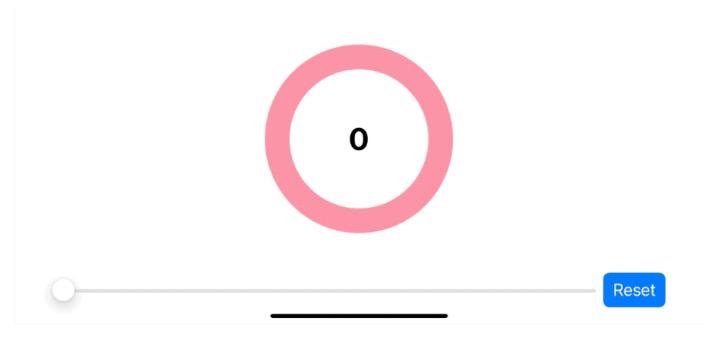
How to create SwiftUI circular progress bar

05 May 2022

In this tutorial, we will learn how to create a circular progress bar in SwiftUI.



A circular progress bar in action.

How to create SwiftUI circular progress bar

We need just **three SwiftUI views** to make a circular progress view.

- 1. **Circle view**, which acts as a **background** when there is no progress.
- 2. Another Circle view that sits on top of the first one.

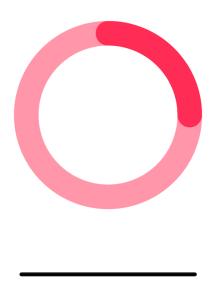
This will represent the progress.

3. **ZStack** to layout the second Circle view on top of the first Circle view.

We will start by preparing a **static view** for our circular progress bar.

Then, we will make it show progress according to **progress** data.

The final result will look like this.



Circular progress bar.

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Creating a static circular progress bar view

Let's start by creating a new SwiftUI view for our circular progress bar. I will name it CircularProgressView.

Background

I mentioned earlier that we would use Circle view for our

progress, but actually, we want an outline of a circle.

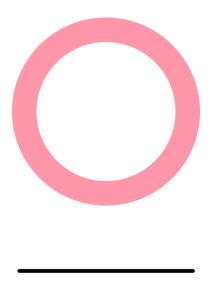
We can get an outline of any SwiftUI shape with stroke(lineWidth:) modifier.

1 Draw an outline of a circle shape with a line width of 30 points.

We can use it like this.

And this is how it looks. We got the first part of our progress

bar in place!



Background of a circular progress bar.

What we see right now is a circular progress bar with zero progress. We need another Circle view to present our progress.

Progress Indicator

To make a progress indicator, I **use the same view** as the background view. **The only difference is the stroke color**.

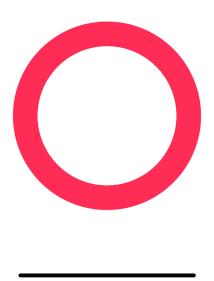
1 I use zstack to put the progress view over the background view.

2 I use the same shape and stroke as a progress indicator. The only difference is the color.

Since our progress indicator sit right on top of the background, everything is the same as our previous implementation.

The only difference is the color which is the one from the second circle.

Here is the result.



A circular progress bar with 100% progress.

Now we have a view that represents progress, but it always shows 100% progress at the moment. **We need a way to show progress between 0 and 100.**

Progress

We want a way to **draws a fraction of a circle to present a progress**. Luckily, we can easily do that with trim(from:to:) modifier.

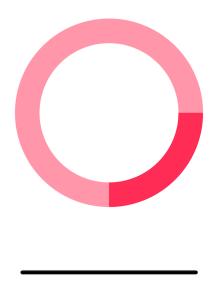
The **Trim modifier** will **draw a portion of a shape** from the specified **starting and ending fraction** where 0 is the beginning, and 1 is the end.

Here is an example where we set progress to 25% by draw a stroke only 1/4 ways (0.25) of the whole circle.

```
struct CircularProgressView: View {
    var body: some View {
        ZStack {
            Circle()
                 .stroke(
                     Color.pink.opacity(0.5),
                     lineWidth: 30
                 )
            Circle()
                 .trim(from: 0, to: 0.25)
                 .stroke(
                     Color.pink,
                     lineWidth: 30
                 )
        }
    }
}
```

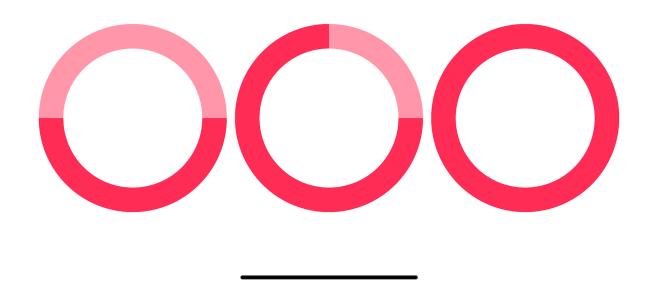
1 By trimming a circle from 0 to 0.25, we draw only a quarter of the whole circle.

Here is the result.



A circular progress bar with 25% progress.

Here is another example where I trim from 0 to 0.5, 0.75, and 1, respectively.



Circular progress bars with 50%, 75%, and 100% progress.

You might notice that the progress **starts from the right side of the circle**. I want it to start from the top, so we need to modify our progress indicator a bit.

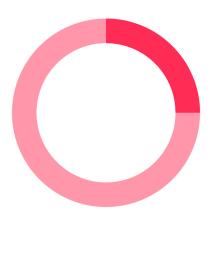
Start progress from the top

We can make our progress indicator start from the top by rotating the view 90 degrees counterclockwise.

