTL, ENET_RD3–RD0, ENET_RX_CTL, ENET_RXC, ENET_MDIO, ENET_MDC, CLKO2, ENET_RST, ENET_WoL, ENET_INT, ENET_2V5

WLAN+BT M.2 (wifi_bt_m2.sch): WIFI_RST, WIFI_DATA3–DATA0, WIFI_WAKE, WIFI_CMD, WIFI_CLK, BT_HOST_WAKE, BT_PCM_SYNC, BT_PCM_CLK, BT_PCM_IN, BT_PCM_OUT, WLAN_D_P, WLAN_D_N, BT_UART_TXD, BT_UART_RXD, BT_UART_RTS, BT_UART_CTS, WIFI_DISABLE, BT_DISABLE, I2C2_SDA, I2C2_SCL, SAI5_TX_BCLK, SAI5_TX_SYNC, SAI5_RXD, SAI5_TXD, UART4_TXD, UART4_RXD, UART4_RTS, UART4_CTS, SD2_RST, uSD_CD_B, WWAN_DISABLE, USB1_SS_SEL, LCD_RESET

JTAG (jtag.sch): JTAG_TDI, JTAG_TMS, JTAG_TRST, JTAG_TDO, JTAG_TCK, POR_B, TP101 TEST_1P

HDMI (hdmi.sch): HDMI_CEC, HDMI_HEAC_N, HDMI_AUX_N/P, HDMI_TX1_P/N, HDMI_TX0_P/N, HDMI_TX2_P/N, HDMI_CLK_P/N, HDMI_HPD, HDMI_DDC_SCL, HDMI_DDC_SDA

Boot Config (boot.sch): BOOT_MODE1, BOOT_MODE0, BOOT_CFG00–CFG15

Alternate Functions:
SAI6_TXD0
SAI6_RXFS/TXFS
SAI6_RXC/TXC
SAI6_RXD0

Audio (audio.sch): SAI2_TXC, SAI2_TXFS, SAI2_RXD, SAI2_TXD, SAI2_MCLK, MIC_SEL, HP_DET, MUTE, I2C3_SDA, I2C3_SCL, GPIO3_IO20, GPIO5_IO03

SPI Flash (flash.sch): ECSPI1_MISO, ECSPI1_MOSI, MISO, MOSI, SCLK, CS

USB Hub + SDIO Bridge (usb_hub_sdio.sch): WWAN_D_P/N, WLAN_D_P/N, USB2_ID, SRST, SD2_RST, USB2_D_N/P, USB2_D_P/N

WWAN mPCIe (wwan_mpcie.sch): WoWWAN, W_DISABLE1, RESET, PCM_CLK/I2S_SCK, PCM_SYNC/I2S_FSC, PCM_IN/I2S_IN, PCM_OUT/I2S_OUT, SAI1_RXD0(GPIO4_IO02), SAI1_RXD1(GPIO4_IO03), SAI1_RXD2(GPIO4_IO04), SAI1_RXD3(GPIO4_IO05), SAI1_RXD4(GPIO4_IO06), SAI1_RXD5(GPIO4_IO07), SAI1_RXD6(GPIO4_IO08), SAI1_TXD0(GPIO4_IO12), SAI1_TXD1(GPIO4_IO13), SAI1_TXD2(GPIO4_IO14), SAI1_TXD3(GPIO4_IO15), SAI1_TXD4(GPIO4_IO16), SAI1_TXD5(GPIO4_IO17), SAI1_TXD6(GPIO4_IO18), SAI1_TXD7(GPIO4_IO19)

Smart Card (smartcard.sch): SMARTCARD_D_P/N

uSD Card (sd.sch): SDCD, uSD_CLK, uSD_CMD, uSD_DATA0–DATA3, CONN_SD2_CD_B, CONN_SD2_CLK, CONN_SD2_CMD, CONN_SD2_DATA0–DATA3

USB-C (usb-c.sch): USB1_SS_SEL, USB1_RX_N/P, USB1_TX_N/P, USB1_D_N/P, TCPC_INT, USB1_ID, USB1_VBUS, I2C1_SCL, I2C1_SDA, VBUS, EN_SRC, EN_SNK

Battery (battery.sch): VBAT_REG, VBUS, EN_SRC, EN_SNK, I2C1_SCL, I2C1_SDA, CHRG_INT, GPIO3_IO25, ONOFF

Power (power.sch): VBAT_REG, 5V_SOM, LEDK, PWM, PWR_EN, 5V_P, 3V3, 3V3_P, 1V8_P, 22V4_P, 2V8_P

UART Debug (uart.sch): UART1_RXD, UART1_TXD

GNSS (gnss.sch): UART3_RXD, UART3_TXD

Haptic Motor (haptic.sch): HAPTIC, GPIO5_IO04

RTC (rtc.sch): I2C1_SDA, I2C1_SCL, IRQ

Purism_Logo: MOD101 EmC_SoM Daughterboard plugged into main PCB; FID101–FID103 Fiducial; MNT101–MNT103 Mount_Hole

GPIO that can be swapped around:
GPIO1_IO05 (was CSI_P2_PWDN)
GPIO1_IO12 (was IR_CAP)
GPIO3_IO19 (was LED1)
GPIO3_IO20
GPIO3_IO25
GPIO5_IO03 (was PWM3)
GPIO5_IO04 (was PWM2)
GPIO5_IO05 (was PWM1)

3V3_OUT is sourced from PMIC's 3A NVCC_3P3/BUCK6 and is supplying the SoC's H7 ball "NVCC_I2C"

Librem 5 Dev Kit
Purism

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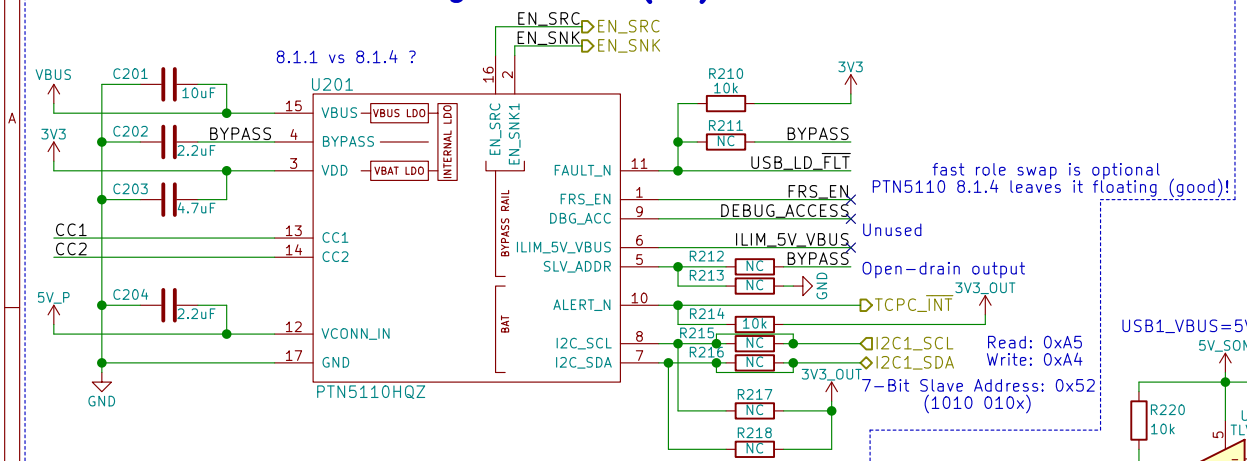
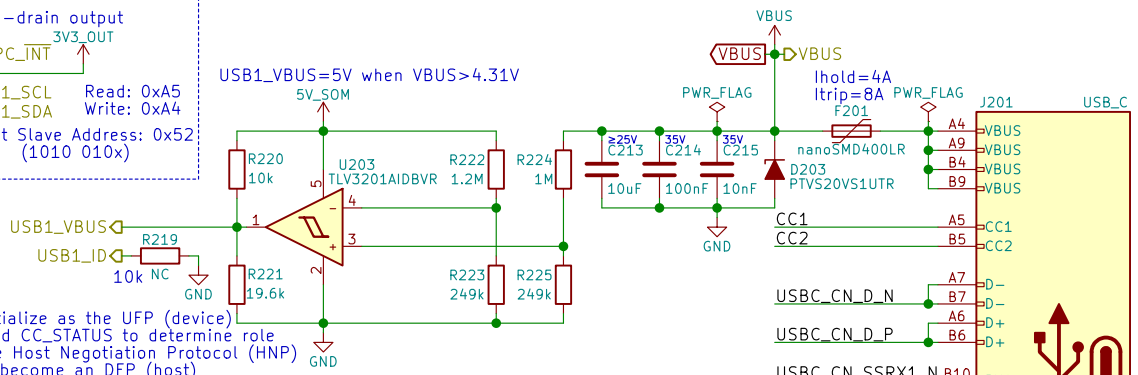
christian.schilmoeller@puri.sm

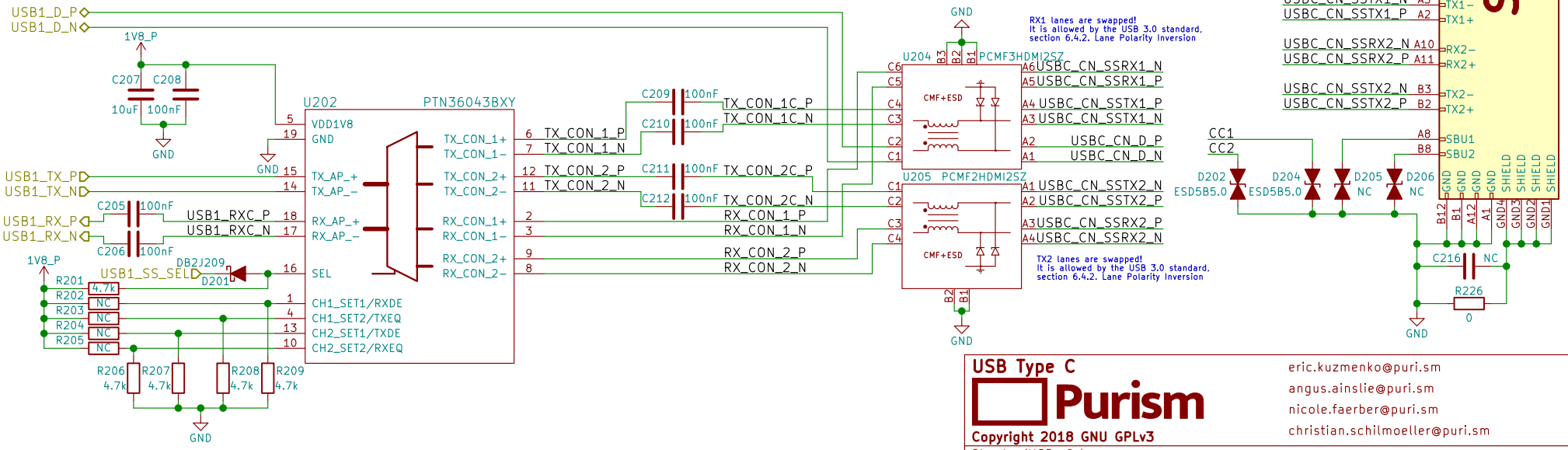
Sheet: /
File: dvk-mx8m-bsb.sch
Size: A3 | Date: 2018-09-05 | KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0 | Rev: v0.1.3 | Id: 1/24

