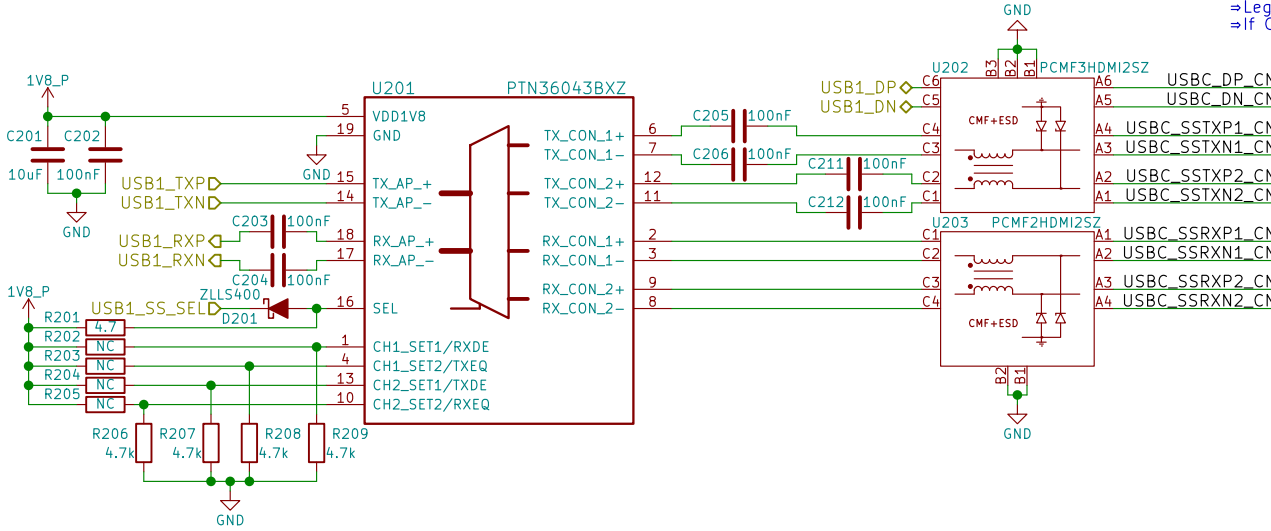
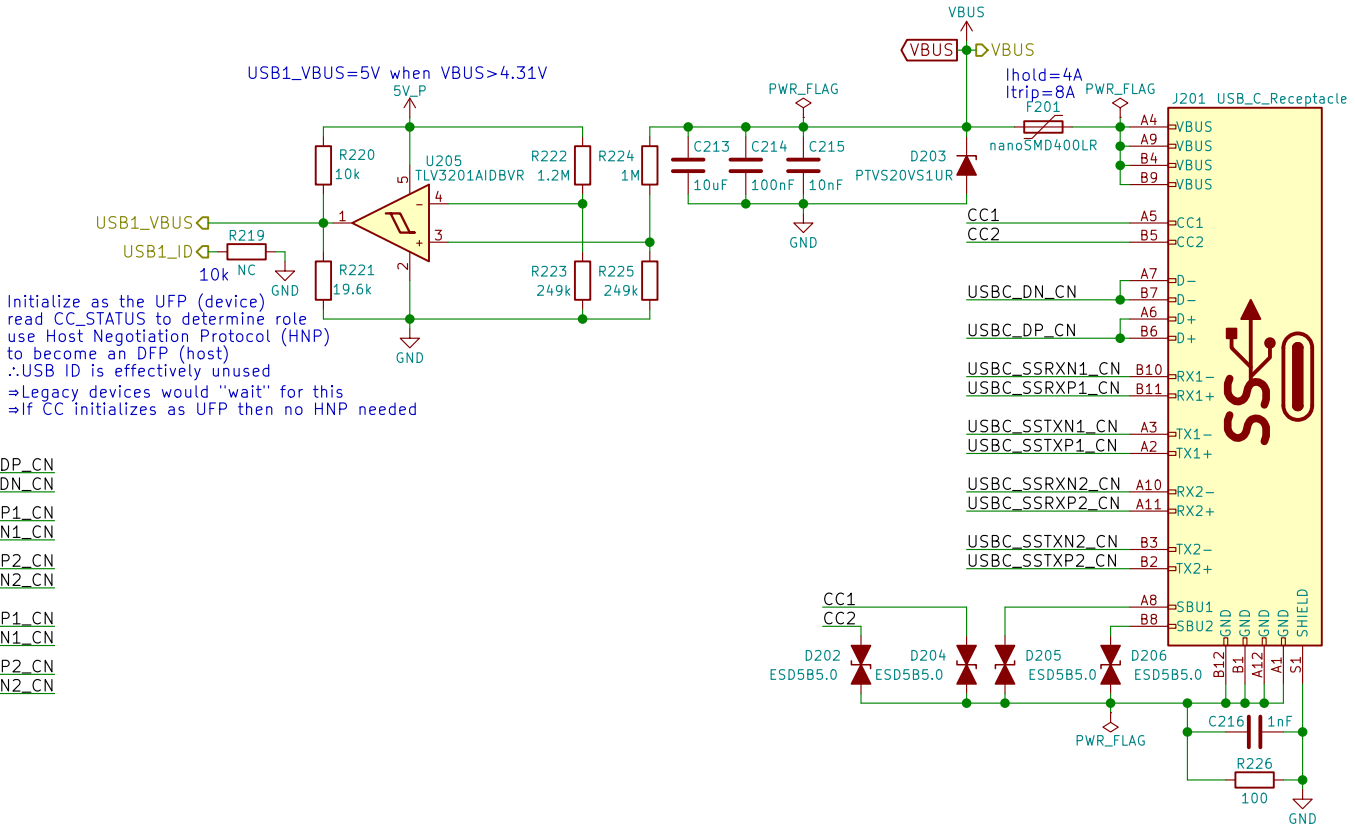
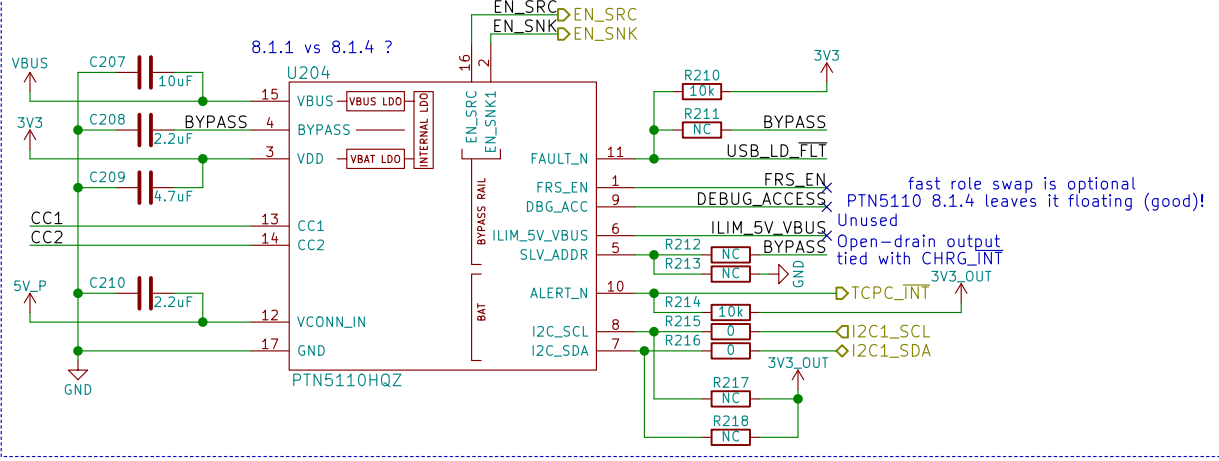


