



UNIVERSITEIT VAN AMSTERDAM

Software Construction

2018

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raincode



People involved



Vadim Zaytsev



Ana-Maria Oprescu

What this course is about

- You all know programming, right?
- But what is **good** code?
- How to *reason* about good code?
- What is *beautiful* code?
- Think about it.

What this course is *not* about

- Data structures
- Algorithms
- Programming language X
- Paradigm X (though: OO)
- GUI programming
- Web applications
- Concurrency
- Software languages
- Performance
- Graphics programming
- Mathematics
- Computational complexity
- ...

Uncle Bob*

Why is there a software craftsmanship movement? What motivated it? What drives it now? One thing; and one thing only.

We are tired of writing crap.

That's it.

This course is *not* about the software craftsmanship movement...

This course **is** about **not** writing crap.

*Robert Martin, <http://blog.cleancoder.com/uncle-bob/2011/01/17/software-craftsmanship-is-about.html>

Representative books



Learning goals

- Create good low level designs
- Produce clean, readable code
- Reflect upon techniques, patterns, guidelines etc.
- Assess the quality of code
- Apply state of the art software construction tools

**Program
something
hard**

(new techniques,
concepts, tools)

**dev
tools**

(refactoring, smells, design,
separation of concerns, etc.)

**Relentless focus
on quality**

Words to live by (during this course)

- Quality comes first
- Be your own worst critic
- Refactor mercilessly
- Aim to become code literati
- Better to read code than to write code
- If it works, it's not good enough

Words to live by (during this course)

- If it works, it's not good enough

A large orange shape on the left side of the slide, resembling a stylized arrow or a decorative element.

Words to live by (during this course)

If it works, it's not good enough

Words to live by (during this course)

If it works, it's not good enough

A large, solid orange shape on the left side of the slide, resembling a stylized arrow or a decorative element.

If it works,
it's not
good
enough

Suspend your disbelief



Why

Fact 41

Maintenance typically consumes 40 to 80 percent (average, 60 percent) of software costs. Therefore, it is probably the most important life cycle phase of software.

Facts and Fallacies of Software Engineering



Robert L. Glass
Foreword by Alan M. Davis

Why

Fact 44

Understanding the existing product: this task consumes roughly 30 percent of the total maintenance time and is the dominant maintenance activity. Thus it is possible to claim that maintenance is a more difficult task than development.

Facts and Fallacies of Software Engineering



Robert L. Glass
Foreword by Alan M. Davis

Why

Fact 21

For every 25 percent increase in problem complexity, there is a 100 percent increase in complexity of the software solution. That's not a condition to try to change (even though reducing complexity is always a desirable thing to do); that's just the way it is.

