

MODUL 4 Building App Navigation

THEME DESCRIPTION

This module covers 3 main primary navigation patterns: bottom navigation, the navigation drawer, and tabbed navigation. These navigation patterns are used to build user-friendly app navigation. Through guided theory and practice, you will learn how each of these patterns works so that users can easily access your app's content. This module will also focus on making the user aware of where they are in the app and which level of your app's hierarchy they can navigate to.

WEEKLY LEARNING OUTCOME (SUB-LEARNING OUTCOME)

Students will know how to use the 3 primary navigation patterns: bottom navigation, the navigation drawer, tabbed navigation and understand how they work with the app bar to support navigation.

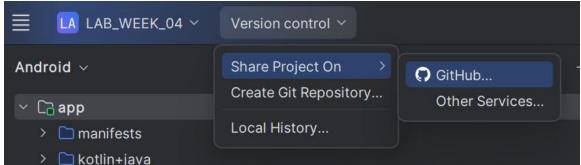
TOOLS/SOFTWARE USED

- Android Studio

PRACTICAL STEPS

Part 1 - Navigation drawer

- 1. Open Android Studio and click New Project.
- 2. Choose the **Empty Views Activity** to start with.
- 3. Name your project "LAB_WEEK_04".
- Set the minimum SDK to "API 24: Android 7.0 (Nougat)".
- 5. Click **Finish**, and let your android application build itself.
- 6. Create GitHub repository by select "Version Control > Share Project On > GitHub" on the top left.





- 7. Don't forget to link your **GitHub** account with Android Studio.
- 8. Select Share and type "Initial commit" as the first commit to your branch. Then select Add.



9. In this part, we will be focusing on how we can use the Navigation Drawer in Android. In order to use the Navigation Drawer, we need to add the necessary library to our application. Add the code below to the dependencies section in build.gradle.kts (Module :app) and sync your gradle files.

```
implementation("androidx.navigation:navigation-fragment-ktx:2.5.3")
implementation("androidx.navigation:navigation-ui-ktx:2.5.3")
```

10. Now update your **strings.xml** to the code below.



```
served in a cappuccino cup. (The espresso is added into the hot water rather than
all the water being flowed through the coffee that would lead to over
extraction.)</string>
   <string name="latte title">CAFFE LATTE</string>
   <string name="latte_desc">A tall, mild \'milk coffee\' (about 150-300 ml). An
espresso with steamed milk and only a little milk foam poured over it. Serve in a
latte glass or a coffee cup. Flavoured syrup can be added.</string>
   <string name="coffee_list">Coffee List</string>
   <string name="coffee favorites">My Favorite Coffee</string>
   <string name="cafe_list">Cafe List</string>
   <string name="bottom menu coffee">Coffee</string>
   <string name="bottom_menu_cafe">Cafe</string>
   <string name="starbucks_title">STARBUCKS</string>
   <string name="janjijiwa_title">JANJI JIWA</string>
   <string name="kopikenangan_title">KOPI KENANGAN</string>
</resources>
```

11. Update your **themes.xml** to the code below.

```
<resources xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools">
   <!-- Base application theme. -->
   <style name="Base.Theme.LAB WEEK 04"</pre>
parent="Theme.Material3.DayNight.NoActionBar">
       <!-- Customize your light theme here. -->
       <!-- <item name="colorPrimary">@color/my_light_primary</item> -->
   </style>
   <style name="Theme.NavigationDrawer.NoActionBar"</pre>
parent="Theme.AppCompat.Light.NoActionBar">
       <item name="windowActionBar">false</item>
       <item name="windowNoTitle">true</item>
   </style>
   <style name="Theme.NavigationDrawer.AppBarOverlay"</pre>
       parent="ThemeOverlay.AppCompat.Dark.ActionBar" />
   <style name="Theme.NavigationDrawer.PopupOverlay"</pre>
       parent="ThemeOverlay.AppCompat.Light" />
   <style name="Theme.LAB_WEEK_04" parent="Base.Theme.LAB_WEEK_04" />
</resources>
```