USB-C Config Channel (CC) and PD Role Controller



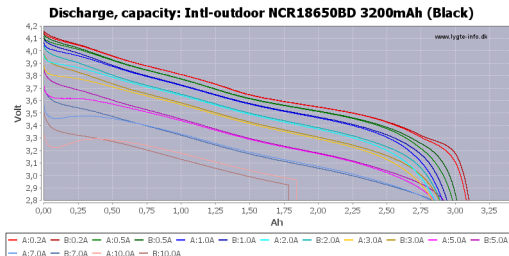
GNU GPLv3
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Purism SPC

Sheet: /USB-C,
File: usb-c.sch

Title: USB Type C

Size: A3	Date: 2018-05-18
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7	

Rev: v0.1.0
Id: 2/20



(interpret RSOC% based on this plot)

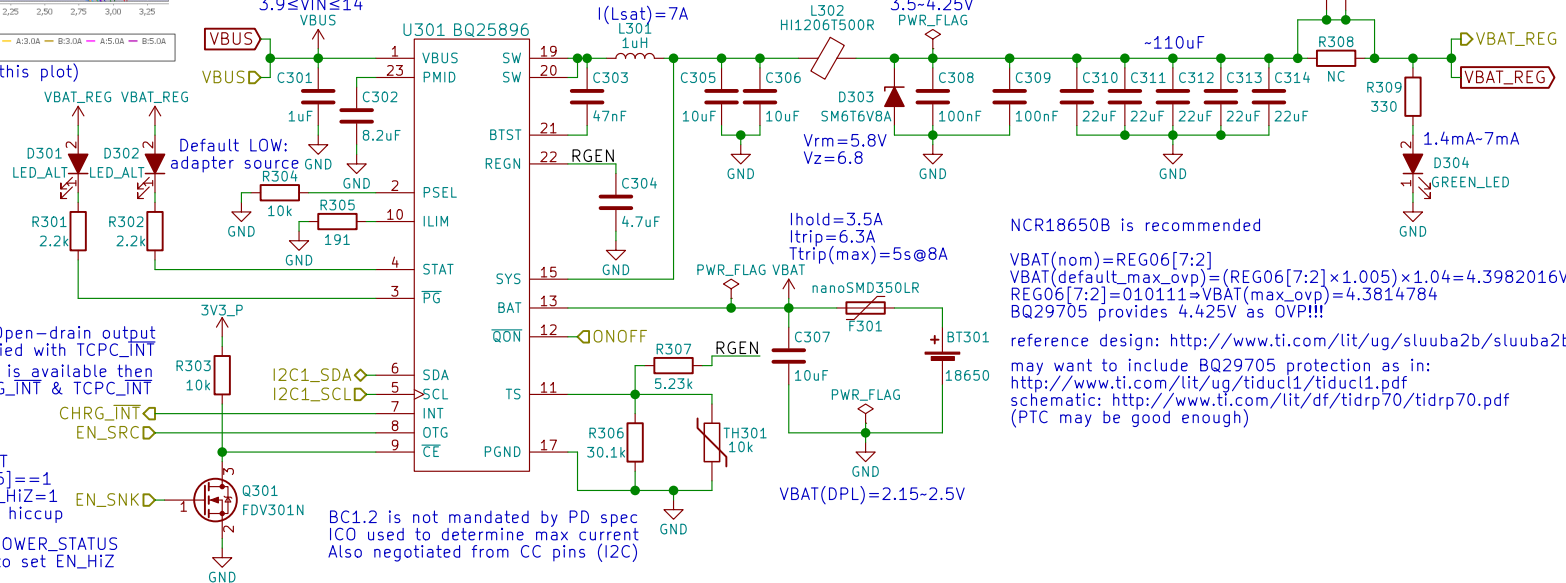
use AUTO_DPDM_EN
to auto-detect IINLIM

$$1.658 \leq I_{LIM} \leq 2.063$$

$$I_{LIM}(nom) \approx 1.859$$

$$3.9 \leq V_{IN} \leq 14$$

Battery Charge Controller



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Sheet: /Battery/

File: battery.sch

Title: Battery

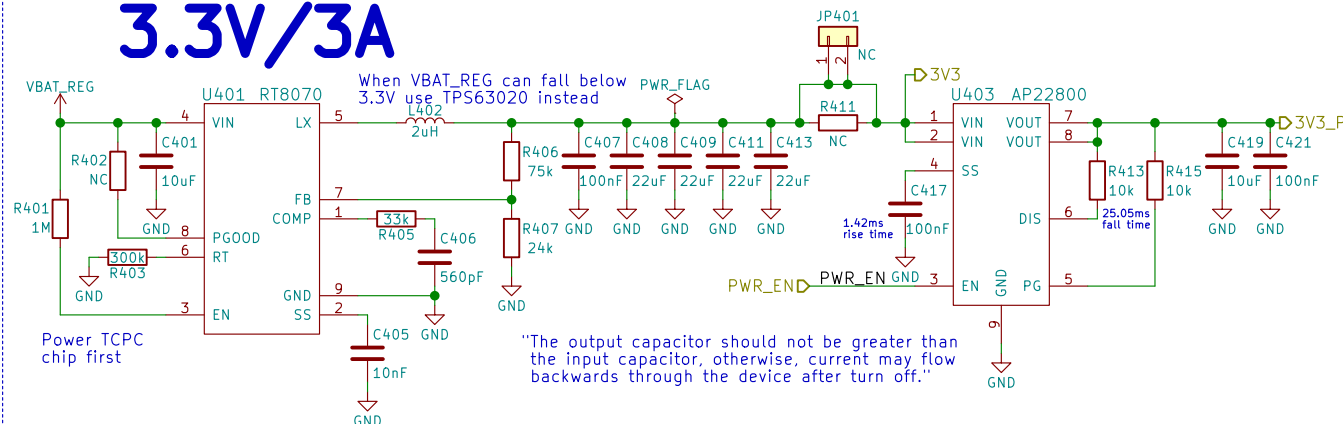
Size: A4 Date: 2018-05-18

KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7

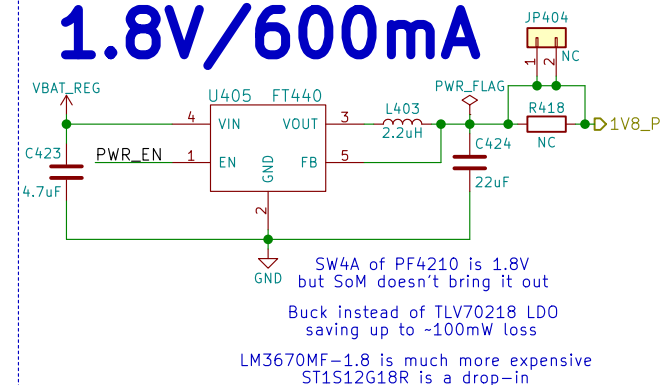
Rev: v0.1.0

Id: 3/20

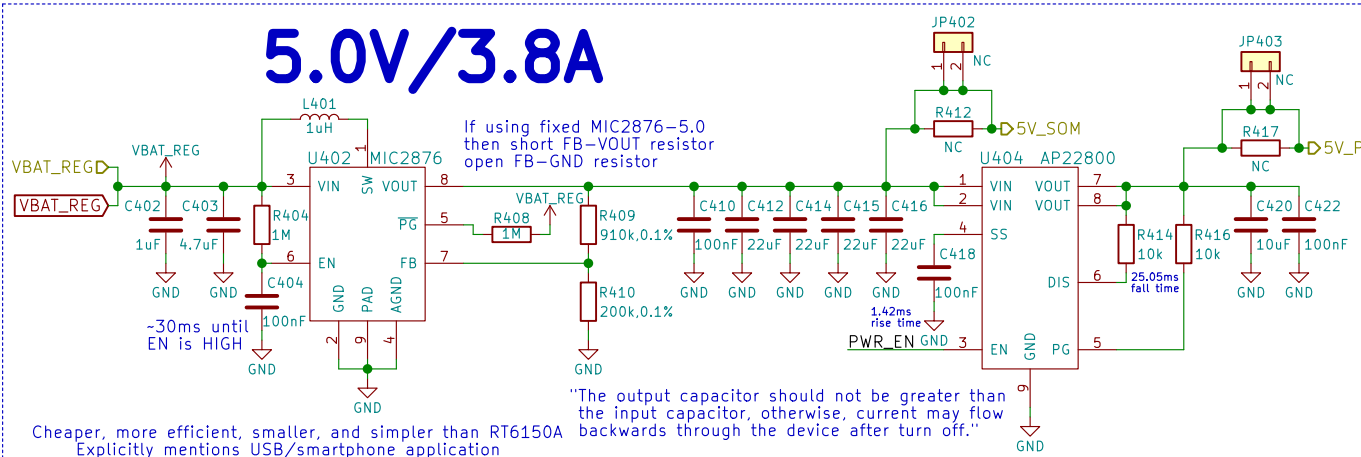
3.3V/3A



1.8V/600mA



5.0V/3.8A



TODO:
add parallel 100nF bulk caps!
& spread all over the power plane

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Sheet: /Power/
