

Assignment 1

CS 734: Introduction to Information Retrieval

Fall 2017

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Question

1.2 Site Search is another common application of search engines. In this case, search is restricted to the web pages at a given website. Compare site search to web search, vertical search, and enterprise search.

Answer

To answer this question I decided to use the search query “cs834-f17” with modifications as necessary across each of these search types. For site search I used github.com as our course repository is hosted on github and will likely return results and as the name site search implies it only searches on the designated website. Google offers the option to site search with the command “site:website” which for my entry it is “cs834-f17 site:github.com” as shown in Figure 1 [3]. It only returned two results which is minimal and as expected because it is a unique term and the term “cs834-f17” isn’t expected to be located in any other repository or description hosted on github.

For web search I continued to use google. Using the query term “cs834-f17” this time without specifying anything else returned 57 results as shown in Figure 2. Both web search and site search both return the same top result, which is the repository. Something that is interesting in this search is that it didn’t show the second result from the site search. Instead the web search went to different domains to try and find “cs834-f17”, for example *github.io*. This should be noted as the precision in site search is seems to be more effective in the context of terms.

Continuing with vertical search I also made use of google images. The goal of vertical search is to search on a specific content type. The results were somewhat expected as there was in fact a picture of the author of the cs834-f17 repository, Dr. Nelson as shown in Figure 3, however prior to that image it seems of had lot of patent schemes for protein formulas. In this context it probably wasn’t the best to use a vertical search.

Finally when completing Enterprise search it should be noted that I don’t have access to an intranet but I do have access to my own personal machine to conduct searches on my own file system. I used my operating system’s implemented search in it file system and I also use the terminal command *grep* to show a customized search on a subset of directories. Using my operating systems *finder* program it searches across my entire computer of files with the words “cs834-f17” as shown in Figure 4. This type of seems more relatable to web search as it seem to generalize the results showing files

that mention this term, but not every single file in my filesystem. When I used the *grep* command searching any directories starting with “cs” it showed every occurrence where “cs834-f17” was used. This is more relatable to site search because it listed all locations of occurrence in these directories.

