

盛大云存储 C语言 SDK 使用说明

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1. 综述

盛大云存储 C语言 SDK 参照盛大云存储 REST API 文档

(https://cs-console.grandcloud.cn/public/docs/GrandCloud_Storage_Developer_Guide.pdf),为用户提供标准 C 的本地接口,通过使用该 SDK,用户可以方便的接入和访问盛大云存储服务。

2. 系统要求

当前版本的 C 语言 SDK 依赖于一些外部的库,用户同样需要将这些库添加到自己的工程依赖中,它们是:

• libcurl 7.25.0 download: http://curl.haxx.se/download.html

• openssl 1.0.1c download: http://www.openssl.org/source/

• libxml2 download: http://www.xmlsoft.org/downloads.html

用户需要根据自己的平台,下载、编译、安装相应的库,并将相应的头文件目录和库目录添加进编译、链接路径。

3. 盛大云存储的基本概念

3.1 AccessKey

AccessKey 由盛大云存储单独颁发。 AccessKey 在所有的操作中都会被使用,并且会以明文形式传输。用于标识用户身份。每位用户一个,不会重复。

AccessKey 通过云计算网站的云存储用户信息管理获得: http://www.grandcloud.cn (需要登录)。

3.2 SecretAccessKey

SecretAccessKey 也由盛大云存储颁发,SecretAccessKey 总是随同AccessKey 一起分发,一个AccessKey 对应一个SecretAccessKey。

SecretAccessKey 通过云计算网站的云存储用户信息管理获得: http://www.grandcloud.cn (需要登录)。

出于安全问题的考虑,对云存储的所有的操作都需要由 SecretAccess Key 签名摘要后才能有效,摘要信息将成为请求的一部分,发送给云系统。

任何时候 SecretAccessKey 都不应发送给盛大云存储系统。

SecretAccessKey 涉及您存储资料的安全问题,所以请妥善保存您的 SecretAccessKey,不要泄漏给第三方。如 SecretAccessKey 发生泄漏,请立即登录盛大云计算网站,云存储用户信息管理,将原 SecretAccessKey 作废,重新生成。



3.3 Bucket

在用户空间内,用户根据需要可以建立不同的 Bucket。

你可以把 Bucket 想象成文件系统内的目录,在盛大云存储系统中一个用户空间内最多只能有 **100** 个 Bucket。

Bucket 命名全局唯一,也就是说所有盛大云存储的用户的 Bucket 都是不一样的。 例 如有 A 用户建立了名为"aaa"的 Bucket, 此时 B 用户希望创建名字同样为"aaa"的 Bucket 将会失败。

3.4 Bucket 的命名规则

- a) 由小写字母或数字或点号(.) 或下划线(_)或破折号(-)组合而成。
- b) 开头必须是 数字或者小写字母。
- c) 长度必须 大于等于 3 字节 小于等于 255 字节
- d) 不能是一个 IP 地址形式。比如 192.168.1.1 这样的格式是不允许的
- e) 不能以 snda 作为 Bucket 的开头
- f) 如果希望以后提供 DNS 解析,则 Bucket 命名还需符合 DNS 主机名的命名规则

3.5 Object

Object 是盛大云存储的主要对象。用户存储的内容都以 Object 形式存储在系统里。

- 1 个 Object 必须存储在盛大云存储系统的某个 Bucket 内。
- 1 个 Object 包含了 **ObjectName**,**ObjectMetadata** 以及 **ObjectData** 3 个部分。

ObjectName 就是 Object 的名字,在同一个 Bucket 下的 ObjectName 是唯一的。

3.6 ObjectName 的命名规则

- a) 使用 Utf-8 编码规则
- b) ObejctName 的长度大于等于 1 字节小于等于 1024 字节

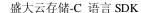
4. C-SDK的简单使用说明

当前版本的 C 语言 SDK 以源代码的形式提供给用户,用户可以直接将本 SDK 的源代码整合到自己的工程当中。SDK 支持 windows 和 Linux 2 个平台。

4.1 SDK 目录说明

当前版本的 SDK 包含 3 个目录:

src 目录下包含两个目录。其中 src/sdk 为 SDK 的所有文件源码,用户可以自行进行编译和并在自己的编写的程序中调用。src/example 为调用 SDK 的简单案例,其中 snda ecs console.c 是一个简单的例子,该例子完成了一个简单的客户端,可完成大部分云





存储操作; 其它文件是 SDK 目前支持的云存储操作的简单案例, 用户可模仿它们使用 SDK。

目录 libs 内的文件是封装好的 SDK 库,包括 windows 和 linux 两个环境对应的库及简单使用案例。

目录 doc 内的文件是 SDK 的使用文档。

4.2 安装部署

4.2.1 Linux 下的使用

▶ 使用源码

编译安装系统要求中提及的依赖库后,Linux下可通过类似如下命令行编译代码:

 $\label{lem:console} gcc & src/sdk/*.c & src/example/snda_ecs_console.c & -I./src/sdk & -I/usr/local/include/ & -I/usr/local/ssl/include/ & -I/usr/local/include/ & -I/usr/local/ssl/include/ & -I/us$

▶ 使用静态链接库

Linux 下的静态链接库及使用案例在 lib/linux/snda_ecs_sdk 目录下。

4.2.2 Windows 下的使用

Windows 下的使用较为复杂,以下以在 VS2008 中的使用为例。

4.2.2.1 使用静态链接库

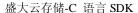
- ➤ 新建 Project: 选择新建【Visual C++/Win32】下的【Win32 Console Application】, 在参数选择中选择创建空项目即可。
- ▶ 导入必要的库:需要导入五个库,五个库的相关资源可在 lib/windows 下找到。
 - a) 配置各个依赖库的头文件:本版本的 SDK 已将所有需要的库头文件放于 lib\win32\snda_ecs_sdk\include 目录中,这里配置该目录即可。