File: power.sch

Title: Power

Size: A4 Date: 2018-05-18
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7

Rev: v0.1.0
Id: 4/20

BOOT_CFG04: 0 - 1-bit SD bus
1 - 4-bit SD bus (pull-up DATA1-3?)

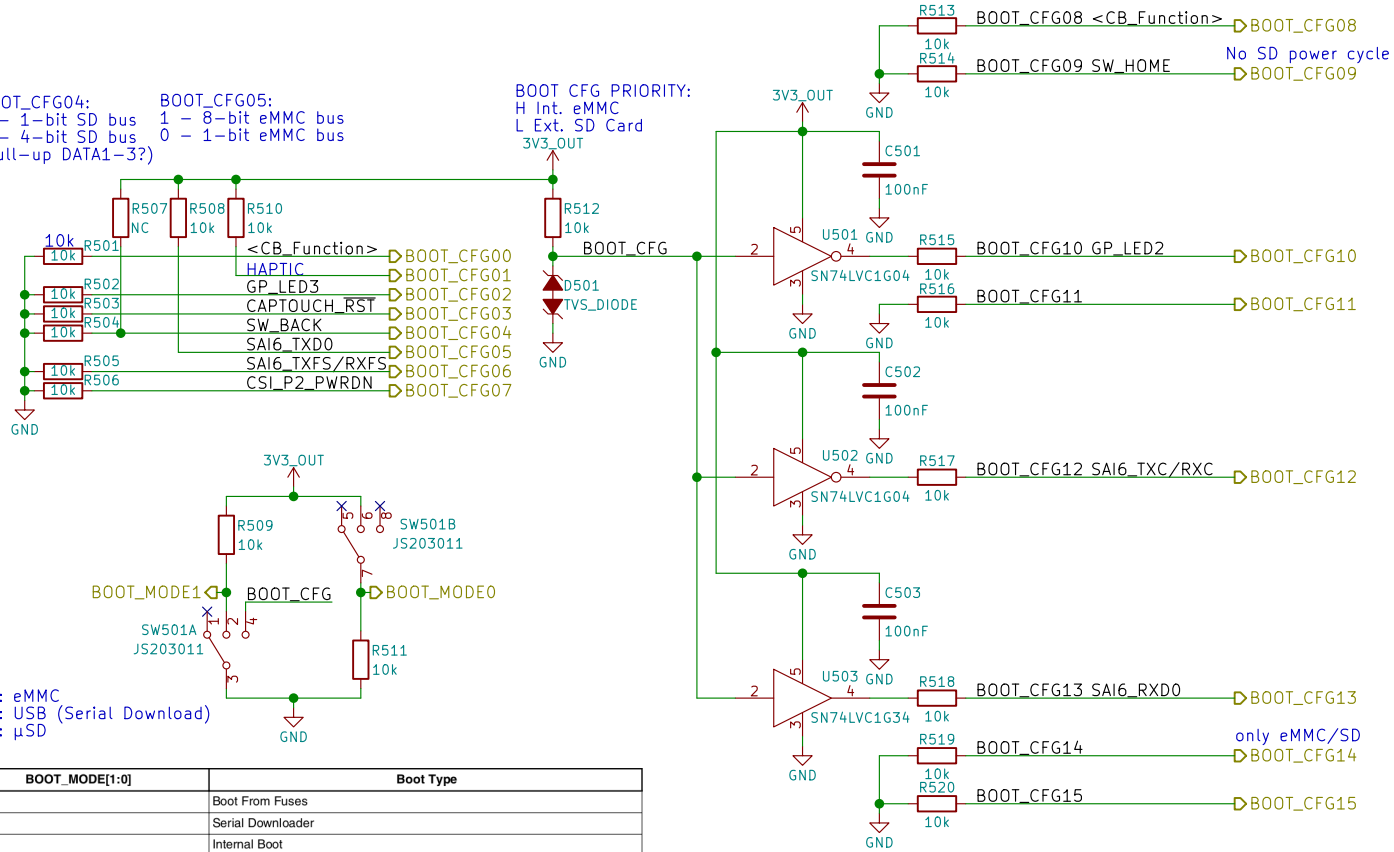
BOOT_CFG05: 1 - 8-bit eMMC bus
0 - 1-bit eMMC bus

BOOT CFG PRIORITY:
H Int. eMMC
L Ext. SD Card

3->1: eMMC
3->2: USB (Serial Download)
3->4: µSD

BOOT_MODE[1:0]	Boot Type
00	Boot From Fuses
01	Serial Downloader
10	Internal Boot
11	Reserved

BOOT_CFG[14:12]		Boot device			
001		SD/eSD			
010		MMC/eMMC			
011		NAND			
Fuse	Config	Definition	GPIO ¹	Shipped value	Settings
BOOT_CFG[11:10]	OEM	USDHC port selection	Yes	00	00 - USDHC-1 01 - USDHC-2 10 - USDHC-3 else - reserved



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Sheet: /Boot Config/
File: boot.sch

Title: Boot Configuration

Size: A4	Date: 2018-05-18	Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7		Id: 5/20



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Sheet: /UART Debug/
File: uart.sch

