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% ME 652, Spring 2020
% Course instructor: Jinwhan Kim
function [] = SLAM_skeleton(noiseLevel)
randn('seed',1);
DTR = pi/180; % degree to radian
% true initial condition
x = [1; 1; 45*DTR; 1; \% x, y, psi, V]
   4.6454; 8.0242; % landmark 1 (x1,y1)
   7.5198; 4.7523; % landmark 2 (x2,y2)
   1.6836; 5.4618; % landmark 3 (x3,y3)
   5.5984; 3.1042; % landmark 4 (x4,y4)
   8.4626; 1.6814]; % landmark 5 (x5,y5)
% initial error covariance
Phat = eve(14);
Phat(1,1) = 0;
Phat(2,2) = 0;
% process noise
Qe = zeros(14,14);
% measurement noise
Re = eye(12);
if nargin == 0
  Re(1,1) = (3*DTR)^2;
  Re(2,2) = 0.2^2;
  for i=1:5
     Re(i^*2+1,i^*2+1) = (3*DTR)^2;
     Re(i^*2+2,i^*2+2) = 0.2^2;
  end
else
  Re(1,1) = (3*noiseLevel*DTR)^2;
  Re(2,2) = (0.2*noiseLevel)^2;
  for i=1:5
     Re(i^*2+1,i^*2+1) = (3^*noiseLevel^*DTR)^2;
     Re(i^*2+2,i^*2+2) = (0.2*noiseLevel)^2;
  end
end
% initial estimate
xhat(5:14) = x(5:14) + sqrt(Phat(5:14,5:14))*randn(10,1);
figure;
set(gcf, 'position', [100 100 500 500])
dt = 0.1; % simulation time step
for t=0:dt:10
  x = propagate_x(x,dt); % true state propagation
% Implement the following functions
                      % generate bearing and range measurements
  z = generate_z(x);
  [xhat,Phat] = EKF_propagate(xhat,Phat,Qe,dt); % state propagation
  [xhat,Phat] = EKF_update(xhat,z,Phat,Re,dt); % measurement update
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% -
  clf
  show_data(t,x,xhat,Phat);
  drawnow;
end
function z = generate_z(x)
     disp('starting measurements ...')
  z(1) = x(3); % vehicle bearing
  z(2) = x(4); % vehicle speed
  for i = 1:5
     % bearing
     z(2*i+1) = atan2(x(2*i+4)-x(2), x(2*i+3)-x(1))-x(3);
     z(2*i+2) = norm(x(2*i+3:2*i+4) - x(1:2));
  end
function [xhat,Phat] = EKF_propagate(xhat,Phat, Qe, dt)
    disp('starting propagation ...')
  Q = Qe *dt;
  % A Jacobian
  A = jacob_A(xhat);
  Ak = eye(14) + A*dt;
  Phat = Ak^*Phat^*Ak' + Q;
  xhat = propagate_x(xhat,dt);
function A = jacob_A(xhat)
  A = zeros(14);
  A(1,3) = -xhat(4)*sin(xhat(3));
  A(2,3) = xhat(4) *cos(xhat(3));
  A(1,4) = \cos(xhat(3));
  A(2,4) = \sin(xhat(3));
function [xhat,Phat] = EKF_update(xhat,z,Phat,Re,dt)
     disp('starting update ...')
%
  R = Re/dt;
  % H Jacobian
  H = jacob_H(xhat);
  % Kalman Gain
  K = Phat^*H'/(H^*Phat^*H'+R);
  % update steps
  zhat = generate_z(xhat);
  Phat = (eye(14) - K^*H)^*Phat;
  xhat = xhat + K^*(z - zhat)';
function H = jacob_H(xhat)
  H = zeros(12,14);
  H(1,3) = 1;
  H(2,4) = 1;
  for i = 1:5
     \% XX = X_i - X_0
     xx = xhat(2*i+3) - xhat(1);
     \% yy = y_i - y_0
     yy = xhat(2*i+4) - xhat(2);
     \% \text{ rr} = \operatorname{sqrt}(xx^2 + yy^2)
     rr = sqrt(xx^2 + yy^2);
     H(2*i+1,1) = yy/rr^2;
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H(2*i+1,2*i+3) = -yy/rr^2;
     H(2*i+1,2) = -xx/rr^2;
     H(2*i+1,2*i+4) = xx/rr^2;
     H(2*i+2,1) = -xx/rr;
     H(2*i+2,2*i+3) = xx/rr;
     H(2*i+2,2) = -yy/rr;
     H(2*i+2,2*i+4) = yy/rr;
% state propagation
%----
function x = propagate_x(x,dt)
xdot = zeros(14,1);
xdot(1) = x(4)*cos(x(3)); % xdot
xdot(2) = x(4) * sin(x(3)); % ydot
xdot(3) = 0; % yaw rate
xdot(4) = 0; % speed
x = x + xdot*dt; % time integration (Euler scheme)
% show data
%---
function show_data(t,x,xhat,Phat)
hold on
L = 0.6; % vehicle length
B = 0.3; % vehicle breadth objx = L^*[1 - 1 - 1 1];
objy = B * [0,1,-1,0]';
posx = x(1) + objx*cos(x(3))-objy*sin(x(3));
posy = x(2) + objx*sin(x(3))+objy*cos(x(3));
fill(posx,posy,'v');
plot(posx,posy,'b');
posx = xhat(1) + objx*cos(xhat(3))-objy*sin(xhat(3));
posy = xhat(2) + objx*sin(xhat(3)) + objy*cos(xhat(3));
plot(posx,posy,'r');
plot(0,0,bo',x(1),x(2),bo',xhat(1),xhat(2),r+');
meanval = [xhat(1), xhat(2)];
sigma_u = Phat(1:2,1:2);
confidence = 0.95; % confidence level
alpha = chi2inv(confidence,2);
plot2Dellipse(alpha,meanval,sigma_u,'r');
for i=1:5
  plot(xhat(i*2+3),xhat(i*2+4),'r+',x(i*2+3),x(i*2+4),'k+');
  meanval = [xhat(i*2+3),xhat(i*2+4)];
  sigma_u = Phat(i^*2+3:i^*2+4,i^*2+3:i^*2+4);
  plot2Dellipse(alpha,meanval,sigma_u,'r');
end
s = sprintf(Time = \%8.2f,t);
text(1,9,s,'fontsize',15);
xlabel('x','fontsize',15), ylabel('y','fontsize',15);
set(gca, 'fontsize', 15, 'PlotBoxAspectRatio', [500 500 100]);
set(gca, 'Ydir', 'reverse');
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axis([0 10 0 10]);
grid on; box on;

% draw a confidence ellipse
%------
function [] = plot2Dellipse(alpha,meanval,sigma,color)
[V,D] = eig(sigma);

a = sqrt(alpha*D(1,1));
b = sqrt(alpha*D(2,2));

ang1 = atan2(V(2,1),V(1,1));

theta = (0:360)/180*pi;
x = a*cos(theta);
y = b*sin(theta);
xn = x*cos(ang1)-y*sin(ang1)+meanval(1);
yn = x*sin(ang1)+y*cos(ang1)+meanval(2);

plot(xn,yn,color,'LineWidth',2);
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