具体做法:选中项目,右键,选择【properties】,在【Configuration Properties/C/C++/Gerneral】中作如下配置:



图 3.1 导入 include 目录

b) 修改 Linker 配置: SDK 所需的所有 lib 文件对应的目录为\lib\win32\snda_ecs_sdk\lib, 即这里配置该目录即可。





具体做法: 同 a,在 properties 中,找到【Configuration Properties/Linker/General】, 将各个库对应的 lib 目录添加到 Additional Library Directory:

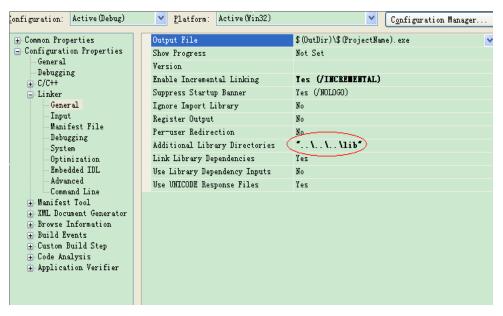


图 3.2 导入 lib 目录

c) 在【Input】的 Additional Dependencies 中加入各个 lib:

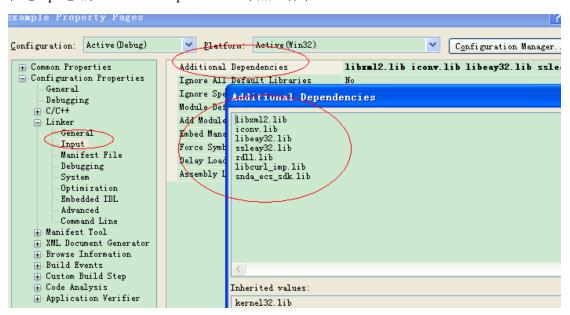


图 3.3: 添加附加的 lib 库

d) 配置 dll 文件:编译项目,编译完成后,将各个库的 dll 文件拷贝至项目的 Debug 目录下即可,这里所有库的 dll 文件已存放于 lib\win32\snda_ecs_sdk\dll 目录下。以下为 Debug 目录导入的 dll 文件。





图 3.4 Debug 下的 dll 文件

▶ 程序中使用 SDK 时,需 include 以下头文件,即:

```
#include "snda ecs sdk/snda ecs sdk.h"
#include "snda ecs sdk/snda ecs http util.h"
#include "snda ecs sdk/snda ecs constants.h"
#include "snda ecs sdk/snda ecs common util.h"
```

VS2008 上的具体案例见 lib\win32\snda_ecs_sdk\vs2008\example,可以在解压 SDK 文件后,直 接打开该项目即可编译运行,VS2010 用户可直接对转成 VS2010 项目使用。

4.2.2.2 使用源码

本 sdk win32 的静态链接库存放于 src/sdk 下。

使用静态链接库与使用源码的配置类似,主要区别为:

- 需导入 SDK 代码: 选中项目右击,选择【add】中的【 Existing Item. 】,将 src/sdk 目录 下的所有代码导入即可。
- ▶ 导入 lib 库时, 无需要导入 snda_ecs_sdk.lib

VS2008 上的具体案例见 lib\win32\snda_ecs_sdk\vs2008\example2,可以在解压 SDK 文件后, 直接打开该项目即可编译运行、VS2010 用户可直接对转成 VS2010 项目使用。

5. C-SDK 文档

当前版本 C语言 SDK 代码目录结构为:

- -- snda ecs common util.c
- -- snda_ecs_common_util.h
- -- snda_ecs_constants.h
- -- snda_ecs_encode.c
- -- snda_ecs_encode.h
- -- snda_ecs_http_util.c
- |-- snda_ecs_http_util.h |-- snda_ecs_sdk_bucket_impl.c |-- snda_ecs_sdk_common_impl.c
- -- snda ecs sdk.h
- -- snda_ecs_sdk_multipart_upload.c
- -- snda_ecs_sdk_object_impl.c



`-- snda ecs sdk service impl.c

5.1 通用说明

snda_ecs_sdk.h 用户需要且仅需要包含的头文件,其中包含:

5.1.1 数据结构定义

在每一种数据结构的定义之后,都紧接着定义了初始化该结构指针和释放该结构指针的方法。例如:

SNDAECSHandlerError* snda ecs init handler error();

void snda_ecs_release_handler_error(SNDA ECSHandler Error* error); 用户创建和销毁相应数据结构时,都必须使用本 SDK 提供的相应方法。

5.1.2 接口定义

盛大云存储 C语言 SDK 相应接口都具有下面的格式:

SNDAECSErrorCode
snda_ecs_{method}(
SNDAECSHandler* handler,
const char* accesskey,
const char* secretkey,
....,
SNDAECSResult* ret);

返回值: SNDAECSErrorCode

只有在该接口调用成功获得服务端响应(正确响应或者错误相应)时,返回 SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS,其他情况下返回其他值。

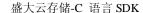
- ▶ 当返回 SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS 时,用户可以通过 ret->serverresponse->httpcode 来获得服务端返回的 http 状态码,并判断服务端是否成功响应响应请求。
 - a) 当服务端给出错误响应时,用户可以调用

SNDAECSErrorResponseContent*snda_ecs_to_error_response(SNDAECSResult*)来获取服务端详细的错误响应信息。

- b) 当服务端给出正确响应时,对于没有消息体的请求,操作结束;对于有消息体的请求,用户可以调用 **snda_ecs_to_xxx**(SNDAECSResult*)来获得相应的消息结构。具体在接口介绍中会详细介绍。
- ▶ 当返回非 SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS 时,用户可以通过 ret->error->handlererrmsg 获取一个可读的客户端错误信息

参数说明:

输入参数: SNDAECS Handler* handler





盛大云存储 C 语言 SDK HTTP 请求句柄,用户需要通过 snda_ecs_init_handler()获取该句柄指针,该句柄可以在单线程中多次重复使用,在确认不在使用后,通过调用 snda ecs release handler(SNDA ECS Handler*)释放其占用资源。