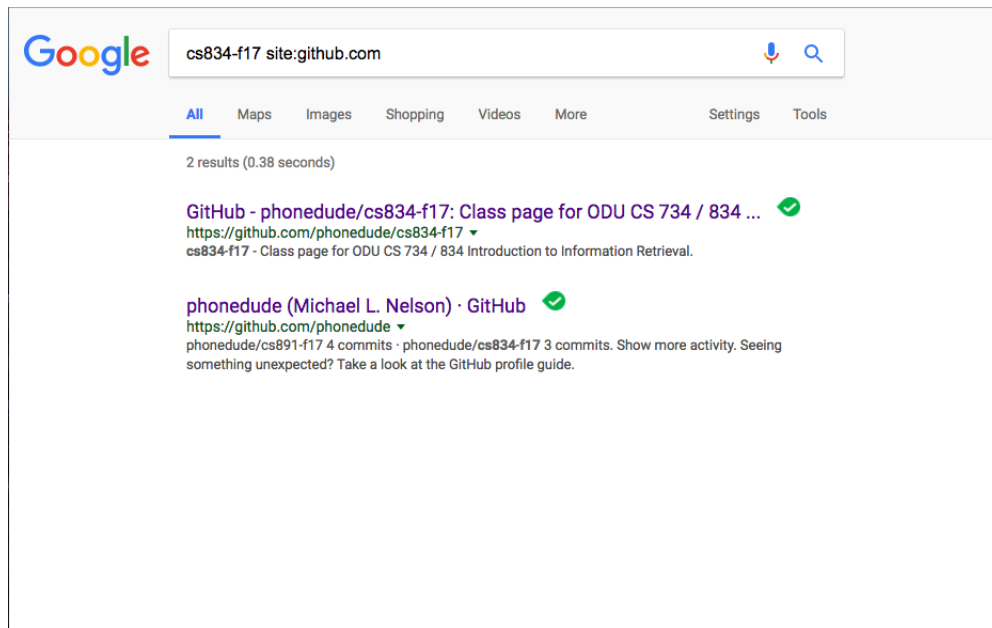


Figure 1: Site search example in google

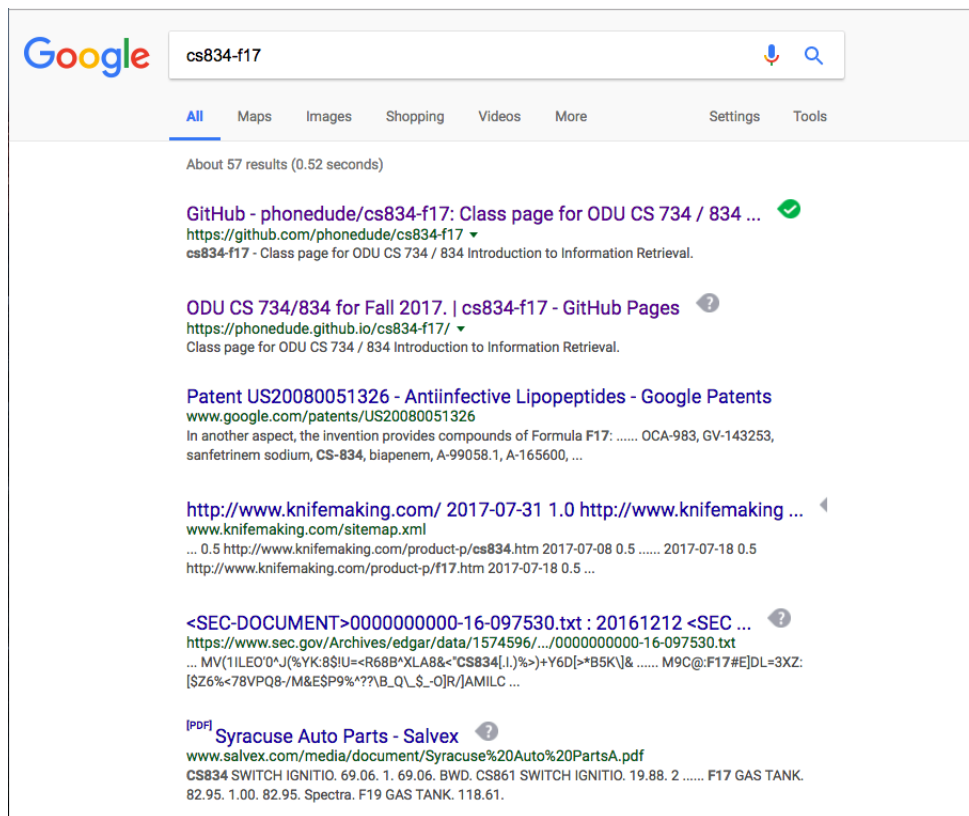



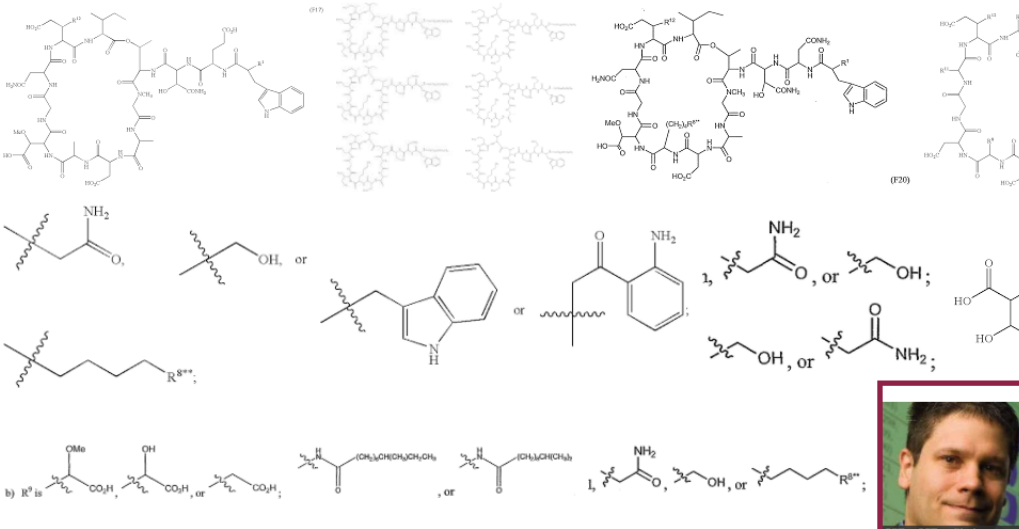


Figure 2: Web search example in google

Google   

[All](#) [Maps](#) [Images](#) [Shopping](#) [Videos](#) [More](#) [Settings](#) [Tools](#)



Chemical structures and fragments shown in the search results include:

- Complex polycyclic structures with various functional groups (e.g., HO2C, NH2, CO2H).
- Structures labeled (F17), (F20), and (F21).
- Simple fragments: NH2, OH, CO2H, HO2C, HO.
- A small portrait of a man in the bottom right corner with the text "257 x 257 - github.com" below it.