Facts and Fallacies of Software Engineering



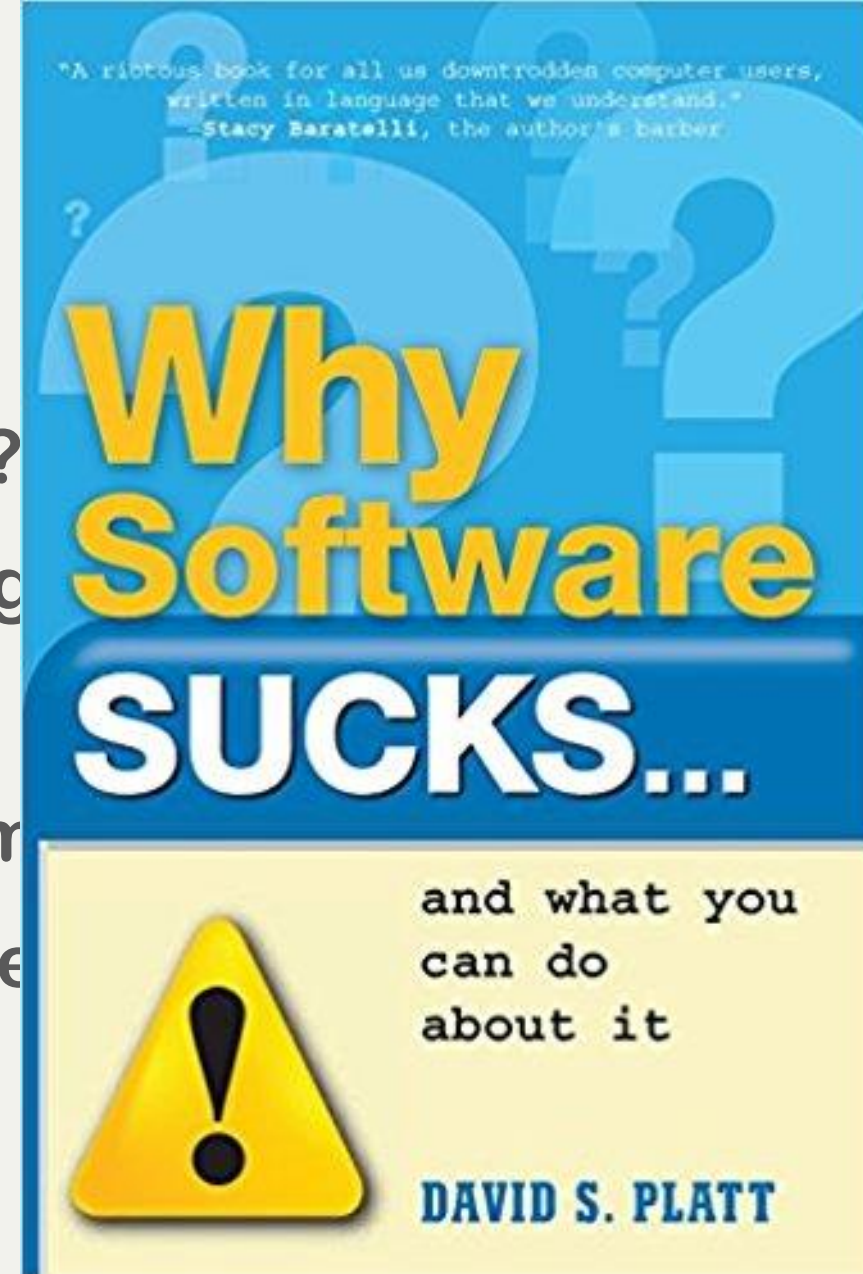
Robert L. Glass
Foreword by Alan M. Davis

Related whys

- [SE] Why estimations are difficult and wrong?
 - because our solutions are more complex than problems
- [RE] Why is there a requirements explosion?
 - because explicit is the 25% and implicit is the 100%
- [ST] Why is 100% test coverage insufficient?
 - because complexity leads to errors coverage cannot trap
- [SC] Why are there different solutions to the same problem?
 - because the solution space more is complex than the problem space

Related whys

- Why reuse-in-the-large unsuccessful?
- Why is code review the best bug fixing
- Why are designs seldom optimised?
- Why does maintenance consume so m
- Why advocacy is more common than e
- Why software sucks?
 - because the devil is in the details



Because

- Software Evolution
 - Software Architecture
 - Software Process
 - Software Testing
-
- All of the above try to mitigate problems introduced at **construction** time



Time for a break



Course overview

- Lectures: every week on Wed morning
- Labs: exercise “not writing crap”
- Theory: papers + repo + book
- Exam: lectures + papers + repo + book

