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package android.widget;
import android.annotation.IntDef;
import android.annotation.NonNull;
import android.annotation.Nullable;
import android.content.Context;
import android.content.res.TypedArray;
import android.graphics.Canvas;
import android.graphics.drawable.Drawable;
import android.os.Build;
import android.util.AttributeSet;
import android.view.Gravity;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewDebug;
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import android.view.ViewHierarchyEncoder;
import android.widget.RemoteViews.RemoteView;
import com.android.internal.R;
import java.lang.annotation.Retention;
import java.lang.annotation.RetentionPolicy;
* A layout that arranges other views either horizontally in a single column
  or vertically in a single row.
* The following snippet shows how to include a linear layout in your layout XML file:
android:layout_width="match_parent"
 *
    android:Layout_height="match_parent"
 *
    android:paddingLeft="16dp"
    android:paddingRight="16dp"
 *
    android:orientation="horizontal"
    android:gravity="center">
    <!-- Include other widget or layout tags here. These are considered
            "child views" or "children" of the linear layout -->
* </LinearLayout&gt;
 * Set {@link android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_orientation android:orientation} to specify
 * whether child views are displayed in a row or column.
* To control how linear layout aligns all the views it contains, set a value for
 * {@link android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_gravity android:gravity}. For example, the
 * snippet above sets android:gravity to "center". The value you set affects
* both horizontal and vertical alignment of all child views within the single row or column.
 * You can set
 * {@link android.R.styleable#LinearLayout Layout layout weight android:layout weight}
 * on individual child views to specify how linear layout divides remaining space amongst
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* the views it contains. See the
 * <a href="https://developer.android.com/quide/topics/ui/layout/linear.html">Linear Layout</a>
  quide for an example.
* See
* {@link android.widget.LinearLayout.LayoutParams LinearLayout.LayoutParams}
 * to learn about other attributes you can set on a child view to affect its
 * position and size in the containing linear layout.
* @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_baselineAligned
*~\textit{@attr}~ref~android.R.styleable\#LinearLayout\_baselineAlignedChildIndex
* @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_gravity
* @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_measureWithLargestChild
* <code>@attr</code> ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_orientation
 * @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_weightSum
@RemoteView
public class LinearLayout extends ViewGroup {
   /** @hide */
   @IntDef({HORIZONTAL, VERTICAL})
    @Retention(RetentionPolicy.SOURCE)
    public @interface OrientationMode {}
    public static final int HORIZONTAL = 0;
    public static final int VERTICAL = 1;
    /** @hide */
   @IntDef(flag = true,
            value = {
                SHOW DIVIDER NONE,
                SHOW_DIVIDER_BEGINNING,
                SHOW DIVIDER MIDDLE,
                SHOW DIVIDER_END
            })
    @Retention(RetentionPolicy.SOURCE)
    public @interface DividerMode {}
    /**
     * Don't show any dividers.
    public static final int SHOW_DIVIDER_NONE = 0;
    * Show a divider at the beginning of the group.
    public static final int SHOW_DIVIDER_BEGINNING = 1;
    * Show dividers between each item in the group.
    public static final int SHOW_DIVIDER_MIDDLE = 2;
    * Show a divider at the end of the group.
    public static final int SHOW_DIVIDER_END = 4;
     * Compatibility check. Old versions of the platform would give different
     * results from measurement passes using EXACTLY and non-EXACTLY modes,
     * even when the resulting size was the same.
    */
    private final boolean mAllowInconsistentMeasurement;
    * Whether the children of this layout are baseline aligned. Only applicable
     * if {@link #mOrientation} is horizontal.
    @ViewDebug.ExportedProperty(category = "layout")
   private boolean mBaselineAligned = true;
    * If this layout is part of another layout that is baseline aligned,
    * use the child at this index as the baseline.
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* Note: this is orthogonal to {@link #mBaselineAligned}, which is concerned
 * with whether the children of this layout are baseline aligned.
@ViewDebug.ExportedProperty(category = "layout")
private int mBaselineAlignedChildIndex = -1;
* The additional offset to the child's baseline.
 * We'll calculate the baseline of this layout as we measure vertically; for
 * horizontal linear layouts, the offset of 0 is appropriate.
 */
@ViewDebug.ExportedProperty(category = "measurement")
private int mBaselineChildTop = 0;
@ViewDebug.ExportedProperty(category = "measurement")
private int mOrientation;
@ViewDebug.ExportedProperty(category = "measurement", flagMapping = {
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = -1,
            equals = -1, name = "NONE"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.NO_GRAVITY,
            equals = Gravity.NO GRAVITY, name = "NONE"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.TOP,
            equals = Gravity.TOP, name = "TOP"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.BOTTOM,
            equals = Gravity.BOTTOM, name = "BOTTOM"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.LEFT,
            equals = Gravity.LEFT, name = "LEFT"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.RIGHT,
            equals = Gravity.RIGHT, name = "RIGHT"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.START,
            equals = Gravity.START, name = "START"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.END,
            equals = Gravity.END, name = "END"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.CENTER VERTICAL,
            equals = Gravity.CENTER_VERTICAL, name = "CENTER_VERTICAL"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.FILL_VERTICAL,
            equals = Gravity.FILL_VERTICAL, name = "FILL_VERTICAL"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.CENTER_HORIZONTAL,
            equals = Gravity.CENTER_HORIZONTAL, name = "CENTER_HORIZONTAL"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.FILL_HORIZONTAL,
            equals = Gravity.FILL_HORIZONTAL, name = "FILL_HORIZONTAL"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.CENTER,
            equals = Gravity.CENTER, name = "CENTER"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.FILL,
            equals = Gravity.FILL, name = "FILL"),
        @ViewDebug.FlagToString(mask = Gravity.RELATIVE_LAYOUT_DIRECTION,
            equals = Gravity.RELATIVE_LAYOUT_DIRECTION, name = "RELATIVE")
   }, formatToHexString = true)
private int mGravity = Gravity.START | Gravity.TOP;
@ViewDebug.ExportedProperty(category = "measurement")
private int mTotalLength;
@ViewDebug.ExportedProperty(category = "layout")
private float mWeightSum;
@ViewDebug.ExportedProperty(category = "layout")
private boolean mUseLargestChild;
private int[] mMaxAscent;
private int[] mMaxDescent;
private static final int VERTICAL_GRAVITY_COUNT = 4;
private static final int INDEX_CENTER_VERTICAL = 0;
private static final int INDEX_TOP = 1;
private static final int INDEX_BOTTOM = 2;
private static final int INDEX_FILL = 3;
private Drawable mDivider;
private int mDividerWidth;
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private int mDividerHeight;
private int mShowDividers;
private int mDividerPadding;
private int mLayoutDirection = View.LAYOUT_DIRECTION_UNDEFINED;
public LinearLayout(Context context) {
   this(context, null);
}
public LinearLayout(Context context, @Nullable AttributeSet attrs) {
   this(context, attrs, 0);
public LinearLayout(Context context, @Nullable AttributeSet attrs, int defStyleAttr) {
    this(context, attrs, defStyleAttr, 0);
public LinearLayout(Context context, AttributeSet attrs, int defStyleAttr, int defStyleRes) {
    super(context, attrs, defStyleAttr, defStyleRes);
    final TypedArray a = context.obtainStyledAttributes(
            attrs, com.android.internal.R.styleable.LinearLayout, defStyleAttr, defStyleRes);
   int index = a.getInt(com.android.internal.R.styleable.LinearLayout_orientation, -1);
   if (index >= 0) {
        setOrientation(index);
    }
    index = a.getInt(com.android.internal.R.styleable.LinearLayout gravity, -1);
   if (index >= 0) {
        setGravity(index);
   }
   boolean baselineAligned = a.getBoolean(R.styleable.LinearLayout baselineAligned, true);
    if (!baselineAligned) {
        setBaselineAligned(baselineAligned);
   }
   mWeightSum = a.getFloat(R.styleable.LinearLayout weightSum, -1.0f);
   mBaselineAlignedChildIndex =
            a.getInt(com.android.internal.R.styleable.LinearLayout_baselineAlignedChildIndex, -1);
   mUseLargestChild = a.getBoolean(R.styleable.LinearLayout_measureWithLargestChild, false);
   mShowDividers = a.getInt(R.styleable.LinearLayout_showDividers, SHOW_DIVIDER_NONE);
   mDividerPadding = a.getDimensionPixelSize(R.styleable.LinearLayout_dividerPadding, 0);
    setDividerDrawable(a.getDrawable(R.styleable.LinearLayout_divider));
   final int version = context.getApplicationInfo().targetSdkVersion;
   mAllowInconsistentMeasurement = version <= Build.VERSION_CODES.M;</pre>
   a.recycle();
}
 * Returns <code>true</code> if this layout is currently configured to show at least one
 * divider.
private boolean isShowingDividers() {
    return (mShowDividers != SHOW_DIVIDER_NONE) && (mDivider != null);
}
* Set how dividers should be shown between items in this layout
  @param showDividers One or more of {@link #SHOW_DIVIDER_BEGINNING},
                       {@link #SHOW_DIVIDER_MIDDLE}, or {@link #SHOW_DIVIDER_END}
                       to show dividers, or {@link #SHOW_DIVIDER_NONE} to show no dividers.
public void setShowDividers(@DividerMode int showDividers) {
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if (showDividers == mShowDividers) {
        return;
    mShowDividers = showDividers;
    setWillNotDraw(!isShowingDividers());
    requestLayout();
}
@Override
public boolean shouldDelayChildPressedState() {
    return false;
}
 * @return A flag set indicating how dividers should be shown around items.
 * @see #setShowDividers(int)
@DividerMode
public int getShowDividers() {
    return mShowDividers;
}
 * @return the divider Drawable that will divide each item.
  @see #setDividerDrawable(Drawable)
   @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout divider
public Drawable getDividerDrawable() {
    return mDivider;
}
 * Set a drawable to be used as a divider between items.
  @param divider Drawable that will divide each item.
  @see #setShowDividers(int)
 * @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_divider
public void setDividerDrawable(Drawable divider) {
    if (divider == mDivider) {
        return;
    mDivider = divider;
    if (divider != null) {
        mDividerWidth = divider.getIntrinsicWidth();
        mDividerHeight = divider.getIntrinsicHeight();
    } else {
        mDividerWidth = 0;
        mDividerHeight = 0;
    }
    setWillNotDraw(!isShowingDividers());
    requestLayout();
}
 st Set padding displayed on both ends of dividers. For a vertical layout, the padding is applied
 st to left and right end of dividers. For a horizontal layout, the padding is applied to top and
 * bottom end of dividers.
 * @param padding Padding value in pixels that will be applied to each end
 * @see #setShowDividers(int)
 * @see #setDividerDrawable(Drawable)
 * @see #getDividerPadding()
public void setDividerPadding(int padding) {
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if (padding == mDividerPadding) {
        return;
   mDividerPadding = padding;
    if (isShowingDividers()) {
        requestLayout();
        invalidate();
    }
}
 * Get the padding size used to inset dividers in pixels
  @see #setShowDividers(int)
  @see #setDividerDrawable(Drawable)
 * @see #setDividerPadding(int)
public int getDividerPadding() {
    return mDividerPadding;
}
 * Get the width of the current divider drawable.
  @hide Used internally by framework.
public int getDividerWidth() {
    return mDividerWidth;
}
@Override
protected void onDraw(Canvas canvas) {
    if (mDivider == null) {
        return;
    }
    if (mOrientation == VERTICAL) {
        drawDividersVertical(canvas);
    } else {
        drawDividersHorizontal(canvas);
}
void drawDividersVertical(Canvas canvas) {
    final int count = getVirtualChildCount();
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {</pre>
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
        if (child != null && child.getVisibility() != GONE) {
            if (hasDividerBeforeChildAt(i)) {
                final LayoutParams lp = (LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
                final int top = child.getTop() - lp.topMargin - mDividerHeight;
                drawHorizontalDivider(canvas, top);
            }
        }
    }
    if (hasDividerBeforeChildAt(count)) {
        final View child = getLastNonGoneChild();
        int bottom = 0;
        if (child == null) {
            bottom = getHeight() - getPaddingBottom() - mDividerHeight;
        } else {
            final LayoutParams lp = (LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
            bottom = child.getBottom() + lp.bottomMargin;
        drawHorizontalDivider(canvas, bottom);
    }
}
* Finds the last child that is not gone. The last child will be used as the reference for
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* where the end divider should be drawn.
private View getLastNonGoneChild() {
   for (int i = getVirtualChildCount() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
        if (child != null && child.getVisibility() != GONE) {
            return child;
    }
    return null;
}
void drawDividersHorizontal(Canvas canvas) {
    final int count = getVirtualChildCount();
    final boolean isLayoutRtl = isLayoutRtl();
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {</pre>
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
        if (child != null && child.getVisibility() != GONE) {
            if (hasDividerBeforeChildAt(i)) {
                final LayoutParams lp = (LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
                final int position;
                if (isLayoutRtl) {
                    position = child.getRight() + lp.rightMargin;
                    position = child.getLeft() - lp.leftMargin - mDividerWidth;
                drawVerticalDivider(canvas, position);
            }
        }
   }
    if (hasDividerBeforeChildAt(count)) {
        final View child = getLastNonGoneChild();
        int position;
        if (child == null) {
            if (isLayoutRtl) {
                position = getPaddingLeft();
            } else {
                position = getWidth() - getPaddingRight() - mDividerWidth;
            }
        } else {
            final LayoutParams lp = (LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
            if (isLayoutRtl) {
                position = child.getLeft() - lp.leftMargin - mDividerWidth;
            } else {
                position = child.getRight() + lp.rightMargin;
        drawVerticalDivider(canvas, position);
   }
}
void drawHorizontalDivider(Canvas canvas, int top) {
   mDivider.setBounds(getPaddingLeft() + mDividerPadding, top,
            getWidth() - getPaddingRight() - mDividerPadding, top + mDividerHeight);
   mDivider.draw(canvas);
}
void drawVerticalDivider(Canvas canvas, int left) {
   mDivider.setBounds(left, getPaddingTop() + mDividerPadding,
            left + mDividerWidth, getHeight() - getPaddingBottom() - mDividerPadding);
   mDivider.draw(canvas);
}
 * Indicates whether widgets contained within this layout are aligned
 * on their baseline or not.
 * @return true when widgets are baseline-aligned, false otherwise
public boolean isBaselineAligned() {
    return mBaselineAligned;
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}
 * Defines whether widgets contained in this layout are
 * baseline-aligned or not.
 * @param baselineAligned true to align widgets on their baseline,
           false otherwise
  @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout baselineAligned
@android.view.RemotableViewMethod
public void setBaselineAligned(boolean baselineAligned) {
   mBaselineAligned = baselineAligned;
}
* When true, all children with a weight will be considered having
 * the minimum size of the largest child. If false, all children are
 * measured normally.
  @return True to measure children with a weight using the minimum
           size of the largest child, false otherwise.
 * @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_measureWithLargestChild
public boolean isMeasureWithLargestChildEnabled() {
    return mUseLargestChild;
}
 * When set to true, all children with a weight will be considered having
 * the minimum size of the largest child. If false, all children are
 * measured normally.
 * Disabled by default.
  @param enabled True to measure children with a weight using the
          minimum size of the largest child, false otherwise.
 * @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_measureWithLargestChild
@android.view.RemotableViewMethod
public void setMeasureWithLargestChildEnabled(boolean enabled) {
   mUseLargestChild = enabled;
}
@Override
public int getBaseline() {
   if (mBaselineAlignedChildIndex < 0) {</pre>
        return super.getBaseline();
   }
    if (getChildCount() <= mBaselineAlignedChildIndex) {</pre>
        throw new RuntimeException("mBaselineAlignedChildIndex of LinearLayout "
                + "set to an index that is out of bounds.");
   }
   final View child = getChildAt(mBaselineAlignedChildIndex);
   final int childBaseline = child.getBaseline();
   if (childBaseline == -1) {
        if (mBaselineAlignedChildIndex == 0) {
            // this is just the default case, safe to return -1
        // the user picked an index that points to something that doesn't
        // know how to calculate its baseline.
        throw new RuntimeException("mBaselineAlignedChildIndex of LinearLayout "
                + "points to a View that doesn't know how to get its baseline.");
   }
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// TODO: This should try to take into account the virtual offsets
   // (See getNextLocationOffset and getLocationOffset)
   // We should add to childTop:
   // sum([getNextLocationOffset(getChildAt(i)) / i < mBaselineAlignedChildIndex])</pre>
   // and also add:
    // getLocationOffset(child)
   int childTop = mBaselineChildTop;
    if (mOrientation == VERTICAL) {
        final int majorGravity = mGravity & Gravity.VERTICAL GRAVITY MASK;
        if (majorGravity != Gravity.TOP) {
           switch (majorGravity) {
               case Gravity.BOTTOM:
                   childTop = mBottom - mTop - mPaddingBottom - mTotalLength;
               case Gravity.CENTER_VERTICAL:
                   childTop += ((mBottom - mTop - mPaddingTop - mPaddingBottom) -
                           mTotalLength) / 2;
                   break;
           }
        }
   }
   LinearLayout.LayoutParams lp = (LinearLayout.LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
    return childTop + lp.topMargin + childBaseline;
}
  @return The index of the child that will be used if this layout is
    part of a larger layout that is baseline aligned, or -1 if none has
    been set.
 */
public int getBaselineAlignedChildIndex() {
    return mBaselineAlignedChildIndex;
}
  @param i The index of the child that will be used if this layout is
           part of a larger layout that is baseline aligned.
 * @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_baselineAlignedChildIndex
@android.view.RemotableViewMethod
public void setBaselineAlignedChildIndex(int i) {
   if ((i < 0) \mid | (i >= getChildCount())) {
        throw new IllegalArgumentException("base aligned child index out "
                + "of range (0, " + getChildCount() + ")");
   mBaselineAlignedChildIndex = i;
}
* Returns the view at the specified index. This method can be overriden
 * to take into account virtual children. Refer to
 * {@link android.widget.TableLayout} and {@link android.widget.TableRow}
 * for an example.
 * @param index the child's index
 * @return the child at the specified index, may be {@code null}
*/
@Nullable
View getVirtualChildAt(int index) {
   return getChildAt(index);
}
 * Returns the virtual number of children. This number might be different
 ^{st} than the actual number of children if the layout can hold virtual
 * children. Refer to
 * {@link android.widget.TableLayout} and {@link android.widget.TableRow}
 * for an example.
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@return the virtual number of children
int getVirtualChildCount() {
    return getChildCount();
 * Returns the desired weights sum.
  @return A number greater than 0.0f if the weight sum is defined, or
           a number lower than or equals to 0.0f if not weight sum is
           to be used.
public float getWeightSum() {
    return mWeightSum;
}
 * Defines the desired weights sum. If unspecified the weights sum is computed
 * at layout time by adding the layout_weight of each child.
* This can be used for instance to give a single child 50% of the total
 * available space by giving it a layout_weight of 0.5 and setting the
 * weightSum to 1.0.
  @param weightSum a number greater than 0.0f, or a number lower than or equals
          to 0.0f if the weight sum should be computed from the children's
          layout weight
 */
@android.view.RemotableViewMethod
public void setWeightSum(float weightSum) {
   mWeightSum = Math.max(0.0f, weightSum);
}
@Override
protected void onMeasure(int widthMeasureSpec, int heightMeasureSpec) {
   if (mOrientation == VERTICAL) {
        measureVertical(widthMeasureSpec, heightMeasureSpec);
    } else {
        measureHorizontal(widthMeasureSpec, heightMeasureSpec);
}
 * Determines where to position dividers between children.
 * @param childIndex Index of child to check for preceding divider
 * @return true if there should be a divider before the child at childIndex
 * @hide Pending API consideration. Currently only used internally by the system.
protected boolean hasDividerBeforeChildAt(int childIndex) {
   if (childIndex == getVirtualChildCount()) {
        // Check whether the end divider should draw.
        return (mShowDividers & SHOW_DIVIDER_END) != 0;
    boolean allViewsAreGoneBefore = allViewsAreGoneBefore(childIndex);
   if (allViewsAreGoneBefore) {
        // This is the first view that's not gone, check if beginning divider is enabled.
        return (mShowDividers & SHOW_DIVIDER_BEGINNING) != 0;
    } else {
        return (mShowDividers & SHOW_DIVIDER_MIDDLE) != 0;
}
 * Checks whether all (virtual) child views before the given index are gone.
private boolean allViewsAreGoneBefore(int childIndex) {
    for (int i = childIndex - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
        if (child != null && child.getVisibility() != GONE) {
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return false;
        }
    return true;
}
 * Measures the children when the orientation of this LinearLayout is set
 * to {@link #VERTICAL}.
 st <code>@param</code> widthMeasureSpec Horizontal space requirements as imposed by the parent.
 * @param heightMeasureSpec Vertical space requirements as imposed by the parent.
 * @see #getOrientation()
 * @see #setOrientation(int)
 * @see #onMeasure(int, int)
void measureVertical(int widthMeasureSpec, int heightMeasureSpec) {
   mTotalLength = 0;
    int maxWidth = 0;
    int childState = 0;
    int alternativeMaxWidth = 0;
    int weightedMaxWidth = 0;
    boolean allFillParent = true;
   float totalWeight = 0;
   final int count = getVirtualChildCount();
    final int widthMode = MeasureSpec.getMode(widthMeasureSpec);
    final int heightMode = MeasureSpec.getMode(heightMeasureSpec);
    boolean matchWidth = false;
    boolean skippedMeasure = false;
    final int baselineChildIndex = mBaselineAlignedChildIndex;
    final boolean useLargestChild = mUseLargestChild;
    int largestChildHeight = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
    int consumedExcessSpace = 0;
    int nonSkippedChildCount = 0;
    // See how tall everyone is. Also remember max width.
    for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i) {</pre>
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
        if (child == null) {
            mTotalLength += measureNullChild(i);
            continue;
        if (child.getVisibility() == View.GONE) {
           i += getChildrenSkipCount(child, i);
           continue;
        }
        nonSkippedChildCount++;
        if (hasDividerBeforeChildAt(i)) {
            mTotalLength += mDividerHeight;
        final LayoutParams lp = (LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
        totalWeight += lp.weight;
        final boolean useExcessSpace = lp.height == 0 && lp.weight > 0;
        if (heightMode == MeasureSpec.EXACTLY && useExcessSpace) {
            // Optimization: don't bother measuring children who are only
            // laid out using excess space. These views will get measured
            // later if we have space to distribute.
            final int totalLength = mTotalLength;
            mTotalLength = Math.max(totalLength, totalLength + lp.topMargin + lp.bottomMargin);
            skippedMeasure = true;
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} else {
    if (useExcessSpace) {
        // The heightMode is either UNSPECIFIED or AT MOST, and
        // this child is only laid out using excess space. Measure
        // using WRAP_CONTENT so that we can find out the view's
        // optimal height. We'll restore the original height of 0
        // after measurement.
        lp.height = LayoutParams.WRAP_CONTENT;
    }
    // Determine how big this child would like to be. If this or
    // previous children have given a weight, then we allow it to
    // use all available space (and we will shrink things later
    // if needed).
    final int usedHeight = totalWeight == 0 ? mTotalLength : 0;
    measureChildBeforeLayout(child, i, widthMeasureSpec, 0,
            heightMeasureSpec, usedHeight);
    final int childHeight = child.getMeasuredHeight();
    if (useExcessSpace) {
        // Restore the original height and record how much space
        // we've allocated to excess-only children so that we can
        // match the behavior of EXACTLY measurement.
        lp.height = 0;
        consumedExcessSpace += childHeight;
    }
    final int totalLength = mTotalLength;
    mTotalLength = Math.max(totalLength, totalLength + childHeight + lp.topMargin +
           lp.bottomMargin + getNextLocationOffset(child));
    if (useLargestChild) {
        largestChildHeight = Math.max(childHeight, largestChildHeight);
}
 * If applicable, compute the additional offset to the child's baseline
 * we'll need later when asked {@link #getBaseline}.
if ((baselineChildIndex >= 0) && (baselineChildIndex == i + 1)) {
   mBaselineChildTop = mTotalLength;
// if we are trying to use a child index for our baseline, the above
// book keeping only works if there are no children above it with
// weight. fail fast to aid the developer.
if (i < baselineChildIndex && lp.weight > 0) {
    throw new RuntimeException("A child of LinearLayout with index "
            + "less than mBaselineAlignedChildIndex has weight > 0, which "
            + "won't work. Either remove the weight, or don't set "
            + "mBaselineAlignedChildIndex.");
}
boolean matchWidthLocally = false;
if (widthMode != MeasureSpec.EXACTLY && lp.width == LayoutParams.MATCH_PARENT) {
    // The width of the linear layout will scale, and at least one
   // child said it wanted to match our width. Set a flag
   // indicating that we need to remeasure at least that view when
   // we know our width.
   matchWidth = true;
    matchWidthLocally = true;
}
final int margin = lp.leftMargin + lp.rightMargin;
final int measuredWidth = child.getMeasuredWidth() + margin;
maxWidth = Math.max(maxWidth, measuredWidth);
childState = combineMeasuredStates(childState, child.getMeasuredState());
allFillParent = allFillParent && lp.width == LayoutParams.MATCH_PARENT;
if (lp.weight > 0) {
    /*
```