USB-C TCPC – Config Channel (CC) and PD Role Controller



USB-C





USB Type C	Purism
Copyright 2018 GNU GPLv3	
Sheet: /USB-C/	
File: usb-c.sch	
Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0	Rev: v0.1.0
	Id: 2/24

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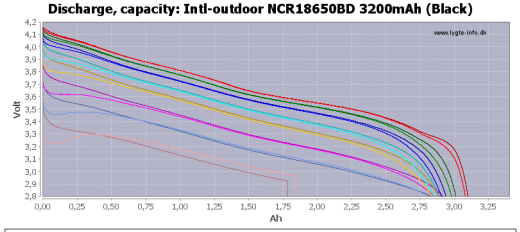
Battery Charge Controller



(interpret RSOC% based on this plot)

Drawing ~320mA,
or consuming ≤1.152W,
should give close to
10 hours going from
100% to 0% charge

use AUTO_DPDM_EN
to auto-detect IINLIM

1.658≤ILIM≤2.063
ILIM(nom)≅1.859A
3.9≤VIN≤6

7-bit Slave Address: 0x6B
(1101 011x)

U301 BQ25896

I(Lsat)=7A
L301
1uH

FB301
HI1206T500R

3.5~4.25V
PWR_FLAG

~110uF

JP301
NC

R309
NC

D304
GREEN

0.4mA~2.4mA

R310
1.5k

VBAT_REG

D303
ESD9X5.0

Vrwm(max)=5.0V
Vbr(min)=6.2V
Pd=150mW

Vf(max)=1.1V

D301
GREEN

D302
GREEN

R301
2.2k

R302
2.2k

Default LOW:
adapter source

R305
10k

R306
191

sink current ~5mA

Read: 0xD7
Write: 0xD6

R303
10k

R304
10k

I2C1_SDA
I2C1_SCL
CHRG_INT
EN_SRC

This disables charging
but maybe not VBUS->VOUT
if PTN5110HQ's FAULT_STATUS[6]==1
(Force Off VBUS bit) then set EN_HiZ=1
EN_HiZ may be auto-set when in hiccup

EN_SNK

Q301
FDV301N

Reading PTN5110HQ's CC_STATUS and POWER_STATUS
registers will tell TCPM (i.MX8M) when to set EN_HiZ

Also, reading PTN5110HQ's CC_STATUS and POWER_STATUS
registers will tell TCPM (i.MX8M) when to set OTG_CONFIG=1
(this will also happen when PTN5110HQ sets EN_SRC HIGH)

Ihold=3.5A
Itrip=6.3A
Ttrip(max)=5s@8A

nanoSMD350LR
F301

BT301
18650

R308
5.23k

RGEN

TH301
10k

R307
30.1k

ONOFF

VBAT(DPL)=2.15~2.5V

BC1.2 is not mandated by PD spec
ICO used to determine max current
Also negotiated from CC pins (I2C)

Battery holder seems to fit up to ~68.88mm long batteries
need to test 18650 protected cells which are ~69.35mm long

Proposed battery: NCR18650B

VBAT(ovp_default)=REG06[7:2]=4.208V (reduce to 4.192V [010110])
Worst Case:
VBAT(default_max_ovp)=(REG06[7:2]×1.005)×1.04=4.3982016V
BQ29705 provides 4.425V as OVP!

ICHG(default)=REG12[6:0]=2048mA (reduce to ~1.6A [0011001])

reference design: http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/sluuba2b/sluuba2b.pdf

may want to include BQ29705 protection as in:
http://www.ti.com/lit/ug/tiducl1/tiducl1.pdf
schematic: http://www.ti.com/lit/df/tidrp70/tidrp70.pdf
(PTC may be good enough)

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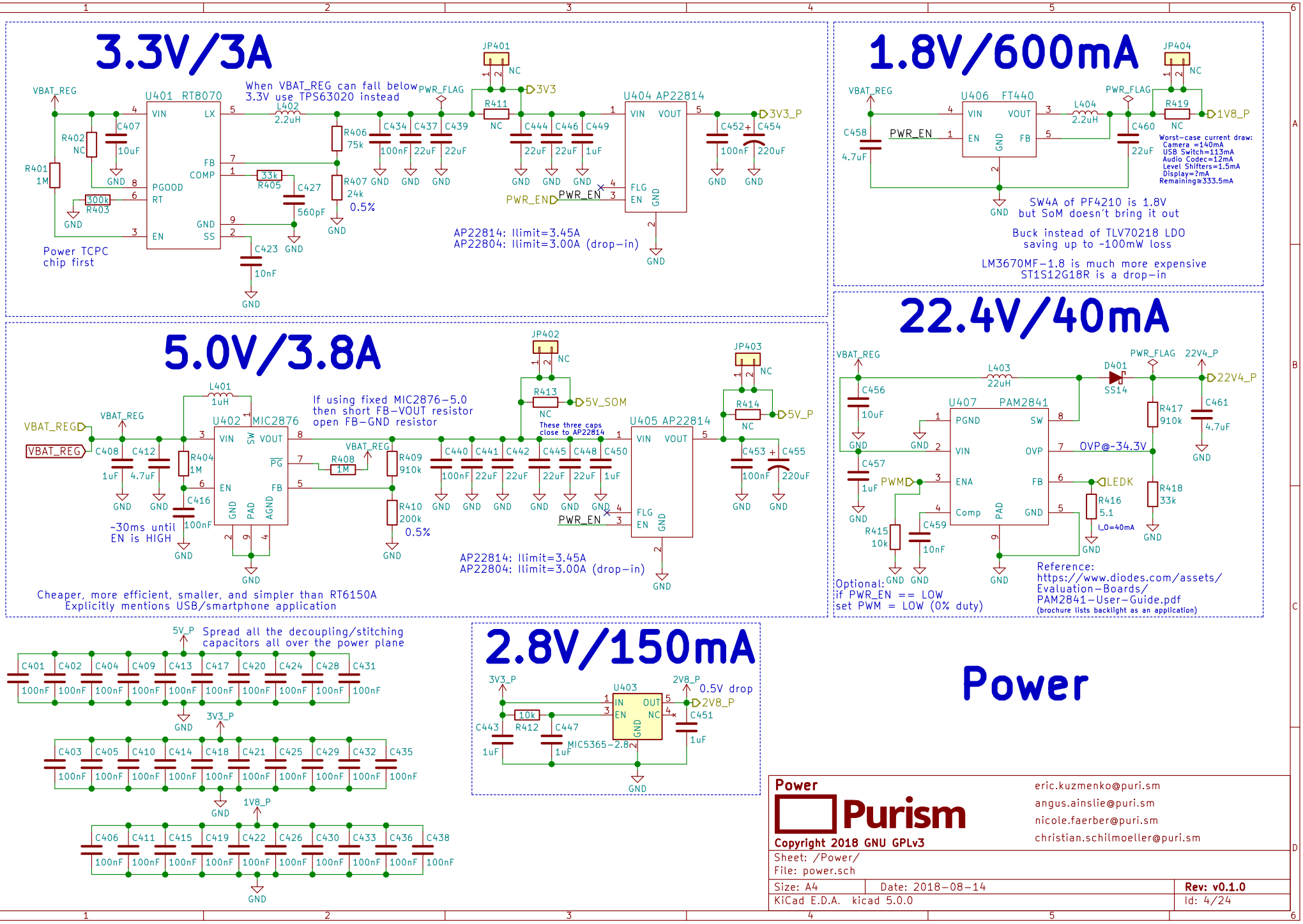
Battery		
Sheet: /Battery/		
File: battery.sch		
Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0		Id: 3/24

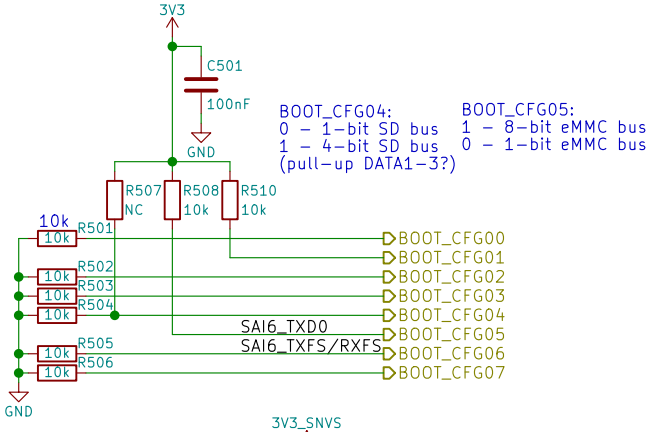

3.3V/3A
When VBAT_REG can fall below 3.3V use TPS63020 instead
Power TCPC chip first
AP22814: Ilimit=3.45A
AP22804: Ilimit=3.00A (drop-in)
1.8V/600mA
SW4A of PF4210 is 1.8V but SoM doesn't bring it out
Buck instead of TLV70218 LDO saving up to ~100mW loss
LM3670MF-1.8 is much more expensive
ST1S12G18R is a drop-in
Worst-case current draw:
Camera =140mA
USB Switch=113mA
Audio Codec=12mA
Level Shifters=1.5mA
Display=?mA
Remaining≥333.5mA
5.0V/3.8A
If using fixed MIC2876-5.0 then short FB-VOUT resistor open FB-GND resistor
~30ms until EN is HIGH
Cheaper, more efficient, smaller, and simpler than RT6150A
Explicitly mentions USB/smartphone application
AP22814: Ilimit=3.45A
AP22804: Ilimit=3.00A (drop-in)
22.4V/40mA
Optional: if PWR_EN == LOW set PWM = LOW (0% duty)
Reference: https://www.diodes.com/assets/Evaluation-Boards/PAM2841-User-Guide.pdf
(brochure lists backlight as an application)
Spread all the decoupling/stitching capacitors all over the power plane
2.8V/150mA
0.5V drop
MIC5365-2.8
Power
Purism
Copyright 2018 GNU GPLv3
eric.kuzmenko@puri.sm
angus.ainslie@puri.sm
nicole.faerber@puri.sm
christian.schilmoeller@puri.sm
Sheet: /Power/
File: power.sch
Size: A4
Date: 2018-08-14
Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0
Id: 4/24

