

# 盛大云存储 C语言 SDK 使用说明

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### 1. 综述

盛大云存储 C 语言 SDK 参照盛大云存储 REST API 文档

(<a href="https://cs-console.grandcloud.cn/public/docs/GrandCloud\_Storage\_Developer\_Guide.pdf">https://cs-console.grandcloud.cn/public/docs/GrandCloud\_Storage\_Developer\_Guide.pdf</a>),为用户提供标准 C 的本地接口,通过使用该 SDK,用户可以方便的接入和访问盛大云存储服务。

# 2. 系统要求

当前版本的 C 语言 SDK 依赖于一些外部的库,用户同样需要将这些库添加到自己的工程依赖中,它们是:

libcurl 7.25.0 download: http://curl.haxx.se/download.html

• openssl 1.0.1c download: http://www.openssl.org/source/

• libxml2 download: <a href="http://www.xmlsoft.org/downloads.html">http://www.xmlsoft.org/downloads.html</a>

用户需要根据自己的平台,下载、编译、安装相应的库,并将相应的头文件目录和库目录添加进编译、链接路径。

### 3. 盛大云存储的基本概念

### 3.1 AccessKey

AccessKey 由盛大云存储单独颁发。 AccessKey 在所有的操作中都会被使用,并且会以明文形式传输。用于标识用户身份。每位用户一个,不会重复。

AccessKey 通过云计算网站的云存储用户信息管理获得: <a href="http://www.grandcloud.cn">http://www.grandcloud.cn</a> (需要登录)。

# 3.2 SecretAccessKey

SecretAccessKey 也由盛大云存储颁发,SecretAccessKey 总是随同AccessKey 一起分发,一个AccessKey 对应一个SecretAccessKey。

SecretAccessKey 通过云计算网站的云存储用户信息管理获得: <a href="http://www.grandcloud.cn">http://www.grandcloud.cn</a> (需要登录)。

出于安全问题的考虑,对云存储的所有的操作都需要由 SecretAccess Key 签名摘要后才能有效,摘要信息将成为请求的一部分,发送给云系统。

#### 任何时候 SecretAccessKey 都不应发送给盛大云存储系统。

SecretAccessKey 涉及您存储资料的安全问题,所以请妥善保存您的 SecretAccessKey,不要泄漏给第三方。如 SecretAccessKey 发生泄漏,请立即登录盛大云计算网站,云存储用户信息管理,将原 SecretAccessKey 作废,重新生成。



#### 3.3 Bucket

在用户空间内,用户根据需要可以建立不同的 Bucket。

你可以把 Bucket 想象成文件系统内的目录,在盛大云存储系统中一个用户空间内最多只能有 **100** 个 Bucket。

Bucket 命名全局唯一,也就是说所有盛大云存储的用户的 Bucket 都是不一样的。 例 如有 A 用户建立了名为"aaa"的 Bucket,此时 B 用户希望创建名字同样为"aaa"的 Bucket 将会失败。

# 3.4 Bucket 的命名规则

- a) 由小写字母或数字或点号(.) 或下划线(\_)或破折号(-)组合而成。
- b) 开头必须是 数字或者小写字母。
- c) 长度必须 大于等于 3 字节 小于等于 255 字节
- d) 不能是一个 IP 地址形式。比如 192.168.1.1 这样的格式是不允许的
- e) 不能以 snda 作为 Bucket 的开头
- f) 如果希望以后提供 DNS 解析,则 Bucket 命名还需符合 DNS 主机名的命名规则

### 3.5 Object

Object 是盛大云存储的主要对象。用户存储的内容都以 Object 形式存储在系统里。

- 1 个 Object 必须存储在盛大云存储系统的某个 Bucket 内。
- 1 个 Object 包含了 **ObjectName**,**ObjectMetadata** 以及 **ObjectData** 3 个部分。

ObjectName 就是 Object 的名字,在同一个 Bucket 下的 ObjectName 是唯一的。

# 3.6 ObjectName 的命名规则

- a) 使用 Utf-8 编码规则
- b) ObejctName 的长度大于等于 1 字节小于等于 1024 字节

# 4. C-SDK的简单使用说明

当前版本的 C 语言 SDK 以源代码的形式提供给用户,用户可以直接将本 SDK 的源代码整合到自己的工程当中。SDK 支持 windows 和 Linux 2 个平台。

# 4.1 SDK 目录说明

当前版本的 SDK 包含 3 个目录:

src 目录下包含两个目录。其中 src/sdk 为 SDK 的所有文件源码,用户可以自行进行编译和并在自己的编写的程序中调用。src/example 为调用 SDK 的简单案例,其中 snda ecs console.c 是一个简单的例子,该例子完成了一个简单的客户端,可完成大部分云

盛大云存储-C 语言 SDK



存储操作; 其它文件是 SDK 目前支持的云存储操作的简单案例, 用户可模仿它们使用 SDK。

目录 libs 内的文件是 SDK 所需要的一些库,包括 windows 和 linux 下的库。

目录 doc 内的文件是 SDK 的使用文档。

### 4.2 安装部署

### 4.2.1 Linux 下的使用

编译安装系统要求中提及的依赖库后,Linux 下可通过类似如下命令行编译代码: gcc src/sdk/\*.c src/example/snda\_ecs\_console.c -I./sdk -I/usr/local/include/ -I/usr/local/ssl/include/ -I/usr/local/include/libxml2/ -L/usr/local/ssl/lib -lcurl -lxml2 -lssl -lcrypto -o client

### **4.2.2** Windows 下的使用

Windows 下的使用较为复杂,以下以在 VS2008 中的使用为例。

- ➤ 新建 Project: 选择新建【Visual C++/Win32】下的【Win32 Console Application】, 在参数选择中选择创建空项目即可。
- ▶ 导入 SDK 代码:选中项目右击,选择【add】中的【 Existing Item.】,将 src/sdk 目录下的所有代码导入即可。
- ▶ 导入必要的库:需要导入五个库,五个库的相关资源可在 lib/windows 下找到。
  - a) 添加到附加的 include 目录: 选中项目,右键,选择【properties】,在【Configuration Properties/C/C++/Gerneral】中作如下配置:

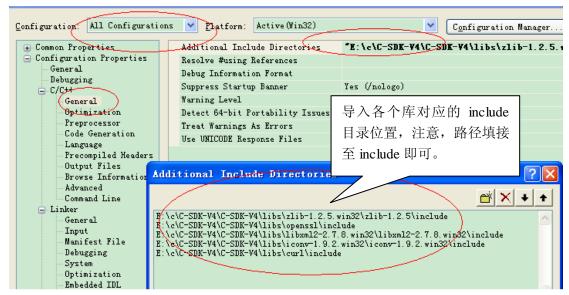


图 3.1 导入 include 目录

b) 修改 Linker 配置: 同上, 在 properties 中, 找到【Configuration Properties/Linker/General】,将各个库对应的 lib 目录添加到 Additional Library Directory:



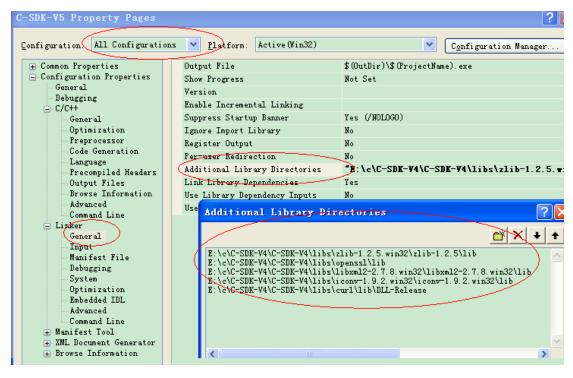


图 3.2 导入 lib 目录

c) 在【Input】的 Additional Dependencies 中加入各个 lib:

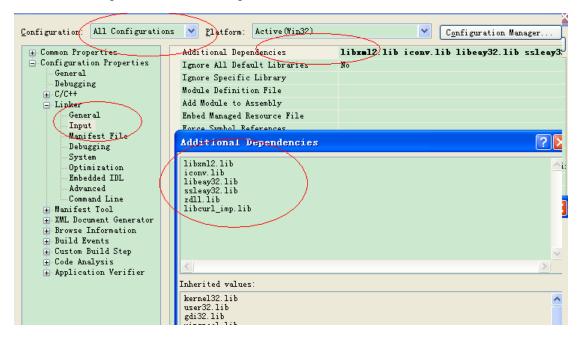


图 3.3: 添加附加的 lib 库

d) 配置 dll 文件:编译项目,编译完成后,将各个库的 dll 文件拷贝至项目的 Debug 目录下即可。以下为 Debug 目录导入的 dll 文件。





图 3.4 Debug 下的 dll 文件

# 5. C-SDK 文档

当前版本 C语言 SDK 代码目录结构为:

- |-- snda\_ecs\_common\_util.c
- -- snda\_ecs\_common\_util.h
- -- snda\_ecs\_constants.h
- -- snda\_ecs\_encode.c
- |-- snda\_ecs\_encode.h
- -- snda\_ecs\_http\_util.c
- |-- snda\_ecs\_http\_util.h |-- snda\_ecs\_sdk\_bucket\_impl.c
- -- snda\_ecs\_sdk\_common\_impl.c
- -- snda\_ecs\_sdk.h
- -- snda\_ecs\_sdk\_multipart\_upload.c
- -- snda\_ecs\_sdk\_object\_impl.c -- snda\_ecs\_sdk\_service\_impl.c

# 5.1 通用说明

snda\_ecs\_sdk.h 用户需要且仅需要包含的头文件,其中包含:

# 5.1.1 数据结构定义

在每一种数据结构的定义之后,都紧接着定义了初始化该结构指针和释放该结构指针的 方法。例如:

> typedef struct SNDA ECS Handler Error { char \* handlererrmsg; } SNDAECSHandlerError;

SNDAECSHandlerError\* snda\_ecs\_init\_handler\_error();

void snda ecs release handler error(SNDAECSHandlerError\* error);

用户创建和销毁相应数据结构时,都必须使用本 SDK 提供的相应方法。

# 5.1.2 接口定义

盛大云存储 C语言 SDK 相应接口都具有下面的格式:



SNDAECSErrorCode snda\_ecs\_{method}( SNDAECSHandler\* handler, const char\* accesskey, const char\* secretkey,

... ...,

**SNDAECSResult\* ret)**;

返回值: SNDAECSErrorCode

只有在该接口调用成功获得服务端响应(正确响应或者错误相应)时,返回 SNDA ECS SUCCESS,其他情况下返回其他值。

- ▶ 当返回 SNDA\_ECS\_SUCCESS 时,用户可以通过 ret->serverresponse->httpcode 来获得服务端返回的 http 状态码,并判断服务端是否成功响应响应请求。
  - a) 当服务端给出错误响应时,用户可以调用

SNDAECSErrorResponseContent\*snda\_ecs\_to\_error\_response(SNDAECSResult\*)来获取服务端详细的错误响应信息。

- b) 当服务端给出正确响应时,对于没有消息体的请求,操作结束;对于有消息体的请求,用户可以调用 **snda\_ecs\_to\_xxx**(SNDAECSResult\*)来获得相应的消息结构。具体在接口介绍中会详细介绍。
- ➤ 当返回非 SNDA\_ECS\_SUCCESS 时,用户可以通过 ret->error->handlererrmsg 获取一个可读的客户端错误信息

#### 参数说明:

#### 输入参数: SNDAECS Handler\* handler

盛大云存储 C 语言 SDK HTTP 请求句柄,用户需要通过 snda\_ecs\_init\_handler()获取该句柄指针,该句柄可以在单线程中多次重复使用,在确认不在使用后,通过调用 snda\_ecs\_release\_handler(SNDA ECS Handler\*)释放其占用资源。

#### 输入参数: const char\* accesskey

用户在盛大云存储申请的用来标识用户身份的标识。具体参见盛大云存储开发者文档。

#### 输入参数: const char\* secretkey

盛大云存储颁发给用户的密钥,和 accesskey ——对应。

#### 输出参数: SNDA ECSResult\* ret

盛大云存储 C语言 SDK 通用输出结构, 其结构体为:

#### typedef struct SNDAECSResult {

SNDAECSHandlerError\* error;

SNDAECSServerResponse \* serverresponse;

