

Cloud Storage Python SDK develop guide

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1. 准备

1.1 环境

使用盛大云存储的 Python SDK 进行开发需要具备 python 2.6 以上版本

1.2 使用到的 Python module

os, sys, httplib, urllib, socket, logging, time, base64, hmac, sha, md5, xml.sax, string 由于需要将存储服务返回的 RFC3339 日期格式转化成 datetime 数据类型,因此需要使 用 rfc3339 这个 module

Linux 安装:

pip install -e git://github.com/tonyg/python-rfc3339.git#egg=rfc3339 Windows 安装:

- 1) 下载 http://github.com/tonyg/python-rfc3339/tarball/master
- 2) 解压缩后,执行 python setup.py install 安装

1.3 下载 sndacspylib

将 sndacspylib 下载到需要安装的目录,解压缩

1.4 安装 sndacspylib

- 1) 修改目录 sndacspylib/config/下,cs.properties 文件中的 AccessKey, SecretKey 的值为盛大为云存储用户提供的相应 key 值;CheckHash 可接受的配置为 True 和 False,True 表示上传和下载数据时会本地校验数据的 MD5 值,False 表示不作本地校验;SecureComm 可接受的配置为 True 和 False,True 表示使用 HTTPS 连接,端口使用443,False 表示使用 HTTP 连接,端口使用80
- 2) 在 sndacspylib 目录下运行命令,python setup.py install



2. 如何编写代码

2.1 创建连接

2.2 创建云存储服务对象

```
service = CSUtil.SNDA_CS(ConnectionObject = connection)
```

2.3 获取 Bucket 列表

2.4 添加新 Bucket

第一个参数用以指定 bucket 的名字,第二个参数为 bucket 的位置信息,目前可选的 idc位置有 huabei-1 和 huadong-1,默认为 huabei-1

```
service.add_bucket("bucket_name", "huabei-1")
```

2.5 删除 Bucket

```
service.delete_bucket("bucket_name")
```

2.6 创建云存储数据对象

```
import sndacspylib.snda_cs.cs_util as CSUtil
```



object = CSUtil.SNDA_Object(connection, "bucket_name", "object_name")

2.7 上传数据

第一个参数指定需要上传的文件的路径,第二个参数指定需要指定的数据的 meta 信息,默认可以不传入此参数

```
object.put_object_from_file("filepath/file")
```

headers 为用户需要自定义的 HTTP Header 信息,例如,用户可以自定义 Content-Type 为值 XXX

2.8 获取数据 Meta 信息

```
infos = object.get_object_info()
```

2.9 下载数据

```
object.get_object_to_file("filepath/file")
```

2.10 删除数据

```
object.delete_object()
```

2.11 生成 Bucket Policy 对象以及 xml 格式字符串

```
from sndacspylib.snda_cs_model import *
effect = Effects.Allow
actions = Actions.AllActions
resources = "*"
conditions = {ConditionTypes.Bool: {AvailableKeys.SecureTransport: True}, \
            ConditionTypes.IpAddress: {AvailableKeys.SourceIp: "192.168.0.24"}}
statement = PolicyStatement(Sid = None,
                         Effect = effect,
                         Principal = None,
                         Action = actions,
                         Resource = resources,
                         Condition = conditions)
Statement.sid_regenerate()
policy = BucketPolicy(Id = "your_id", Version = None, Statement = [statement])
import json
policy_xml = json.dumps(policy.toDict())
```



设置 Bucket Policy 2.12

```
import sndacspylib.snda_cs.cs_util as CSUtil
bucket = CSUtil.SNDA_Bucket(connection, "bucket_name")
bucket.set_policy(policy_xml)
```

获取 Bucket Policy 2.13

```
bucket_policy_string = bucket.get_policy()
```

2.14 删除 Bucket Policy

bucket.delete_policy()

列出未完成的 Multipart upload

```
list_result = bucket.list_multipart_uploads(key_marker='key-marker',
                                        prefixDir='prefix',
                                        delimiter='delimiter',
                                        upload_id_marker='upload-id-marker')
for upload in list_result.uploads:
   print upload.key, upload.initiated
for common_prefix in list_result.common_prefixes:
   print common_prefix.prefix
```

2.16 初始化 Multiupload

```
object.initiate_multipart_upload()
```

取消 Multiupload 2.17

object.abort multipart upload(object.init result.upload id)

2.18 上传 Multiupload parts

```
part1 = object.upload_part_from_file(object.init_result.upload_id,
                                   '1',
                                  'filepath/file')
part2 = object.upload_part_from_data(object.init_result.upload_id,
                                   '2',
```



'I am No.2.')