输入参数: const char* accesskey

用户在盛大云存储申请的用来标识用户身份的标识。具体参见盛大云存储开发者文档。

输入参数: const char* secretkey

盛大云存储颁发给用户的密钥,和 accesskey 一一对应。

输出参数: SNDAECSResult* ret

盛大云存储 C语言 SDK 通用输出结构, 其结构体为:

typedef struct SNDAECSResult {

SNDAECSHandlerError* error;

SNDAECSServerResponse * serverresponse;

SNDAECSResult;

其中 SNDAECSHandlerError* error 在接口返回非 SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS 时,包含可读的错误信息。

SNDAECSServerResponse * serverresponse 在接口返回 SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS 时,包含相应的响应消息。

用户必须通过 snda_ecs_init_result()来获取该结构体指针,并且在不再需要使用时调用 snda_ecs_release_result()来释放相应资源。

当用户希望在下一个调用中重用该结构体之前,必须调用 snda_ecs_reset_result(SNDAECSResult*)来重新初始化该结构体。

5.1.3 环境初始化

本 SDK 存在两个全局环境初始化和相应清理的函数。用户在使用本 SDK 之前,必须调用并且只能调用一次相应接口,它们是:

```
snda_ecs_global_init();  // init before any sdk action once and only once
snda_ecs_global_uninit();  // clear after any sdk action once and only once
```

5.2 Service 相关接口

5.2.1 获取所有 Bucket

该接口对应盛大云存储开发者文档中的 GetService, 用户可以通过该操作列出所有 Bucket 信息。可通过设置参数 ssl 控制是否使用 SSL 安全加密操作。接口定义:

/**

* get service

* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had initialized by invoking snda_ecs_init_handler()



```
void get_service_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,int ssl) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     retcode = snda_ecs_get_service(handler, accesskey,secretkey, ssl, ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf ("ClientErrorMessage:%s\n", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 200) {
           SNDAECSGetServiceResultContent* content =
                      snda_ecs_to_get_service_result(ret);
          // show get service content
           for (; content; content = content->next) {
                printf ("BucketName:%s\n", content->bucketname);
                printf ("CreationTime:%s\n", content->creationtime);
           }
           // ALWAYS REMEMBER to release pointer resource by releated release method
           snda_ecs_release_get_service_result_content(content);
     } else {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           printf ("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           printf ("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           printf ("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           printf ("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
```



5.3 Bucket 相关接口

5.3.1 创建 Bucket

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 PUT Bucket 接口,该接口可以创建一个新的 Bucket。接口定义:

```
* put bucket
* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had initialized by
invoking snda ecs init handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
* @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region currently
support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
* @param int ssl, whether to use https
* @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this pointer, MAKE SURE
invoke snda ecs reset result(SNDAECSResult*)
               to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs put bucket(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

详细使用实例:

void put_bucket_example(const char* accesskey,const char* secretkey,const char* bucketname,const char* region, int ssl) {



```
SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
    SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
    SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
    snda_ecs_global_init();
    handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
    ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
    // when put bucket successfully, no value returned
    retcode = snda_ecs_put_bucket(handler, accesskey, secretkey, bucketname, region, ssl, ret);
    if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
         printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
    } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300){
         SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
         printf ("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
         printf ("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
         printf ("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
         printf ("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
         printf ("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
         snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
         printf ("Put bucket success and the http code is:%d\n", ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
    }
    snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
    snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
}
```

5.3.2 列出指定 Bucket 下所有 Objects

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 Get Bucket 接口,通过该接口可以获得指定 Bucket 中的 Object 信息列表,请求时可以通过一些查询条件来限制返回的结果。接口定义:

```
/**

* Get bucket

* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had

* initialized by invoking snda_ecs_init_handler()

* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey

* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey

* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname

* @param const char* prefix, the prefix parameter to the

* key of the object you want to retrieve

* @param const char* marker, the key to start with

* @param const char* delimiter, the character your use to
```



```
group keys
 * @param int maxkeys, the maximum number of keys returned
       in the response body
  @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
        currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
* @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
        follow any "Location: " header that the server
        sends as part of the HTTP header
  @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
        redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
        followlocation.
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
        snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
        pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs get bucket (
                  SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                  const char* accesskey,
                  const char* secretkey,
                  const char* bucketname,
                  const char* prefix,
                  const char* marker,
                  const char* delimiter,
                  int maxkeys,
                  const char* region,
                  int ssl,
                  SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                  long maxredirects,
                  SNDAECSResult* ret);
```



```
snda_ecs_global_init();
handler = snda\_ecs\_init\_handler();
ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
retcode = snda_ecs_get_bucket(handler, accesskey,
           secretkey, bucketname, prefix, marker, delimiter, maxkeys, region,
           ssl, followlocation, maxredirects, ret);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
      printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 200) {
     content = snda_ecs_to_get_bucket_result(ret);
     if (content) {
           if (content->bucketname) {
                 printf("bucket:%s\n", content->bucketname);
           }
           if (content->prefix) {
                 printf("prefix:%s\n", content->prefix);
           if (content->marker) {
                 printf("marker:%s\n", content->marker);
           if (content->delimiter) {
                 printf("delimiter:%s\n", content->delimiter);
           }
           if (content->nextmarker) {
                 printf("nextmarker:%s\n", content->nextmarker);
           printf("maxkeys:%d\n", content->maxkeys);
           printf("istruncated:%s\n", content->istruncated ? "true" : "false");
           printf("CONTENTS\\n");
           if (content->objects) {
                 SNDAECSObjectContent* object = content->objects;
                 while (object) {
                       printf("\tCONTENT/\n");
                       printf("\t\tobjectname:%s\n", object->objectname);
                       printf("\t\tlastmodified:%s\n", object->lastmodified);
                       printf("\t\tetag:%s\n", object->etag);
                       printf("\t\tsize:%ld\n", object->size);
                       object = object->next;
                       printf("\t/CONTENT\n");
                 }
           printf("/CONTENTS\n");
```