Lectures



Topics of the lectures

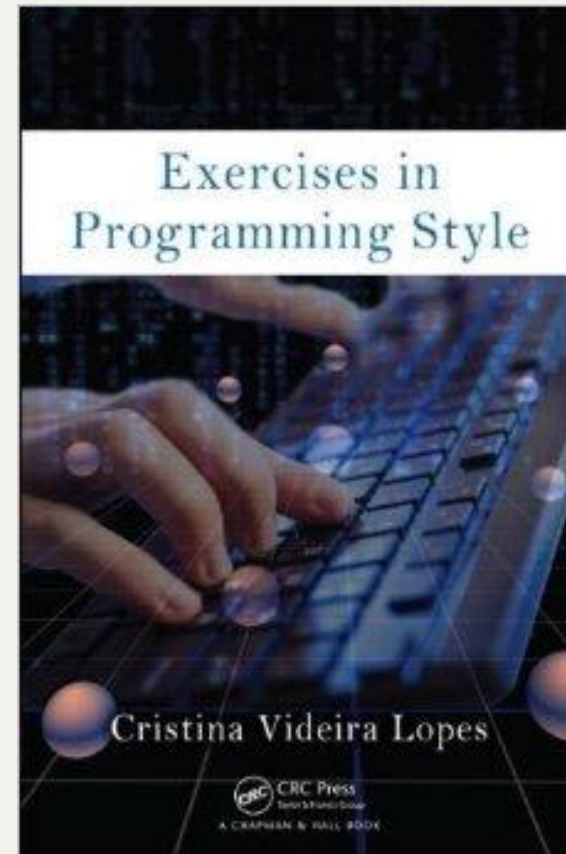
- Syntax analysis: grammars, parsers
- Programming styles, design principles etc.
- Code quality: tangling, scattering, duplication, smells, refactoring, layout
- Modularity: information hiding, separation of concerns, encapsulation, dependency
-

- Karl J. Lieberherr, Ian M. Holland, *Assuring Good Style for Object-Oriented Programs*, 1989, [LieberherrHolland89](#).
- D. L. Parnas, *On the criteria to be used in decomposing systems into modules*, 1972, [Parnas72](#)
- W. Wulf and Mary Shaw, *Global variable considered harmful*, 1973, [WulfShaw84](#).
- John Hughes, *Why functional programming matters*, 1990 [Hughes89](#)
- Robert C. Martin, *Design principles and design patterns*, [Martin00](#).
- Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides, *Design Patterns: Abstraction and Reuse of Object-Oriented Design*, ECOOP 93 [GammaEtAl93](#)
- Kent Beck and Martin Fowler, *Bad Smells in Code* (Chapter 3, *Refactoring*)
- Kent Beck, *A theory of programming*, (Chapter 3, *Implementation Patterns*)
- Kent Beck, *Aim, fire*, IEEE Software, [Beck01](#)
- Jeff Bay, *Object Calisthenics*, [Bay](#).
- Ward Cunningham, *The CHECKS Pattern Language of Information Integrity*, [checks](#)
- Kernighan, Plauger, *Programming Style: Examples and Counterexamples*, 1974 [kernighanPlauger](#)
- Gregor Kiczales, John Lamping, Anurag Mendhekar, Chris Maeda, Cristina Videira Lopes, Jean-Marc Loingtier, John Irwin, *Aspect-Oriented Programming*, [KiczalesEtAl97](#)
- James Noble, *Arguments and Results*, [Noble97](#)
- Rebecca Wirfs-Brock, Brian Wilkerson, *Object-Oriented Design: A Responsibility-Driven Approach*, [WirfsBrock89](#)