Figure 3: Vertical search example in google

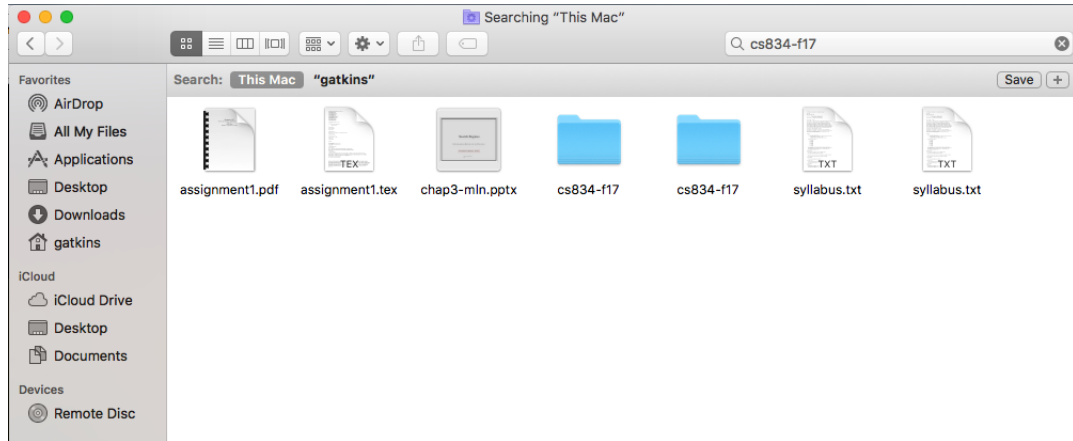


Figure 4: Enterprise Search using my own Desktop

```

Grants-MBP:~ gatkings$ grep -R "cs834-f17" ~/cs*
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/.git/config: url = https://github.com/grantat/cs834-f17.git
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/.git/FETCH_HEAD:4bb91cc1dff40983b3d7d03f7dc9a4ab3c57c081
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/.git/logs/HEAD:00000000000000000000000000000000 0033e52
//github.com/grantat/cs834-f17.git
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/.git/logs/refs/heads/master:00000000000000000000000000000000
m https://github.com/grantat/cs834-f17.git
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/.git/logs/refs/remotes/origin/HEAD:00000000000000000000000000000000
one: from https://github.com/grantat/cs834-f17.git
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/index.md:[Syllabus](https://raw.githubusercontent.com/phonedude/
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/index.md:* [https://groups.google.com/group/cs834-f17](https://g
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/index.md:* Week 1 - August 31 - [Administrivia](https://raw.git
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/index.md:), [LaTeX](https://www.overleaf.com/latex/learn/free-or
ercontent.com/phonedude/cs834-f17/master/slides/chap1.pptx), [2](https://raw.githubusercontent.
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/index.md:* Assignment 1: [due 2017-09-21](https://github.com/pho
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/README.md:[Schedule and Assignments](https://github.com/phonedu
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/syllabus.txt: https://phonedude.github.io/cs834-f17/
/Users/gatkings/cs734/cs834-f17/syllabus.txt: http://groups.google.com/group/cs834-f17/
/Users/gatkings/cs834-f17/.git/config: url = https://github.com/grantat/cs834-f17.git
/Users/gatkings/cs834-f17/.git/logs/HEAD:00000000000000000000000000000000 4bb91cc1dff40
.com/grantat/cs834-f17.git
/Users/gatkings/cs834-f17/.git/logs/refs/heads/master:00000000000000000000000000000000
//github.com/grantat/cs834-f17.git
/Users/gatkings/cs834-f17/.git/logs/refs/remotes/origin/HEAD:00000000000000000000000000000000
m https://github.com/grantat/cs834-f17.git
/Users/gatkings/cs834-f17/assignments/A1/docs/assignment1.tex:To answer this question I decided
/Users/gatkings/cs834-f17/assignments/A1/docs/assignment1.tex:Google offers the option to site
figure \ref{} \cite{googlesite}.
/Users/gatkings/cs834-f17/assignments/A1/docs/assignment1.tex:Atkins, Grant. ``CS734 Assignment
ee/master/assignments/A1}.
/Users/gatkings/cs834-f17/README.md:[Schedule and Assignments](https://github.com/phonedude/cs8
/Users/gatkings/cs834-f17/syllabus.txt: https://phonedude.github.io/cs834-f17/
/Users/gatkings/cs834-f17/syllabus.txt: http://groups.google.com/group/cs834-f17/