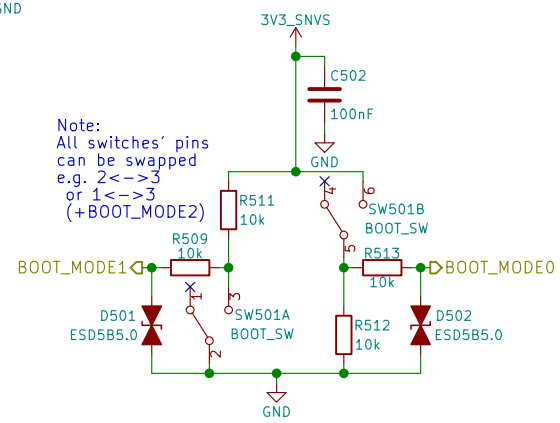
Boot Config

Only eMMC

BOOT_CFG[14:12]	Boot device
001	SD/eSD
010	MMC/eMMC
011	NAND

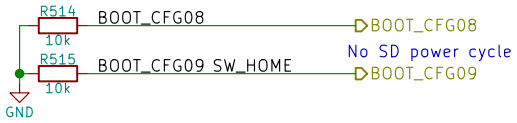
Fuse	Config	Definition	GPIO[1]	Shipped value	Settings
BOOT_CFG[11:10]	OEM	USDHC port selection	Yes	00	00 - USDHC-1 01 - USDHC-2 10 - USDHC-3 else - reserved

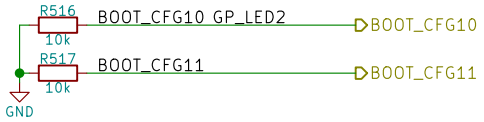


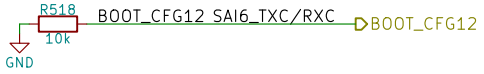


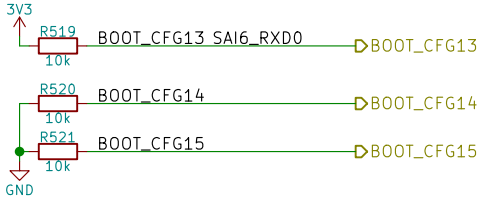
2–>1: eMMC
2–>3: USB (Serial Downloader)

BOOT_MODE[1:0]	Boot Type
00	Boot From Fuses
01	Serial Downloader
10	Internal Boot
11	Reserved









Boot Configuration

Purism

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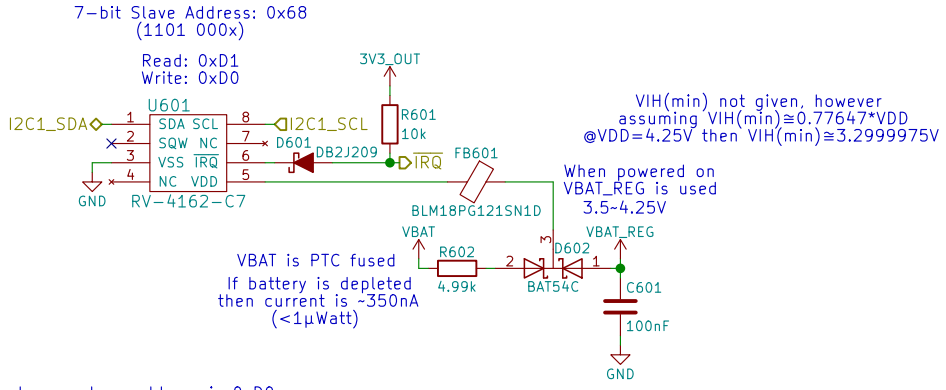
Sheet: /Boot Config/
File: boot.sch

Size: A4 | Date: 2018–08–14 | **Rev: v0.1.0**
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0 | Id: 5/24

Real-Time Clock



Note:
Datasheet says slave address is 0xD0
with a R/W bit appended, since 0xD must
be 4-bits wide the actual 7-bit address is
0x68 (110 1000), and becomes 0xD0 during a
write operation (1101 0000)

Reference:
https://github.com/HIO-Project/linux-imx6-nano-imx_3.10.17_1.0.1_ga/
blob/8848e94b2f889fe44f6736e2d4c98851a2282275/arch/arm/boot/dts/
imx6qdl-mtp.dtsi#L351

RTC

Purism

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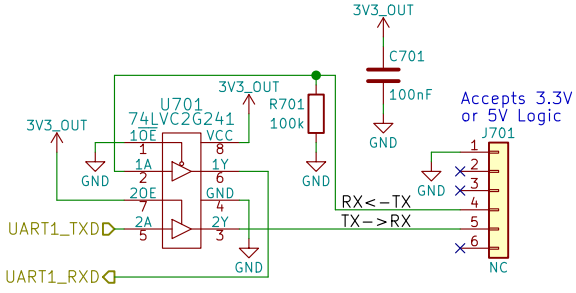
Sheet: /RTC/
File: rtc.sch

Size: A4 | Date: 2018-08-14 | **Rev: v0.1.0**
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0 | Id: 6/24

UART Debug



UART Debug

Purism

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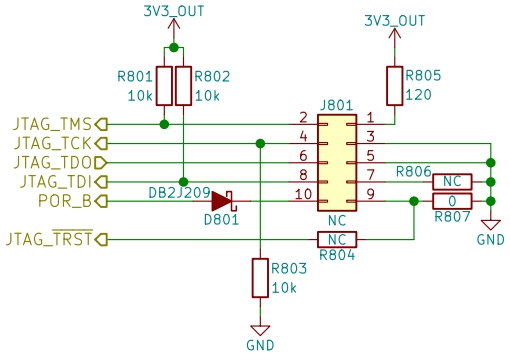
Sheet: /UART Debug/
File: uart.sch

Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	**Rev: v0.1.0**
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0		Id: 7/24

JTAG



JTAG

Purism

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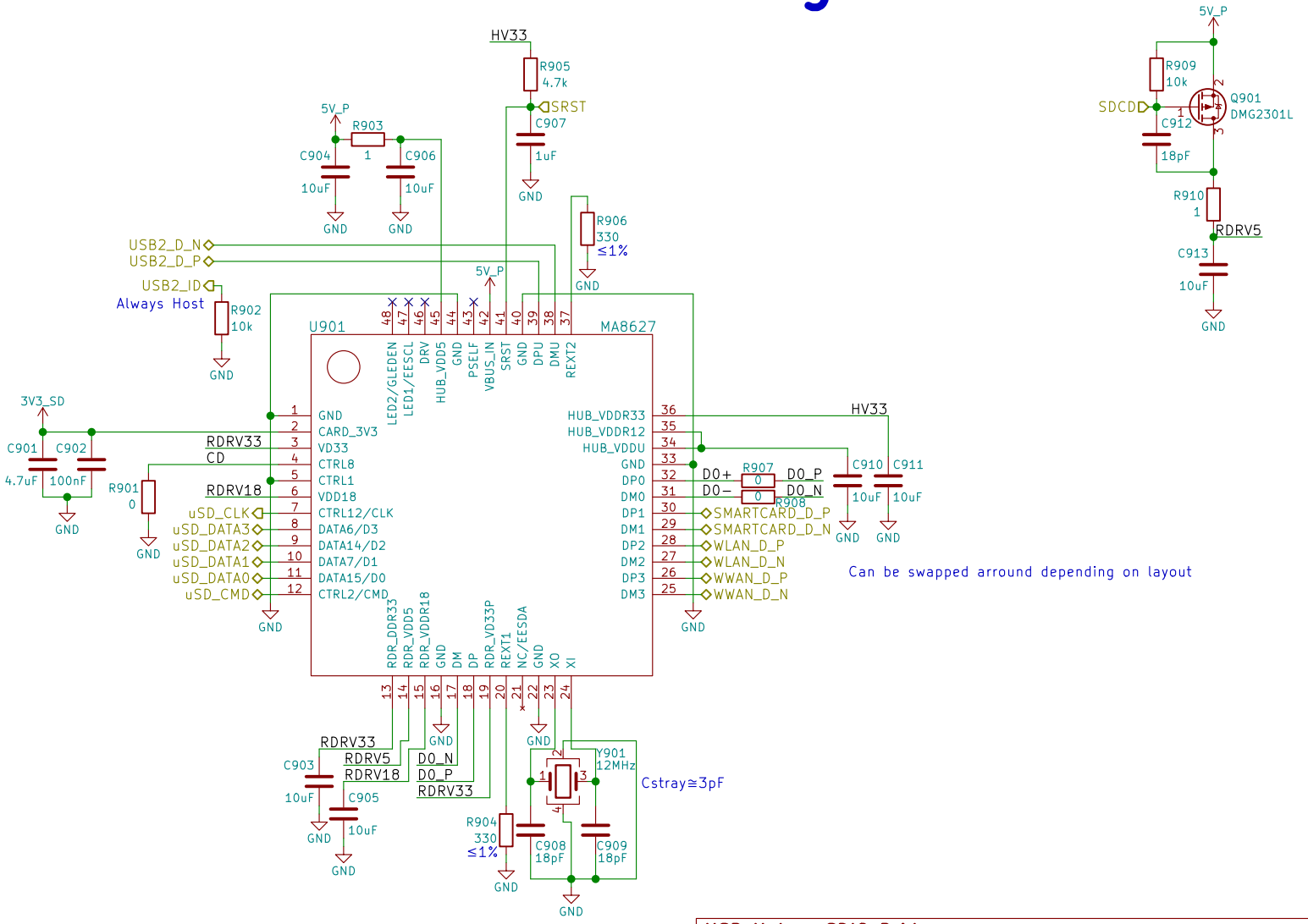
angus.ainslie@puri.sm
nicole.faerber@puri.sm
christian.schilmoeller@puri.sm