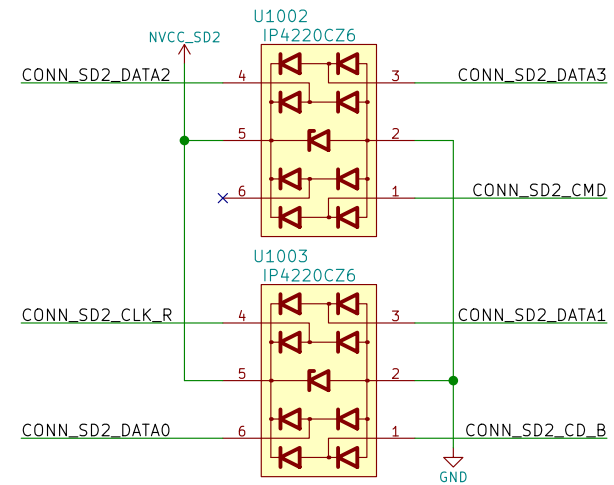
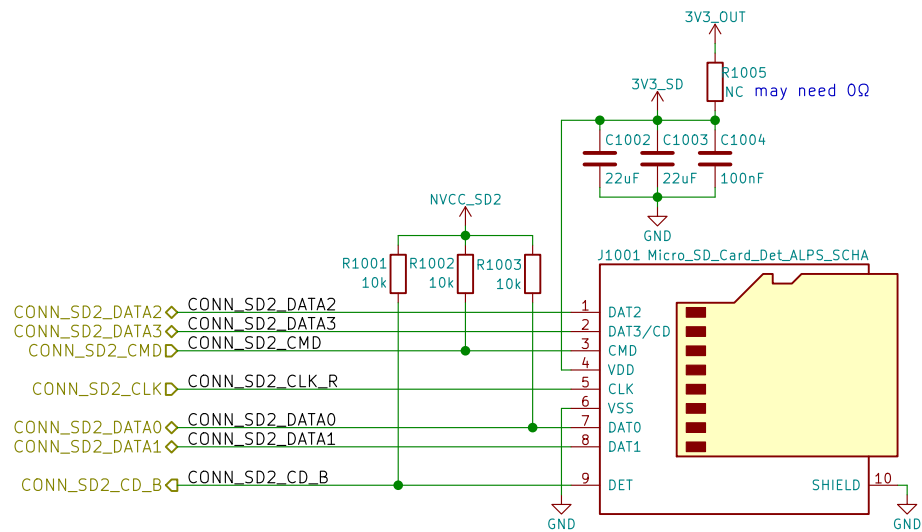
Title: UART Debug

Size: A4 Date: 2018-05-18

KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7

Rev: v0.1.0

Id: 7/20



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Purism SPC

Sheet: /uSD Card/

File: sd.sch

Title: uSD Card

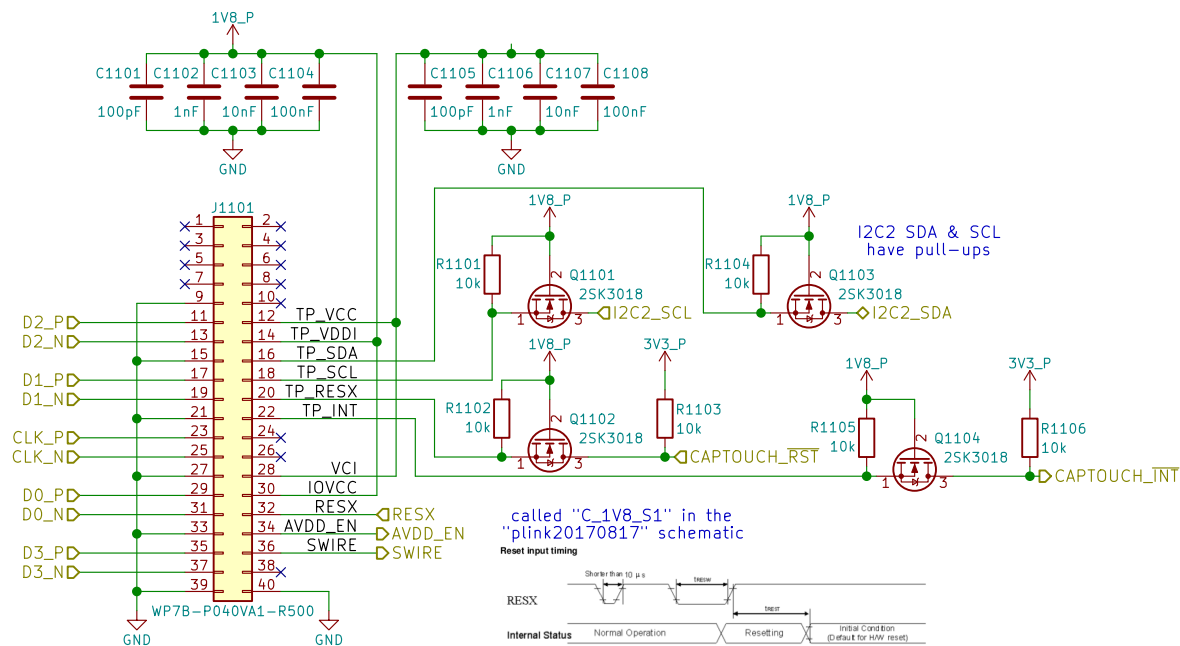
Size: A4 Date: 2018-05-18

KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7

Rev: v0.1.0

Id: 10/20

TODO:
ensure power sequence is satisfied
based on the display used



TODO: low power state signal??

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Sheet: /MIPI DSI/
File: mipi_dsi.sch

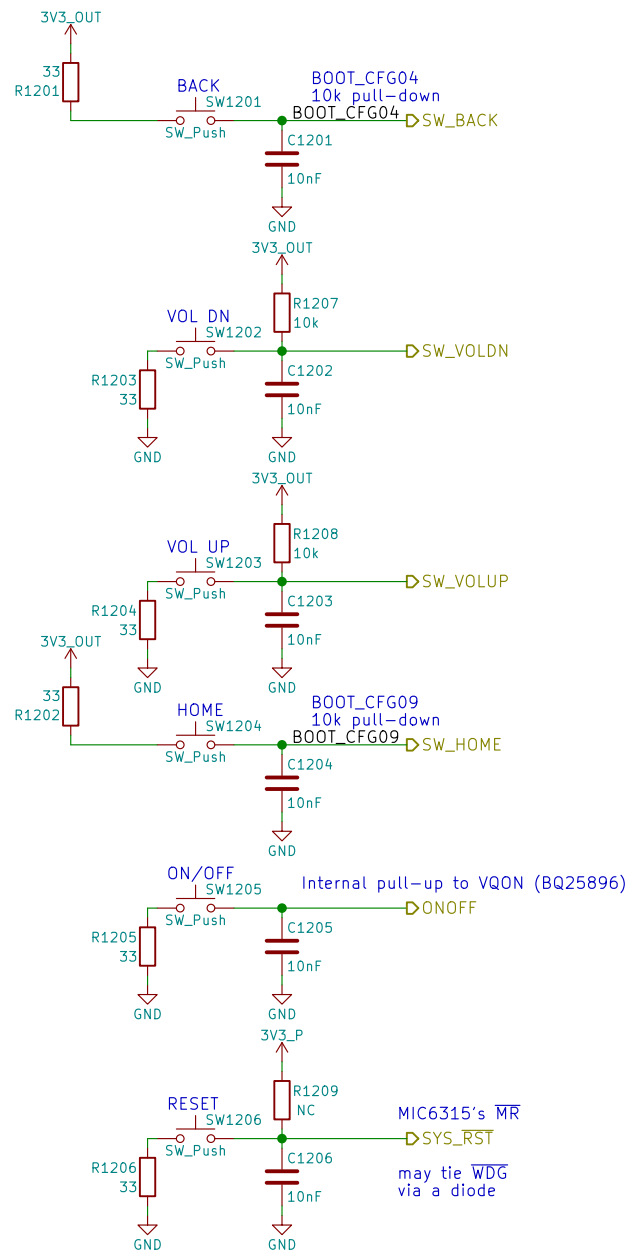
Title: MIPI DSI

Size: A4 Date: 2018-05-18

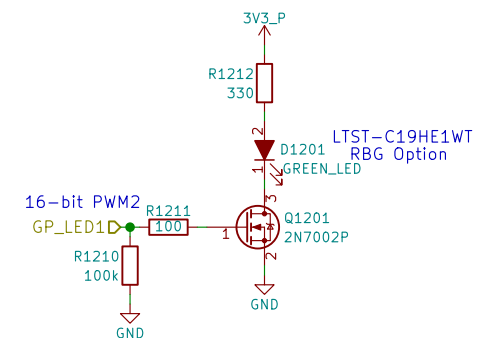
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7