#### } SNDAECSResult;

其中 SNDAECSHandlerError\* error 在接口返回非 SNDA\_ECS\_SUCCESS 时,包含可读的错误信息。

SNDAECSServerResponse \* serverresponse 在接口返回 SNDA\_ECS\_SUCCESS 时,包含相应的响应消息。

用户必须通过 snda ecs init result()来获取该结构体指针,并且在不再需要使用时调用



snda ecs release result()来释放相应资源。

当用户希望在下一个调用中重用该结构体之前,必须调用 snda\_ecs\_reset\_result(SNDAECSResult\*)来重新初始化该结构体。

### 5.1.3 环境初始化

本 SDK 存在两个全局环境初始化和相应清理的函数。用户在使用本 SDK 之前,必须调用并且只能调用一次相应接口,它们是:

```
snda_ecs_global_init();  // init before any sdk action once and only once
snda_ecs_global_uninit();  // clear after any sdk action once and only once
```

# 5.2 Service 相关接口

### 5.2.1 获取所有 Bucket

该接口对应盛大云存储开发者文档中的 GetService,用户可以通过该操作列出所有 Bucket 信息。可通过设置参数 ssl 控制是否使用 SSL 安全加密操作。接口定义:

```
/**
* get service
* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had initialized by
invoking snda ecs init handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
* @param int ssl, whether to use https
* @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this pointer, MAKE SURE
invoke snda ecs reset result(SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer
to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs get service(
                 SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                 const char* accesskey,
                 const char* secretkey,
                 int ssl,
                 SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void get_service_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,int ssl) {
    SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
    SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
```



```
SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
snda_ecs_global_init();
handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
retcode = snda_ecs_get_service(handler, accesskey,secretkey, ssl, ret);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
     printf ("ClientErrorMessage:%s\n", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 200) {
     SNDAECSGetServiceResultContent* content =
                snda_ecs_to_get_service_result(ret);
     // show get service content
     for (; content; content = content->next) {
           printf ("BucketName:%s\n", content->bucketname);
           printf ("CreationTime:%s\n", content->creationtime);
     }
     // ALWAYS REMEMBER to release pointer resource by releated release method
     snda_ecs_release_get_service_result_content(content);
} else {
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     printf ("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
     printf ("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
     printf ("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
     printf ("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
     printf ("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
     snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
```

# 5.3 Bucket 相关接口

# 5.3.1 创建 Bucket

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 PUT Bucket 接口,该接口可以创建一个新的 Bucket。接口定义:

```
/**
* put bucket
* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had initialized by
invoking snda_ecs_init_handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
```



```
@param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
* @param const char* region,region of your bucket,region currently
support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
* @param int ssl, whether to use https
* @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this pointer, MAKE SURE
invoke snda ecs reset result(SNDAECSResult*)
              to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs put bucket(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void put_bucket_example( const char* accesskey,const char* secretkey,const char* bucketname,const char*
region, int ssl) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
    SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
    SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
    snda_ecs_global_init();
    handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
    ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
    // when put bucket successfully, no value returned
    retcode = snda_ecs_put_bucket(handler, accesskey, secretkey, bucketname, region, ssl, ret);
    if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
         printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
    } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300){
         SNDAECSErrorResponseContent*content = snda\_ecs\_to\_error\_response(ret); \\
         printf ("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
         printf ("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
         printf ("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
         printf ("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
         printf ("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
         snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
         printf ("Put bucket success and the http code is:%d\n", ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
```



```
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```

# 5.3.2 列出指定 Bucket 下所有 Objects

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 Get Bucket 接口,通过该接口可以获得指定 Bucket 中的 Object 信息列表,请求时可以通过一些查询条件来限制返回的结果。接口定义:

```
/**
 * Get bucket
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
       initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* prefix, the prefix parameter to the
       key of the object you want to retrieve
 * @param const char* marker, the key to start with
* @param const char* delimiter, the character your use to
 * group keys
* @param int maxkeys, the maximum number of keys returned
       in the response body
* @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
       currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
* @param int ssl, whether to use https
* @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
       follow any "Location: " header that the server
        sends as part of the HTTP header
* @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
       redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
        followlocation.
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
        snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
        pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
        (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_get_bucket(
                 SNDAECSHandler* handler,
```



```
const char* accesskey,
const char* secretkey,
const char* bucketname,
const char* prefix,
const char* marker,
const char* delimiter,
int maxkeys,
const char* region,
int ssl,
SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
long maxredirects,
SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void get_bucket_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucketname, const char* prefix, const char* marker,
           const char* delimiter, int maxkeys, const char* region, int ssl,
           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, long maxredirects) {
      SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
      SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
      SNDAECSErrorCode retcode:
      SNDAECSGetBucketResultContent* content = 0;
      snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
      retcode = snda_ecs_get_bucket(handler, accesskey,
                 secretkey, bucketname, prefix, marker, delimiter, maxkeys, region,
                 ssl, followlocation, maxredirects, ret);
      if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
      } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 200) {
          content = snda_ecs_to_get_bucket_result(ret);
           if (content) {
                 if (content->bucketname) {
                      printf("bucket:%s\n", content->bucketname);
                 if (content->prefix) {
                      printf("prefix:%s\n", content->prefix);
                 if (content->marker) {
                      printf("marker:%s\n", content->marker);
```



```
if (content->delimiter) {
                printf("delimiter:%s\n", content->delimiter);
          if (content->nextmarker) {
                printf("nextmarker:%s\n", content->nextmarker);
          printf("maxkeys:%d\n", content->maxkeys);
          printf("istruncated:%s\n", content->istruncated ? "true" : "false");
          printf("CONTENTS\\n");
          if (content->objects) {
                SNDAECSObjectContent* object = content->objects;
                while (object) {
                      printf("\tCONTENT\\n");
                      printf("\t\tobjectname:%s\n", object->objectname);
                      printf("\t\tlastmodified:%s\n", object->lastmodified);
                      printf("\t\tetag:%s\n", object->etag);
                      printf("\t\tsize:%ld\n", object->size);
                      object = object->next;
                      printf("\t/CONTENT\n");
                }
          printf("/CONTENTS\n");
          printf("COMMONPREFIXES\\n");
          if (content->commonprefixes) {
                SNDAECSCommonPrefix* object = content->commonprefixes;
                while (object) {
                      printf("\tCOMMONPREFIX\\n");
                      printf("\t\tcommonprefix:%s\n", object->commonprefix);
                      object = object->next;
                      printf("\t/COMMONPREFIX\n");
                }
          printf("/COMMONPREFIXES\n");
     snda_ecs_release_get_bucket_result_content(content);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent*content = snda\_ecs\_to\_error\_response(ret); \\
     printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
     printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
     printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
     printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
```