Sheet: /JTAG/
File: jtag.sch

Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0		Id: 8/24

USB Hub + SDIO Bridge



USB Hub + SDIO Bridge	eric.kuzmenko@puri.sm	
Purism	angus.ainslie@puri.sm	
	nicole.faerber@puri.sm	
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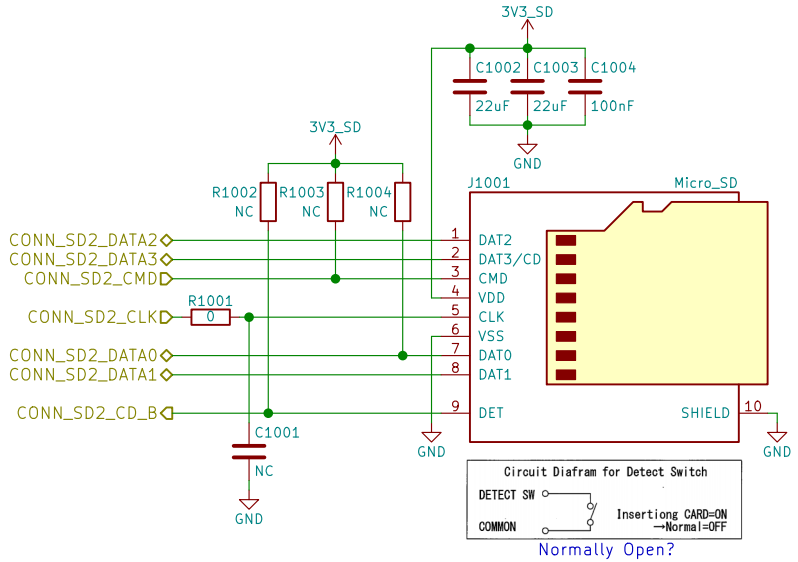
Sheet: /USB Hub + SDIO Bridge/		
File: usb_hub_sdio.sch		
Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	**Rev: v0.1.0**
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0		Id: 9/24

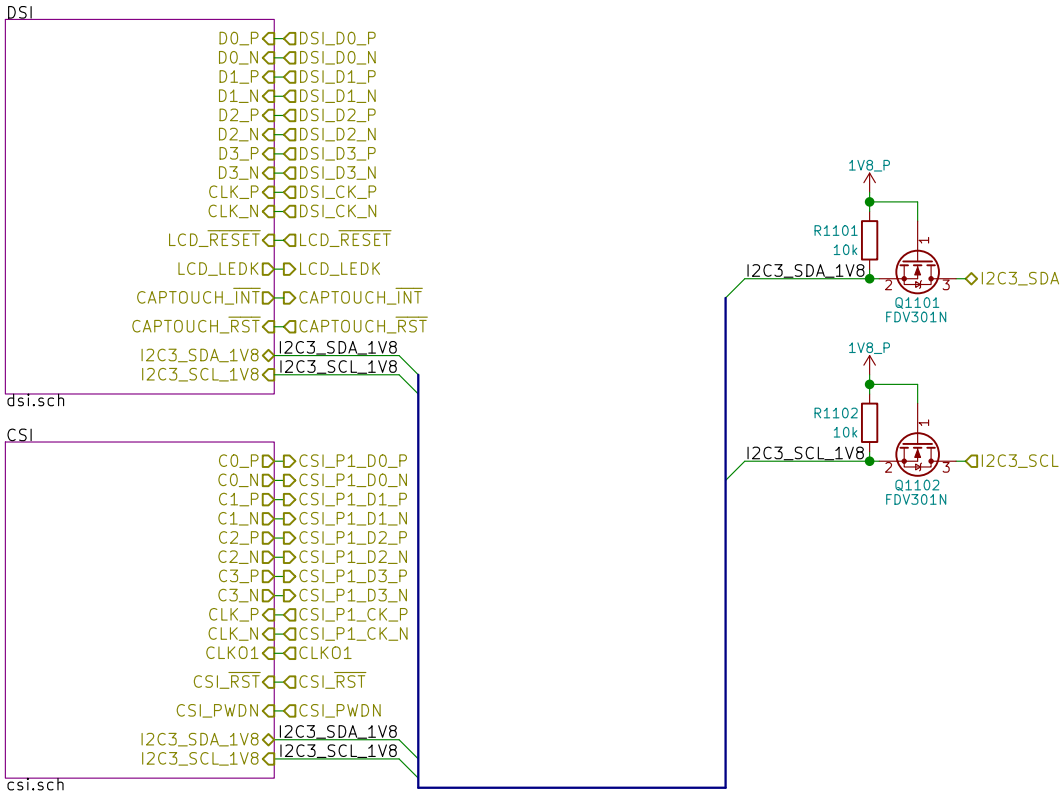
µSD



Normally Open?

uSD Card	eric.kuzmenko@puri.sm angus.ainslie@puri.sm nicole.faerber@puri.sm christian.schilmoeller@puri.sm
Purism	
Sheet: /uSD Card/ File: sd.sch	
Size: A4 | Date: 2018-08-14	**Rev: v0.1.0**
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0	Id: 10/24

MIPI



MIPI

Purism

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christian.schilmoeller@puri.sm

Sheet: /MIPI/
File: mipi.sch

Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0		Id: 11/24

Display & Touch Controller

LCD PN:
Rocktech / Shenzhen Jinghong Electronics Co., Ltd.
JH057N00900

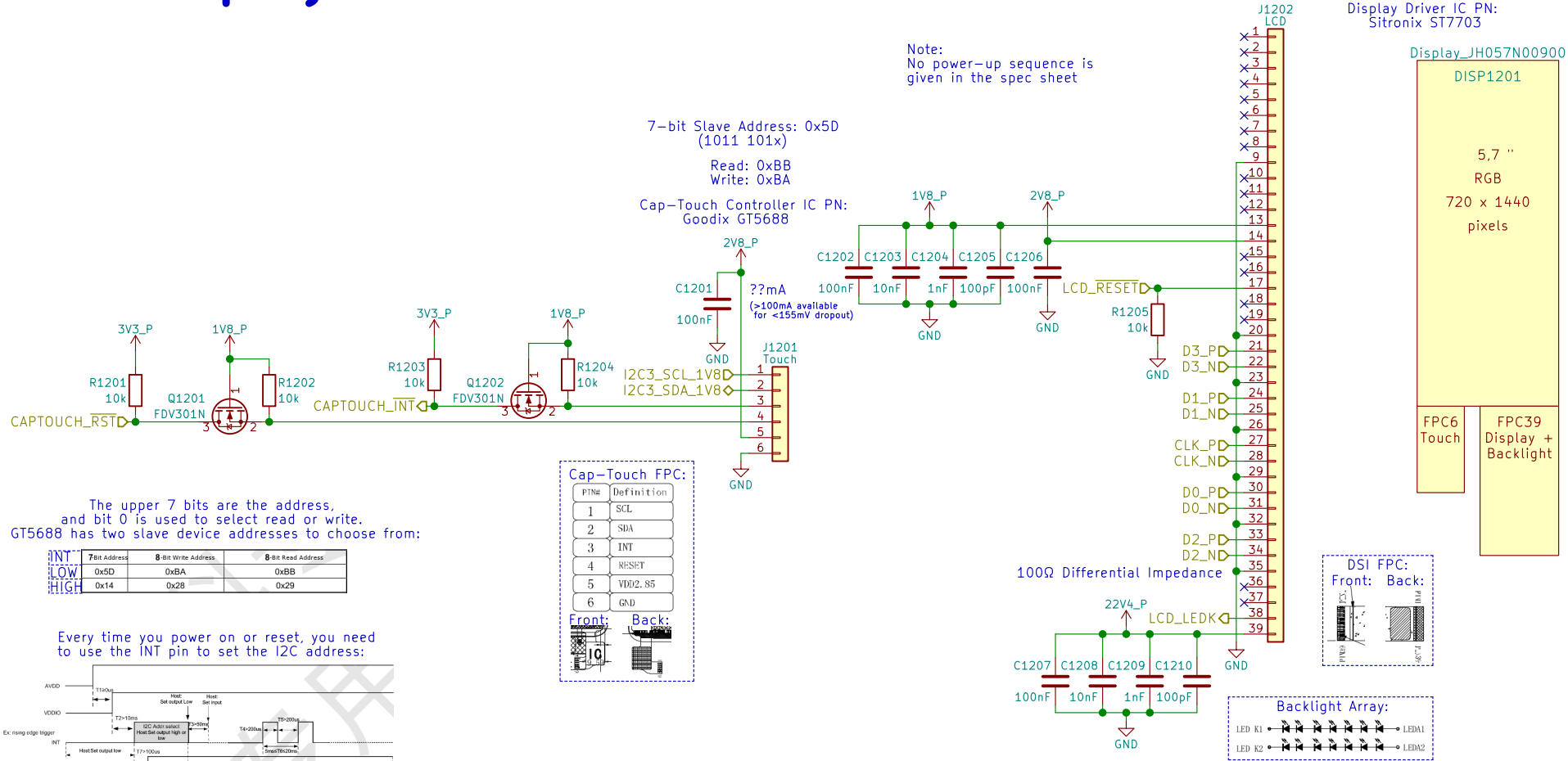
Display Driver IC PN:
Sitronix ST7703

Note:
No power-up sequence is given in the spec sheet

7-bit Slave Address: 0x5D
(1011 101x)

Read: 0xBB
Write: 0xBA

Cap-Touch Controller IC PN:
Goodix GT5688



Cap-Touch FPC:

PIN#	Definition
1	SCL
2	SDA
3	INT
4	RESET
5	VDD2.85
6	GND

Front: Back:

The upper 7 bits are the address,
and bit 0 is used to select read or write.
GT5688 has two slave device addresses to choose from:

INT	7-Bit Address	8-Bit Write Address	8-Bit Read Address
LOW	0x5D	0xBA	0xBB
HIGH	0x14	0x28	0x29

Every time you power on or reset, you need
to use the INT pin to set the I2C address:

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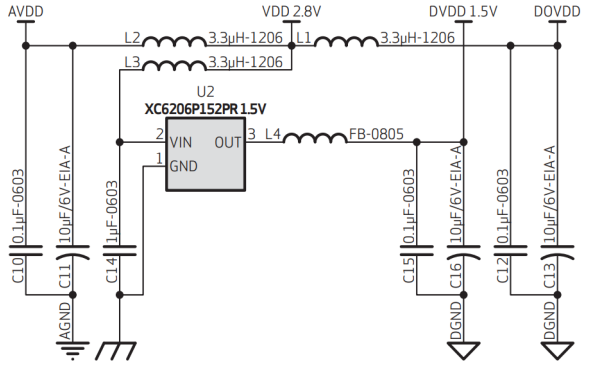
Sheet: /MIPI/DSI/
File: dsi.sch

Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0		Id: 12/24

Camera

Using Internal DVDD 1.5V Regulator:

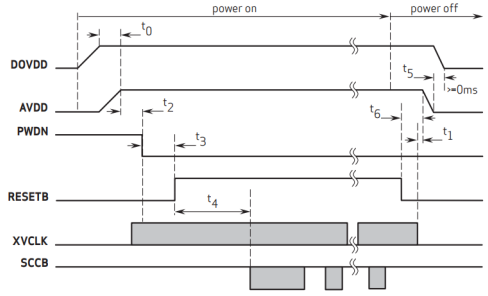


2.7 POWER UP SEQUENCE
Based on the system power configuration (1.8V or 2.8V for I/O power, using external DVDD or internal DVDD, requiring access to the I2C during power up period or not), the power up sequence will differ. If 1.8V is used for I/O power, using the internal DVDD is preferred. If 2.8V is used for I/O power, due to a high voltage drop at the internal DVDD regulator, there is a potential heat issue. Hence, for a 2.8V power system, OmniVision recommends using an external DVDD source. Due to the higher power down current when using an external DVDD source, OmniVision strongly recommends cutting off all powers, including the external DVDD, when the sensor is not in use in the case of 2.8V I/O and external DVDD.

2.7.1 POWER UP WITH INTERNAL DVDD
For powering up with the internal DVDD and I2C access during the power ON period, the following conditions must occur:

1. when DOVDD and AVDD are turned ON, make sure DOVDD becomes stable before AVDD becomes stable
2. PWDN is active high with an asynchronized design (does not need clock)
3. PWDN pin tied to digital ground if it is not controlled.
4. if PWDN pin is controlled as below, for PWDN to go low, power must first become stable (AVDD to PWDN ≥ 5 ms)
5. RESETB is active low with an asynchronized design
6. master clock XVCLK should provide at least 1 ms before host accesses the sensor's registers
7. host can access I2C bus (if shared) during entire period. 20ms after RESETB goes high, host can access the sensor's registers to initialize sensor

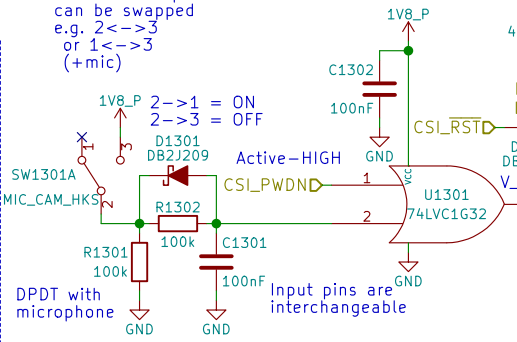
figure 2-3 power up timing with internal DVDD



note t_0 ≥ 0ms, delay from DOVDD stable to AVDD stable, it is recommended to power up AVDD shortly after DOVDD has been powered up
t_1 ≥ 0ms, delay from XVCLK off to AVDD off
t_2 ≥ 5ms, delay from AVDD stable to sensor power up stable, PWDN can be pulled low after this point, XVCLK can be turned on after power on
t_3 ≥ 1ms, delay from sensor power up stable to RESETB pull up
t_4 ≥ 20ms, delay from RESETB pull high to SCCB initialization
t_5 ≥ 0ms, delay from AVDD off to DOVDD off
t_6 ≥ 0ms, delay from RESETB pull low to AVDD off

S640_DS_2_2

Note:
All switches' pins can be swapped e.g. 2<->3 or 1<->3 (+mic)

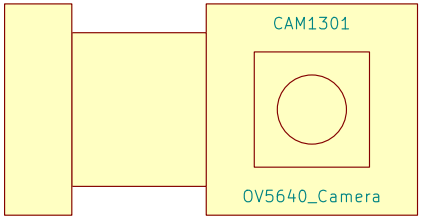


Camera PN:
Truly C08725-B5SA-E

7-bit Slave Address: 0x78
(1111 000x)

Read: 0xF1
Write 0xF0

OV5640 CMOS Image Sensor Datasheet:
https://cdn.sparkfun.com/datasheets/Sensors/LightImaging/OV5640_datasheet.pdf



MIPI CSI

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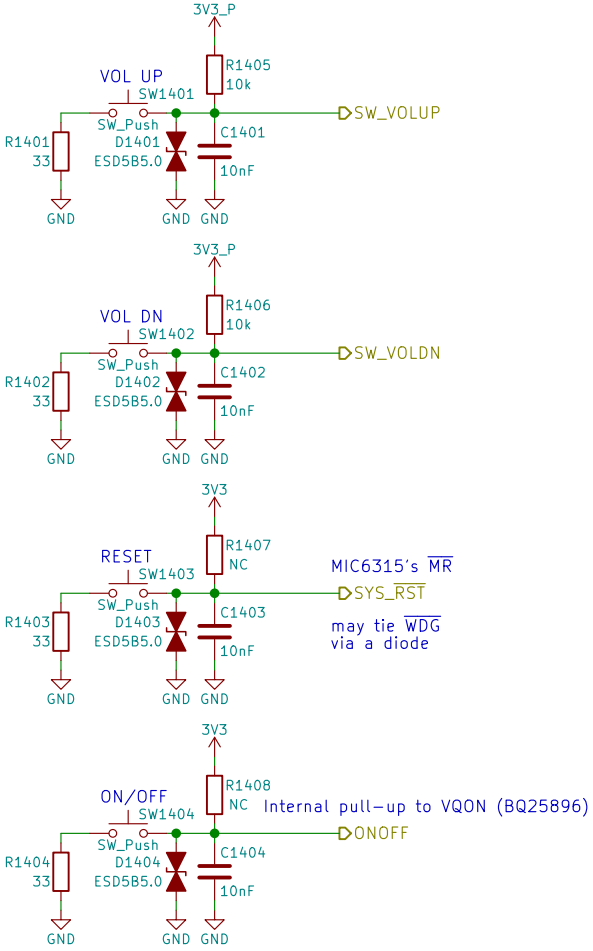
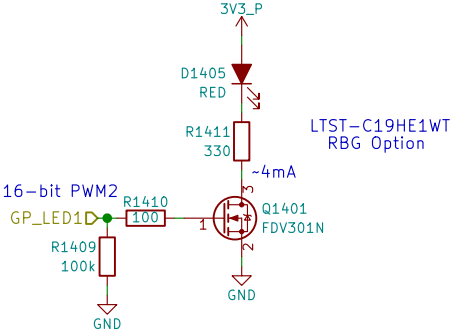
Sheet: /MIPI/CSI/
File: csi.sch

Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0		Id: 13/24

Buttons & LED



Use PWM2_PWMSAR to set the compare value (duty cycle)
Use PWM2_PWMCR[15:4] to set the PRESCALER (frequency)
Use PWM2_PWMPR to set the top of the counter (frequency)



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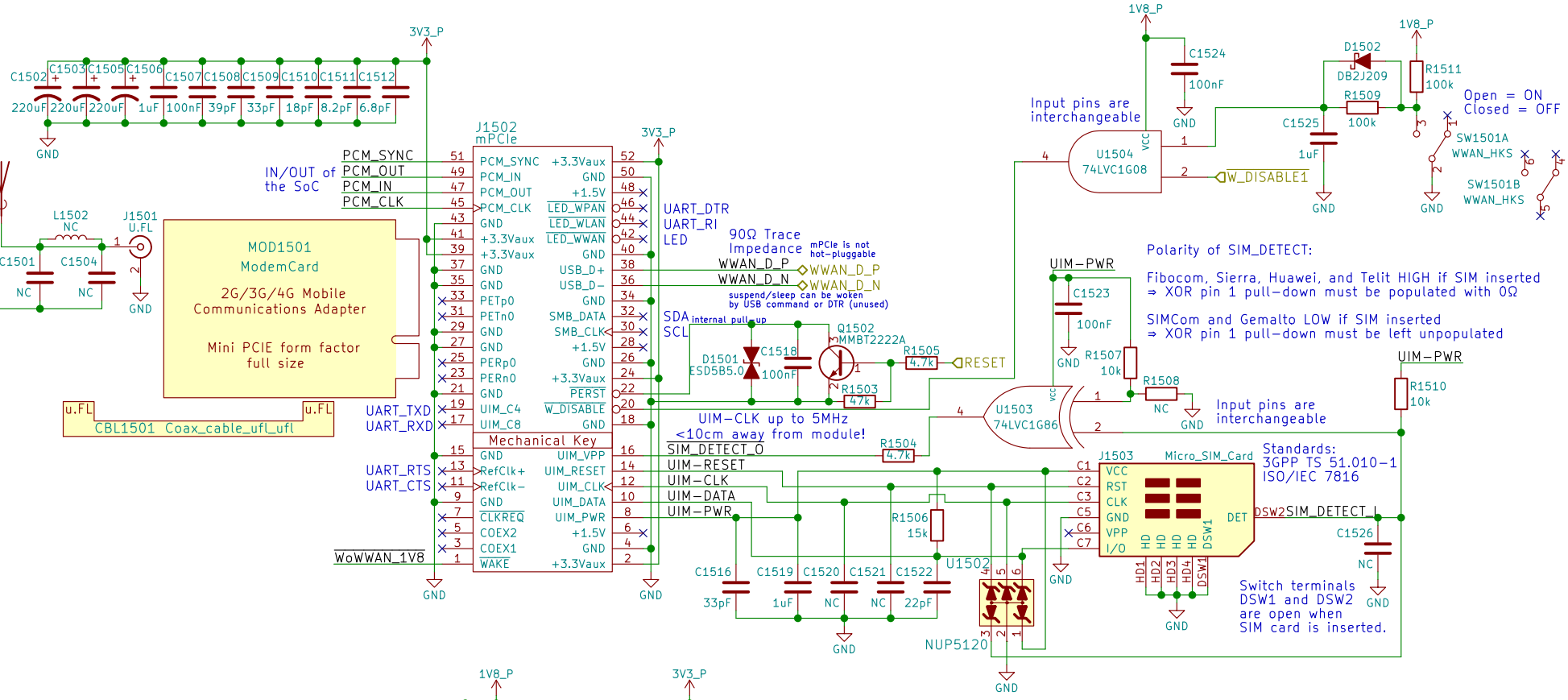
Purism	
Sheet: /Buttons & LED/ File: buttons_led.sch	
Size: A4 | Date: 2018-08-14	**Rev: v0.1.0**
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0	Id: 14/24