Rev: v0.1.0

Id: 11/20



Use PWM2_PWMSAR to set the compare value (duty cycle)
 Use PWM2_PWMCR[15:4] to set the PRESCALER (frequency)
 Use PWM2_PWMPR to set the top of the counter (frequency)



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Sheet: /Buttons & LED/
 File: buttons_led.sch

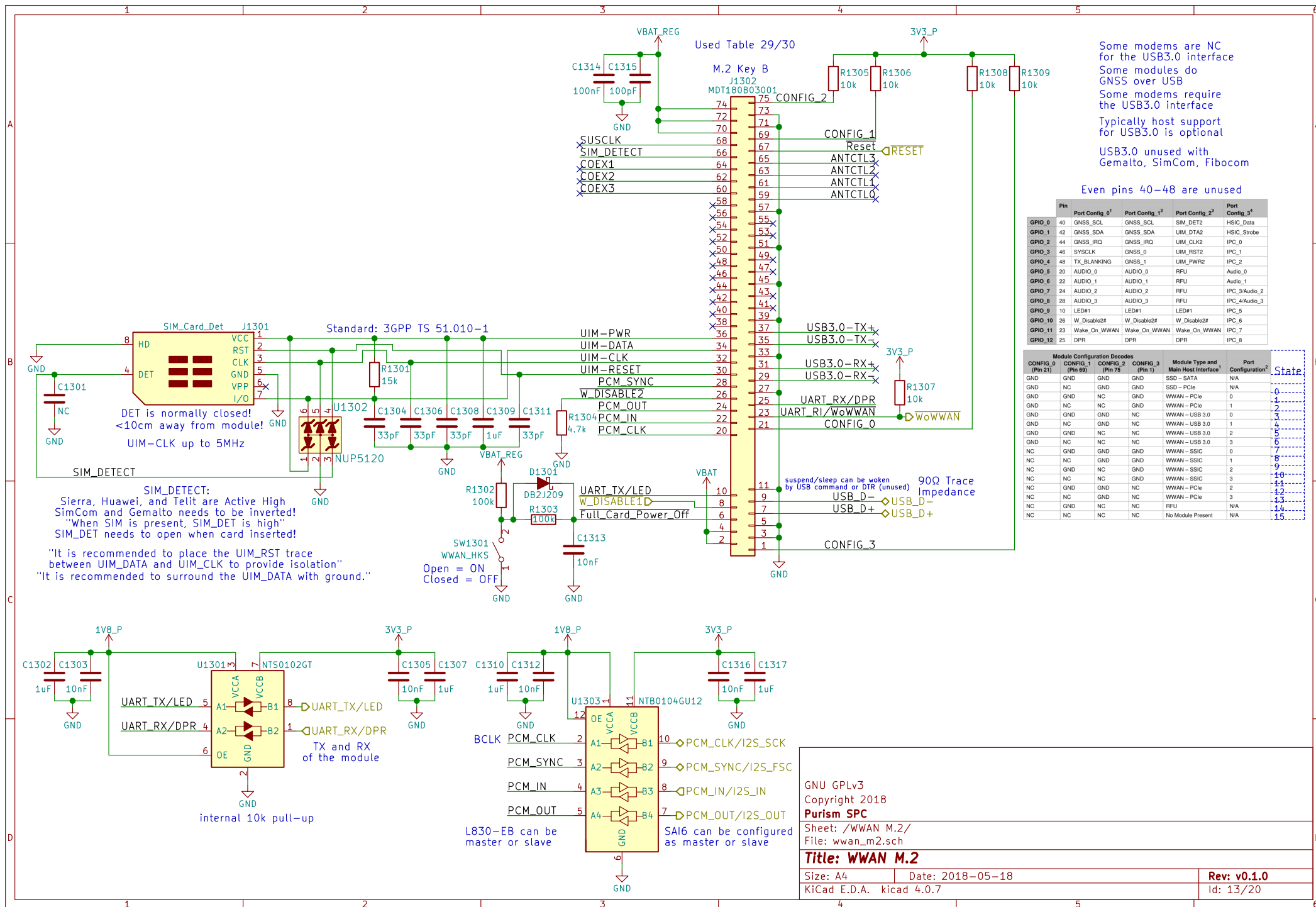
Title: Buttons & LED

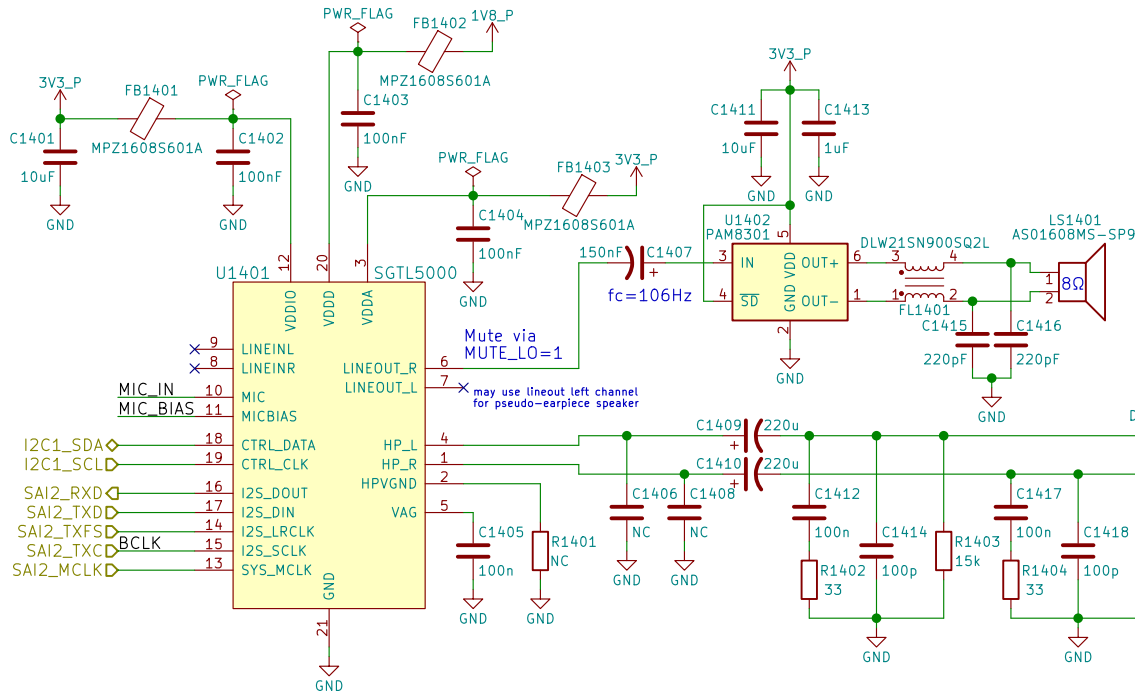
Size: A4 Date: 2018-05-18

KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7

Rev: v0.1.0

Id: 12/20





Reference:
http://www.52rd.com/S_txt/2011_3/TXT26685.htm
<http://www.sengpielaudio.com/calculator-transferfactor.htm>
<https://electronics.stackexchange.com/questions/31442/how-can-i-switch-this-audio-jack-using-its-own-mechanical-switches-without-crc>
 (Nitt6 does the same)
 +Zener diode to protect against ranges outside of -0.9V to 3.3V