```
* Widths of weighted Views are bogus if we end up
         * remeasuring, so keep them separate.
        weightedMaxWidth = Math.max(weightedMaxWidth,
                matchWidthLocally ? margin : measuredWidth);
    } else {
        alternativeMaxWidth = Math.max(alternativeMaxWidth,
                matchWidthLocally ? margin : measuredWidth);
    }
    i += getChildrenSkipCount(child, i);
}
if (nonSkippedChildCount > 0 && hasDividerBeforeChildAt(count)) {
    mTotalLength += mDividerHeight;
if (useLargestChild &&
        (heightMode == MeasureSpec.AT_MOST || heightMode == MeasureSpec.UNSPECIFIED)) {
    mTotalLength = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i) {</pre>
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
        if (child == null) {
            mTotalLength += measureNullChild(i);
            continue;
        }
        if (child.getVisibility() == GONE) {
            i += getChildrenSkipCount(child, i);
            continue;
        }
        final LinearLayout.LayoutParams lp = (LinearLayout.LayoutParams)
                child.getLayoutParams();
        // Account for negative margins
        final int totalLength = mTotalLength;
        mTotalLength = Math.max(totalLength, totalLength + largestChildHeight +
                lp.topMargin + lp.bottomMargin + getNextLocationOffset(child));
    }
}
// Add in our padding
mTotalLength += mPaddingTop + mPaddingBottom;
int heightSize = mTotalLength;
// Check against our minimum height
heightSize = Math.max(heightSize, getSuggestedMinimumHeight());
// Reconcile our calculated size with the heightMeasureSpec
int heightSizeAndState = resolveSizeAndState(heightSize, heightMeasureSpec, 0);
heightSize = heightSizeAndState & MEASURED_SIZE_MASK;
// Either expand children with weight to take up available space or
// shrink them if they extend beyond our current bounds. If we skipped
// measurement on any children, we need to measure them now.
int remainingExcess = heightSize - mTotalLength
        + (mAllowInconsistentMeasurement ? 0 : consumedExcessSpace);
if (skippedMeasure | remainingExcess != 0 && totalWeight > 0.0f) {
    float remainingWeightSum = mWeightSum > 0.0f ? mWeightSum : totalWeight;
    mTotalLength = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i) {</pre>
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
        if (child == null || child.getVisibility() == View.GONE) {
            continue;
        final LayoutParams lp = (LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
        final float childWeight = lp.weight;
        if (childWeight > 0) {
```