Syllabus

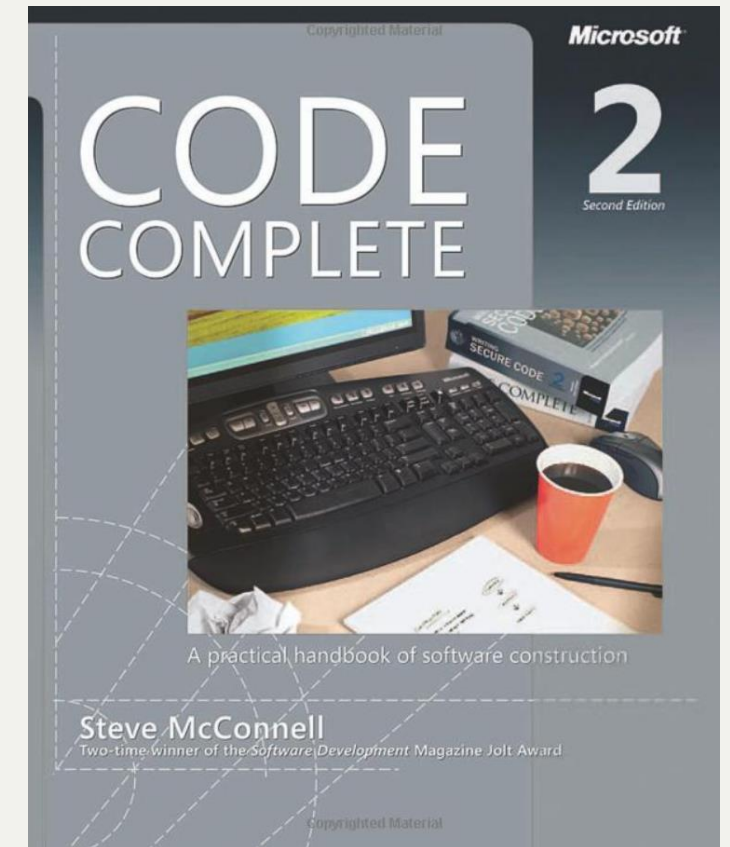
Exercises in Programming Style

- <https://github.com/crista/exercises-in-programming-style>
- Go through the repo
- (optionally) Read the book
- It will make you a better programmer
- Isolates design (how to formulate a solution)



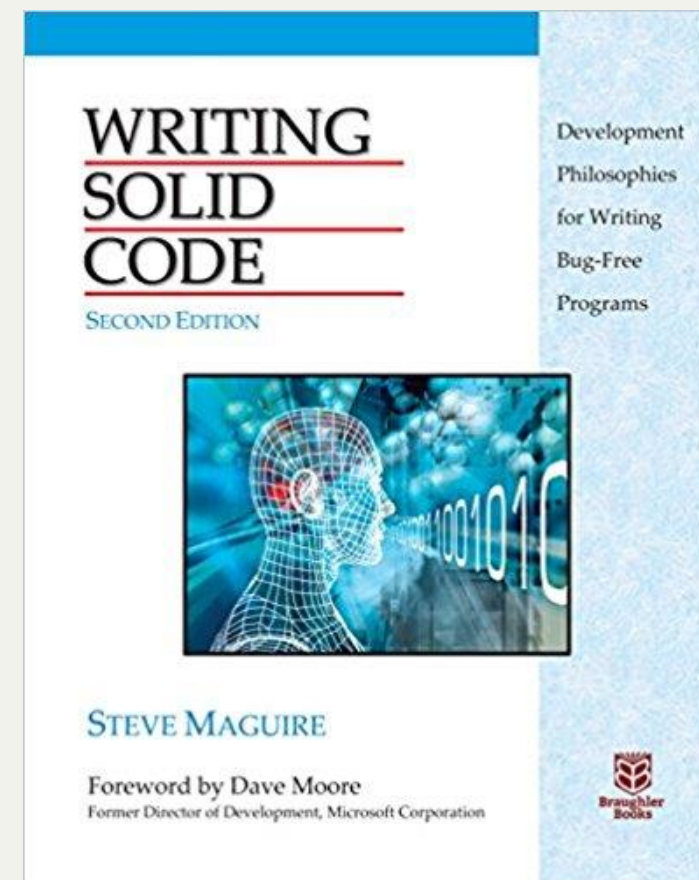
Code Complete

- (Was on the author's website, googleable)
- <https://ondemand.construx.com/online-course/code-complete-essentials/>
- Read the book