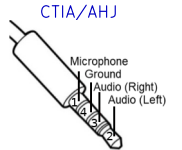
dB specs in datasheet is a unit of power gain (not dBu or VU)
 with respect to the DAC's unattenuated output

"HP Output - 62.5mW max, 1.02kHz sine into 16Ω load at 3.3 V"
 $\Rightarrow (1V)^2 / (16\Omega) = 62.5mW$
 $\therefore V_{rms} = 1V \Rightarrow V_p(\text{amplitude}) = 1.414V$
 $\therefore I_{rms}(\text{max}) = 62.5mA$

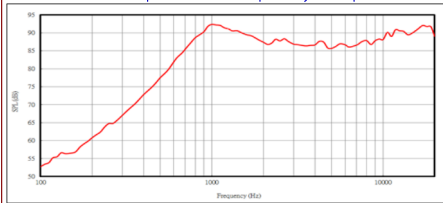
If HP_DET is HIGH for >100ms then HPs are present

S/E button on earbud headsets
 shorts the mic for key function

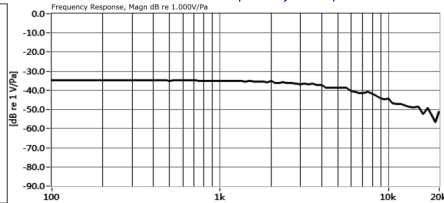
Could use FSA8008 to detect mic



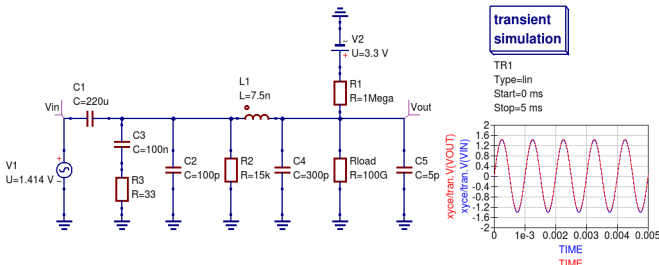
Built-In Speaker's Frequency Response:



Built-In Mic's Frequency Response:

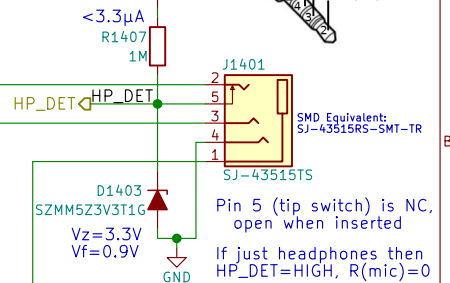


Simulation of HP_DET @ 1kHz output
 without HP jack inserted:



LCR Measurements:

Earbud Microphone: @1kHz	Headset Speaker: @1kHz	Earbud Speaker: @1kHz
LS = 3.844mH	LS = 244.4uH	LS = 25.2uH
LP = 15.757H	LP = 141.99mH	LP = 311.0mH
CS = 6.583uF	CS = 103.6uF	CS = 1.0mF
CP = 1612.8pF	CP = 178.77nF	CP = 81.95nF
RS = 1.5465kOhms	RS = 36.86Ohms	RS = 17.030Ohms
RP = 1.5478kOhms	RP = 36.86Ohms	RP = 17.034Ohms
θ = -0.8deg	θ = -2.3deg	θ = 0.5deg



-37dB=14.1254mV/Pa
 \therefore mic produces 14.1254mVrms when exposed to a
 1kHz tone of 94dB-SPL at the capsule
 (or 19.98mV amplitude)
 \Rightarrow 40dB gain would produce -2V amplitude (4Vpp, clipping)
 30dB gain would produce -0.632V amplitude (1.264Vpp)
 38.33dB gain would yield 3.3Vpp

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Sheet: /Audio/
 File: audio.sch

Title: Audio

Size: A4 Date: 2018-05-18

KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7

Rev: v0.1.0

Id: 14/20

RGMII 10/100/1000 Ethernet

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Purism SPC
Sheet: /Ethernet/
File: ethernet.sch

Title: Ethernet

Size: A4	Date: 2018-05-18	Rev: v0.1.0
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7		Id: 15/20

Id: 15/20

RS9116 NC:
RTS, CTS, BT_HOST_WAKE

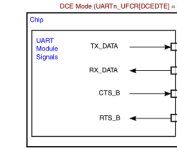
RS9116 datasheet says
no WIFI_WAKE
but the schematic has it

RedPine RS9116 MB0
Requires 5V on
Pin 54 for USB!

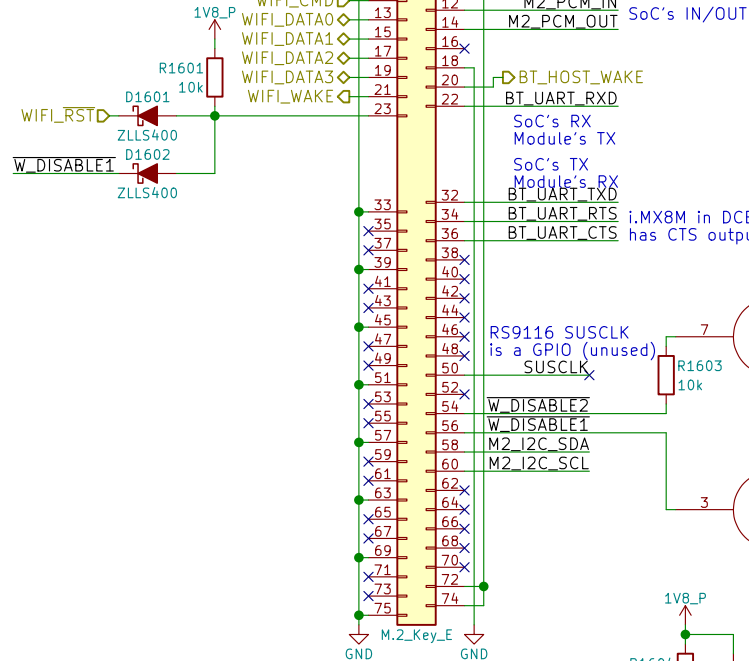
Module: Table 23
Socket: Table 46

6.2 M.2 Signal Directions

UARTn_UFCR[DCEDTE]=0 on POR



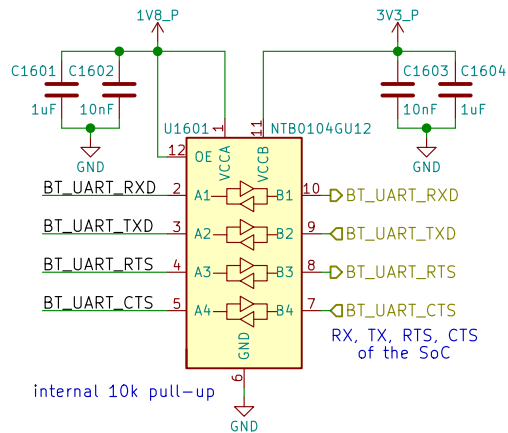
TX output
RX input
CTS output
RTS input
→ TX→RX
RX→TX
CTS→CTS
RTS→RTS



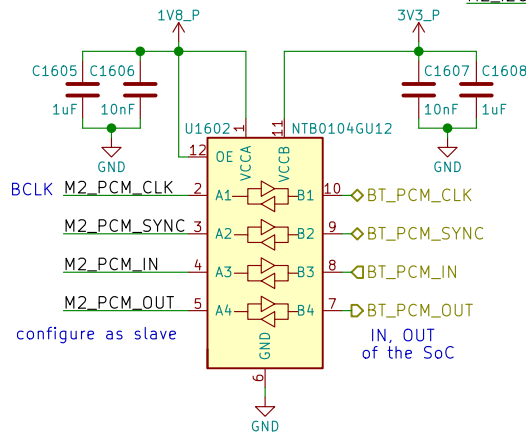
i.MX8M in DCE mode (POR state)
has CTS output, RTS input

Note:
Dual 2-input AND much more
available and cheaper than NOR

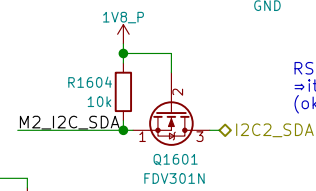
TODO:
Pin 54 on RS9116 is USB_VBUS Sink!!!