```
final int share = (int) (childWeight * remainingExcess / remainingWeightSum);
            remainingExcess -= share;
            remainingWeightSum -= childWeight;
            final int childHeight;
            if (mUseLargestChild && heightMode != MeasureSpec.EXACTLY) {
                childHeight = largestChildHeight;
            } else if (lp.height == 0 && (!mAllowInconsistentMeasurement
                    | heightMode == MeasureSpec.EXACTLY)) {
                // This child needs to be laid out from scratch using
                // only its share of excess space.
                childHeight = share;
            } else {
                // This child had some intrinsic height to which we
                // need to add its share of excess space.
                childHeight = child.getMeasuredHeight() + share;
            }
            final int childHeightMeasureSpec = MeasureSpec.makeMeasureSpec(
                    Math.max(0, childHeight), MeasureSpec.EXACTLY);
            final int childWidthMeasureSpec = getChildMeasureSpec(widthMeasureSpec,
                    mPaddingLeft + mPaddingRight + lp.leftMargin + lp.rightMargin,
                    lp.width);
            child.measure(childWidthMeasureSpec, childHeightMeasureSpec);
            // Child may now not fit in vertical dimension.
            childState = combineMeasuredStates(childState, child.getMeasuredState()
                    & (MEASURED STATE MASK>>MEASURED HEIGHT STATE SHIFT));
        final int margin = lp.leftMargin + lp.rightMargin;
        final int measuredWidth = child.getMeasuredWidth() + margin;
       maxWidth = Math.max(maxWidth, measuredWidth);
        boolean matchWidthLocally = widthMode != MeasureSpec.EXACTLY &&
                lp.width == LayoutParams.MATCH PARENT;
        alternativeMaxWidth = Math.max(alternativeMaxWidth,
                matchWidthLocally ? margin : measuredWidth);
        allFillParent = allFillParent && lp.width == LayoutParams.MATCH_PARENT;
        final int totalLength = mTotalLength;
       mTotalLength = Math.max(totalLength, totalLength + child.getMeasuredHeight() +
                lp.topMargin + lp.bottomMargin + getNextLocationOffset(child));
   }
   // Add in our padding
   mTotalLength += mPaddingTop + mPaddingBottom;
   // TODO: Should we recompute the heightSpec based on the new total length?
} else {
   alternativeMaxWidth = Math.max(alternativeMaxWidth,
                                   weightedMaxWidth);
   // We have no limit, so make all weighted views as tall as the largest child.
   // Children will have already been measured once.
   if (useLargestChild && heightMode != MeasureSpec.EXACTLY) {
        for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {</pre>
            final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
            if (child == null || child.getVisibility() == View.GONE) {
                continue;
            }
            final LinearLayout.LayoutParams lp =
                    (LinearLayout.LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
            float childExtra = lp.weight;
            if (childExtra > 0) {
                child.measure(
                        MeasureSpec.makeMeasureSpec(child.getMeasuredWidth(),
                                MeasureSpec.EXACTLY),
```