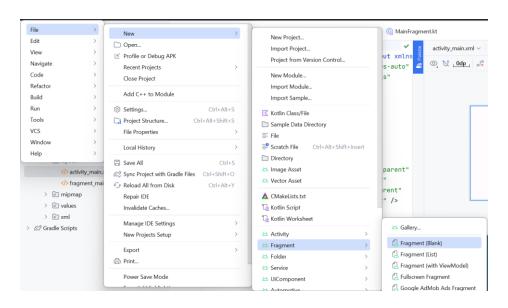


12. And update your **colors.xml** to the code below.

13. We won't be needing the Action Bar in our application, it'll be provided by the Navigation Drawer Layout. Update your activity in your AndroidManifests.xml to the code below.

14. Next, we will be using the same layout as the previous **Coffee App** from your **LAB_WEEK_03**. Create 2 new blank fragments, name it **ListFragment** and **DetailFragment**, and copy both layouts and kotlin files from **LAB_WEEK_03** to the current **LAB_WEEK_04** project.





15. Here's what your **fragment_list.xml** should look like.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<ScrollView xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  tools:context=".ListFragment"
   android:padding="20dp">
   <LinearLayout</pre>
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout height="wrap content"
       android:orientation="vertical">
       <TextView
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
           android:layout height="wrap content"
           android:textSize="30sp"
           android:text="@string/coffee_list"/>
       <View
           android:layout width="match parent"
           android:layout height="1dp"
           android:layout_marginVertical="20dp"
           android:background="?android:attr/dividerVertical" />
       <TextView
           android:id="@+id/affogato"
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
           android:layout height="wrap content"
           android:padding="10dp"
```



16. Here's what your **fragment_detail.xml** should look like.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout</pre>
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout_height="match_parent"
   android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="20dp"
  tools:context=".DetailFragment">
   <TextView
       android:id="@+id/coffee_title"
       android:textStyle="bold"
       android:gravity="center"
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout height="wrap content"
       tools:text="@string/affogato_title"/>
   <View
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout_height="1dp"
       android:layout_marginVertical="20dp"
       android:background="?android:attr/dividerVertical" />
```



17. Here's what your **ListFragment.kt** should look like.

```
class ListFragment : Fragment() {
   override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
   }
   override fun onCreateView(
       inflater: LayoutInflater, container: ViewGroup?,
       savedInstanceState: Bundle?
   ): View? {
      // Inflate the layout for this fragment
       return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_list, container, false)
   }
   override fun onViewCreated(view: View, savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
       super.onViewCreated(view, savedInstanceState)
       val coffeeList = listOf<View>(
           view.findViewById(R.id.affogato),
           view.findViewById(R.id.americano),
           view.findViewById(R.id.latte)
       )
       coffeeList.forEach{ coffee ->
           val fragmentBundle = Bundle()
           fragmentBundle.putInt(COFFEE_ID, coffee.id)
           coffee.setOnClickListener(
               Navigation.createNavigateOnClickListener(
                   R.id.action_listFragment_to_detailFragment,
fragmentBundle)
```



```
}
}
companion object {
   const val COFFEE_ID = "COFFEE_ID"
}
```

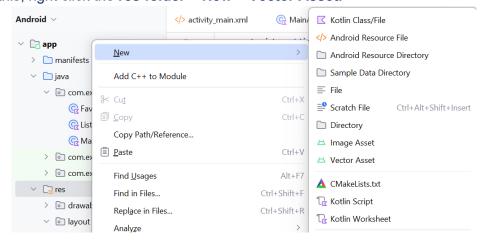
18. Here's what your **DetailFragment.kt** should look like.

```
class DetailFragment : Fragment() {
   private val coffeeTitle: TextView?
      get() = view?.findViewById(R.id.coffee_title)
   private val coffeeDesc: TextView?
       get() = view?.findViewById(R.id.coffee_desc)
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
   }
  override fun onCreateView(
      inflater: LayoutInflater, container: ViewGroup?,
      savedInstanceState: Bundle?
   ): View? {
      // Inflate the layout for this fragment
      return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_detail, container, false)
  }
  override fun onViewCreated(view: View, savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
       super.onViewCreated(view, savedInstanceState)
      val coffeeId = arguments?.getInt(COFFEE_ID, 0) ?: 0
      setCoffeeData(coffeeId)
   }
  fun setCoffeeData(id: Int){
      when(id){
          R.id.affogato -> {
               coffeeTitle?.text = getString(R.string.affogato_title)
               coffeeDesc?.text = getString(R.string.affogato_desc)
```