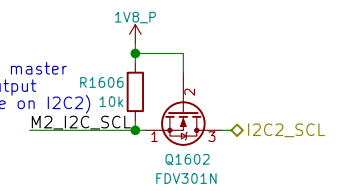
internal 10k pull-up



configure as slave



RS9116 is an I2C master
=its SCL is an output
(ok bc only device on I2C2)



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Purism SPC

Sheet: /WLAN+BT M.2/
File: wifi_bt_m2.sch

Title: WLAN+BT M.2

Size: A4 Date: 2018-05-18

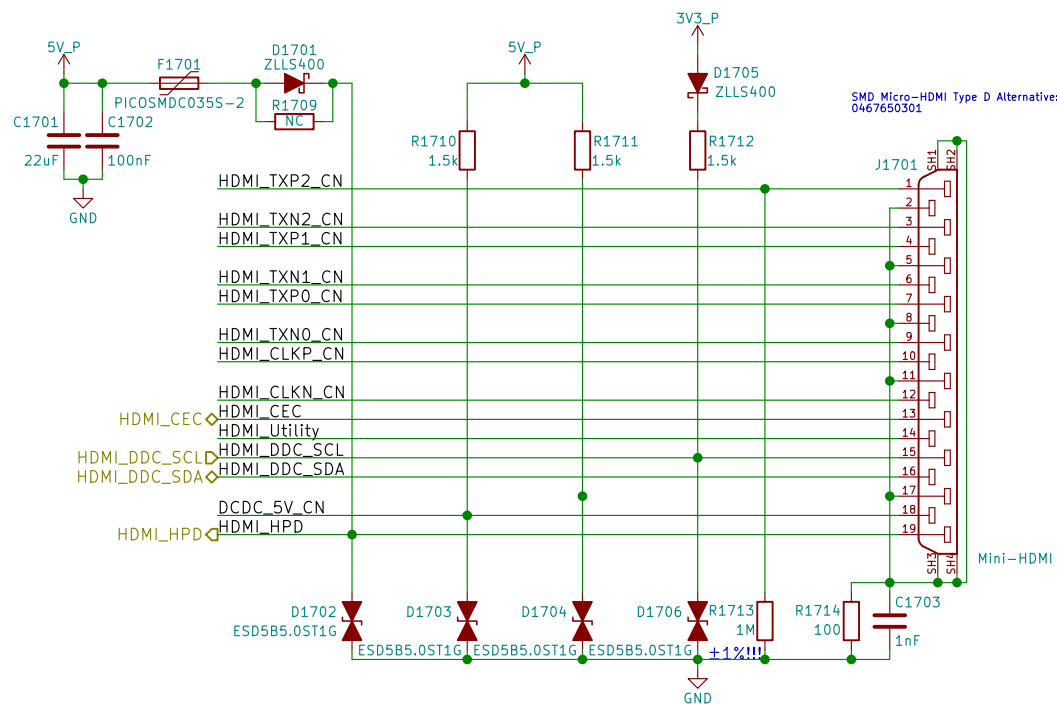
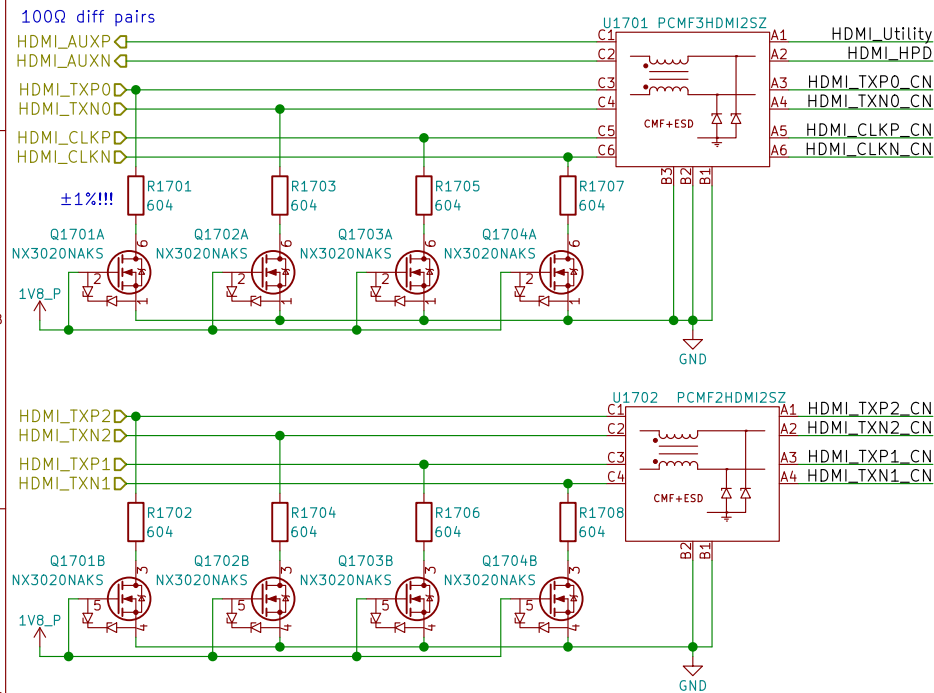
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7

Rev: v0.1.0

Id: 16/20

HD3SS460 can be used for DP over USB-C

Layout Note:
May need swap some signals
due to micro-HDMI pinout diff
depending on pin location/routing



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Purism SPC

Sheet: /HDMI/
File: hdmi.sch

Title: HDMI

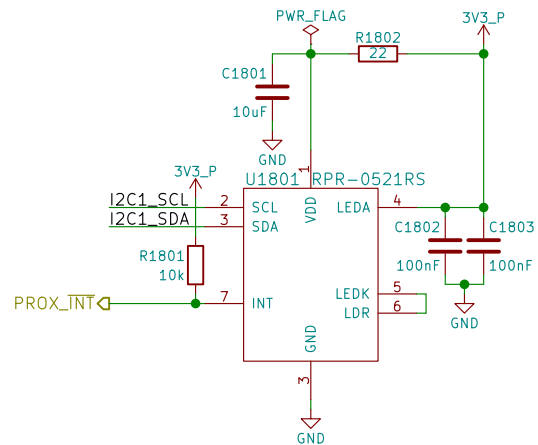
Size: A4	Date: 2018-05-18
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KiCad E.D.A.	kicad 4.0.7
--------------	-------------