```
printf("COMMONPREFIXES\\n");
          if (content->commonprefixes) {
                SNDAECSCommonPrefix* object = content->commonprefixes;
                while (object) {
                     printf("\tCOMMONPREFIX\\n");
                     printf("\t\commonprefix:%s\n", object->commonprefix);
                     object = object->next;
                     printf("\t/COMMONPREFIX\n");
                }
          printf("/COMMONPREFIXES\n");
     snda_ecs_release_get_bucket_result_content(content);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
     printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
     printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
     printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
     printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
     snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
     printf("The http code is:%d\n", ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```

5.3.3 删除指定 Bucket

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 DELETE Bucket 接口,可通过该接口删除指定的 Bucket,注意:必须确保要删除的 Bucket 中没有任何数据。接口定义:

```
/**

* Delete bucket

* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had

* initialized by invoking snda_ecs_init_handler()

* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey

* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey

* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname

* @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
```



```
currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
         follow any "Location: " header that the server
         sends as part of the HTTP header
  @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
         redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs delete bucket(
                          SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                          const char* accesskey,
                          const char* secretkey,
                          const char* bucketname,
                          const char* region,
                          int ssl,
                          SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                          long maxredirects,
                          SNDAECSResult* ret);
```



5.3.4 设置 Bucket Policy

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 PUT Bucket Policy 接口,该接口通过 policy 子资源来增加或替换指定的 Bucket 的 Policy。如果该 Bucket 已经存在了 Policy,那么该操作会替换原有的 Policy。

接口定义:

```
* Put bucket policy
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
         initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* policy, your bucket policy
  @param int ssl, whether to use https
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs put bucket policy (
                          SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
```



```
const char* secretkey,
const char* bucketname,
const char* policy,
int ssl,
SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void put_bucket_policy_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucketname, const char * policy, int ssl) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode:
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = 0;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     retcode = snda_ecs_put_bucket_policy(handler, accesskey,
                secretkey, bucketname, policy, ssl, ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
     } else {
           printf("Put bucket policy success and the http code is:%d\n",
                      ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
     }
     snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
     snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```

5.3.5 获取 Bucket Policy

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 GET Bucket Policy 接口,该接口用于获取指定 Bucket 的 Policy。

接口定义:



```
* Get bucket policy
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
         initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs get bucket policy(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void get_bucket_policy_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucketname, int ssl) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = 0;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     retcode = snda_ecs_get_bucket_policy(handler, accesskey,
                secretkey, bucketname, ssl, ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
```



```
printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
     printf("AllErrorMessage:\%s\n", content->fullbody);
     snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 200) {
     char* policy = (char*)malloc(ret->serverresponse->responsebody->retbodysize + 1);
     policy[ret->serverresponse->responsebody->retbody size] = "\0';
     memcpy(policy,(char*)(ret->serverresponse->responsebody->retbody),
     ret->serverresponse->responsebody->retbody size
     );
     printf ("bucket:%s\n", bucketname);
     printf ("policy:%s\n", policy);
     snda_ecs_free_char_ptr(policy);
} else {
     printf("Get bucket policy success and the http code is:%d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```

5.3.6 删除 Bucket Policy

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 Delete Bucket Policy,用户可以通过该操作删除指定的Bucket 的 policy。

接口定义:



```
void delete_bucket_policy_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucketname, int ssl) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     retcode = snda_ecs_delete_bucket_policy(handler,
                accesskey, secretkey, bucketname, ssl, ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           printf("HTTP Code:%d\n",ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
           printf("hello");
           if(content){
           printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
           }
           printf("Delete bucket policy success and the http code is:%d\n",
                      ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
     }
     snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
     snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```



5.3.7 获取 Bucket Location

该接口对应于 API 中的 GET Bucket Location,通过该请求可以获取目标 Bucket 所在的区域 (Region) 信息

接口定义:

```
* Get bucket location
* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
* initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
* @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_get_bucket_location(
                          SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                          const char* accesskey,
                          const char* secretkey,
                          const char* bucketname,
                          int ssl,
                          SNDAECSResult* ret);
```



```
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
            printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
            printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
            printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
            printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
            printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
            snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
           if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
             printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
      } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 200) {
           SNDAECSBucketLocation* location = snda_ecs_to_bucket_location(ret);
           printf("bucket:%s\n", bucketname);
           printf("location:%s\n", location->location);
           snda_ecs_release_bucket_location(location);
     } else {
           printf("Get bucket location success and the http code is:%d\n",
                      ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
     }
     snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
     snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
}
```

5.3.8 列出指定 Bucket 下的所有未完成的 Multipart Upload

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 List Multipart Upload 接口,通过该接口可列出指定 Bucket 下的所有未完成的 Multipart Upload。可通过设置查询字符来限制返回结果。接口的定义:

```
/**

* List_multipart_uploads

* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had

* initialized by invoking snda_ecs_init_handler()

* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey

* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey

* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname

* @param const char* prefix, the prefix parameter to the

* key of the multipart upload you want to retrieve

* @param const char* keymarker, the key to start with
```



```
* @param const char* uploadidmarker, the uploadid to start with
 * @param const char* delimiter, the character your use to
        group keys
  @param int maxuploads, the maximum number of keys returned
        in the response body
  @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
        currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
* @param int ssl, whether to use https
* @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
        follow any "Location: " header that the server
        sends as part of the HTTP header
 * @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
        redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
        followlocation.
* @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
        snda_ecs_init_result(), if you want to reuse this
        pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs list multipart uploads(
                          SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                          const char* accesskey,
                          const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                          const char* prefix,
                          const char* keymarker,
                          const char* uploadidmarker,
                           const char* delimiter,
                           int maxuploads,
                          const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                          SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                          long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret)
```