```
printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
    snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
    printf("The http code is:%d\n", ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
}

snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```

### 5.3.3 删除指定 Bucket

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 DELETE Bucket 接口,可通过该接口删除指定的 Bucket,注意:必须确保要删除的 Bucket 中没有任何数据。接口定义:

```
/**
* Delete bucket
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
       initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
  @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
         currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
  @param int ssl, whether to use https
  @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
         follow any "Location: " header that the server
         sends as part of the HTTP header
  @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
         redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_delete_bucket(
                          SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                          const char* accesskey,
                          const char* secretkey,
                          const char* bucketname,
                          const char* region,
```



```
int ssl,
SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
long maxredirects,
SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void delete_bucket_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucketname, const char* region, int ssl,
           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, long maxredirects) {
      SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = 0;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     retcode = snda_ecs_delete_bucket(handler, accesskey,
                secretkey, bucketname, region, ssl, followlocation, maxredirects,
                ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           printf("HttpCode:%d\n",ret->serverresponse->httpcode);\\
           printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           printf("RequestId:\%s\n", content-> requestid);\\
           printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
     } else {
           printf("Delete bucket success and the http code is:%d\n",
                      ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
     }
     snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
     snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```



### 5.3.4 设置 Bucket Policy

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 PUT Bucket Policy 接口,该接口通过 policy 子资源来增加或替换指定的 Bucket 的 Policy。如果该 Bucket 已经存在了 Policy,那么该操作会替换原有的 Policy。

接口定义:

```
/**
 * Put bucket policy
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
         initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* policy, your bucket policy
  @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
* return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_put_bucket_policy(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* policy,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret);
```



```
secretkey, bucketname, policy, ssl, ret);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
      printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
     content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
      printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
      printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
      printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
      printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
      printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
      snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
      printf("Put bucket policy success and the http code is:%d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
```

### 5.3.5 获取 Bucket Policy

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 GET Bucket Policy 接口,该接口用于获取指定 Bucket 的 Policy。

接口定义:

```
* Get bucket policy
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
         initialized by invoking snda ecs_init_handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
          (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_get_bucket_policy(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
```



```
const char* bucketname,
int ssl,
SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void get_bucket_policy_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucketname, int ssl) {
      SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
      SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = 0;
      snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
      ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
      retcode = snda_ecs_get_bucket_policy(handler, accesskey,
                 secretkey, bucketname, ssl, ret);
      if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
      } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
      } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 200) {
           char* policy = (char*)malloc(ret->serverresponse->responsebody->retbodysize + 1);
           policy[ret->serverresponse->responsebody->retbody size] = '\0';
           memcpy(policy,(char*)(ret->serverresponse->responsebody->retbody),
           ret->serverresponse->responsebody->retbody size
           );
           printf ("bucket:%s\n", bucketname);
           printf ("policy:%s\n", policy);
           snda_ecs_free_char_ptr(policy);
      } else {
           printf("Get bucket policy success and the http code is:%d\n",
                      ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
```



```
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```

# 5.3.6 删除 Bucket Policy

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 Delete Bucket Policy,用户可以通过该操作删除指定的 Bucket 的 policy。

接口定义:

```
/**
 * Delete bucket policy
 ^st @	exttt{param} SNDAECSHandler^st handler, the handler you had
         initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
          (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs delete bucket policy(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret);
```



```
retcode = snda_ecs_delete_bucket_policy(handler,
                accesskey, secretkey, bucketname, ssl, ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
      } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           printf("HTTP Code:%d\n",ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
           printf("hello");
           if(content){
           printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
     } else {
           printf("Delete bucket policy success and the http code is:%d\n",
                      ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
     }
     snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
     snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```

# 5.3.7 获取 Bucket Location

该接口对应于 API 中的 GET Bucket Location,通过该请求可以获取目标 Bucket 所在的区域(Region)信息

接口定义:

```
/**

* Get bucket location

* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had

* initialized by invoking snda_ecs_init_handler()

* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey

* @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey

* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname

* @param int ssl, whether to use https

* @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from

* snda_ecs_init_result(), if you want to reuse this

* pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda_ecs_reset_result
```



```
void get_bucket_location_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucketname, int ssl) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler;
     SNDAECSResult* ret;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode:
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     retcode = snda_ecs_get_bucket_location(handler, accesskey,
                secretkey, bucketname, ssl, ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           if(content){
            printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
            printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
            printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
            printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
            printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
            snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
           if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
             printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 200) {
           SNDAECSBucketLocation* location = snda_ecs_to_bucket_location(ret);
           printf("bucket:%s\n", bucketname);
           printf("location:%s\n", location->location);
           snda_ecs_release_bucket_location(location);
```



# 5.3.8 列出指定 Bucket 下的所有未完成的 Multipart Upload

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 List Multipart Upload 接口,通过该接口可列出指定 Bucket 下的所有未完成的 Multipart Upload。可通过设置查询字符来限制返回结果。接口的定义:

```
/**
* List multipart uploads
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
        initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
  @param const char* prefix, the prefix parameter to the
        key of the multipart upload you want to retrieve
 * @param const char* keymarker, the key to start with
 * @param const char* uploadidmarker, the uploadid to start with
 * @param const char* delimiter, the character your use to
        group keys
  @param int maxuploads, the maximum number of keys returned
        in the response body
  @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
        currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
  @param int ssl, whether to use https
  @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
        follow any "Location: " header that the server
        sends as part of the HTTP header
  @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
        redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
        followlocation.
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
        snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
        pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
        (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
```



```
return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs list multipart uploads(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* prefix,
                           const char* keymarker,
                           const char* uploadidmarker,
                           const char* delimiter,
                           int maxuploads,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                           long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret)
```