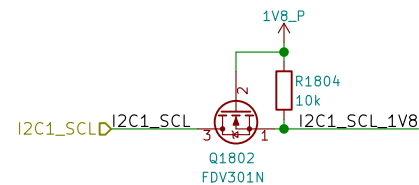
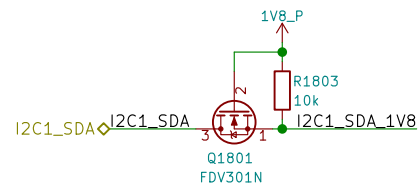
Rev: v0.1.0

Id: 17/20

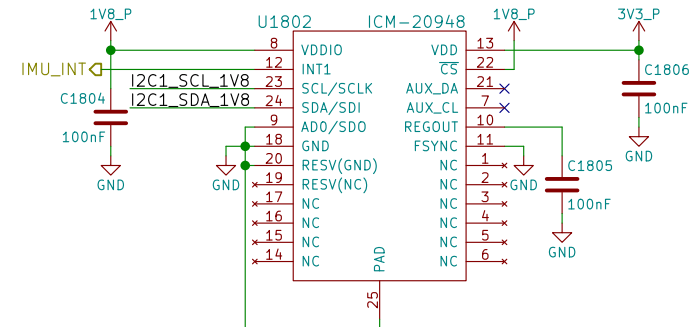
Proximity & Ambient Light



Reference:
<http://www.rohm.com/web/global/sensor-shield-support/ps-als-sensor>



9-Axis IMU



Reference:
<https://store.invensense.com/datasheets/invensense/AN-IVS-0001EVB-00%20v1%202.pdf>

AD0 sets the slave address's LSB (110100X)

INT1_ACTL sets if IMU_INT is active-high or active-low

"FSYNC - Connect to GND if unused"

I2C's VIH=1.8V

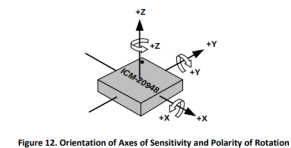


Figure 12. Orientation of Axes of Sensitivity and Polarity of Rotation

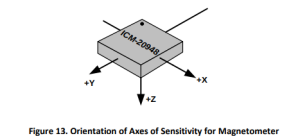


Figure 13. Orientation of Axes of Sensitivity for Magnetometer

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Purism SPC

Sheet: /Sensors/
 File: sensors.sch

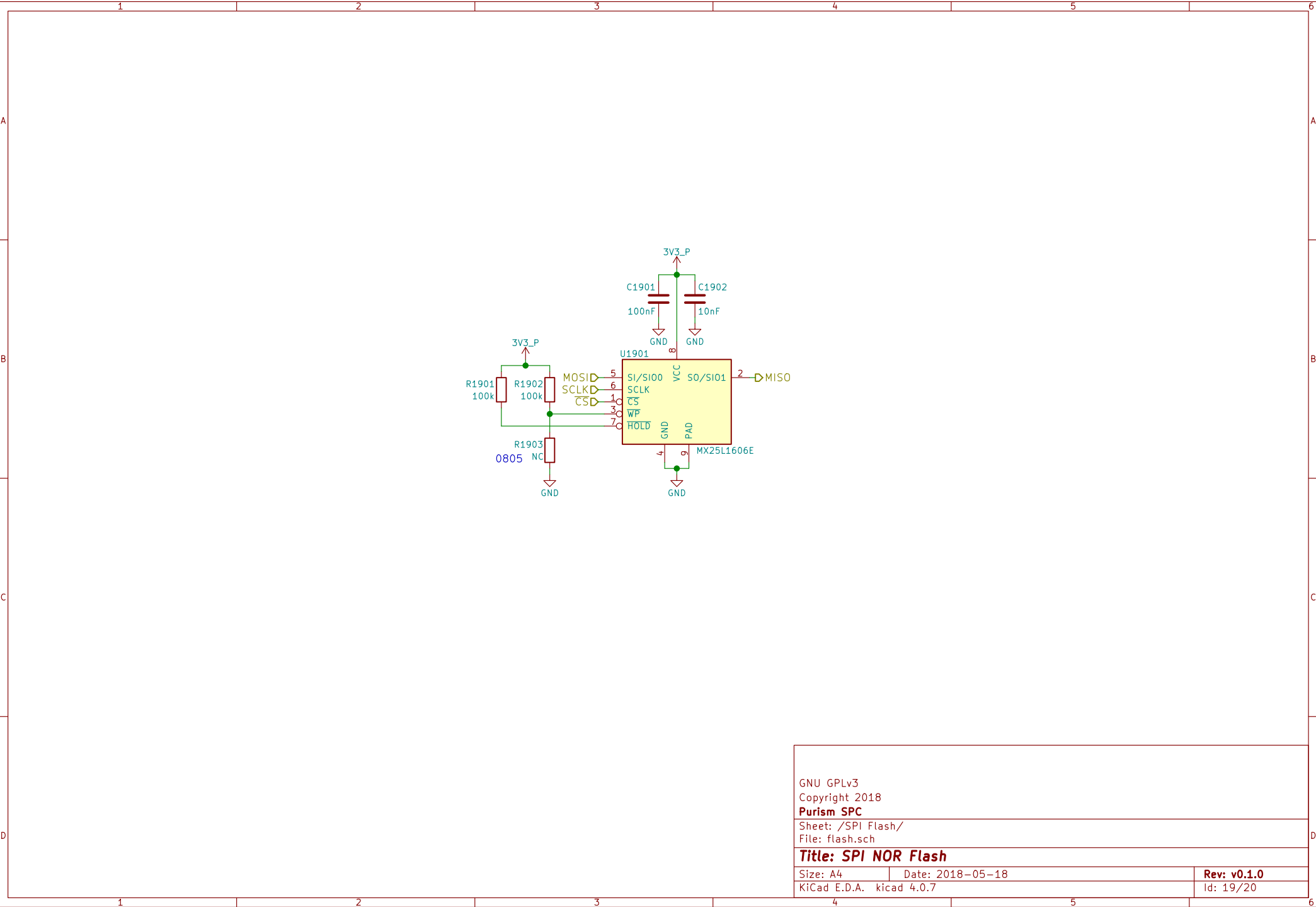
Title: Sensors

Size: A4 Date: 2018-05-18

KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7

Rev: v0.1.0

Id: 18/20



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Purism SPC

Sheet: /SPI Flash/

File: flash.sch

Title: SPI NOR Flash

Size: A4

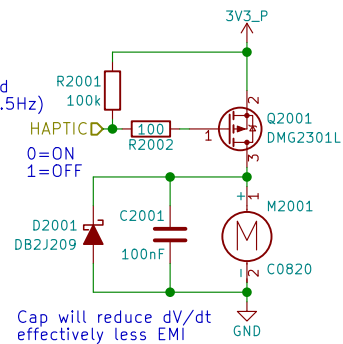
Date: 2018-05-18

Rev: v0.1.0

KiCad E.D.A. kicad 4.0.7

Id: 19/20

PWM needed?
Only needs to be toggled
ON 1 sec, OFF 1 sec (0.5Hz)
Can MUX as either GPIO or PWM2
swapping with LED



When the motor is off
both terminals are at GND

Motor will have wire leads
with a 2-pin Molex or JST
connector installed (by request)!

Cap will reduce dV/dt
effectively less EMI

Motor Connector:
https://lcsc.com/product-detail/1-25T-Connectors_1-25T-1-2AW_C10832.html

Alibaba Alternative Motor:
https://www.alibaba.com/product-detail/Coin-motor-vibration-dc-motor-cellphone_1994583657.html?spm=a2700.8443308.0.0.5aa13e5f1wxHgs

Purism SPC

Title: Haptic/Vibration Motor

Rev: v0.1.0

Id: 20/20