Binary Tree with Inner Node Use Instructions

Precautionary Steps

- 1. Make sure you have **Java 17** installed on your system. To check, open your **Command Prompt/Terminal** and type in the command "javac –version".
 - a. If Java is not installed, your computer will tell you to install it. Click on one of the links below for installation:
 - i. Windows:
 - How To Download & Install Java for Minecraft (Java 17)
 - ii. Mac: How To Download & Install Java 17 on Mac
 - iii. Linux:
 - How to install Oracle JDK 17 (Java 17) on Ubuntu 22.04 ...
 - b. If your version of Java is different, the Gym Helper should still work, but having Java 17 will ensure that it does.
- 2. Make sure you have an **IDE** to run this project. (**Eclipse** is recommended)
 - a. Eclipse Installation instructions:
 - i. Windows: How to Download and Install Eclipse
 - ii. Mac:
 - How to Install Eclipse IDE on Mac | Install Eclipse IDE o...
 - iii. How to Install Eclipse IDE on Ubuntu 24.04 LTS Linux (...

Steps for Use

- 1. Download the Binary Node zip file by <u>clicking here</u>
- 2. Go to your recent downloads (Or wherever the zip file is stored) and unzip the file. Now, you should have a folder containing all the necessary files for the project
 - a. On Mac, you can do this by simply double clicking the file
 - b. On Windows 11, right click the zip file, then click *extract*. After that, you can save the folder in your desired location. Finally, hit extract in the bottom right hand corner
- 3. If you get an error in the **BinaryTreeTester** file, **import jUnit4** into your project. **The following pictures explain how to import this on Eclipse.**

There will be a red error line under @Test. Hover over it.



Click on Add JUnit 4 library to the build path.

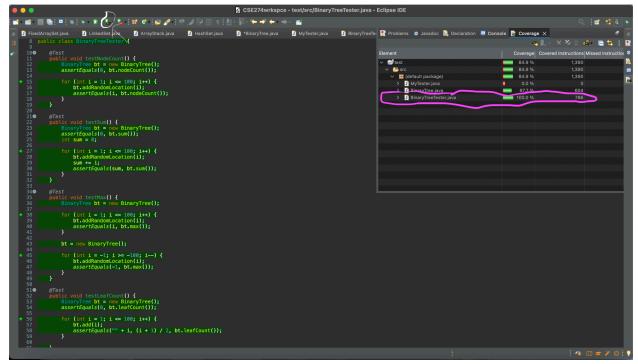
```
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import java.util.Queue;
import java.util.Set;
import org.junit.Test;
public class BinaryTreeTester {
    public void testNodeCount() {
        BinaryTree bt = new BinaryTree();
assertEquals(0, bt.nodeCount());
        for (int i = 1; i <= 100; i++) {
             bt.addRandomLocation(i);
             assertEquals(i, bt.nodeCount());
    }
   @Test
    public void testSum() {
        BinaryTree bt = new BinaryTree();
assertEquals(0, bt.sum());
        int sum = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i <= 100; i++) {
             bt.addRandomLocation(i);
             sum += i;
             assertEquals(sum, bt.sum());
    }
   @Test
    public void testMax() {
        BinaryTree bt = new BinaryTree();
        for (int i = 1; i <= 100; i++) {
   bt.addRandomLocation(i);</pre>
             assertEquals(i, bt.max());
        bt = new BinaryTree();
```

Now, the file should be error free.

4. Now, you can **run** the code through the **MyTester.java** file. This file has manual tests of each method that I wrote, so you can edit these if you'd like. (Screenshot below will show how this will look on Eclipse)

The **cyan** circle shows the **run** button that should be pressed. The **pink** circle shows what the code will look like while running.

5. To run the **jUnit** test for the code's accuracy, click on the **BinaryTreeTester** file. Then, click run. There's a picture below on how to do this in Eclipse.



The **white** circle shows the jUnit test button to click. The **pink** circle shows that the tester file passed all of the jUnit tests.

Bonus: To see the report of the methods written, look through the code comments in the BinaryTree.java file