```
void list_multipart_uploads_example(const char* accesskey,
           const char* secretkey, const char* bucketname, const char* prefix,
           const char* key marker, const char * uploadidmarker,
           const char* delimiter, int maxuploads, const char* region, int ssl,
           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, long maxredirects) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     retcode = snda_ecs_list_multipart_uploads(handler,
                accesskey, secretkey, bucketname, prefix, key marker,
                uploadidmarker, delimiter, maxuploads, region, ssl, followlocation,
                maxredirects, ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode < 300) {
           SNDAECSMultipartUploadsContent* content =
                      snda_ecs_to_multipart_uploads_content(ret);
           if (content) {
```



```
SNDAECSMultipartUpload* upload = 0;
          SNDAECSCommonPrefix* object = 0;
          printf("Bucket:%s\n", content->bucket);
          printf("Prefix:%s\n", content->prefix);
          printf("Delimiter:%s\n", content->delimiter);
          printf("KeyMarker:%s\n", content->keymarker);
          printf("UploadIdM arker:%s\n", content->uploadidmarker);
          printf("NextKeyMarker:%s\n", content->nextkeymarker);
          printf("NextUploadIdM arker: \% s \n", content-> nextuploadidmarker);\\
          printf("IsTruncated:%d\n", content->istruncated);
          printf("MaxUploads:%d\n", content->maxuploads);
          printf("UPLOADS\\n");
          upload = content->upload;
           while (upload) {
                printf("\tUPLOAD\n");
                printf("\t\t Key:\%s\n", upload->key);
                printf("\t\tUploadId:%s\n", upload->uploadid);
                printf("\t\tInitiatedTime:%s\n", upload->initiatedtime);
                upload = upload->next;
                printf("\t/UPLOAD\n");
          printf("/UPLOADS\n");
          printf("COMMONPREFIXES\\n");
          object = content->commonprefixes;
          while (object) {
                printf("\tCOMMONPREFIX\\n");
                printf("\t\tPrefix:%s\n", object->commonprefix);
                object = object->next;
                printf("\tCOMMONPREFIX\\n");
          printf("/COMMONPREFIXES\n");
     }
     snda_ecs_release_multipart_uploads_content(content);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     if (content) {
          if (content->code) {
                printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
          if (content->message) {
                printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
```



```
    if (content->resource) {
        printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
    }
    if (content->requestid) {
            printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
        }
        if (content->fullbody) {
                printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
        }
    }
    snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
    if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey,SecretAccessKey!\n");
    }
} else {
        printf("The http code is:%d\n", ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
}

snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```

# 5.4 Object 相关接口

# 5.4.1 新建 Object

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 PUT OBJECT 接口,该接口用来上传一个新的 Object 到指定的 Bucket 中,数据的最大长度限制为 5GB。接口定义:



```
* @param long contentlength, the size of the object, in bytes
 * @param const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* userobjectmeta, used in request
headers
 * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
        currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
          snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
          (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs put object(
                         SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                         const char* accesskey,
                         const char* secretkey,
                         const char* bucketname,
                         const char* objectname,
                         CallbackFunPtr readFun,
                         void* inputstream,
                         long contentlength,
                         const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta*
                         userobjectmeta,
                         const char* region, int ssl,
                         SNDAECSResult* ret)
```



```
// furthermore, user can set user metas with snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas()
// all key of user metas must begin with "x-snda-meta-", and case insensitive
snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas(objectmeta, "x-snda-meta-1",
           "this is my user meta 1");
snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas(objectmeta, "x-SNDA-metA-2",
           "WOO, the seconde user meta");
fd = fopen(localfile, "rb");
if(!fd) {
     printf("Please check your file!\n");
     return;
fseek(fd, 0L, SEEK_END);
flength = ftell(fd);
fseek(fd, 0, 0);
retcode = snda_ecs_put_object(handler, accesskey,
           secretkey, bucketname, objectname, snda_ecs_put_object_body, fd,
           flength, objectmeta, region, ssl, ret);
snda_ecs_release_user_object_meta(objectmeta);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
     printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     if(content) {
     printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
     printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
     printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
     printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
     printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
     snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
     }
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
     }
} else {
     printf("Put Object success and the http code is:%d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
```



# 5.4.2 获取 Object 的 meta 信息

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 HEAD Object 接口,通过该接口可以获取指定 Object 的元数据信息。

接口定义:

```
* Head Object
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
* initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* objectname, your object name
 * @param SNDAECSByteRange* byterange, the specified range bytes of
the object.
 * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
* currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
         follow any "Location: " header that the server
         sends as part of the HTTP header
 * @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
         redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
       snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs head object(
                          SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                          const char* accesskey,
                          const char* secretkey,
                          const char* bucketname,
                          const char* objectname,
                          SNDAECSByteRange* byterange,
                          const char* region,
                          int ssl,
                          SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                          long maxredirects,
                          SNDAECSResult* ret);
```



```
void head_object_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucketname, const char *region, const char * objectname,
           long byterangefirst, long byterangelast, int ssl, int followlocation,
           int maxredirects) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     SNDAECSResult* ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     SNDAECSByteRange* byterangeptr = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     byterangeptr = snda_ecs_init_byte_range();
     byterangeptr->first = byterangefirst;
     byterangeptr->last = byterangelast;
     retcode = snda_ecs_head_object(handler, accesskey,
                secretkey, bucketname, objectname, byterangeptr, region, ssl,
                followlocation, maxredirects, ret);
     snda_ecs_release_byte_range(byterangeptr);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           if(content) {
           printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
           }
           if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
             printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
           }
     } else {
           SNDAECSObjectMeta* objectmeta = snda_ecs_to_object_meta(ret);
           SNDAECSKVList*p = 0;
           printf("Etag;%s\n", objectmeta->etag);
           printf("Content-Type:%s\n", objectmeta->contenttype);
           printf("Content-Length:%s\n", objectmeta->lastmodified);
```



```
printf("Last-Modified:%s\n", objectmeta->lastmodified);
    p = objectmeta->usermetas;
    for (; p; p = p->next) {
        printf("p->key:%s\n", p->value);
    }
    snda_ecs_release_object_meta(objectmeta);
}

snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```

# 5.4.3 获取(下载) Object

该接口对应盛大云存储 API 的 GET OBJECT 接口,可通过该接口获取指定 Object 内容。接口定义:

```
* Get Object
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
         initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* objectname, your object name
 * @param SNDAECSByteRange* byterange, the specified range bytes of
the object.
 * @param CallbackFunPtr writeFun, used as
CURLOPT READFUNCTION, usually is snda ecs write fun();
 * @param void* outputstream, usually a pointer of file opend with
 * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
   currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
         follow any "Location: " header that the server
         sends as part of the HTTP header
  @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
         redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
```



```
pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
          (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_get_object(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           SNDAECSByteRange* byterange,
                           CallbackFunPtr writeFun,
                           void* outputstream,
                           const char* region, int ssl,
                           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                           long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret)
```

```
void get_object_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucket, const char *region, const char * objectname,
           const char * locafile, long by terangefirst, long by terangelast,
           int ssl, int followlocation, int maxredirects) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSByteRange* byterangeptr = 0;
     FILE* writefd = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     byterangeptr = snda_ecs_init_byte_range();
     byterangeptr->first = byterangefirst;
     byterangeptr->last = byterangelast;
     writefd = fopen(locafile, "wb");
     if(!writefd) {
         printf("Please check your localfile path!\n");
         return;
```



```
retcode = snda_ecs_get_object(handler, accesskey,
                 secretkey, bucket, objectname, by terangeptr, snda_ecs_write_fun,
                 writefd, region, ssl, followlocation, maxredirects, ret);
     fclose(writefd):
     snda\_ecs\_release\_byte\_range(byterangeptr);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent*content = snda\_ecs\_to\_error\_response(ret); \\
           printf("Get Object failed and the http code is:%d\n",
                       ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
           if (content) {
                 if (content->code) {
                       printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
                 if (content->message) {
                       printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
                 if (content->resource) {
                       printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
                 if (content->requestid) {
                       printf("RequestId:\%s\n", content-> requestid);\\
                 if (content->fullbody) {
                       printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
                 }
           }
           if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
             printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
           snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
     } else {
           printf("Get Object success and the http code is:%d\n",
                       ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
     }
     snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
     snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```



## 5.4.4 删除 Object

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 DELETE Object 接口,用于删除指定的 Object 接口定义:

```
* Delete Object
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
 * initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* objectname, your object name
 * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
 * currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
     follow any "Location: " header that the server
         sends as part of the HTTP header
 * @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
         redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs delete object(
                          SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                          const char* accesskey,
                          const char* secretkey,
                          const char* bucketname,
                          const char* objectname,
                          const char* region,
                          int ssl,
                          SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                          long maxredirects,
                          SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

详细使用实例:

void delete\_object\_example(const char\* accesskey, const char\* secretkey,



```
const char* bucket, const char *region, const char * objectname,
      int ssl, int followlocation, int maxredirects) {
SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
SNDAECS Error Code\ retcode\ ;
snda_ecs_global_init();
handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
retcode = snda_ecs_delete_object(handler, accesskey,
           secretkey, bucket, objectname, region, ssl, followlocation,
           maxredirects, ret);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
      printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
      SNDAECSErrorResponseContent*content = snda\_ecs\_to\_error\_response(ret); \\
      if (content) {
            if (content->code) {
                 printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
            if (content->message) {
                 printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
            if (content->requestid) {
                 printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           if (content->fullbody) {
                 printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
      }
      snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
      printf("Delete Object success and the http code is:%d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
}
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
```



## 5.4.5 拷贝 Object

该接口对应盛大云存储开发者文档中的 Copy Object,用户可以通过该操作将已经存在于存储上的 Object 拷贝至指定 Buket 下。接口定义:

```
* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
         initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
  * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
  * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
  * @param const char* destbucketname, the name of the destination
  * @param const char* destobjectname, the key of the destination
object
  * @param const char* srcbucketname, the name of the source bucket
  * @param const char* srcobjectname, the key of the source object
  * @param const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* userobjectmeta, used in
request headers
  * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
         currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
  * @param int ssl, whether to use https
  * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
          snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
          pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
           (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
  * return SNDAECSErrorCode
 SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs copy object(
                            SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                            const char* accesskey,
                            const char* secretkey,
                            const char* destbucketname,
                            const char* destobjectname,
                            const char *srcbucketname,
                            const char * srcobjectname,
                            const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta*
                           userobjectmeta,
                            const char* region, int ssl,
                            SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

详细使用实例:

 $void\ copy\_object\_example(const\ char*\ accesskey,\ const\ char*\ secretkey,$ 



```
const char* destbucketname, const char * destobjectname,
     const char * srcbucketname, const char * srcobjectname,
     const char *region, int ssl) {
SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0:
SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* objectmeta = 0;
SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
snda_ecs_global_init();
handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
objectmeta = snda_ecs_init_user_object_meta();
snda_ecs_set_object_type(objectmeta, "binary/octet-stream");
// furthermore, user can set user metas with snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas()
// all key of user metas must begin with "x-snda-meta-", and case insensitive
snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas(objectmeta, "x-snda-meta-1",
           "this is my user meta 1");
snda_ecs_add_object_user_metas(objectmeta, "x-SNDA-metA-2",
           "WOO, the seconde user meta");
retcode = snda_ecs_copy_object(handler, accesskey,
           secretkey, destbucketname, destobjectname, srcbucketname,
           srcobjectname, objectmeta, region, ssl, ret);
snda_ecs_release_user_object_meta(objectmeta);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
     printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
     SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     if(content) {
     printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
     printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
     printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
     printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
     printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
     snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
     printf("Copy Object success and the http code is:%d\n",
                ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
```



```
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```

## 5.4.6 初始化一个 Multipart Upload

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 的 Initiate Multipart Upload,用于初始化一个 Multipart Upload。接口定义:

```
* Initiate Multipart upload
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
 * initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* objectname, your object name
 * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
         currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* userobjectmeta,used
         in request headers
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
         follow any "Location: " header that the server
         sends as part of the HTTP header
 * @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
         redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_initiate_multipart_upload(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           const SNDAECSUserObjectMeta*
```