```
MeasureSpec.makeMeasureSpec(largestChildHeight,
                                    MeasureSpec.EXACTLY));
               }
            }
        }
    }
    if (!allFillParent && widthMode != MeasureSpec.EXACTLY) {
        maxWidth = alternativeMaxWidth;
    maxWidth += mPaddingLeft + mPaddingRight;
    // Check against our minimum width
    maxWidth = Math.max(maxWidth, getSuggestedMinimumWidth());
    setMeasuredDimension(resolveSizeAndState(maxWidth, widthMeasureSpec, childState),
            heightSizeAndState);
    if (matchWidth) {
        forceUniformWidth(count, heightMeasureSpec);
}
private void forceUniformWidth(int count, int heightMeasureSpec) {
    // Pretend that the linear layout has an exact size.
    int uniformMeasureSpec = MeasureSpec.makeMeasureSpec(getMeasuredWidth(),
            MeasureSpec.EXACTLY);
    for (int i = 0; i< count; ++i) {</pre>
       final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
       if (child != null && child.getVisibility() != GONE) {
           LinearLayout.LayoutParams lp = ((LinearLayout.LayoutParams)child.getLayoutParams());
           if (lp.width == LayoutParams.MATCH PARENT) {
               // Temporarily force children to reuse their old measured height
               // FIXME: this may not be right for something like wrapping text?
               int oldHeight = lp.height;
               lp.height = child.getMeasuredHeight();
               // Remeasue with new dimensions
               measureChildWithMargins(child, uniformMeasureSpec, 0, heightMeasureSpec, 0);
               lp.height = oldHeight;
           }
       }
    }
}
 * Measures the children when the orientation of this LinearLayout is set
 * to {@link #HORIZONTAL}.
 st @m{param} widthMeasureSpec Horizontal space requirements as imposed by the parent.
 * @param heightMeasureSpec Vertical space requirements as imposed by the parent.
 * @see #getOrientation()
 * @see #setOrientation(int)
 * @see #onMeasure(int, int)
void measureHorizontal(int widthMeasureSpec, int heightMeasureSpec) {
    mTotalLength = 0;
    int maxHeight = 0;
    int childState = 0;
    int alternativeMaxHeight = 0;
    int weightedMaxHeight = 0;
    boolean allFillParent = true;
    float totalWeight = 0;
    final int count = getVirtualChildCount();
    final int widthMode = MeasureSpec.getMode(widthMeasureSpec);
    final int heightMode = MeasureSpec.getMode(heightMeasureSpec);
```