```
void list_multipart_uploads_example(const char* accesskey,

const char* secretkey, const char* bucketname, const char* prefix,

const char* key marker, const char * uploadidmarker,

const char* delimiter, int maxuploads, const char* region, int ssl,

SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, long maxredirects) {
```



```
SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
snda_ecs_global_init();
handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
retcode = snda_ecs_list_multipart_uploads(handler,
           accesskey, secretkey, bucketname, prefix, key marker,
           uploadidmarker, delimiter, maxuploads, region, ssl, followlocation,
           maxredirects, ret);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
     printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode < 300) {
     SNDAECSMultipartUploadsContent* content =
                 snda_ecs_to_multipart_uploads_content(ret);
     if (content) {
           SNDAECSMultipartUpload* upload = 0;
           SNDAECSCommonPrefix* object = 0;
           printf("Bucket:%s\n", content->bucket);
           printf("Prefix:%s\n", content->prefix);
           printf("Delimiter:%s\n", content->delimiter);
           printf("KeyMarker:%s\n", content->keymarker);
           printf("UploadIdM arker:%s\n", content->uploadidmarker);
           printf("NextKeyMarker:%s\n", content->nextkeymarker);
           printf("NextUploadIdM arker:%s\n", content->nextuploadidmarker);
           printf("IsTruncated:%d\n", content->istruncated);
           printf("MaxUploads:%d\n", content->maxuploads);
           printf("UPLOADS \hspace{-0.2cm} \wedge \hspace{-0.2cm} n");
           upload = content->upload;
           while (upload) {
                 printf("\tUPLOAD\n");
                 printf("\t\t Key:\%s\n", upload->key);
                 printf("\t\tUploadId:%s\n", upload->uploadid);
                 printf("\t\tInitiatedTime:%s\n", upload->initiatedtime);
                 upload = upload->next;
                 printf("\t/UPLOAD\n");
           printf("/UPLOADS\n");
           printf("COMMONPREFIXES\\n");
```



```
object = content->commonprefixes;
           while (object) {
                 printf("\tCOMMONPREFIX\\n");
                 printf("\t\tPrefix:%s\n", object->commonprefix);
                 object = object->next;
                 printf("\tCOMMONPREFIX\\n");
           printf("/COMMONPREFIXES\n");
     snda_ecs_release_multipart_uploads_content(content);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     if (content) {
           if (content->code) {
                 printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           if (content->message) {
                 printf("ErrorMessage:\%s\n", content->message);\\
           if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           if (content->requestid) {
                 printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           if (content->fullbody) {
                 printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           }
     }
     snda\_ecs\_release\_error\_response\_content(content);\\
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please\ check\ y\ our\ bucketname, access Key, Secret Access Key\ !\ 'n");
} else {
     printf("The http code is:%d\n", ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```



5.4 Object 相关接口

5.4.1 新建 Object

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 PUT OBJECT 接口,该接口用来上传一个新的 Object 到指定的 Bucket 中,数据的最大长度限制为 5GB。接口定义:

```
/**
 * Put Object
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
        initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* objectname, your object name
* @param CallbackFunPtr readFun, used as CURLOPT_READDATA, usually
is snda ecs put object body
* @param void* inputstream, data stream for upload, usually a pointer
of file opened with "rb"
 * @param long contentlength, the size of the object, in bytes
* @param const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* <u>userobjectmeta</u>, used in request
headers
 * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
       currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs put object(
                         SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                         const char* accesskey,
                         const char* secretkey,
                         const char* bucketname,
                         const char* objectname,
                         CallbackFunPtr readFun,
                         void* inputstream,
                         long contentlength,
                         const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta*
                         userobjectmeta,
```



```
const char* region, int ssl,
SNDAECSResult* ret)
```

```
void put_object_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucketname, const char *region, const char * localfile,
           const char *objectname, int ssl) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* objectmeta = 0;
     FILE* fd = 0;
     long flength;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     objectmeta = snda_ecs_init_user_object_meta();
     snda_ecs_set_object_type(objectmeta, "binary/octet-stream");
     // furthermore, user can set user metas with snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas()
     // all key of user metas must begin with "x-snda-meta-", and case insensitive
     snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas(objectmeta, "x-snda-meta-1",
                "this is my user meta 1");
     snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas(objectmeta, "x-SNDA-metA-2",
                 "WOO, the seconde user meta");
     fd = fopen(localfile, "rb");
     if(!fd) {
           printf("Please check your file!\n");
           return;
     }
     fseek(fd, 0L, SEEK_END);
     flength = ftell(fd);
     fseek(fd, 0, 0);
     retcode = snda_ecs_put_object(handler, accesskey,
                secretkey, bucketname, objectname, snda_ecs_put_object_body, fd,
                flength, objectmeta, region, ssl, ret);
     snda_ecs_release_user_object_meta(objectmeta);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
      } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent*content = snda\_ecs\_to\_error\_response(ret); \\
```



```
if(content) {
     printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
     printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
     printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
     printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
     printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
     snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
     }
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
     }
} else {
     printf("Put Object success and the http code is:%d\n",
                ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```

5.4.2 获取 Object 的 meta 信息

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 HEAD Object 接口,通过该接口可以获取指定 Object 的元数据信息。

接口定义:

```
* Head Object
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
         initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* objectname, your object name
 * @param SNDAECSByteRange* byterange, the specified range bytes of
the object.
  @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
         currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
  @param int ssl, whether to use https
   @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
         follow any "Location: " header that the server
         sends as part of the HTTP header
 * @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
```



```
redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
          (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_head_object(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           SNDAECSByteRange* byterange,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                           long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void head_object_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucketname, const char *region, const char * objectname,
           long byterangefirst, long byterangelast, int ssl, int followlocation,
           int maxredirects) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     SNDAECSResult* ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     SNDAECSByteRange* byterangeptr = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     byterangeptr = snda_ecs_init_byte_range();
     byterangeptr->first = byterangefirst;
     byterangeptr->last = byterangelast;
     retcode = snda_ecs_head_object(handler, accesskey,
                secretkey, bucketname, objectname, byterangeptr, region, ssl,
                followlocation, maxredirects, ret);
     snda_ecs_release_byte_range(byterangeptr);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
```