WWAN mPCIe



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Sheet: /WWAN mPCIe/		
File: wwan_mpcie.sch		
Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0		Id: 15/24

Audio

Reference:
http://www.52rd.com/S_txt/2011_3/TXT26685.htm
http://www.sengpielaudio.com/calculator-transferfactor.htm
https://electronics.stackexchange.com/questions/31442/how-can-i-switch-this-audio-jack-using-its-own-mechanical-switches-without-cre
(Nit6 does the same)
+Zener diode to protect against ranges outside of −0.9V to 3.3V

dB specs in datasheet is a unit of power gain (not dBu or VU)
with respect to the DAC's unattenuated output

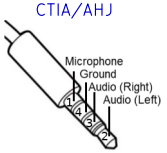
"HP Output − 62.5mW max, 1.02kHz sine into 16Ω load at 3.3 V"
⇒ $(1V)^2/(16Ω)=62.5mW$
∴ Vrms=1V ⇒ Vp(amplitude)=1.414V
∴ Irms(max)=62.5mA

If HP_DET is HIGH for >100ms then HPs are present

S/E button on earbud headsets
shorts the mic for key function

Could use FSA8008 to detect mic

CTIA/AHJ



7-bit Slave Address: 0x0A
(0001 010x)

Read: 0x15
Write: 0x14

Mute via
MUTE_LO=1

may use lineout left channel
for pseudo-loud speaker

Z(hp)≥16Ω

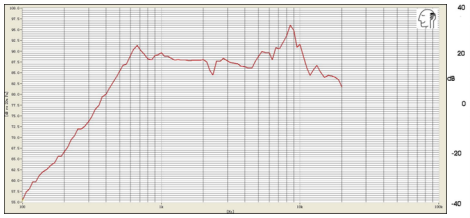
<3.3µA

Pin 5 (tip switch) is NC,
open when inserted

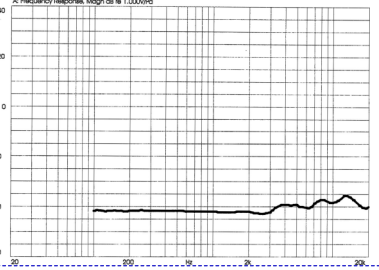
If just headphones then
HP_DET=HIGH, R(mic)=0

may add ~220uF cap
parallel to Zener

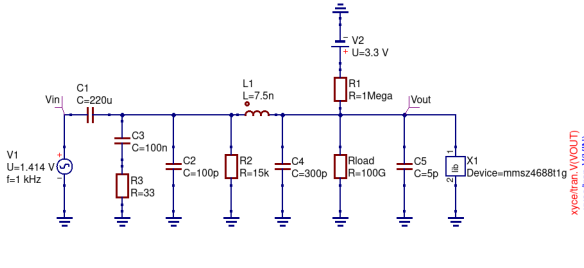
Built-In Speaker's Frequency Response:

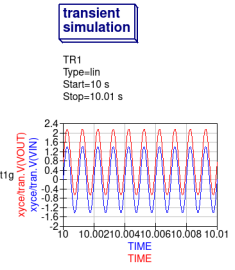


Built-In Mic's Frequency Response:



Simulation of HP_DET
without HP jack inserted:





SW Mute Mic:
MUTE_ADC=1

Ext-Mic enabled
MIC_SEL=HIGH

Int-Mic enabled
MIC_SEL=LOW

DPDT with
camera
5->4 = ON
Note: 5->6 = OFF

All switches' pins
can be swapped
e.g. 5<->4
or 5<->6
(+camera)

−37dB=14.1254mV/Pa
∴ mic produces 14.1254mVrms when exposed to a
1kHz tone of 94dB-SPL at the capsule
(or 19.98mV amplitude)

⇒ 40dB gain would produce ~2V amplitude (4Vpp, clipping)
30dB gain would produce ~0.632V amplitude (1.264Vpp)
38.33dB gain would yield 3.3Vpp

LCR Measurements:

Earbud Microphone: @1kHz	Headset Speaker: @1kHz	Earbud Speaker: @1kHz
Ls = 3.844mH	Ls = 244.4uH	Ls = 25.2uH
Lp = 15.757H	Lp = 141.99mH	Lp = 311.0mH
Cs = 6.583uF	Cs = 103.6uF	Cs = 1.0mF
Cp = 1612.8pF	Cp = 178.77nF	Cp = 81.95nF
Rs = 1.5465kOhms	Rs = 36.860hms	Rs = 17.0300hms
Rp = 1.5478kOhms	Rp = 36.860hms	Rp = 17.0340hms
θ = −0.8deg	θ = −2.3deg	θ = 0.5deg

Audio

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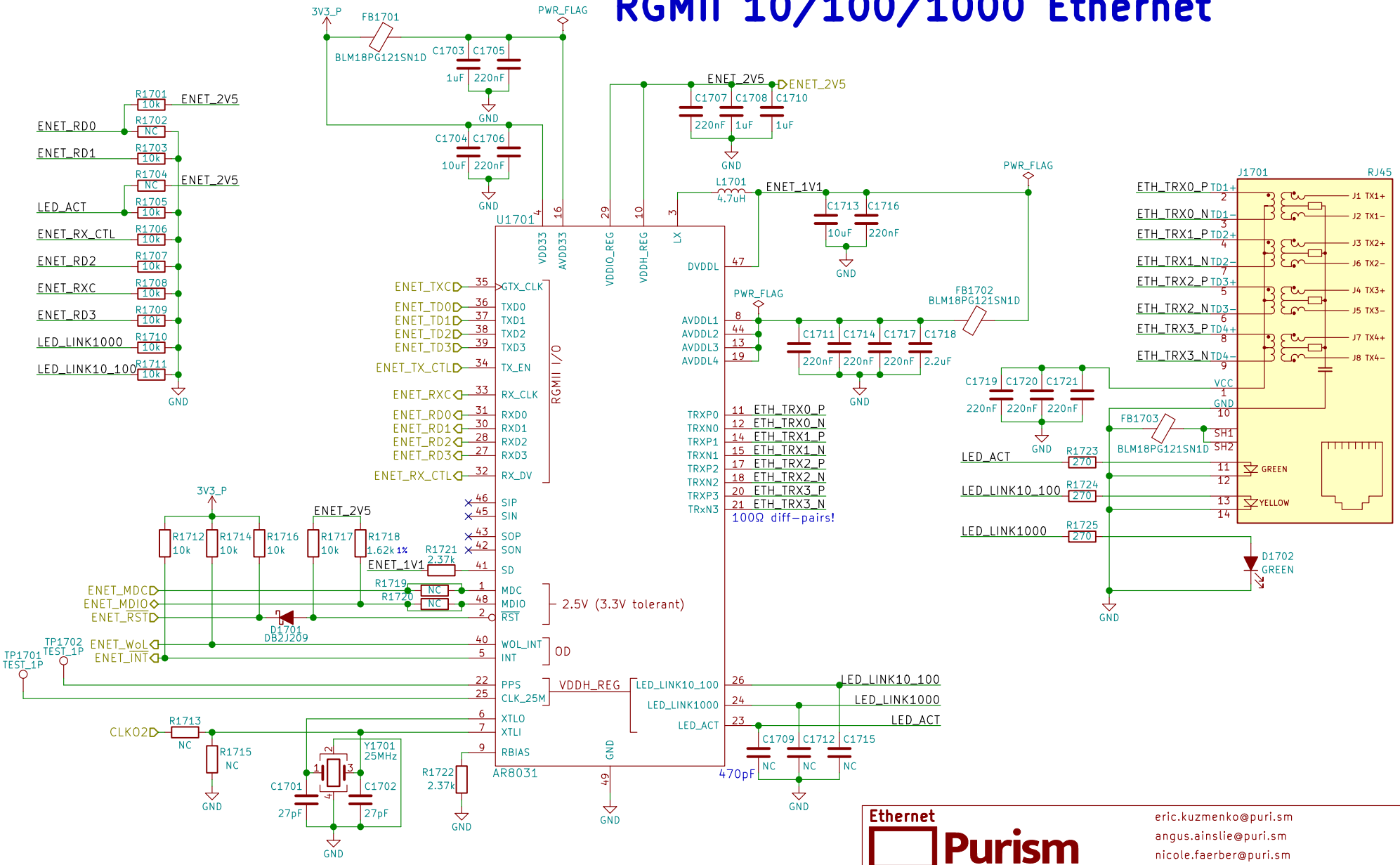
Sheet: /Audio/
File: audio.sch

Size: A4 | Date: 2018-08-14 | **Rev: v0.1.0**
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0 | Id: 16/24

RGMII 10/100/1000 Ethernet



Ethernet

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Sheet: /Ethernet/
File: ethernet.sch

Size: A4	Date: 2018−08−14	**Rev: v0.1.0**
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0		Id: 17/24

WLAN+BT M.2

Socket: Table 46
Module: Table 23

M.2 Key E

RS9116 NC:
RTS, CTS, BT_HOST_WAKE

RS9116 datasheet says
no WIFI_WAKE
but the schematic has it

RedPine RS9116 MB0
Requires 5V on
Pin 54 if USB used

3V3_P
1V8_P
GND

R1802 NC
JP1801
C1813 6.8pF
C1814 8.2pF
C1815 18pF
C1816 33pF
C1817 39pF
C1818 100nF
C1820 1uF
C1821 220uF
C1822 220uF