```
userobjectmeta,

const char* region,

int ssl,

SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,

long maxredirects,

SNDAECSResult* ret)
```

```
void initiate_multipart_upload_example( const char* accesskey,const char* secretkey,const char* bucket,
                                 const char *region,const char * objectname,int ssl,
                                 int followlocation,int maxredirects){
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
    SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
    SNDAECSUserObjectMeta* objectmeta = 0;
     char contenttype[S_SNDA_ECS_CONTENT_TYPE_LEN];
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
    handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
    ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
    objectmeta = snda_ecs_init_user_object_meta();
    snda_ecs_set_object_type(objectmeta, snda_ecs_get_content_type(objectname, contenttype));
    retcode = snda_ecs_initiate_multipart_upload(handler, accesskey, secretkey,
                            bucket, objectname, objectmeta, region, ssl, followlocation, maxredirects, ret);
    snda_ecs_release_user_object_meta(objectmeta);
    if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
         printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
    } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300){
         SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
         if(content) {
              if(content->code) {
              printf ("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
              if(content->message) {
              printf ("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
              if(content->resource) {
              printf ("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
              if(content->requestid) {
```



```
printf ("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
               if(content->fullbody) {
               printf \ ("AllErrorM\,essage: \%\,s \backslash n", \, content-\!\!>\!\! fullbody);
           if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
              printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey!\n");
          snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
     } else {
         SNDAECSInitiateMultipartUploadResult*
                                                                              content
snda_ecs_to_initiate_multipart_upload_result(ret);
         printf ("Initiate multipart upload success and the http code is:%d\n", ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
         if(content) {
               if(content->bucket) {
               printf ("Bucket:%s\n", content->bucket);
               if(content->key) {
               printf ("Key:%s\n", content->key);
               }
               if(content->uploadid) {
               printf ("UploadId:%s\n", content->uploadid);
          }
          snda_ecs_release_initiate_multipart_upload_result(content);
     }
     snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
     snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```

# 5.4.7 终止一个 Multipart Upload

该接口对应于盛大云存储 API 中的 Abort Multipart Upload 接口,可通过该接口终止一个指定的 Multipart Upload。当一个 Multipart Upload 被终止后,其 UploadId 也一同作废,且该 Multipart Upload 中的所有 Part 所占用的存储空间均会被释放。接口定义:

```
/**

* Abort_multipart_uploads
```



```
@param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
        initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* <u>secretkey</u>, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* objectname, your object name
 * @param const char* uploadid, your uploadid for
         the multipart upload
 * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
        currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param <u>int</u> <u>ssl</u>, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
         follow any "Location: " header that the server
         sends as part of the HTTP header
 * @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
         redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
         followlocation.
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
        pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
  return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs abort multipart upload(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           const char* uploadid,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                           long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret)
```

```
void abort_multipart_upload_example(const char* accesskey,

const char* secretkey, const char* bucket, const char *region,

const char * objectname, const char * uploadid, int ssl,

int followlocation, int maxredirects) {

SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
```



```
SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
snda_ecs_global_init();
handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
retcode = snda_ecs_abort_multipart_upload(handler,
           accesskey, secretkey, bucket, objectname, uploadid, region, ssl,
           followlocation, maxredirects, ret);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
      printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
      SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     if (content) {
           if (content->code) {
                 printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           if (content->message) {
                 printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           }
           if (content->requestid) {
                 printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           }
           if (content->fullbody) {
                 printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           }
     }
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please\ check\ y\ our\ bucketname, access Key, Secret Access Key, up\ loadid! \ \ ");
      snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
      printf("Abort multipart upload success and the http code is %d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
```



### 5.4.8 上传一个 Part

该接口对应盛大云存储开发者文档中的 Upload Part,用户可以通过该操作上传一个 Part 到指定的 Multipart Upload 中。

接口定义:

```
* Upload Part
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
         initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
* @param const char* objectname, your object name
 * @param const char* uploadid, your uploadid for multipart upload
 * @param int partnumber,partnumber of this part
 * @param CallbackFunPtr readFun, used as CURLOPT READDATA, usually
is snda ecs put object body
* @param void* inputstream, data stream for upload, usually a pointer
of file opened with "rb"
 * @param long contentlength, the size of the object, in bytes
 * @param const char* contentmd5, contentmd5 of this part(can be null)
 * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
       currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
         pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda_ecs_reset_result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda ecs upload part(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           const char* uploadid,
                           int partnumber,
                           CallbackFunPtr readFun,
                           void* inputstream,
                           long contentlength,
                           const char* contentmd5,
                           const char* region,
```



```
int ssl,
SNDAECSResult* ret);
```

```
void upload_part_example(const char* accesskey, const char* secretkey,
           const char* bucket, const char *region, const char * objectname,
           const char * uploadid, const char * localfile, int ssl, int partnumber) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     FILE* fd = 0;
     long file length;
     char * contentmd5 = 0;
     SNDAECSErrorCode retcode;
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     fd = fopen(localfile, "rb");
         printf("please check your localfile path!\n");
         return;
     fseek(fd, 0L, SEEK_END);
     filelength = ftell(fd);
     fseek(fd, 0, 0);
     retcode = snda_ecs_upload_part(handler, accesskey,
                 secretkey, bucket, objectname, uploadid, partnumber,
                snda_ecs_put_object_body, fd, filelength, contentmd5, region, ssl,
                ret);
     if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
           printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
     } else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
           SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
           if (content) {
                 if (content->code) {
                      printf("ErrorCode: \%s \n", content-> code);\\
                 if (content->message) {
                      printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
```



```
if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           if (content->requestid) {
                 printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           if (content->fullbody) {
                 printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           }
     }
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey, SecretAccessKey, uploadid!\n");
     }
     snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
     printf("Upload part success and the http code is %d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
```