```
printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     if(content) {
     printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
     printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
     printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
     printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
     printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
     snda\_ecs\_release\_error\_response\_content(content);\\
     }
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
     }
} else {
     SNDAECSObjectMeta* objectmeta = snda_ecs_to_object_meta(ret);
     SNDAECSKVList*p = 0;
     printf("Etag;%s\n", objectmeta->etag);
     printf("Content-Type:%s\n", objectmeta->contenttype);
     printf("Content-Length:%s\n", objectmeta->lastmodified);
     printf("Last-Modified:%s\n", objectmeta->lastmodified);
     p = objectmeta->usermetas;
     for (; p; p = p->next) {
           printf("p->key:%s\n", p->value);
     }
     snda_ecs_release_object_meta(objectmeta);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```

5.4.3 获取(下载) Object

该接口对应盛大云存储 API 的 GET OBJECT 接口,可通过该接口获取指定 Object 内容。接口定义:

```
/**

* Get Object

* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had

* initialized by invoking snda_ecs_init_handler()

* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
```



```
* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* objectname, your object name
 * @param SNDAECSByteRange* byterange, the specified range bytes of
the object.
 * @param CallbackFunPtr writeFun, used as
CURLOPT READFUNCTION, usually is snda ecs write fun();
 * @param void* outputstream, usually a pointer of file opend with
"wb";
 * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
        currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
         follow any "Location: " header that the server
         sends as part of the HTTP header
 * @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
         redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_get_object(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           SNDAECSByteRange* byterange,
                           CallbackFunPtr writeFun,
                           void* outputstream,
                           const char* region, int ssl,
                           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                           long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret)
```



```
int ssl, int followlocation, int maxredirects) {
SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
SNDAECSByteRange* byterangeptr = 0;
FILE* writefd = 0;
SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
snda_ecs_global_init();
handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
byterangeptr = snda_ecs_init_byte_range();
byterangeptr->first = byterangefirst;
byterangeptr->last = byterangelast;
writefd = fopen(locafile, "wb");
if(!writefd) {
   printf("Please check your localfile path!\n");
   return;
}
retcode = snda_ecs_get_object(handler, accesskey,
           secretkey, bucket, objectname, by terangeptr, snda_ecs_write_fun,
           writefd, region, ssl, followlocation, maxredirects, ret);
fclose(writefd);
snda_ecs_release_byte_range(byterangeptr);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
      printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
      printf("Get Object failed and the http code is:%d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
     if (content) {
           if (content->code) {
                 printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           if (content->message) {
                 printf("ErrorMessage: \%s \n", content-> message);\\
           if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
```



5.4.4 删除 Object

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 DELETE Object 接口,用于删除指定的 Object 接口定义:

```
* Delete Object
^st @	exttt{param} SNDAECSHandler^st handler, the handler you had
        initialized by invoking snda ecs_init_handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
* @param const char* objectname, your object name
 @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
       currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 @param int ssl, whether to use https
* @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
        follow any "Location: " header that the server
        sends as part of the HTTP header
 @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
        redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
        followlocation.
```



```
@param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
          (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_delete_object(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                           long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void delete_object_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucket, const char *region, const char * objectname,
           int ssl, int followlocation, int maxredirects) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     retcode = snda_ecs_delete_object(handler, accesskey,
                secretkey, bucket, objectname, region, ssl, followlocation,
                maxredirects, ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           if (content) {
                if (content->code) {
                      printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
                if (content->message) {
```



```
printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           }
           if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           }
           if (content->requestid) {
                 printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           if (content->fullbody) {
                 printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           }
      }
      snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
      printf("Delete Object success and the http code is:%d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```

5.4.5 拷贝 Object

该接口对应盛大云存储开发者文档中的 Copy Object,用户可以通过该操作将已经存在于存储上的 Object 拷贝至指定 Buket 下。接口定义:

```
/**

* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had

* initialized by invoking snda_ecs_init_handler()

* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey

* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey

* @param const char* destbucketname, the name of the destination

bucket

* @param const char* destobjectname, the key of the destination

object

* @param const char* srcbucketname, the name of the source bucket

* @param const char* srcbucketname, the key of the source object

* @param const char* srcobjectname, the key of the source object

* @param const char* recobjectMeta* userobjectmeta, used in

request headers

* @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region

* currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"

* @param int ssl, whether to use https
```



```
@param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
          (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
  return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs_copy_object(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* destbucketname,
                           const char* destobjectname,
                           const char *srcbucketname,
                           const char * srcobjectname,
                           const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta*
                         userobjectmeta,
                           const char* region, int ssl,
                          SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void copy_object_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* destbucketname, const char * destobjectname,
           const char * srcbucketname, const char * srcobjectname,
           const char *region, int ssl) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* objectmeta = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     objectmeta = snda_ecs_init_user_object_meta();
     snda_ecs_set_object_type(objectmeta, "binary/octet-stream");
     // furthermore, user can set user metas with snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas()
     // all key of user metas must begin with "x-snda-meta-", and case insensitive
     snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas(objectmeta, "x-snda-meta-1",
                "this is my user meta 1");
     snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas(objectmeta, "x-SNDA-metA-2",
                "WOO, the seconde user meta");
     retcode = snda_ecs_copy_object(handler, accesskey,
```



```
secretkey, destbucketname, destobjectname, srcbucketname,
           srcobjectname, objectmeta, region, ssl, ret);
snda_ecs_release_user_object_meta(objectmeta);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
      printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
      SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
      if(content) {
      printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
      printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
      printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
      printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
      printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
      }
      if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
      snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
      printf("Copy Object success and the http code is:%d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```