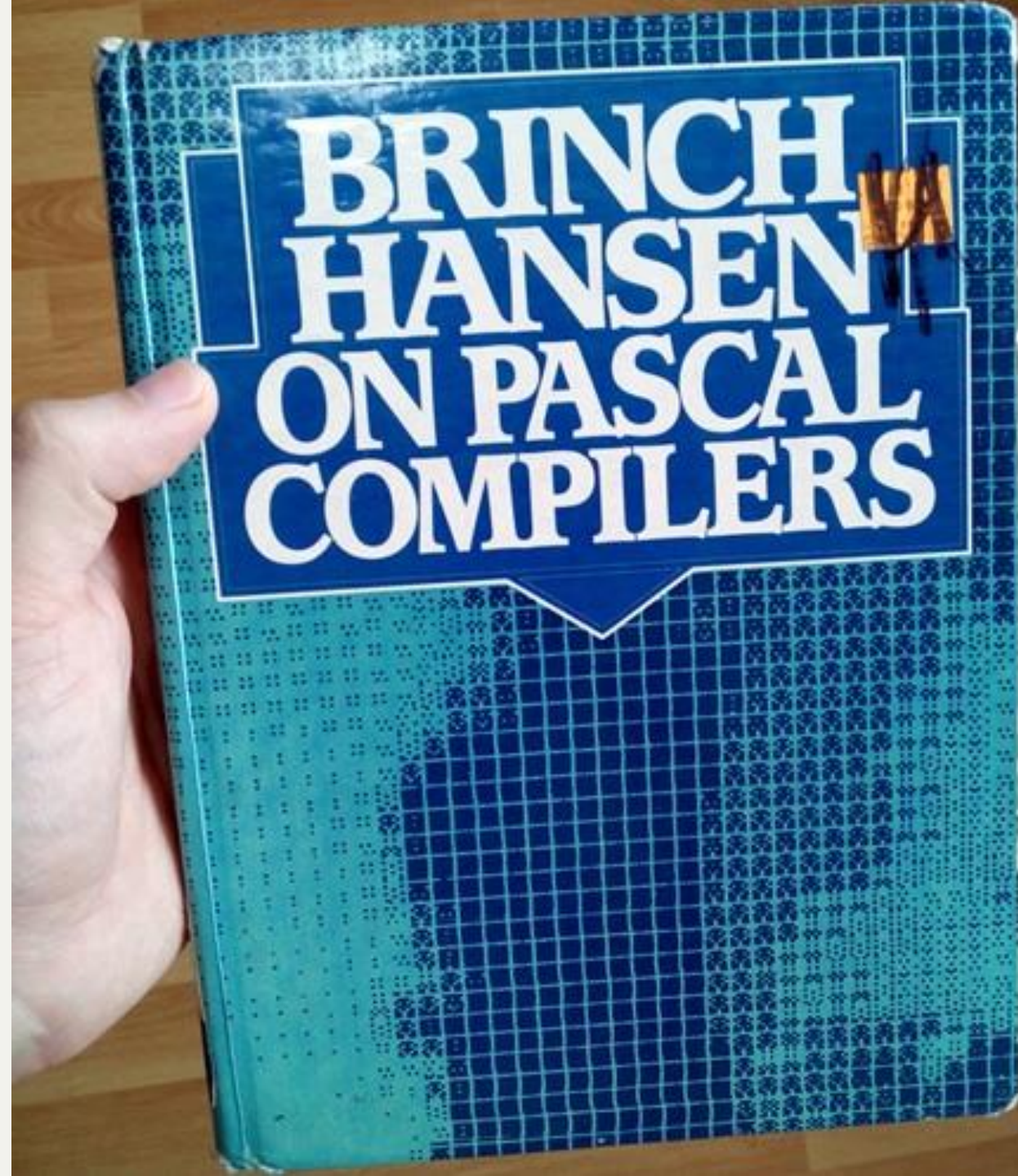
Backup: Writing Solid Code

- (Also googleable)
- Read the book



Lab assignment

“The compiler course is probably the only chance you will get as a student to write a realistic program of 1000 lines (or more) and make it work”



Lab assignment

Aangifte inkomstenbelasting 2010 – Persoonlijke gegevens

Persoonlijke gegevens

✓ Persoonlijke gegevens: Bla
✓ Persoonlijke gegevens: Blasa

✓ Box 1: werk en woning
Box 1: andere inkomsten
Box 1: uitgaven lijfrenten e.d.
Box 2: aanmerkelijk belang
Box 3: sparen en beleggen

Aftrekposten
Vrijstellingen en verminderingen
Bijzondere situaties
Te verrekenen bedragen