### 5.4.9 列出已上传的 Parts

该接口对应盛大云存储开发者文档中的 List Parts,用户可以通过该操作列出一个 Multipart Upload 已上传的 Part。

接口定义:

```
/**
 * List_Parts
 * @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
 * initialized by invoking snda_ecs_init_handler()
 * @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
 * @param const char* secretkey, your secretKey
 * @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 * @param const char* objectname, the object name of the
 * multipart upload
 * @param const char* uploadid, the uploadid of the multipart
 * upload
 * @param const char* partnumbermarker, the part to start with
 * @param int maxparts, the maximum number of parts returned
 * in the response body
 * @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
```



```
currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 * @param int ssl, whether to use https
 * @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,whether to
        follow any "Location: " header that the server
        sends as part of the HTTP header
  \verb§param long maxredixets, the maximum amount of HTTP
        redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
        followlocation.
  @param SNDAECSResult* ret,SNDAECSResult* created from
        snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
        pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda ecs reset result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
 * return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_list_parts(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           const char* uploadid,
                           int partnumbermarker,
                           int maxparts,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                           long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret)
```



```
retcode = snda_ecs_list_parts(handler, accesskey,
           secretkey, bucket, objectname, uploadid, partnumbermarker,
           maxparts, region, ssl, followlocation, maxdirects, ret);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
      printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode < 300) {
     SNDAECSMultipartsContent* content = snda_ecs_to_multipart_parts(ret);
      SNDAECSM ultipartsPart* part = 0;
     if (content) {
           printf("Bucket:%s\n", content->bucket);
           printf("Key:%s\n", content->key);
           printf("UploadId:%s\n", content->uploadid);
           printf("MaxParts:%d\n", content->maxparts);
           printf("IsTruncated:%d\n", content->istruncated);
           printf("PartNumberMarker:%d\n", content->partnumbermarker);
           printf("NextPartNumberM \ arker: \% \ d\ n", \ content-> nextpartnumbermarker);
           printf("PARTS/\n");
           part = content->parts;
           while (part) {
                 printf("\tPART\\n");
                 printf("\t\tPartNumber:%d\n", part->partnumber);
                 printf("\t\tSize:%ld\n", part->size);
                 printf("\t\tLastModified:%s\n", part->lastmodified);
                 printf("\t\tETag:%s\n", part->etag);
                 part = part - next;
                 printf("\t/PART\n");
           printf("/PARTS\n");
     }
      snda_ecs_release_multiparts_content(content);
} else {
      SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
      if (content) {
           if (content->code) {
                 printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           }
           if (content->message) {
                 printf("ErrorMessage: \%s \n", content-> message);\\
           if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
```



## 5.4.10 完成一个 Multipart Upload

该接口对应盛大云存储开发者文档中的 Complete Multipart Upload,用户可以通过该操作来完成 Multipart Upload,合并其包含的所有 Part,并在云存储中产生一个新的 Objcet. 接口定义:

```
* Complete multipart upload
* @param SNDAECSHandler* handler, the handler you had
       initialized by invoking snda ecs init handler()
* @param const char* accesskey, your accessKey
* @param <u>const</u> char* <u>secretkey</u>, your secretKey
* @param const char* bucketname, your bucketname
 @param const char* objectname, the object name of the
        multipart upload
 @param const char* uploadid, the uploadid of the multipart
        upload
 @param const SNDAECSMultipartsMeta* partsmeta, partsmetas of
        the multipart upload
 @param const char* region, region of your bucket, region
       currently support "huadong-1", "huabei-1"
 @param int ssl, whether to use https
 @param SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation, whether to
       follow any "Location: " header that the server
       sends as part of the HTTP header
 @param long maxredirects, the maximum amount of HTTP
       redirections to follow. Use this option alongside
```



```
followlocation.
 * @param SNDAECSResult* ret, SNDAECSResult* created from
         snda ecs init result(), if you want to reuse this
        pointer, MAKE SURE invoke snda_ecs_reset_result
         (SNDAECSResult*) to reset this pointer to initial status.
  return SNDAECSErrorCode
SNDAECSErrorCode snda_ecs_complete_multipart_upload(
                           SNDAECSHandler* handler,
                           const char* accesskey,
                           const char* secretkey,
                           const char* bucketname,
                           const char* objectname,
                           const char* uploadid,
                           const SNDAECSMultipartsMeta* partsmeta,
                           const char* region,
                           int ssl,
                           SNDAECSFollowLocation followlocation,
                           long maxredirects,
                           SNDAECSResult* ret)
```

```
void complete_multipart_upload_example(const char* accesskey,
           const char* secretkey, const char* bucket, const char *region,
           const char * objectname, const char * uploadid, int ssl,
           int followlocation, int maxdirects) {
     SNDAECSHandler* handler = 0;
     SNDAECSResult* ret = 0;
     SNDAECSMultipartsMeta* metas = 0;
     SNDAECSMultipartsMeta*p = 0;
    SNDAECSErrorCode retcode:
     snda_ecs_global_init();
     handler = snda_ecs_init_handler();
     ret = snda_ecs_init_result();
     metas = snda_ecs_init_multiparts_meta();
     p = metas;
     p \rightarrow partnumber = 1;
     snda_ecs_copy_string(&(p->etag), "\"58fda622140205b3d6a2457415d301f2\"");
     p->next = snda_ecs_init_multiparts_meta();
     p = p - next;
```



```
p \rightarrow partnumber = 2;
snda\_ecs\_copy\_string(\&(p->etag), "\"58fda622140205b3d6a2457415d301f2\"");
p->next = snda_ecs_init_multiparts_meta();
p = p->next;
p - partnumber = 3;
snda\_ecs\_copy\_string(\&(p->etag), "\"296e2bd0ce7124b6fbda05873c261dfb\"");
retcode = snda_ecs_complete_multipart_upload(handler,
           accesskey, secretkey, bucket, objectname, uploadid, metas, region,
           ssl, followlocation, maxdirects, ret);
snda_ecs_release_multiparts_meta(metas);
if (retcode != SNDA_ECS_SUCCESS) {
      printf("ClientErrorMessage:%s", ret->error->handlererrmsg);
} else if (ret->serverresponse->httpcode >= 300) {
      SNDAECSErrorResponseContent* content = snda_ecs_to_error_response(ret);
     if (content) {
           if (content->code) {
                 printf("ErrorCode:%s\n", content->code);
           if (content->message) {
                 printf("ErrorMessage:%s\n", content->message);
           if (content->resource) {
                 printf("Resource:%s\n", content->resource);
           if (content->requestid) {
                 printf("RequestId:%s\n", content->requestid);
           if (content->fullbody) {
                 printf("AllErrorMessage:%s\n", content->fullbody);
           }
     }
     if(ret->serverresponse->httpcode == 505) {
        printf("Please check your bucketname, accessKey,SecretAccessKey,uploadid!\n");
     }
     snda_ecs_release_error_response_content(content);
} else {
      printf("Complete multipart upload success and the http code is %d\n",
                 ret->serverresponse->httpcode);
snda_ecs_release_handler(handler);
```



```
snda_ecs_relase_result(ret);
}
```

如果在使用中遇到任何问题,请在 http://forum.grandcloud.cn/反馈,我们将及时跟进。谢谢!