5.4.6 初始化一个 Multipart Upload

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 Initiate Multipart Upload,用于初始化一个 Multipart Upload。接口定义:

```
/**

* Initiate Multipart upload

* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had

* initialized by invoking snda_ecs_init_handler()

* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey

* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey

* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname

* @param const char* objectname, your object name

* @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region

* currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"

* @param const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* userobjectmeta, used
```



```
in request headers
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
         follow any "Location: " header that the server
         sends as part of the HTTP header
 * @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
         redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
          (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs initiate multipart upload(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta*
                          userobjectmeta,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                           long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret)
```



```
objectmeta = snda_ecs_init_user_object_meta();
     snda_ecs_set_object_type(objectmeta, snda_ecs_get_content_type(objectname, contenttype));
     retcode = snda_ecs_initiate_multipart_upload(handler, accesskey, secretkey,
                             bucket, objectname, objectmeta, region, ssl, followlocation, maxredirects, ret);
    snda_ecs_release_user_object_meta(objectmeta);
    if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
         printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300){
         SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
         if(content) {
              if(content->code) {
              printf ("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
              if(content->message) {
              printf ("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
              if(content->resource) {
              printf ("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
              if(content->requestid) {
              printf ("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
              if(content->fullbody) {
              printf ("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
         }
           if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
             printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
         snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
     } else {
        SNDAECS Initiate Multipart Upload Result *\\
                                                                           content
snda_ecs_to_initiate_multipart_upload_result(ret);
        printf ("Initiate multipart upload success and the http code is:%d\n", ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
         if(content) {
              if(content->bucket) {
              printf ("Bucket:%s\n", content->bucket);
              if(content->key) {
              printf ("Key:%s\n", content->key);
              if(content->uploadid) {
```



```
printf ("UploadId:%s\n", content->uploadid);
}
snda_ecs_release_initiate_multipart_upload_result(content);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
}
```

5.4.7 终止一个 Multipart Upload

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 Abort Multipart Upload 接口,可通过该接口终止一个指定的 Multipart Upload。当一个 Multipart Upload 被终止后,其 UploadId 也一同作废,且该 Multipart Upload 中的所有 Part 所占用的存储空间均会被释放。接口定义:

```
/**
 * Abort multipart uploads
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
        initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* objectname, your object name
 * @param const char* uploadid, your uploadid for
         the multipart upload
  @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
        currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
         follow any "Location: " header that the server
        sends as part of the HTTP header
  @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
         redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
        pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
```



```
void abort_multipart_upload_example(const char* accesskey,
           const char* secretkey, const char* bucket, const char *region,
           const char * objectname, const char * uploadid, int ssl,
           int followlocation, int maxredirects) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     retcode = snda_ecs_abort_multipart_upload(handler,
                accesskey, secretkey, bucket, objectname, uploadid, region, ssl,
                followlocation, maxredirects, ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           if (content) {
                if (content->code) {
                      printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
                if (content->message) {
                      printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
```



```
if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           if (content->requestid) {
                 printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           if (content->fullbody) {
                 printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           }
     }
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey,SecretAccessKey,uploadid!\n");
     snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
     printf("Abort multipart upload success and the http code is %d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```

5.4.8 上传一个 Part

该接口对应盛大云存储开发者文档中的 Upload Part,用户可以通过该操作上传一个 Part 到指定的 Multipart Upload 中。 接口定义:



```
@param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
        currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
  @param int ssl, whether to use https
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda_ecs_reset_result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs upload part(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           const char* uploadid,
                           int partnumber,
                           CallbackFunPtr readFun,
                           void* inputstream,
                           long contentlength,
                           const char* contentmd5,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret);
```



```
return;
}
fseek(fd, 0L, SEEK_END);
filelength = ftell(fd);
fseek(fd, 0, 0);
retcode = snda_ecs_upload_part(handler, accesskey,
           secretkey, bucket, objectname, uploadid, partnumber,
           snda_ecs_put_object_body, fd, filelength, contentmd5, region, ssl,
           ret);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
     printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
      SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     if (content) {
           if (content->code) {
                 printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           if (content->message) {
                 printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           }
           if (content->requestid) {
                 printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           }
           if (content->fullbody) {
                 printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           }
     }
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please\ check\ y\ our\ bucketname, access Key, Secret Access Key, up\ loadid! \ \ ");
     snda\_ecs\_release\_error\_response\_content(content);
} else {
     printf("Upload part success and the http code is %d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```



}

5.4.9 拷贝上传一个 Part

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 Upload Part – copy,通过该接口可完成将一个云存储中已存在的 Object 拷贝给指定的 Multipart upload part 的一个 part,可通过对应参数的设置修改该part 的属性。

接口定义:

```
* Upload Part - Copy
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
         initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, the name of the destination bucket
 * @param const char* objectname, the key of the destination object
 * @param const char* uploadid, your uploadid for multipart upload
 * @param int partnumber, partnumber of this part
 * @param const char * region, your destination bucket's region
 * @param const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* userobjectmeta, used in
request headers
 * @param const char* srcbucketname, the name of the source bucket
 * @param const char* srcobjectname, the key of the source object
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
          snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
          pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
          (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
 SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs upload part copy(
                     SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                     const char* accesskey,
                     const char* secretkey,
                     const char* bucketname,
                     const char* objectname,
                     const char* uploadid,
                     int partnumber,
                     const char * region,
                     const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* userobjectmeta,
                     const char* sbucket,
                     const char* sobjectname,
                     int ssl,
```