```

Figure 5: Specified Enterprise Search using my own Desktop in a terminal

2

Question

1.4 List five web services or sites that you use that appear to use search, not including web search engines. Describe the role of search for that service. Also describe the search is based on a database or grep style of matching, or if the search is using some type of ranking.

Answer

3

Question

3.7 Write a program that can create a valid sitemap based on the contents of a directory on your computer's hard disk. Assume the file are accessible from a website at the URL `http://example.com`. For instance, if there is a file in your directory called `homework.pdf`, this would be available at `http://www.example.com/homework.pdf`. Use the real modification date on the file as the last modified time in the sitemap, and to help estimate the change frequency.

Answer

To answer this question I wrote a program in Python 3.0+ as shown in Listing 1. This program selects a directory from which to build a sitemap. The directory I decided to use for this question was actually this assignment's directory, **A1**, for this course's repository [2]. The XML sitemap generated is shown in Listing 2. It should be noted that you won't see a **.DS_Store** or some of the other LaTeX files located in the **/A1/docs/** folder in this repository due to them being ignored in my repository's **.gitignore** file, these files are in fact on my computer locally.

```
1 import os
2 from datetime import datetime
3 import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
4
5
6 def indent(elem, level=0, more_sibs=False):
7     '''
8     Pretty print xml etree
9     '''
10    i = "\n"
11    if level:
12        i += (level - 1) * ' '
13    num_kids = len(elem)
14    if num_kids:
15        if not elem.text or not elem.text.strip():
16            elem.text = i + " "
17        if level:
18            elem.text += ' '
19    count = 0
20    for kid in elem:
21        indent(kid, level + 1, count < num_kids - 1)
22        count += 1
```



```

23         if not elem.tail or not elem.tail.strip():
24             elem.tail = i
25             if more_sibs:
26                 elem.tail += ' '
27     else:
28         if level and (not elem.tail or not elem.tail.strip()):
29             elem.tail = i
30             if more_sibs:
31                 elem.tail += ' '
32
33
34 def getLastModified(filePath):
35     '''
36     Get last modified datetime of a file
37     '''
38     stat = os.stat(filePath)
39     dttime = datetime.fromtimestamp(
40         stat.st_mtime).strftime("%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%SZ")
41     return dttime
42
43
44 def buildSitemap(outfile, baseURL, rootdir):
45     '''
46     build xml tree for directory based sitemap
47     '''
48     urlset = ET.Element(
49         'urlset', xmlns="http://www.sitemaps.org/schemas/sitemap
50         /0.9")
51
52     with open(outfile, 'w'):
53         for subdir, dirs, files in os.walk(rootdir):
54             for f in files:
55                 filepath = subdir + os.sep + f
56                 lastmod = getLastModified(filepath)
57                 url = ET.Element('url')
58                 # remove './' from path as start of a string
59                 if filepath.startswith(rootdir + os.sep):
60                     filepath = filepath[len(rootdir + os.sep):]
61                 elif filepath.startswith(rootdir):
62                     filepath = filepath[len(rootdir):]
63
64                 filepath = filepath.replace(' ', '+')
65                 loc = ET.SubElement(url, 'loc')
66                 loc.text = baseURL + filepath
67                 lastmods = ET.SubElement(url, 'lastmod')
68                 lastmods.text = lastmod
69                 urlset.append(url)
70
71     indent(urlset)

```

```

71         tree = ET.ElementTree(urlset)
72         tree.write(outfile, encoding='utf-8', xml_declaration=
           True)
73
74
75 if __name__ == "__main__":
76     baseUrl = "http://example.com/"
77
78     if baseUrl.endswith('/') is False:
79         baseUrl += '/'
80
81     outfile = 'data/sitemap.xml'
82     buildSitemap(outfile, baseUrl, '../..')
```