Heffingskortingen: Bla

Overzicht: Bla

Voorlopige aanslag 2011

Naar ondertekenen met DigiD

Naam: Bla
Telefoonnummer: 323
Burgerservicenummer/sofnnummer: 1430.95.067
Geboortedatum: 11-02-1979
Nummer belastingconsulent:
Hebt u van ons bericht ontvangen om aangifte te doen? ☐ Ja ☒ Nee
Wilt u een rekeningnummer opgeven of wijzigen? ☐ Ja ☒ Nee
Uw persoonlijke situatie in 2010: Een deel van 2010 getrou...
Periode dat u getrouwd was in 2010: 01-02 03-05
Woonde u voor of na deze periode samen met uw echtgenoot? ☐ Ja ☒ Nee
Willen u en uw echtgenoot heel 2010 als fiscale partners worden beschouwd? ☐ Ja ☒ Nee
Woonde u buiten de periode dat u getrouwd was nog met iemand anders samen? Bijvoorbeeld met uw kind van 27 jaar of ouder? ☐ Ja ☒ Nee

Akkoord

IB 602E - ZZ01FOL2A

Stoppen Instellingen Rekenmachine Help Printer Open bestand

Form 1040	Department of the Treasury—Internal Revenue Service (99)	U.S. Individual Income Tax Return	2012	OMB No. 1545-0074	IRS Use Only—Do not write or staple in this space.
For the year Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 2012, or other tax year beginning , 2012, ending , 20				See separate instructions.	
Your first name and initial		Last name		Your social security number	
If a joint return, spouse's first name and initial		Last name		Spouse's social security number	
Home address (number and street). If you have a P.O. box, see instructions.				Apt. no.	▲ Make sure the SSN(s) above and on line 6c are correct.
City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. If you have a foreign address, also complete spaces below (see instructions).					
Foreign country name		Foreign province/state/county		Foreign postal code	
Filing Status					
1 <input type="checkbox"/> Single					
2 <input type="checkbox"/> Married filing jointly (even if only one had income)					
3 <input type="checkbox"/> Married filing separately. Enter spouse's SSN above and full name here. ▶					
4 <input type="checkbox"/> Head of household (with qualifying person). (See instructions.) If the qualifying person is a child but not your dependent, enter this child's name here. ▶					
5 <input type="checkbox"/> Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child					
Check only one box.					
Exemptions					
6a <input type="checkbox"/> Yourself. If someone can claim you as a dependent, do not check box 6a.					
b <input type="checkbox"/> Spouse					
c Dependents:					
(1) First name		(2) Dependent's social security number		(3) Dependent's relationship to you	(4) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If child under age 17 qualifying for child tax credit (see instructions)
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>
If more than four dependents, see instructions and check here <input type="checkbox"/>					
d Total number of exemptions claimed					
Income					
7 Wages, salaries, tips, etc. Attach Form(s) W-2					
8a Taxable interest. Attach Schedule B if required					
b Tax-exempt interest. Do not include on line 8a					
9a Ordinary dividends. Attach Schedule B if required					
b Qualified dividends					
10 Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes					
11 Alimony received					
12 Business income or (loss). Attach Schedule C or C-EZ					
13 Capital gain or (loss). Attach Schedule D if required. If not required, check here <input type="checkbox"/>					
14 Other gains or (losses). Attach Form 4797					
15a IRA distributions					
16a Pensions and annuities					
17 Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, etc. Attach Schedule E					
18 Farm income or (loss). Attach Schedule F					
19 Unemployment compensation					
20a Social security benefits					
b Taxable amount					
21 Other income. List type and amount					
22 Combine the amounts in the far right column for lines 7 through 21. This is your total income ▶					
Adjusted Gross Income					
23 Reserved					
24 Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-basis government officials. Attach Form 2106 or 2106-EZ					
25 Health savings account deduction. Attach Form 8889					
26 Moving expenses. Attach Form 3903					
27 Deductible part of self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE					
28 Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans					
29 Self-employed health insurance deduction					
30 Penalty on early withdrawal of savings					
31a Alimony paid b Recipient's SSN ▶					
32 IRA deduction					
33 Student loan interest deduction					
34 Reserved					
35 Domestic production activities deduction. Attach Form 8803					
36 Add lines 23 through 35					
37 Subtract line 36 from line 22. This is your adjusted gross income ▶					