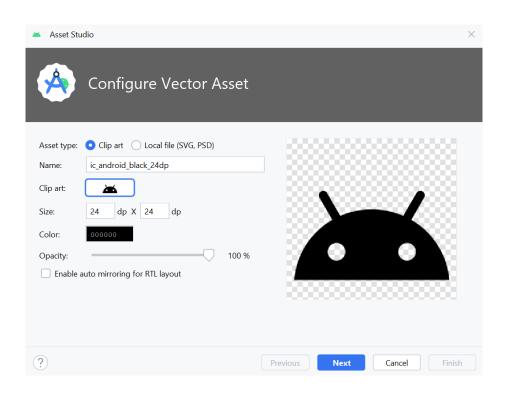
```
R.id.americano -> {
      coffeeTitle?.text = getString(R.string.americano_title)
      coffeeDesc?.text = getString(R.string.americano_desc)
}
R.id.latte -> {
      coffeeTitle?.text = getString(R.string.latte_title)
      coffeeDesc?.text = getString(R.string.latte_desc)
}
}
}
companion object {
    private const val COFFEE_ID = "COFFEE_ID"
}
```

19. Next, create another fragment called FavoritesFragment. After that we need to update the layout for fragment_favorites.xml. But before that, we also want to add a favorite icon for every coffee presented in the list. Therefore we need to make a Vector Asset. To do this, right click the res folder > New > Vector Asset.