```
boolean matchHeight = false;
boolean skippedMeasure = false;
if (mMaxAscent == null || mMaxDescent == null) {
    mMaxAscent = new int[VERTICAL_GRAVITY_COUNT];
    mMaxDescent = new int[VERTICAL_GRAVITY_COUNT];
}
final int[] maxAscent = mMaxAscent;
final int[] maxDescent = mMaxDescent;
maxAscent[0] = maxAscent[1] = maxAscent[2] = maxAscent[3] = -1;
maxDescent[0] = maxDescent[1] = maxDescent[2] = maxDescent[3] = -1;
final boolean baselineAligned = mBaselineAligned;
final boolean useLargestChild = mUseLargestChild;
final boolean isExactly = widthMode == MeasureSpec.EXACTLY;
int largestChildWidth = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
int usedExcessSpace = 0;
int nonSkippedChildCount = 0;
// See how wide everyone is. Also remember max height.
for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i) {</pre>
    final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
    if (child == null) {
        mTotalLength += measureNullChild(i);
        continue;
    if (child.getVisibility() == GONE) {
        i += getChildrenSkipCount(child, i);
        continue;
    }
    nonSkippedChildCount++;
    if (hasDividerBeforeChildAt(i)) {
        mTotalLength += mDividerWidth;
    final LayoutParams lp = (LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
    totalWeight += lp.weight;
    final boolean useExcessSpace = lp.width == 0 && lp.weight > 0;
    if (widthMode == MeasureSpec.EXACTLY && useExcessSpace) {
        // Optimization: don't bother measuring children who are only
        // Laid out using excess space. These views will get measured
        // later if we have space to distribute.
        if (isExactly) {
            mTotalLength += lp.leftMargin + lp.rightMargin;
        } else {
            final int totalLength = mTotalLength;
            mTotalLength = Math.max(totalLength, totalLength +
                    lp.leftMargin + lp.rightMargin);
        }
        // Baseline alignment requires to measure widgets to obtain the
        // baseline offset (in particular for TextViews). The following
        // defeats the optimization mentioned above. Allow the child to
        // use as much space as it wants because we can shrink things
        // Later (and re-measure).
        if (baselineAligned) {
            final int freeWidthSpec = MeasureSpec.makeSafeMeasureSpec(
                    MeasureSpec.getSize(widthMeasureSpec), MeasureSpec.UNSPECIFIED);
            final int freeHeightSpec = MeasureSpec.makeSafeMeasureSpec(
                    {\tt MeasureSpec.getSize} (height {\tt MeasureSpec.UNSPECIFIED}); \\
            child.measure(freeWidthSpec, freeHeightSpec);
        } else {
            skippedMeasure = true;
```

```
}
} else {
   if (useExcessSpace) {
       // The widthMode is either UNSPECIFIED or AT_MOST, and
       // this child is only laid out using excess space. Measure
        // using WRAP_CONTENT so that we can find out the view's
        // optimal width. We'll restore the original width of 0
        // after measurement.
        lp.width = LayoutParams.WRAP CONTENT;
    }
   // Determine how big this child would like to be. If this or
   // previous children have given a weight, then we allow it to
   // use all available space (and we will shrink things later
    // if needed).
    final int usedWidth = totalWeight == 0 ? mTotalLength : 0;
    measureChildBeforeLayout(child, i, widthMeasureSpec, usedWidth,
            heightMeasureSpec, 0);
    final int childWidth = child.getMeasuredWidth();
    if (useExcessSpace) {
        // Restore the original width and record how much space
        // we've allocated to excess-only children so that we can
        // match the behavior of EXACTLY measurement.
        lp.width = 0;
        usedExcessSpace += childWidth;
   }
    if (isExactly) {
        mTotalLength += childWidth + lp.leftMargin + lp.rightMargin
                + getNextLocationOffset(child);
    } else {
        final int totalLength = mTotalLength;
        mTotalLength = Math.max(totalLength, totalLength + childWidth + lp.leftMargin
                + lp.rightMargin + getNextLocationOffset(child));
   }
    if (useLargestChild) {
        largestChildWidth = Math.max(childWidth, largestChildWidth);
   }
boolean matchHeightLocally = false;
if (heightMode != MeasureSpec.EXACTLY && lp.height == LayoutParams.MATCH_PARENT) {
   // The height of the linear layout will scale, and at least one
   // child said it wanted to match our height. Set a flag indicating that
   // we need to remeasure at least that view when we know our height.
   matchHeight = true;
   matchHeightLocally = true;
}
final int margin = lp.topMargin + lp.bottomMargin;
final int childHeight = child.getMeasuredHeight() + margin;
childState = combineMeasuredStates(childState, child.getMeasuredState());
if (baselineAligned) {
    final int childBaseline = child.getBaseline();
    if (childBaseline != -1) {
        // Translates the child's vertical gravity into an index
        // in the range 0..VERTICAL_GRAVITY_COUNT
       final int gravity = (lp.gravity < 0 ? mGravity : lp.gravity)</pre>
                & Gravity.VERTICAL_GRAVITY_MASK;
        final int index = ((gravity >> Gravity.AXIS_Y_SHIFT)
                & ~Gravity.AXIS_SPECIFIED) >> 1;
        maxAscent[index] = Math.max(maxAscent[index], childBaseline);
        maxDescent[index] = Math.max(maxDescent[index], childHeight - childBaseline);
   }
}
maxHeight = Math.max(maxHeight, childHeight);
```

```
allFillParent = allFillParent && lp.height == LayoutParams.MATCH_PARENT;
    if (lp.weight > 0) {
         * Heights of weighted Views are bogus if we end up
         * remeasuring, so keep them separate.
        weightedMaxHeight = Math.max(weightedMaxHeight,
                matchHeightLocally ? margin : childHeight);
    } else {
        alternativeMaxHeight = Math.max(alternativeMaxHeight,
                matchHeightLocally ? margin : childHeight);
    i += getChildrenSkipCount(child, i);
}
if (nonSkippedChildCount > 0 && hasDividerBeforeChildAt(count)) {
    mTotalLength += mDividerWidth;
}
// Check mMaxAscent[INDEX_TOP] first because it maps to Gravity.TOP,
// the most common case
if (maxAscent[INDEX_TOP] != -1 ||
        maxAscent[INDEX_CENTER_VERTICAL] != -1 ||
        maxAscent[INDEX_BOTTOM] != -1 ||
        maxAscent[INDEX_FILL] != -1) {
    final int ascent = Math.max(maxAscent[INDEX FILL],
            Math.max(maxAscent[INDEX CENTER VERTICAL],
            Math.max(maxAscent[INDEX TOP], maxAscent[INDEX BOTTOM])));
    final int descent = Math.max(maxDescent[INDEX FILL],
            Math.max(maxDescent[INDEX_CENTER_VERTICAL],
            Math.max(maxDescent[INDEX_TOP], maxDescent[INDEX_BOTTOM])));
    maxHeight = Math.max(maxHeight, ascent + descent);
}
if (useLargestChild &&
        (widthMode == MeasureSpec.AT_MOST || widthMode == MeasureSpec.UNSPECIFIED)) {
    mTotalLength = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i) {</pre>
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
        if (child == null) {
            mTotalLength += measureNullChild(i);
            continue:
        if (child.getVisibility() == GONE) {
            i += getChildrenSkipCount(child, i);
            continue;
        }
        final LinearLayout.LayoutParams lp = (LinearLayout.LayoutParams)
                child.getLayoutParams();
        if (isExactly) {
            mTotalLength += largestChildWidth + lp.leftMargin + lp.rightMargin +
                    getNextLocationOffset(child);
        } else {
            final int totalLength = mTotalLength;
            mTotalLength = Math.max(totalLength, totalLength + largestChildWidth +
                    lp.leftMargin + lp.rightMargin + getNextLocationOffset(child));
        }
    }
}
// Add in our padding
mTotalLength += mPaddingLeft + mPaddingRight;
int widthSize = mTotalLength;
// Check against our minimum width
widthSize = Math.max(widthSize, getSuggestedMinimumWidth());
```