Part 1: Questionnaire Language (QL)

```
form taxOfficeExample {  
  "Did you sell a house in 2010?"  
  hasSoldHouse: boolean  
  "Did you buy a house in 2010?"  
  hasBoughtHouse: boolean  
  "Did you enter a loan?"  
  hasMaintLoan: boolean
```

**Describe the logic of
interactive questionnaires**

```
  if (hasSoldHouse) {  
    "What was the selling price?"  
    sellingPrice: money  
    "Private debts for the sold house:"  
    privateDebt: money  
    "Value residue:"  
    valueResidue: money =  
      (sellingPrice - privateDebt)  
  }  
}
```

- Did you sell a house in 2010?
☐
- Did you buy a house in 2010?
☐
- Did you enter a loan?
☒

- Did you sell a house in 2010?
☒
- Did you buy a house in 2010?
☐
- Did you enter a loan?
☒
- What was the selling price?
- Private debts for the sold house:
- Value residue:

```

stylesheet taxOfficeExample
  page Housing {
    section "Buying"
      question hasBoughtHouse
      widget checkbox
    section "Loaning"
      question hasMaintLoan
  }

  page Selling {
    section "Selling" {
      question hasSoldHouse
      widget radio("Yes", "No")
      section "You sold a house" {
        question sellingPrice
        widget spinbox
        question privateDebt
        widget spinbox
        question valueResidue
        default money {
          width: 400
          font: "Arial"
          fontsize: 14
          color: #999999
          widget spinbox
        }
      }
    }
  }
  default boolean widget radio("Yes", "No")
}

```

QLS

Language for styling questionnaires

Buying

Did you buy a house in 2010?

☒

Loaning

Did you enter a loan?

☐

Previous

Next

Selling

Did you sell a house in 2010?

☒

Yes

☐

No

You sold a house

What was the selling price?

232323

Private debts for the sold house:

12323

Value residue:

220000

Previous

Next

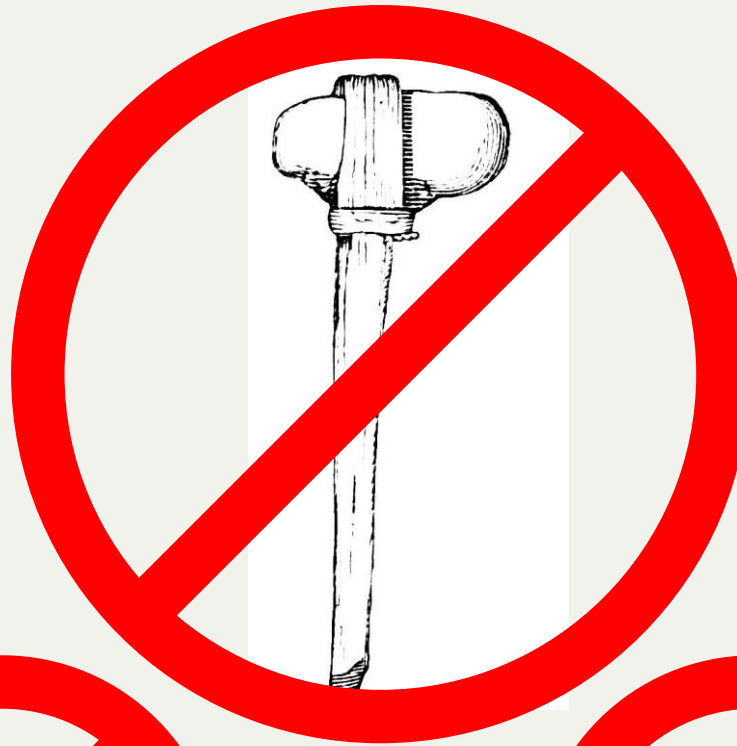
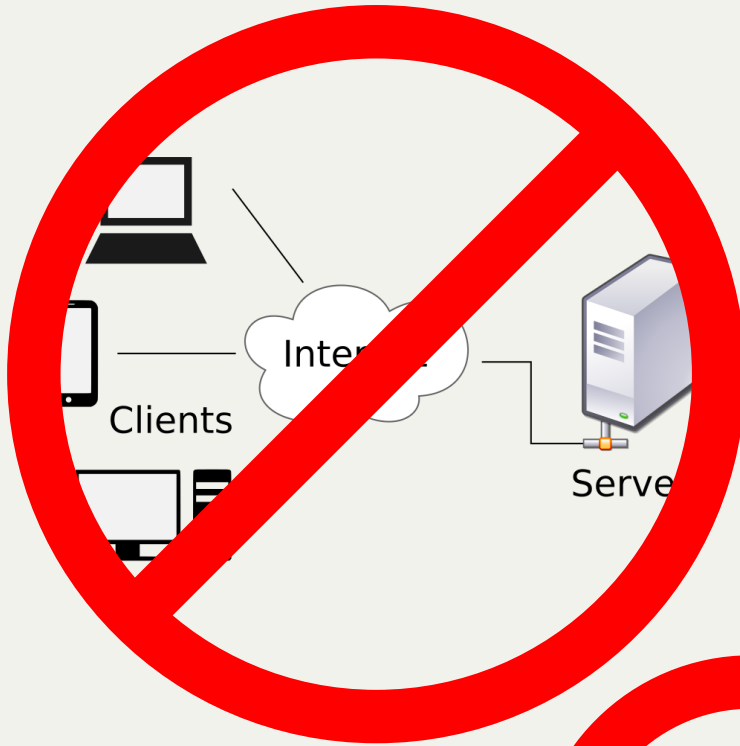
Part 1: QL