Listing 1: Python script create a sitemap from a directory's contents

```

1 <?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8'?>
2 <urlset xmlns="http://www.sitemaps.org/schemas/sitemap/0.9">
3   <url>
4     <loc>http://example.com/.DS_Store</loc>
5     <lastmod>2017-09-20T10:54:45Z</lastmod>
6   </url>
7   <url>
8     <loc>http://example.com/A1/a1.txt</loc>
9     <lastmod>2017-09-04T10:40:57Z</lastmod>
10  </url>
11  <url>
12    <loc>http://example.com/A1/README.md</loc>
13    <lastmod>2017-09-20T10:54:24Z</lastmod>
14  </url>
15  <url>
16    <loc>http://example.com/A1/Test+file.doc</loc>
17    <lastmod>2017-09-20T18:17:45Z</lastmod>
18  </url>
19  <url>
20    <loc>http://example.com/A1/docs/assignment1.aux</loc>
21    <lastmod>2017-09-21T11:27:55Z</lastmod>
22  </url>
23  <url>
24    <loc>http://example.com/A1/docs/assignment1.log</loc>
25    <lastmod>2017-09-21T11:27:55Z</lastmod>
26  </url>
27  <url>
28    <loc>http://example.com/A1/docs/assignment1.out</loc>
29    <lastmod>2017-09-21T11:27:55Z</lastmod>
30  </url>
31  <url>
32    <loc>http://example.com/A1/docs/assignment1.pdf</loc>
33    <lastmod>2017-09-21T11:27:55Z</lastmod>
```

```

34 </url>
35 <url>
36   <loc>http://example.com/A1/docs/assignment1.synctex.gz</loc>
37   <lastmod>2017-09-21T11:27:55Z</lastmod>
38 </url>
39 <url>
40   <loc>http://example.com/A1/docs/assignment1.tex</loc>
41   <lastmod>2017-09-21T11:28:07Z</lastmod>
42 </url>
43 <url>
44   <loc>http://example.com/A1/docs/NOTES.md</loc>
45   <lastmod>2017-09-13T11:37:42Z</lastmod>
46 </url>
47 <url>
48   <loc>http://example.com/A1/src/simpleCrawler.py</loc>
49   <lastmod>2017-09-20T08:40:09Z</lastmod>
50 </url>
51 <url>
52   <loc>http://example.com/A1/src/sitemap.py</loc>
53   <lastmod>2017-09-21T11:55:11Z</lastmod>
54 </url>
55 <url>
56   <loc>http://example.com/A1/src/data/sitemap.xml</loc>
57   <lastmod>2017-09-21T11:55:14Z</lastmod>
58 </url>
59 </urlset>

```

Listing 2: Sitemap created from my assignment 1 (A1) directory

4

Question

Answer

5

Question

3.9 Write a simple single-threaded web crawler. Starting from a single input URL (perhaps a professor's web page), the crawler should download a page and then wait at least five seconds before downloading the next page. Your program should find other pages to crawl by parsing link tags found in previously crawled documents.

Answer

This question was relatively simple as we were posed this question previously in our CS532 class except it had the goal of extracting all pdf file from a webpage and not chasing further links. Therefore to answer this problem I used my code previously created from CS532 for assignment 1 but with some slight modifications as shown in Listing 3 [1]. For instance, I added: a time delay, a set to track the links already crawled, a queue system, and a hop counter for each website for crawl level. In this problem I tested 1 and 2 hops on the website <http://www.cs.odu.edu/~gatkins/cs725/>. With a max of 1 hop I found that I had queue size of 142 unique URIs remaining to crawl as shown in Figure 6. With a max of 2 hops I found that I had queue size of 2626 unique URIs remaining to crawl as shown in Figure 7.

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env python3
2
3  import sys
4  import requests
5  from urllib.parse import urljoin, urlparse
6  from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
7  from collections import deque
8  import time
9
10
11 def crawl(uri, q, links_seen):
12     """
13     Take html string as parameter and parse through links ('a'
14     elements).
15     """
16     print("Getting links from:", uri)
17     try:
18         useragent = ('Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64)
19                     AppleWebKit/537.36 '
20                     '(KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/44.0.2403.157
21                     Safari/537.36')
```