```
// Reconcile our calculated size with the widthMeasureSpec
int widthSizeAndState = resolveSizeAndState(widthSize, widthMeasureSpec, 0);
widthSize = widthSizeAndState & MEASURED_SIZE MASK;
// Either expand children with weight to take up available space or
// shrink them if they extend beyond our current bounds. If we skipped
// measurement on any children, we need to measure them now.
int remainingExcess = widthSize - mTotalLength
        + (mAllowInconsistentMeasurement ? 0 : usedExcessSpace);
if (skippedMeasure | remainingExcess != 0 && totalWeight > 0.0f) {
    float remainingWeightSum = mWeightSum > 0.0f ? mWeightSum : totalWeight;
    maxAscent[0] = maxAscent[1] = maxAscent[2] = maxAscent[3] = -1;
    maxDescent[0] = maxDescent[1] = maxDescent[2] = maxDescent[3] = -1;
    maxHeight = -1;
    mTotalLength = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i) {</pre>
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
        if (child == null || child.getVisibility() == View.GONE) {
        }
        final LayoutParams lp = (LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
        final float childWeight = lp.weight;
        if (childWeight > 0) {
            final int share = (int) (childWeight * remainingExcess / remainingWeightSum);
            remainingExcess -= share;
            remainingWeightSum -= childWeight;
            final int childWidth;
            if (mUseLargestChild && widthMode != MeasureSpec.EXACTLY) {
                childWidth = largestChildWidth;
            } else if (lp.width == 0 && (!mAllowInconsistentMeasurement
                    | widthMode == MeasureSpec.EXACTLY)) {
                // This child needs to be laid out from scratch using
                // only its share of excess space.
                childWidth = share;
            } else {
                // This child had some intrinsic width to which we
                // need to add its share of excess space.
                childWidth = child.getMeasuredWidth() + share;
            }
            final int childWidthMeasureSpec = MeasureSpec.makeMeasureSpec(
                    Math.max(0, childWidth), MeasureSpec.EXACTLY);
            final int childHeightMeasureSpec = getChildMeasureSpec(heightMeasureSpec,
                    mPaddingTop + mPaddingBottom + lp.topMargin + lp.bottomMargin,
                    lp.height);
            child.measure(childWidthMeasureSpec, childHeightMeasureSpec);
            // Child may now not fit in horizontal dimension.
            childState = combineMeasuredStates(childState,
                    child.getMeasuredState() & MEASURED_STATE_MASK);
        }
        if (isExactly) {
            mTotalLength += child.getMeasuredWidth() + lp.leftMargin + lp.rightMargin +
                    getNextLocationOffset(child);
        } else {
            final int totalLength = mTotalLength;
            mTotalLength = Math.max(totalLength, totalLength + child.getMeasuredWidth() +
                    lp.leftMargin + lp.rightMargin + getNextLocationOffset(child));
        }
        boolean matchHeightLocally = heightMode != MeasureSpec.EXACTLY &&
                lp.height == LayoutParams.MATCH_PARENT;
        final int margin = lp.topMargin + lp .bottomMargin;
        int childHeight = child.getMeasuredHeight() + margin;
        maxHeight = Math.max(maxHeight, childHeight);
```

```
alternativeMaxHeight = Math.max(alternativeMaxHeight,
                matchHeightLocally ? margin : childHeight);
        allFillParent = allFillParent && lp.height == LayoutParams.MATCH_PARENT;
        if (baselineAligned) {
            final int childBaseline = child.getBaseline();
            if (childBaseline != -1) {
                // Translates the child's vertical gravity into an index in the range 0..2
                final int gravity = (lp.gravity < 0 ? mGravity : lp.gravity)</pre>
                        & Gravity.VERTICAL_GRAVITY_MASK;
                final int index = ((gravity >> Gravity.AXIS_Y_SHIFT)
                        & ~Gravity.AXIS_SPECIFIED) >> 1;
                maxAscent[index] = Math.max(maxAscent[index], childBaseline);
                maxDescent[index] = Math.max(maxDescent[index],
                        childHeight - childBaseline);
            }
        }
    }
    // Add in our padding
    mTotalLength += mPaddingLeft + mPaddingRight;
    // TODO: Should we update widthSize with the new total length?
    // Check mMaxAscent[INDEX_TOP] first because it maps to Gravity.TOP,
    // the most common case
    if (maxAscent[INDEX TOP] != -1 ||
            maxAscent[INDEX CENTER VERTICAL] != -1 ||
            maxAscent[INDEX BOTTOM] != -1 ||
            maxAscent[INDEX_FILL] != -1) {
        final int ascent = Math.max(maxAscent[INDEX FILL],
                Math.max(maxAscent[INDEX CENTER VERTICAL],
                Math.max(maxAscent[INDEX TOP], maxAscent[INDEX BOTTOM])));
        final int descent = Math.max(maxDescent[INDEX FILL],
                Math.max(maxDescent[INDEX_CENTER_VERTICAL],
                Math.max(maxDescent[INDEX_TOP], maxDescent[INDEX_BOTTOM])));
        maxHeight = Math.max(maxHeight, ascent + descent);
} else {
    alternativeMaxHeight = Math.max(alternativeMaxHeight, weightedMaxHeight);
    // We have no limit, so make all weighted views as wide as the largest child.
    // Children will have already been measured once.
    if (useLargestChild && widthMode != MeasureSpec.EXACTLY) {
        for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {</pre>
            final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
            if (child == null || child.getVisibility() == View.GONE) {
                continue:
            }
            final LinearLayout.LayoutParams lp =
                    (LinearLayout.LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
            float childExtra = lp.weight;
            if (childExtra > 0) {
                child.measure(
                        MeasureSpec.makeMeasureSpec(largestChildWidth, MeasureSpec.EXACTLY),
                        MeasureSpec.makeMeasureSpec(child.getMeasuredHeight(),
                                MeasureSpec.EXACTLY));
            }
        }
    }
if (!allFillParent && heightMode != MeasureSpec.EXACTLY) {
    maxHeight = alternativeMaxHeight;
maxHeight += mPaddingTop + mPaddingBottom;
// Check against our minimum height
```

}

```
maxHeight = Math.max(maxHeight, getSuggestedMinimumHeight());
    setMeasuredDimension(widthSizeAndState | (childState&MEASURED_STATE_MASK),
            resolveSizeAndState(maxHeight, heightMeasureSpec,
                    (childState<<MEASURED_HEIGHT_STATE_SHIFT)));</pre>
    if (matchHeight) {
        forceUniformHeight(count, widthMeasureSpec);
}
private void forceUniformHeight(int count, int widthMeasureSpec) {
   // Pretend that the linear layout has an exact size. This is the measured height of
   // ourselves. The measured height should be the max height of the children, changed
    // to accommodate the heightMeasureSpec from the parent
    int uniformMeasureSpec = MeasureSpec.makeMeasureSpec(getMeasuredHeight(),
            MeasureSpec.EXACTLY);
   for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i) {</pre>
      final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
      if (child != null && child.getVisibility() != GONE) {
           LinearLayout.LayoutParams lp = (LinearLayout.LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
          if (lp.height == LayoutParams.MATCH_PARENT) {
               // Temporarily force children to reuse their old measured width
               // FIXME: this may not be right for something like wrapping text?
               int oldWidth = lp.width;
               lp.width = child.getMeasuredWidth();
               // Remeasure with new dimensions
               measureChildWithMargins(child, widthMeasureSpec, 0, uniformMeasureSpec, 0);
               lp.width = oldWidth;
          }
      }
   }
}
 * Returns the number of children to skip after measuring/laying out
 * the specified child.
 * @param child the child after which we want to skip children
 * @param index the index of the child after which we want to skip children
 * @return the number of children to skip, 0 by default
int getChildrenSkipCount(View child, int index) {
   return 0;
}
 * Returns the size (width or height) that should be occupied by a null
 * child.
 * @param childIndex the index of the null child
 * @return the width or height of the child depending on the orientation
int measureNullChild(int childIndex) {
   return 0;
}
 * Measure the child according to the parent's measure specs. This
 * method should be overriden by subclasses to force the sizing of
 * children. This method is called by {@link #measureVertical(int, int)} and
 * {@link #measureHorizontal(int, int)}.
 * @param child the child to measure
 * @param childIndex the index of the child in this view
 st @param widthMeasureSpec horizontal space requirements as imposed by the parent
 * @param totalWidth extra space that has been used up by the parent horizontally
 * @param heightMeasureSpec vertical space requirements as imposed by the parent
 * @param totalHeight extra space that has been used up by the parent vertically
```