- Parser: text to abstract syntax tree (AST)
- AST hierarchy
- Static checker (types, well-formedness, ...)
- Expression evaluator
- Renderer as a GUI
(interpreter! Not a compiler)

Part 2: QLS

- Parser: text to abstract syntax tree (AST)
- AST hierarchy
- Well-formedness checker WRT QL program
- Renderer as stylized GUI
- Challenge: modular implementation
- QL **should** work standalone (w/o QLS)

Restrictions



Programming language

- Java, C#, Javascript, Typescript, Haskell, Scala, Clojure, Erlang, Smalltalk/Pharo, Ruby, Python, Go, Dart, Swift, Objective-C, F#, Rust, Elm, ...
- Use or at least look at one of the provided parsing skeletons for expressions in QL
 - Rats!, Jacc, ANTLR

GitHub

- Assignment to be completed *in teams of 2*
- <https://github.com/software-engineering-amsterdam/endless-ql>
- Use of this repository is **required** and **graded**
- Commit often! Push regularly!
- Branches are ok, but I will look at **master**

“Hour of code”

- During lab sessions (Wed 13:00–14:00)
- Convene in a single room
- 2-3 persons per session present their code
- **No slides. Code.**
- Not graded
- Constructive feedback and criticism
- Let's help each other!

Schedule (cf. [https://datanose.nl/#course\[61106\]](https://datanose.nl/#course[61106]))

- Week 6: introduction lecture; start coding!
- Week 7: lecture on grammars and parsing; hour of code
- Week 8: lecture on SLs/DSLs; hour of code
- Week 9: lecture on styles/conventions; hour of code
- Week 10: lecture on code quality/smells; hour of code
- Week 11: lecture on design; hour of code
- Week 12: concluding lecture; demos
- Week 13: exam in OMHP
- Week 20: reexamination

Grading

- Dev grade
 - reduced weekly by signs of trouble
- Ship grade
 - depends on features & quality of the result
- Doc grade
 - written open-book no-internet exam
- Result is the average of the three, unless one is 5.5 or less

Dev grade: start with 10.0

	W6	W7	W8	W9	W10	W11	W12
git	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
questions @ lecture		-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
layout / naming		-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
executability		-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
testability			-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
encapsulation / abstraction			-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
DRY / YAGNI				-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
QLS					-0.2	-0.2	-0.2

Ship grade components

- Functionality
- Tests
- Simplicity
- Modularity
- Layout and style
- Separation of concerns

Simplicity



Conclusion

- All info on GitHub:
 - <https://github.com/software-engineering-amsterdam/software-construction/tree/master/2017-2018/>
- Send account info to vadim@grammarware.net
- Decide on the language
- Start coding
- Start reading