```

19
20     r = requests.get(uri, headers={'User-Agent': useragent},
21                           verify=False)
22     content_type = r.headers.get('content-type').lower()
23
24     if 'text/html' in content_type and r.ok:
25         s = BeautifulSoup(r.text, 'html.parser')
26         all_a = s.find_all('a', href=True)
27
28         for link in map(lambda a: a['href'], all_a):
29             if link not in links_seen:
30
31                 if isAbsolute(link) is False:
32                     fulllink = urljoin(r.url, link)
33                     if fulllink not in links_seen:
34                         q.append(fulllink)
35                         links_seen.add(fulllink)
36                 else:
37                     print("Link found:", link)
38                     q.append(link)
39                     links_seen.add(link)
40
41     except:
42         pass
43
44 def isAbsolute(url):
45     """
46     Taken from stackoverflow post
47     """
48     try:
49         return bool(urlparse(url).netloc)
50     except:
51         return False
52
53
54 if __name__ == '__main__':
55     try:
56         baseURL = sys.argv[1]
57     except:
58         print("Usage: python3 crawler.py {URI-R}")
59     q = deque()
60     q.append(baseURL)
61     hop_count = 1
62     links_seen = set()
63
64     uri = q.popleft()
65     links_seen.add(uri)
66

```

```

67     crawl(uri, q, links_seen)
68
69     qsize = len(q)
70
71     while hop_count > 0:
72         time.sleep(5)
73         uri = q.popleft()
74         qsize -= 1
75
76         crawl(uri, q, links_seen)
77
78         if qsize == 0:
79             qsize = len(q)
80             hop_count -= 1
81             print("Hop completed. With new links queue size is
82                   :", qsize)
83
84     while True:
85         try:
86             uri = q.popleft()
87             print("Remaining URI", uri)
88         except:
89             break

```

Listing 3: Python script to for a single-threaded web crawler

```

Hop completed. With new links queue size is: 142
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~gatkins/cs725/data/v2/cleaned-univers
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~gatkins/cs725/data/v2/artists-with-a
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~gatkins/cs725/data/v2/total-set-of-a
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2?action=print
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2?action=login
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Home
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Syllabus
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Sched
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives
Remaining URI https://www.blackboard.odu.edu/webapps/blackboard/execute/la
Remaining URI https://git-community.cs.odu.edu/groups/CS725-F17
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/PaperPresentation
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Project
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Links
Remaining URI http://www.tableau.com/data-visualization-software
Remaining URI http://www.tableausoftware.com/academic/teaching
Remaining URI javascript:toggle('tocid');
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2#toc1
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2#toc2
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2#toc3
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2#toc4
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2#toc5
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2#toc6
Remaining URI https://git-community.cs.odu.edu/groups/blackboard/execute/la

```

Figure 6: Terminal output of my crawler with 1 hop limit

```

Hop completed. With new links queue size is: 2626
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2?action=print#toc1
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2?action=print#toc2
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2?action=print#toc3
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2?action=print#toc4
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2?action=print#toc5
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/VI2?action=print#toc6
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Home?action=print
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Home?action=login
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/courses/infovis/cs725s17-G06-ime
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/courses/infovis/cs725s17-G12-ime
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/courses/infovis/cs725s17-G15-ime
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/Research/InfoVis-Gallery
Remaining URI http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmn/vadbook/
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch1
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch2
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch7
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch5
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch3
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch4
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch8
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch6
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch10
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch11
Remaining URI http://www.cs.odu.edu/~mweigle/CS725-F17/Objectives#Ch12

```

Figure 7: Terminal output of my crawler with 2 hops limit

References

- [1] Atkins, Grant. “CS532 Assignment 1 Repository” Github. N.p., 23 March 2017. Web. 23 March 2017.<https://github.com/grantat/cs532-s17/tree/master/assignments/A1/src>.
- [2] Atkins, Grant. “CS734 Assignment 1 Repository” Github. N.p., 21 September 2017. Web. 21 September 2017.<https://github.com/grantat/cs834-f17/tree/master/assignments/A1>.
- [3] Boswell, Weny. “Advanced Google Search Shortcuts” Lifewire. N.p., 2 July 2017. Web. <https://www.lifewire.com/advanced-google-search-3482174>
- [4] Hsin-Tsang Lee, Derek Leonard, Xiaoming Wang, and Dmitri Loguinov. 2009. “IRLbot: Scaling to 6 billion pages and beyond.” ACM Trans. Web 3, 3, Article 8 (July 2009), 34 pages. <http://dx.doi.org.proxy.lib.odu.edu/10.1145/1541822.1541823>.