```
void measureChildBeforeLayout(View child, int childIndex,
        int widthMeasureSpec, int totalWidth, int heightMeasureSpec,
        int totalHeight) {
   measureChildWithMargins(child, widthMeasureSpec, totalWidth,
            heightMeasureSpec, totalHeight);
}
 st Return the location offset of the specified child. This can be used
 * by subclasses to change the location of a given widget.
* @param child the child for which to obtain the location offset
 * @return the location offset in pixels
int getLocationOffset(View child) {
   return 0;
}
 * Return the size offset of the next sibling of the specified child.
 * This can be used by subclasses to change the location of the widget
 * following <code>child</code>.
 * @param child the child whose next sibling will be moved
 * @return the location offset of the next child in pixels
int getNextLocationOffset(View child) {
   return 0;
@Override
protected void onLayout(boolean changed, int 1, int t, int r, int b) {
    if (mOrientation == VERTICAL) {
        layoutVertical(l, t, r, b);
    } else {
        layoutHorizontal(l, t, r, b);
}
* Position the children during a layout pass if the orientation of this
 * LinearLayout is set to {@link #VERTICAL}.
 * @see #getOrientation()
 * @see #setOrientation(int)
 * @see #onLayout(boolean, int, int, int, int)
 * @param left
 * @param top
 * @param right
 * @param bottom
void layoutVertical(int left, int top, int right, int bottom) {
   final int paddingLeft = mPaddingLeft;
    int childTop;
   int childLeft;
   // Where right end of child should go
    final int width = right - left;
    int childRight = width - mPaddingRight;
   // Space available for child
   int childSpace = width - paddingLeft - mPaddingRight;
   final int count = getVirtualChildCount();
   final int majorGravity = mGravity & Gravity.VERTICAL_GRAVITY_MASK;
   final int minorGravity = mGravity & Gravity.RELATIVE_HORIZONTAL_GRAVITY_MASK;
    switch (majorGravity) {
       case Gravity.BOTTOM:
          // mTotalLength contains the padding already
```

```
childTop = mPaddingTop + bottom - top - mTotalLength;
           break;
           // mTotalLength contains the padding already
       case Gravity.CENTER_VERTICAL:
           childTop = mPaddingTop + (bottom - top - mTotalLength) / 2;
           break;
       case Gravity.TOP:
       default:
           childTop = mPaddingTop;
           break;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {</pre>
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(i);
        if (child == null) {
            childTop += measureNullChild(i);
        } else if (child.getVisibility() != GONE) {
            final int childWidth = child.getMeasuredWidth();
            final int childHeight = child.getMeasuredHeight();
            final LinearLayout.LayoutParams lp =
                    (LinearLayout.LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
            int gravity = lp.gravity;
            if (gravity < 0) {</pre>
                gravity = minorGravity;
            final int layoutDirection = getLayoutDirection();
            final int absoluteGravity = Gravity.getAbsoluteGravity(gravity, layoutDirection);
            switch (absoluteGravity & Gravity.HORIZONTAL_GRAVITY_MASK) {
                case Gravity.CENTER HORIZONTAL:
                    childLeft = paddingLeft + ((childSpace - childWidth) / 2)
                            + lp.leftMargin - lp.rightMargin;
                    break;
                case Gravity.RIGHT:
                    childLeft = childRight - childWidth - lp.rightMargin;
                case Gravity.LEFT:
                default:
                    childLeft = paddingLeft + lp.leftMargin;
                    break;
            }
            if (hasDividerBeforeChildAt(i)) {
                childTop += mDividerHeight;
            }
            childTop += lp.topMargin;
            setChildFrame(child, childLeft, childTop + getLocationOffset(child),
                    childWidth, childHeight);
            childTop += childHeight + lp.bottomMargin + getNextLocationOffset(child);
            i += getChildrenSkipCount(child, i);
        }
    }
}
@Override
public void onRtlPropertiesChanged(@ResolvedLayoutDir int layoutDirection) {
    super.onRtlPropertiesChanged(layoutDirection);
    if (layoutDirection != mLayoutDirection) {
        mLayoutDirection = layoutDirection;
        if (mOrientation == HORIZONTAL) {
            requestLayout();
        }
    }
}
```

```
* Position the children during a layout pass if the orientation of this
 * LinearLayout is set to {@link #HORIZONTAL}.
* @see #getOrientation()
 * @see #setOrientation(int)
 * @see #onLayout(boolean, int, int, int, int)
 * @param left
 * @param top
 * @param right
 * @param bottom
 */
void layoutHorizontal(int left, int top, int right, int bottom) {
    final boolean isLayoutRtl = isLayoutRtl();
    final int paddingTop = mPaddingTop;
    int childTop;
    int childLeft;
   // Where bottom of child should go
    final int height = bottom - top;
    int childBottom = height - mPaddingBottom;
    // Space available for child
   int childSpace = height - paddingTop - mPaddingBottom;
   final int count = getVirtualChildCount();
    final int majorGravity = mGravity & Gravity.RELATIVE HORIZONTAL GRAVITY MASK;
    final int minorGravity = mGravity & Gravity.VERTICAL_GRAVITY_MASK;
    final boolean baselineAligned = mBaselineAligned;
    final int[] maxAscent = mMaxAscent;
    final int[] maxDescent = mMaxDescent;
    final int layoutDirection = getLayoutDirection();
    switch (Gravity.getAbsoluteGravity(majorGravity, layoutDirection)) {
        case Gravity.RIGHT:
            // mTotalLength contains the padding already
            childLeft = mPaddingLeft + right - left - mTotalLength;
            break;
        case Gravity.CENTER_HORIZONTAL:
            // mTotalLength contains the padding already
            childLeft = mPaddingLeft + (right - left - mTotalLength) / 2;
            break;
        case Gravity.LEFT:
        default:
            childLeft = mPaddingLeft;
            break;
    }
    int start = 0;
    int dir = 1;
    //In case of RTL, start drawing from the last child.
    if (isLayoutRtl) {
        start = count - 1;
        dir = -1;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {</pre>
        final int childIndex = start + dir * i;
        final View child = getVirtualChildAt(childIndex);
        if (child == null) {
            childLeft += measureNullChild(childIndex);
        } else if (child.getVisibility() != GONE) {
            final int childWidth = child.getMeasuredWidth();
            final int childHeight = child.getMeasuredHeight();
            int childBaseline = -1;
```

```
final LinearLayout.LayoutParams lp =
                    (LinearLayout.LayoutParams) child.getLayoutParams();
            if (baselineAligned && lp.height != LayoutParams.MATCH_PARENT) {
                childBaseline = child.getBaseline();
            int gravity = lp.gravity;
            if (gravity < 0) {</pre>
                gravity = minorGravity;
            }
            switch (gravity & Gravity.VERTICAL_GRAVITY_MASK) {
                case Gravity.TOP:
                    childTop = paddingTop + lp.topMargin;
                    if (childBaseline != -1) {
                        childTop += maxAscent[INDEX_TOP] - childBaseline;
                    break;
                case Gravity.CENTER VERTICAL:
                    // Removed support for baseline alignment when layout gravity or
                    // gravity == center_vertical. See bug #1038483.
                    // Keep the code around if we need to re-enable this feature
                    // if (childBaseline != -1) {
                           // Align baselines vertically only if the child is smaller than us
                    //
                    //
                           if (childSpace - childHeight > 0) {
                    //
                               childTop = paddingTop + (childSpace / 2) - childBaseline;
                    //
                           } else {
                    //
                               childTop = paddingTop + (childSpace - childHeight) / 2;
                    //
                    // } eLse {
                    childTop = paddingTop + ((childSpace - childHeight) / 2)
                            + lp.topMargin - lp.bottomMargin;
                    break:
                case Gravity.BOTTOM:
                    childTop = childBottom - childHeight - lp.bottomMargin;
                    if (childBaseline != -1) {
                        int descent = child.getMeasuredHeight() - childBaseline;
                        childTop -= (maxDescent[INDEX_BOTTOM] - descent);
                    break;
                default:
                    childTop = paddingTop;
                    break;
            }
            if (hasDividerBeforeChildAt(childIndex)) {
                childLeft += mDividerWidth;
            }
            childLeft += lp.leftMargin;
            setChildFrame(child, childLeft + getLocationOffset(child), childTop,
                    childWidth, childHeight);
            childLeft += childWidth + lp.rightMargin +
                    getNextLocationOffset(child);
            i += getChildrenSkipCount(child, childIndex);
        }
    }
}
private void setChildFrame(View child, int left, int top, int width, int height) {
    child.layout(left, top, left + width, top + height);
}
 * Should the layout be a column or a row.
 * @param orientation Pass {@link #HORIZONTAL} or {@link #VERTICAL}. Default
 * value is {@link #HORIZONTAL}.
```