J1803 Key_E

WLAN_D_P
WLAN_D_N
WIFI_CLK
WIFI_CMD
WIFI_DATA0
WIFI_DATA1
WIFI_DATA2
WIFI_DATA3
WIFI_WAKE
WIFI_RST
W_DISABLE1

M2_PCM_CLK
M2_PCM_SYNC
M2_PCM_IN
M2_PCM_OUT
SoC's IN/OUT

BT_HOST_WAKE
M2_UART_RXD
SoC's RX
Module's TX
SoC's TX
Module's RX
M2_UART_TXD
M2_UART_RTS
M2_UART_CTS
i.MX8M in DCE mode
(POR state)
has CTS output, RTS input

R1801 100k
D1801 DB2J209
D1802 DB2J209
VIH=2.31V

RedPine RS9116
has 100k pull-up to
3.3V making SDIO_RST
~2.55V when HIGH

6.2 M.2 Signal Directions
UARTn_UFCR[DCEDTE]=0 on POR

TX output
RX input
CTS output
RTS input

⇒TX→RX
RX←TX
CTS→CTS
RTS←RTS

AE1801 FR05-S1-NO-1-004
CBL1801 Coax_cable_MHF4_MHF4
MHF4
L1801 NC
J1801 MHF4
C1802 NC
C1805 NC

AE1802 FR05-S1-NO-1-004
CBL1802 Coax_cable_MHF4_MHF4
L1802 NC
J1802 MHF4
C1803 NC
C1806 NC

MOD1801
WifiBTCard
WiFi + Bluetooth
M.2 Form Factor
Key ID "E"
width: 22 mm
length: 30 mm

Pin 54 on RS9116 is
USB_VBUS Sink

C1819 100nF

RS9116 SUSCLK
is a GPIO (unused)
SUSCLK
R1803 10k

U1803A 74AUP2G08
U1803B 74AUP2G08
VCC

Leave BT_DISABLE
LOW for RS9116
BT_DISABLE
WIFI_DISABLE

Input pins are
interchangeable

D1803 DB2J209
R1805 100k
R1807 100k
C1823 100nF

SW1801A WLAN_HKS
SW1801B WLAN_HKS
Open = ON
Closed = OFF

Note:
All switches' pins
can be swapped
e.g. 2<->3
or 1<->3

R1804 10k
R1806 10k
M2_I2C_SDA
M2_I2C_SCL
I2C2_SDA
I2C2_SCL
Q1801 FDV301N
Q1802 FDV301N

RS9116 is an I2C master
⇒its SCL is an output
(ok bc only device on I2C2)

C1801 1uF
C1804 10nF
C1807 10nF
C1808 1uF
U1801 NTB0104GU12
OE VCCA VCCB GND
A1 A2 A3 A4
B1 B2 B3 B4

M2_UART_RXD
M2_UART_TXD
M2_UART_RTS
M2_UART_CTS
BT_UART_RXD
BT_UART_TXD
BT_UART_RTS
BT_UART_CTS

RS9116 does not
use RTX & CTS

RX, TX, RTS, CTS
of the SoC

internal 10k pull-up

C1809 1uF
C1810 10nF
C1811 10nF
C1812 1uF
U1802 NTB0104GU12

BCLK
M2_PCM_CLK
M2_PCM_SYNC
M2_PCM_IN
M2_PCM_OUT
BT_PCM_CLK
BT_PCM_SYNC
BT_PCM_IN
BT_PCM_OUT

configure as slave

IN, OUT
of the SoC

WLAN+BT M.2

Purism

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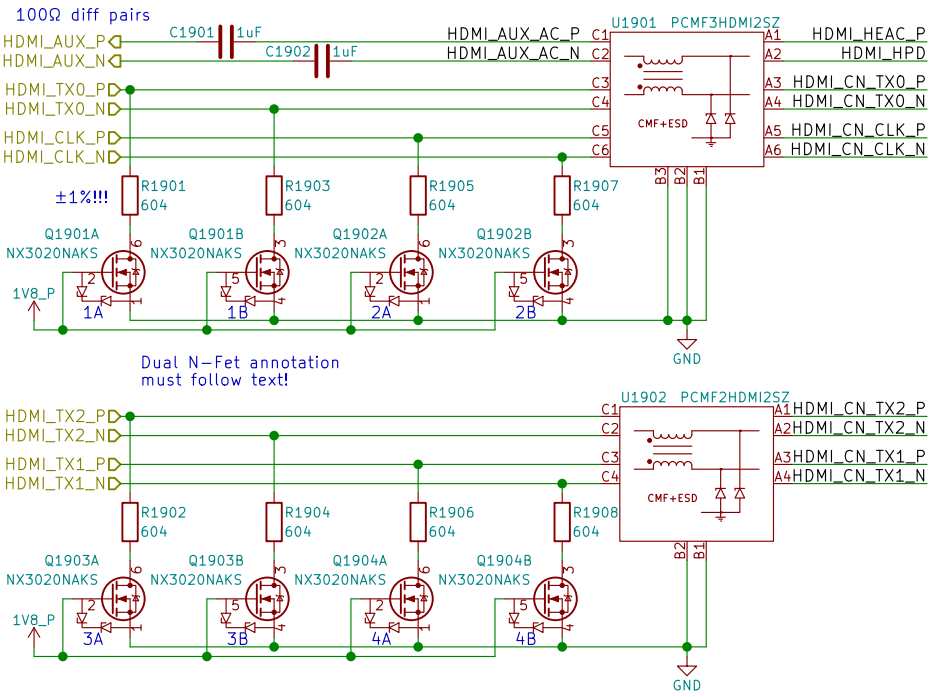
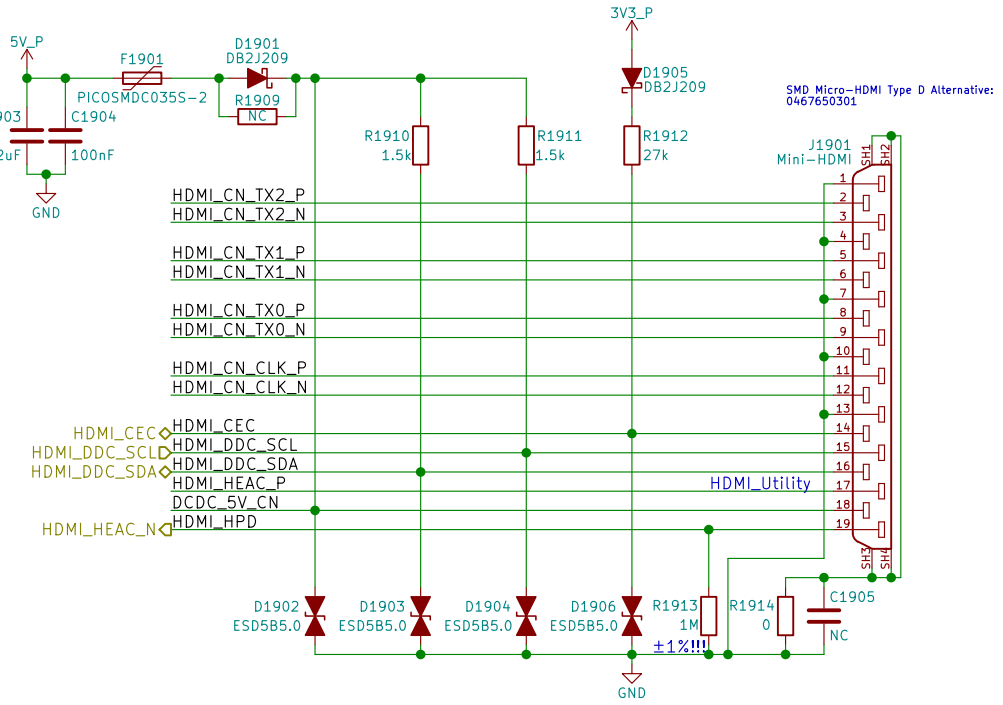
Sheet: /WLAN+BT M.2/
File: wifi_bt_m2.sch

Size: A4 | Date: 2018-08-14 | **Rev: v0.1.0**
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0 | Id: 18/24

TUSB546A-DCI can be used for HDMI over USB-C

HDMI





HDMI

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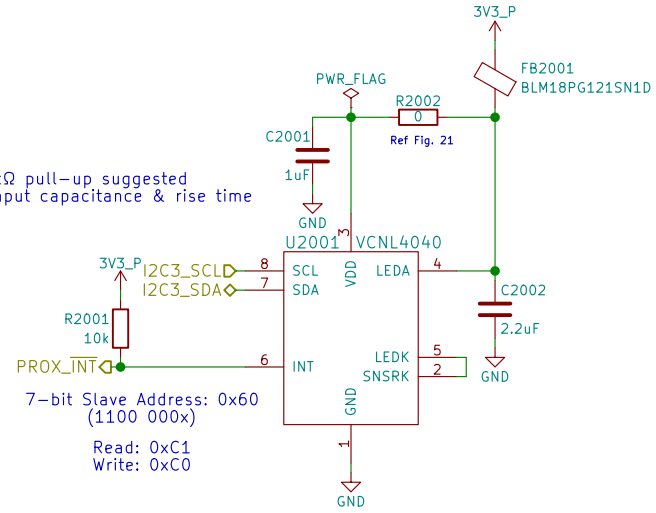
Sheet: /HDMI/
File: hdmi.sch

Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0		Id: 19/24

Sensors

Proximity & Ambient Light



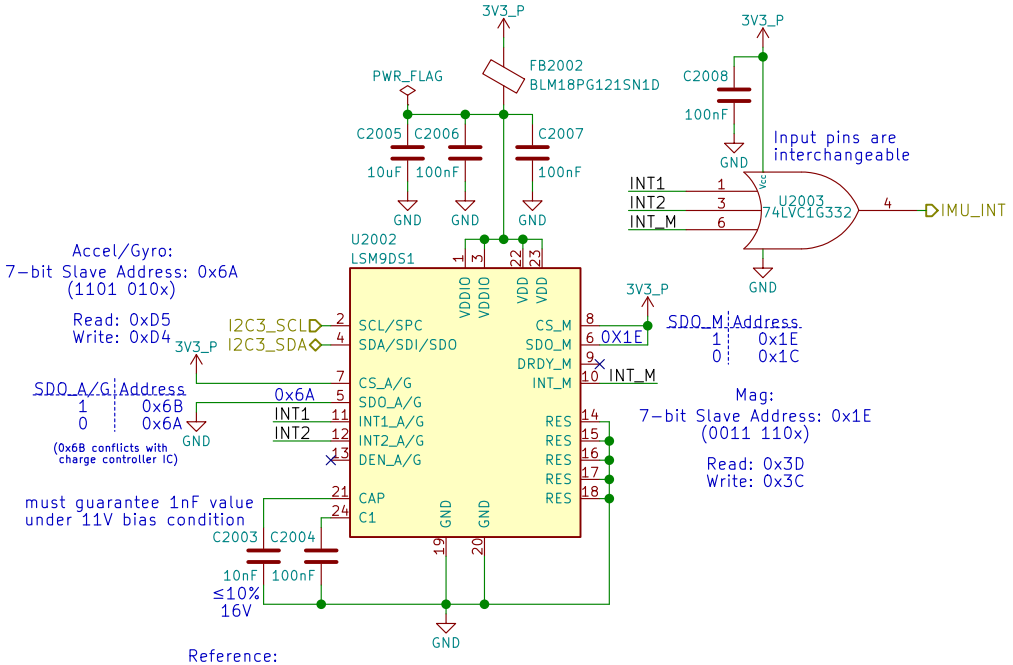
Note:
I2C 2.2kΩ pull-up suggested
check input capacitance & rise time

7-bit Slave Address: 0x60
(1100 000x)

Read: 0xC1
Write: 0xC0

Reference:
https://www.vishay.com/docs/84307/designingvcnl4040.pdf
http://www.vishay.com/docs/84931/vcnl4040sensorboardfiles.pdf

9-Axis IMU



Accel/Gyro:
7-bit Slave Address: 0x6A
(1101 010x)

Read: 0xD5
Write: 0xD4

Mag:
7-bit Slave Address: 0x1E
(0011 110x)

Read: 0x3D
Write: 0x3C

Reference:
http://www.st.com/en/evaluation-tools/steval-mki159v1.html

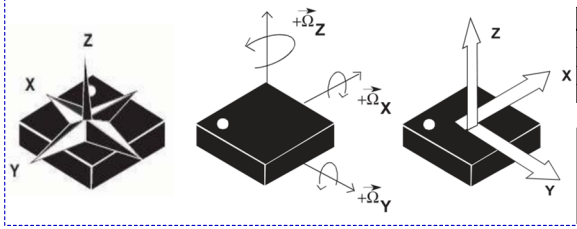


Table 19. Accelerometer and gyroscope SAD+Read/Write patterns

Command	SAD[6:1]	SAD[0] = SA0	R/W	SAD+R/W
Read	110101	0	1	11010101 (D5h)
Write	110101	0	0	11010100 (D4h)
Read	110101	1	1	11010111 (D7h)
Write	110101	1	0	11010110 (D6h)

Table 20. Magnetic sensor SAD+Read/Write patterns

Command	SAD[6:2]	SAD[1] = SDO/SA1	SAD[0]	R/W	SAD+R/W
Read	00111	0	0	1	00111001 (39h)
Write	00111	0	0	0	00111000 (38h)
Read	00111	1	0	1	00111101 (3Dh)
Write	00111	1	0	0	00111100 (3Ch)

Sensors

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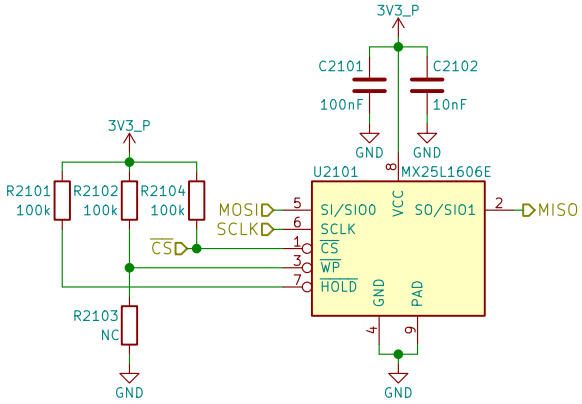
Sheet: /Sensors/
File: sensors.sch

Size: A4 | Date: 2018-08-14 | Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.0 | Id: 20/24

SPI NOR Flash



SPI NOR Flash		eric.kuzmenko@puri.sm angus.ainslie@puri.sm nicole.faerber@puri.sm christian.schilmoeller@puri.sm
Purism		
Copyright 2018 GNU GPLv3		
Sheet: /SPI Flash/ File: flash.sch		
Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	Rev: v0.1.0
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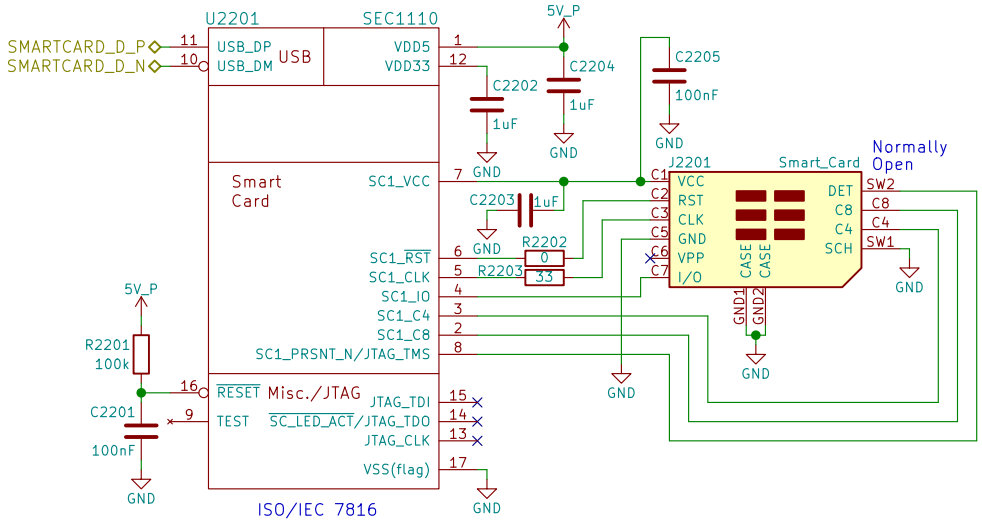
Smart Card



Reference:
http://www.microchip.com/DevelopmentTools/ProductDetails.aspx?PartNO=EVB-SEC1110

Smart Card

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Sheet: /Smart Card/
File: smartcard.sch

Size: A4 | Date: 2018-08-14 | **Rev: v0.1.0**
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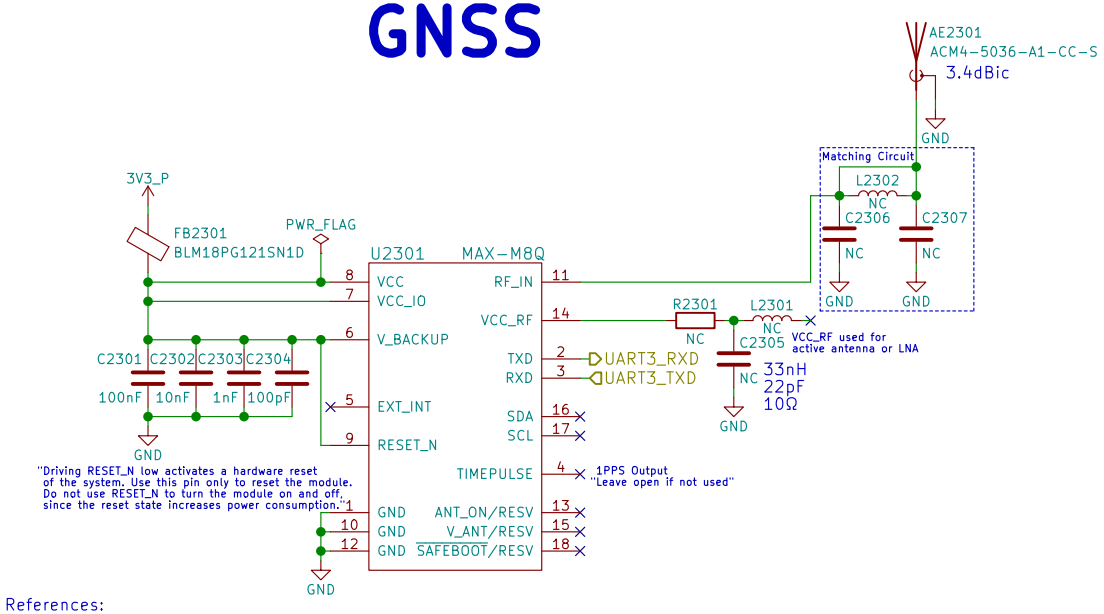
GNSS



References:
https://www.u-blox.com/sites/default/files/MAX-M8_HardwareIntegrationManual_%28UBX-13004876%29.pdf
https://www.u-blox.com/sites/default/files/MAX-8-M8-FW3_HardwareIntegrationManual_%28UBX-15030059%29.pdf

GNSS

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File: gnss.sch

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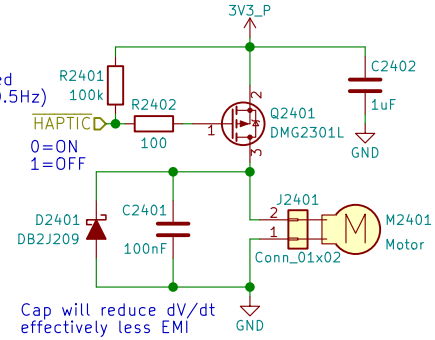
Haptic Motor

PWM pins occupied:
GPIO1_IO01 – LCD Backlight
GPIO1_IO13 – LED
GPIO1_IO14 – Ethernet (CLKO_25MHz)
GPIO1_IO15 – CSI (CLKO2)

PWM needed?
Only needs to be toggled
ON 1 sec, OFF 1 sec (0.5Hz)

Can MUX as either
GPIO or PWM2
swapping with LED



Cap will reduce dV/dt
effectively less EMI

When the motor is off
both terminals are at GND

Motor will have wire leads
with a 2-pin Molex or Boom Precision
connector installed (by request)

Metal housing is floating
thick adhesive layer underneath
(not connected to either pin)

Haptic/Vibration Motor

Purism

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File: haptic.sch

Size: A4	Date: 2018-08-14	**Rev: v0.1.0**
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