SNDAECSResult* ret);

```
void multipart_upload_copy_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
          const char* destbucketname, const char * destobjectname, const char * uploadid,
          const int partnumber, const char * srcbucketname, const char * srcobjectname,
           const char *region, int ssl) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* objectmeta = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     objectmeta = snda_ecs_init_user_object_meta();
     // furthermore, user can set user metas with snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas()
     // all key of user metas must begin with "x-snda-meta-", and case insensitive
     //snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas(objectmeta, "x-SNDA-metA-2",
                "WOO, the seconde user meta");
     retcode = snda_ecs_upload_part_copy (handler, accesskey, secretkey, destbucket name, destobject name,
           uploadid,partnumber,region,objectmeta,srcbucketname,srcobjectname, ssl,ret);
     snda_ecs_release_user_object_meta(objectmeta);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           printf("Error,HTTP code %d\n",ret->serverresponse->httpcode );
           if(content) {
                printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
                printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
                printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
                printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
                printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
          if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
             printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
           }
           snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
```



5.4.10 列出已上传的 Parts

该接口对应盛大云存储开发者文档中的 List Parts,用户可以通过该操作列出一个 Multipart Upload 已上传的 Part。接口定义:

```
* List Parts
* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
       initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
* @param <u>const</u> char* <u>bucketname</u>, your <u>bucketname</u>
* @param const char* objectname, the object name of the
        multipart upload
* @param const char* uploadid, the uploadid of the multipart
        upload
* @param const char* partnumbermarker, the part to start with
* @param int maxparts, the maximum number of parts returned
       in the response body
 @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
        currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
* @param int ssl, whether to use https
* @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
       follow any "Location: " header that the server
       sends as part of the HTTP header
* @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
        redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
```



```
followlocation.
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
        snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
        pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda_ecs_reset_result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
  return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_list_parts(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           const char* uploadid,
                           int partnumbermarker,
                           int maxparts,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                           long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret)
```

```
void list_parts_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucket, const char *region, const char * objectname,
           const char * uploadid, int ssl, int followlocation,
           int partnumbermarker, int maxparts, int maxdirects) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     retcode = snda_ecs_list_parts(handler, accesskey,
                secretkey, bucket, objectname, uploadid, partnumbermarker,
                maxparts, region, ssl, followlocation, maxdirects, ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode < 300) {
           SNDAECSMultipartsContent* content = snda_ecs_to_multipart_parts(ret);
```



```
SNDAECSMultipartsPart* part = 0;
     if (content) {
           printf("Bucket:%s\n", content->bucket);
           printf("Key:%s\n", content->key);
           printf("UploadId:%s\n", content->uploadid);
           printf("MaxParts:%d\n", content->maxparts);
           printf("IsTruncated:%d\n", content->istruncated);
           printf("PartNumberMarker:%d\n", content->partnumbermarker);
           printf("NextPartNumberM arker:%d\n", content->nextpartnumbermarker);
           printf("PARTS\\n");
           part = content->parts;
           while (part) {
                printf("\tPART/n");
                 printf("\t\tPartNumber:%d\n", part->partnumber);
                 printf("\t\tSize:%ld\n", part->size);
                 printf("\t\tLastModified:%s\n", part->lastmodified);
                 printf("\t\tETag:%s\n", part->etag);
                 part = part->next;
                 printf("\t/PART\n");
           printf("/PARTS\n");
     }
     snda_ecs_release_multiparts_content(content);
} else {
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     if (content) {
           if (content->code) {
                 printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           if (content->message) {
                 printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           if (content->requestid) {
                 printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           if (content->fullbody) {
                 printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           }
```



```
if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
    printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey,SecretAccessKey,uploadid!\n");
}
    snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
}
```

5.4.11 完成一个 Multipart Upload

该接口对应盛大云存储开发者文档中的 Complete Multipart Upload,用户可以通过该操作来完成 Multipart Upload,合并其包含的所有 Part,并在云存储中产生一个新的 Objcet. 接口定义:

```
* Complete multipart upload
* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
       initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
* @param const char* objectname, the object name of the
        multipart upload
* @param const char* uploadid, the uploadid of the multipart
        upload
* @param const SNDAECSMultipartsMeta* partsmeta, partsmetas of
        the multipart upload
 @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
       currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
* @param <u>int</u> <u>ssl</u>, whether to use https
* @param SNDAECSFollowLocation <u>followlocation</u>, whether to
       follow any "Location: " header that the server
       sends as part of the HTTP header
 @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
       redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
       followlocation.
 @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
       snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
       pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
       (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
```



```
void complete_multipart_upload_example(const char* accesskey,
           const char* secretkey, const char* bucket, const char *region,
           const char * objectname, const char * uploadid, int ssl,
           int followlocation, int maxdirects) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSMultipartsMeta* metas = 0;
     SNDAECSMultipartsMeta*p = 0;
    SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     metas = snda_ecs_init_multiparts_meta();
     p = metas;
     p \rightarrow partnumber = 1;
     snda_ecs_copy_string(&(p->etag), "\"58fda622140205b3d6a2457415d301f2\"");
     p->next = snda_ecs_init_multiparts_meta();
     p = p - next;
     p \rightarrow partnumber = 2;
     snda\_ecs\_copy\_string(\&(p->etag), "\"58fda622140205b3d6a2457415d301f2\"");
     p->next = snda_ecs_init_multiparts_meta();
     p = p->next;
     p \rightarrow partnumber = 3;
     snda\_ecs\_copy\_string(\&(p->etag), "\"296e2bd0ce7124b6fbda05873c261dfb\"");
```



```
retcode = snda_ecs_complete_multipart_upload(handler,
           accesskey, secretkey, bucket, objectname, uploadid, metas, region,
           ssl, followlocation, maxdirects, ret);
snda_ecs_release_multiparts_meta(metas);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
      printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
      SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     if (content) {
           if (content->code) {
                 printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           }
           if (content->message) {
                 printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           if (content->requestid) {
                 printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           if (content->fullbody) {
                 printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           }
     }
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey, uploadid!\n");
      snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
      printf("Complete multipart upload success and the http code is %d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_release_result(ret);
```



http://forum.grandcloud.cn/ 反馈,我们将及时跟进。谢谢!