```
* @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_orientation
public void setOrientation(@OrientationMode int orientation) {
   if (mOrientation != orientation) {
        mOrientation = orientation;
        requestLayout();
    }
}
 * Returns the current orientation.
 * @return either {@link #HORIZONTAL} or {@link #VERTICAL}
@OrientationMode
public int getOrientation() {
    return mOrientation;
 * Describes how the child views are positioned. Defaults to GRAVITY TOP. If
 * this layout has a VERTICAL orientation, this controls where all the child
 * views are placed if there is extra vertical space. If this layout has a
 * HORIZONTAL orientation, this controls the alignment of the children.
  @param gravity See {@link android.view.Gravity}
  @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout gravity
@android.view.RemotableViewMethod
public void setGravity(int gravity) {
   if (mGravity != gravity) {
        if ((gravity & Gravity.RELATIVE_HORIZONTAL_GRAVITY_MASK) == 0) {
            gravity |= Gravity.START;
        if ((gravity & Gravity.VERTICAL_GRAVITY_MASK) == 0) {
            gravity |= Gravity.TOP;
        mGravity = gravity;
        requestLayout();
   }
}
 * Returns the current gravity. See {@link android.view.Gravity}
 * @return the current gravity.
 * @see #setGravity
public int getGravity() {
    return mGravity;
}
@android.view.RemotableViewMethod
public void setHorizontalGravity(int horizontalGravity) {
    final int gravity = horizontalGravity & Gravity.RELATIVE_HORIZONTAL_GRAVITY_MASK;
    if ((mGravity & Gravity.RELATIVE_HORIZONTAL_GRAVITY_MASK) != gravity) {
        mGravity = (mGravity & ~Gravity.RELATIVE_HORIZONTAL_GRAVITY_MASK) | gravity;
        requestLayout();
    }
}
@android.view.RemotableViewMethod
public void setVerticalGravity(int verticalGravity) {
    final int gravity = verticalGravity & Gravity.VERTICAL_GRAVITY_MASK;
    if ((mGravity & Gravity.VERTICAL_GRAVITY_MASK) != gravity) {
        mGravity = (mGravity & ~Gravity.VERTICAL_GRAVITY_MASK) | gravity;
       requestLayout();
   }
}
```

```
@Override
public LayoutParams generateLayoutParams(AttributeSet attrs) {
    return new LinearLayout.LayoutParams(getContext(), attrs);
 * Returns a set of layout parameters with a width of
 * {@link android.view.ViewGroup.LayoutParams#MATCH PARENT}
 * and a height of {@link android.view.ViewGroup.LayoutParams#WRAP CONTENT}
 ^{st} when the Layout's orientation is {@link #VERTICAL}. When the orientation is
 * {@link #HORIZONTAL}, the width is set to {@link LayoutParams#WRAP_CONTENT}
 * and the height to {@link LayoutParams#WRAP_CONTENT}.
@Override
protected LayoutParams generateDefaultLayoutParams() {
    if (mOrientation == HORIZONTAL) {
        return new LayoutParams(LayoutParams.WRAP_CONTENT, LayoutParams.WRAP_CONTENT);
    } else if (mOrientation == VERTICAL) {
        return new LayoutParams(LayoutParams.MATCH_PARENT, LayoutParams.WRAP_CONTENT);
    return null;
}
@Override
protected LayoutParams generateLayoutParams(ViewGroup.LayoutParams lp) {
    if (sPreserveMarginParamsInLayoutParamConversion) {
        if (lp instanceof LayoutParams) {
            return new LayoutParams((LayoutParams) lp);
        } else if (lp instanceof MarginLayoutParams) {
            return new LayoutParams((MarginLayoutParams) lp);
    }
    return new LayoutParams(lp);
}
// Override to allow type-checking of LayoutParams.
@Override
protected boolean checkLayoutParams(ViewGroup.LayoutParams p) {
    return p instanceof LinearLayout.LayoutParams;
@Override
public CharSequence getAccessibilityClassName() {
    return LinearLayout.class.getName();
/** @hide */
@Override
protected void encodeProperties(@NonNull ViewHierarchyEncoder encoder) {
    super.encodeProperties(encoder);
    encoder.addProperty("layout:baselineAligned", mBaselineAligned);
encoder.addProperty("layout:baselineAlignedChildIndex", mBaselineAlignedChildIndex);
    encoder.addProperty("measurement:baselineChildTop", mBaselineChildTop);
    encoder.addProperty("measurement:orientation", mOrientation);
    encoder.addProperty("measurement:gravity", mGravity);
    encoder.addProperty("measurement:totalLength", mTotalLength);
    encoder.addProperty("layout:totalLength", mTotalLength);
    encoder.addProperty("layout:useLargestChild", mUseLargestChild);
}
 * Per-child layout information associated with ViewLinearLayout.
 * @attr    ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_Layout_layout_weight
 * @attr ref android.R.styleable#LinearLayout_Layout_layout_gravity
public static class LayoutParams extends ViewGroup.MarginLayoutParams {
     * Indicates how much of the extra space in the LinearLayout will be
     * allocated to the view associated with these LayoutParams. Specify
```

```
* 0 if the view should not be stretched. Otherwise the extra pixels
 ^{st} will be pro-rated among all views whose weight is greater than 0.
@ViewDebug.ExportedProperty(category = "layout")
public float weight;
 * Gravity for the view associated with these LayoutParams.
 * @see android.view.Gravity
 */
@ViewDebug.ExportedProperty(category = "layout", mapping = {
                                                             to = "NONE"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = -1,
                                                             to = "NONE"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.NO_GRAVITY,
                                                             to = "TOP"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.TOP,
                                                             to = "BOTTOM"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.BOTTOM,
                                                             to = "LEFT"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.LEFT,
                                                             to = "RIGHT"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.RIGHT,
                                                             to = "START"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.START,
                                                             to = "END"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.END,
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.CENTER_VERTICAL, to = "CENTER_VERTICAL"),
                                                             to = "FILL_VERTICAL"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.FILL VERTICAL,
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.CENTER_HORIZONTAL, to = "CENTER_HORIZONTAL"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.FILL_HORIZONTAL, to = "FILL_HORIZONTAL"),
                                                             to = "CENTER"),
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.CENTER,
    @ViewDebug.IntToString(from = Gravity.FILL,
                                                             to = "FILL")
})
public int gravity = -1;
* {@inheritDoc}
public LayoutParams(Context c, AttributeSet attrs) {
    super(c, attrs);
    TypedArray a =
            c.obtainStyledAttributes(attrs, com.android.internal.R.styleable.LinearLayout_Layout);
    weight = a.getFloat(com.android.internal.R.styleable.LinearLayout Layout layout weight, 0);
    gravity = a.getInt(com.android.internal.R.styleable.LinearLayout_Layout_layout_gravity, -1);
    a.recycle();
}
 * {@inheritDoc}
public LayoutParams(int width, int height) {
    super(width, height);
   weight = 0;
}
 * Creates a new set of layout parameters with the specified width, height
 * and weight.
 * @param width the width, either {@link #MATCH_PARENT},
          {@link #WRAP_CONTENT} or a fixed size in pixels
 * @param height the height, either {@link #MATCH_PARENT},
         {@link #WRAP_CONTENT} or a fixed size in pixels
 st @param weight the weight
 */
public LayoutParams(int width, int height, float weight) {
    super(width, height);
    this.weight = weight;
}
 * {@inheritDoc}
public LayoutParams(ViewGroup.LayoutParams p) {
   super(p);
}
```

```
* {@inheritDoc}
    public LayoutParams(ViewGroup.MarginLayoutParams source) {
        super(source);
    /**
     * Copy constructor. Clones the width, height, margin values, weight,
     * and gravity of the source.
     * @param source The layout params to copy from.
    public LayoutParams(LayoutParams source) {
        super(source);
        this.weight = source.weight;
        this.gravity = source.gravity;
    }
    @Override
    public String debug(String output) {
        return output + "LinearLayout.LayoutParams={width=" + sizeToString(width) +
                ", height=" + sizeToString(height) + " weight=" + weight + "}";
    }
    /** @hide */
    @Override
    protected void encodeProperties(@NonNull ViewHierarchyEncoder encoder) {
        super.encodeProperties(encoder);
        encoder.addProperty("layout:weight", weight);
        encoder.addProperty("layout:gravity", gravity);
    }
}
```

}