2.19 完成 Multiupload

```
from xml.dom.minidom import Document

complete_content = CompleteMultipartUpload([part1, part2])

document = Util.object_convert_to_xml(Document(), complete_content)

object.complete_multipart_upload(object.init_result.upload_id, document.toxml())
```

2.19 获取 Multiupload 对象列表

list_parts_result = object.list_parts(object.init_result.upload_id)

2.20 创建带签名的 URL

```
signed_put_url = connection.create_signed_put_url(bucket='testBucket',
key='testKey', headers={}, metadata={}, expire=3000)
signed_get_url = connection.create_signed_get_url(bucket='testBucket',
key='testKey', expire=3000)
signed_head_url = connection.create_signed_head_url(bucket='testBucket',
key='testKey', expire=3000)
signed_delete_url = connection.create_signed_delete_url(bucket='testBucket',
key='testKey', expire=3000)
```

3 存储服务对象

3.19 SNDA_CS

该类型封装了对盛大云存储 Bucket 数据类型的相关操作,其中包含:

- 1) 获取 bucket 列表: get_list_of_buckets()
- 2) 获取 bucket 对象: get bucket name(bucket name)
- 3) 添加 bucket: add_bucket(bucket_name)
- 4) 删除 bucket: delete_bucket(bucket_name)

3.20 SNDA_Bucket

该类型封装了对盛大云存储 Bucket 下数据进行同步以及 Bucket Policy 的相关操作,其中包含:



- 1) 获取 bucket 下文件列表: get_list_of_keys_in_bucket()
- 2) 设置 policy: set_policy(policy)
- 3) 获取 policy: get_policy()
- 4) 删除 policy: delete_policy()
- 5) 列出未完成 Multipart uploads: list multipart uploads()

3.21 SNDA_Object

该类型封装了对盛大云存储 Object 数据类型的相关操作,其中包含:

1) 上传文件:

```
put_object_from_file(file_name, headers)
put_object_from_stream(size, stream, headers, metadata)
put_object_from_string(string, headers)
```

2) 下载文件:

```
get_object_to_file(file_name)
get_object_to_stream()
```

- 3) 获取文件信息: get_object_info()
- 4) 删除文件: delete_object()
- 5) 初始化 Multiupload: initiate_multipart_upload()
- 6) 上传 Part:

```
upload_part_from_file(upload_id, part_number, file_name)
upload_part_from_data(upload_id, part_number, data)
```

- 7) 完成 Multipart upload: complete_multipart_upload(upload_id, complete_parts)
- 8) 终止 Multipart upload: abort multipart upload(upload id)
- 9) 列出 Multipart upload 已上传的 part: list_parts(upload_id, max_parts, part_number_marker)

4 代码示例

Python IDLE 中执行下述代码:

```
>>>import sndacspylib.snda_cs.cs_util
>>>from sndacspylib.snda_cs_config import Config
>>>conn=sndacspylib.snda_cs.cs_util.CS.SNDAAuthConnection(Config.CSProperties['
AccessKey'], Config.CSProperties['SecretKey'],
(Config.CSProperties['SecureComm']==False))
>>>cloud_storage=sndacspylib.snda_cs.cs_util.SNDA_CS(ConnectionObject = conn)
>>>cloud_storage.get_list_of_buckets()
>>>
```



完整 python 代码示例:

```
from sndacspylib.snda_cs_config import *
import sndacspylib.snda_cs.cs_rest as CSRest
import sndacspylib.snda_cs.cs_util as CSUtil
import uuid
# initialize connection
connection = CSRest.SNDAAuthConnection(Config.CSProperties['AccessKey'],
Config.CSProperties['SecretKey'], True)
# initialize service
service = CSUtil.SNDA_CS(ConnectionObject = connection)
# list buckets
bucket_list = service.get_list_of_buckets()
for item in bucket_list:
    print bucket_list[item]
bucket_name = str(uuid.uuid4())
# add bucket
service.add_bucket(bucket_name, 'huadong-1')
object_name = str(uuid.uuid4())
# initialize object
object = CSUtil.SNDA_Object(connection, bucket_name, object_name)
# add object
object.put_object_from_file("filepath/file")
# head object
infos = object.get_object_info()
print infos.metadata
print infos.size
print infos.last modified
# get object
object.get_object_to_file("filepath/file.bak")
```



```
\hbox{{\tt import} commands}
md5sum1 = commands.getoutput("md5sum filepath/file").split()[0]
md5sum2 = commands.getoutput("md5sum filepath/file.bak").split()[0]
print md5sum1
print md5sum2
# initialize bucket
bucket = CSUtil.SNDA_Bucket(connection, bucket_name)
# list object
object_list = bucket.get_list_of_keys_in_bucket("", "")
for item in object_list:
    print item
# add object from string
object.put_object_from_string('I am a string.')
# delete object
object.delete_object()
# delete bucket
service.delete_bucket(bucket_name)
```