To do that, we use rotationEffect(_:anchor:) modifier.

```
struct CircularProgressView: View {
    var body: some View {
        ZStack {
            Circle()
                 .stroke(
                     Color.pink.opacity(0.5),
                     lineWidth: 30
                 )
            Circle()
                 .trim(from: 0, to: 0.25)
                 .stroke(
                     Color.pink,
                     lineWidth: 30
                 )
                 .rotationEffect(.degrees(-90))
        }
    }
}
```

1 Rotate the second circle view counterclockwise to make progress starting from the top.



A circular progress with 25% progress.

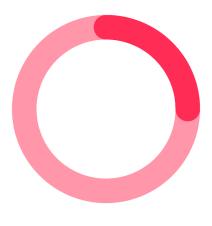
Make the line cap round

We will finish the circular progress view by making its line cap round. This last step is purely for aesthetic reasons.

To control a line cap, we use another variation of stroke modifier, stroke(_:style:), which lets us control stroke style.

1 We use StrokeStyle(lineWidth: 30, lineCap: .round) to make the round line cap.

Here is our final result.



Make the circular progress bar datadriven

We have a circular progress bar ready, **but it is still static**. The progress is hard-coded to 25% progress.

We will create a new progress property, and make the progress indicator view adapts to this property.

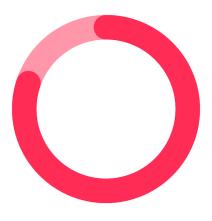
```
struct CircularProgressView: View {
    let progress: Double
    var body: some View {
        ZStack {
            Circle()
                 .stroke(
                     Color.pink.opacity(0.5),
                     lineWidth: 30
            Circle()
                 .trim(from: 0, to: progress)
                 .stroke(
                     Color.pink,
                     style: StrokeStyle(
                         lineWidth: 30,
                         lineCap: .round
                     )
                 )
```

```
.rotationEffect(.degrees(-90))
}
}
```

1 Create a progress property to dictate current progress.

2 Replace our hard-coded number with the new progress property.

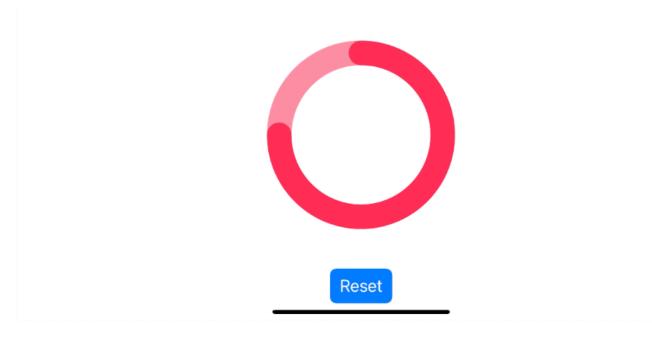
Then we can pass progress as an argument when creating CircularProgressView.



Animation

The last thing that I want to improve before wrapping this up is an **animation**.

Right now, if you change the progress, our circular progress bar would change the progress **without any animation**.



Progress indicator change without any animation.

To make our view animate, we apply animation(_:value:) to our progress view.

```
struct CircularProgressView: View {
   let progress: Double

   var body: some View {
       ZStack {
```

```
Circle()
                 .stroke(
                     Color.pink.opacity(0.5),
                     lineWidth: 30
                 )
            Circle()
                 .trim(from: 0, to: progress)
                 .stroke(
                     Color.pink,
                     style: StrokeStyle(
                         lineWidth: 30,
                         lineCap: .round
                     )
                 .rotationEffect(.degrees(-90))
                 .animation(.easeOut, value: progress)
        }
    }
}
```

1.animation(.easeOut, value: progress) will apply ease out animation when the progress value changes.



A circular progress bar with animation modifier.

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How to use

Let's try using CircularProgressView in a sample app so you get an idea of how to use this in a real app.

In this sample, I have a progress value which **shared among three views**, our progress view, label, and slider.

We will use a **slider view to control the progress value**. This value will reflect on the **label and the progress view**. The reset button will set the **progress back to zero**, which should trigger our circular progress bar animation.

```
struct ContentView: View {
    @State var progress: Double = 0

var body: some View {
    VStack {
        Spacer()
        ZStack {
        CircularProgressView(progress: progress)
```

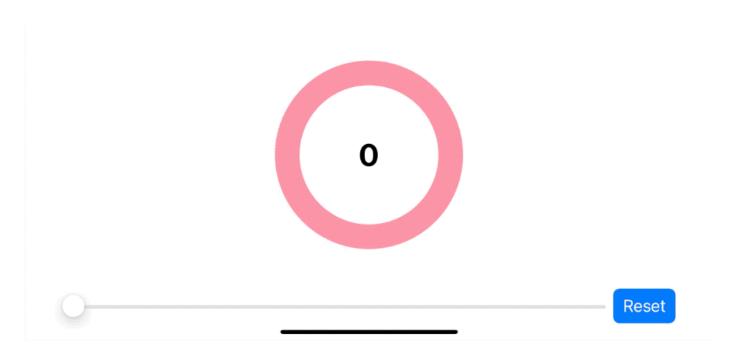
```
Text("\(progress * 100, specifier: "%.0f")")
                 .font(.largeTitle)
                 .bold()
        }.frame(width: 200, height: 200)
        Spacer()
        HStack {
            Slider(value: $progress, in: 0...1)
            Button("Reset") {
                resetProgress()
            }.buttonStyle(.borderedProminent)
        }
    }
}
func resetProgress() {
    progress = 0
}
```

1 A data represent current progress.

}

- 2 We use progress as our progress view data.
- 3 We also use the same data to show as text at the center of our progress view.
- 4 Slider data is binding to the progress, so we can control its value through this slider.
- 5 Reset button set progress value back to zero. This is used to test the animation.

And here is the result.



A circular progress bar in action.