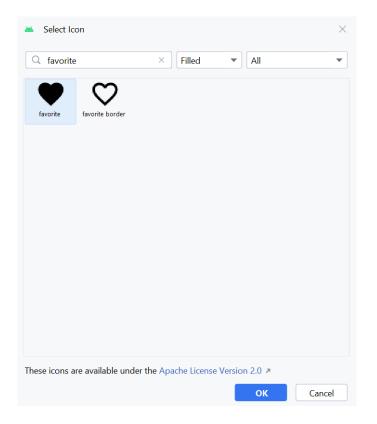


20. A menu should pop up and It should look like this.



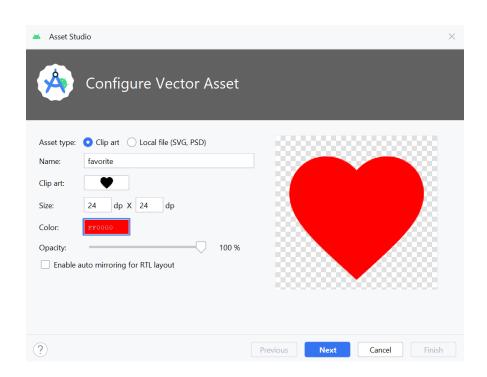


21. Click on the **Clip art** and type in the search box "**Favorite**", choose the **Favorite Icon** and click **OK**.

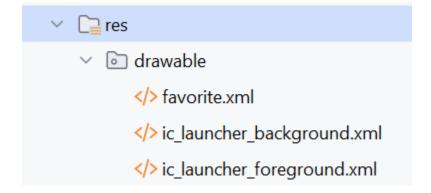


22. Name the icon "Favorite" and choose Red for the color. Click Next then Finish.





23. Now you can check your **drawable folder** and you should see the **favorite.xml** file in there.



24. Next, update your **fragment_favorites.xml** to the code below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<ScrollView xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    tools:context=".FavoritesFragment"</pre>
```



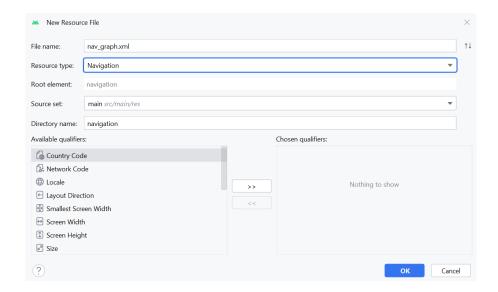
```
android:padding="20dp">
  <LinearLayout</pre>
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout height="wrap content"
       android:orientation="vertical">
       <TextView
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
           android:textSize="30sp"
           android:text="@string/coffee favorites"/>
       <View
           android:layout width="match parent"
           android:layout height="1dp"
           android:layout_marginVertical="20dp"
           android:background="?android:attr/dividerVertical" />
       <TextView
           android:id="@+id/latte"
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
           android:padding="10dp"
           android:text="@string/latte_title"
           app:drawableStartCompat ="@drawable/favorite"
           android:drawablePadding="10dp"/>
   </LinearLayout>
</ScrollView>
```

25. Notice the **app:drawableStartCompat** that places our previously created vector image on the left side of the **TextView**.



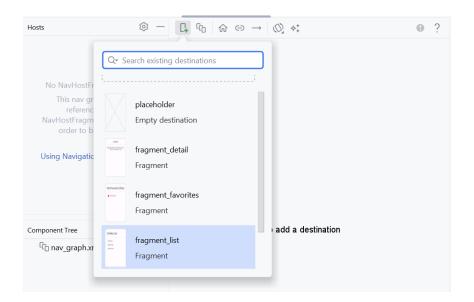


26. Next, let's make a **Navigation** using the previously learned **Jetpack Navigation**. Name your navigation **nav_graph.xml**.

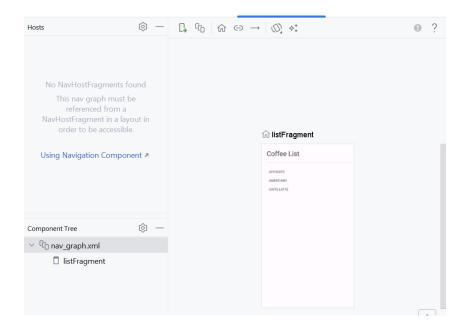


27. Before, you edited the **nav_graph.xml** file using the **code mode**. Now we will be using an easier way to do it and that's with **design mode**. First we need to add our fragments into our board. Click on **New Destination** and choose the **fragment_list** to start with.



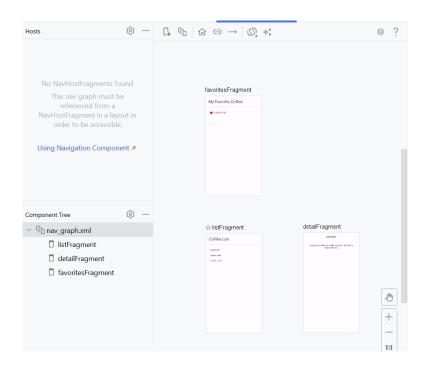


28. listFragment should appear on the board.



29. Do this with **favoritesFragment** and **detailFragment** too. Your board should now look like this.



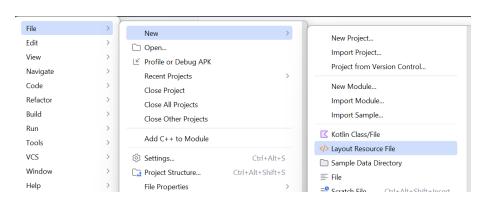


30. Now we need to make a **connection** between the fragments. We can start off by connecting **listFragment** to **detailFragment**. **Drag** a line from **listFragment** to **detailFragment** to make one.



31. Our navigation is done, next we need to create a **Nav Host Fragment** to host all of our fragments. Go to **File > New > Layout Resource File**. Name your layout file "**content_main.xml**" and click **Finish**.

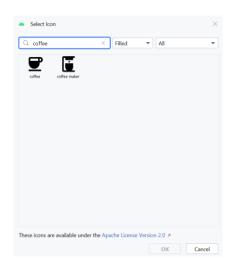




32. Nav Host Fragment is created using the FragmentContainerView layout. Update your content_main.xml to the code below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.fragment.app.FragmentContainerView
    xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    android:id="@+id/nav_host_fragment"
    android:name="androidx.navigation.fragment.NavHostFragment"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    app:defaultNavHost="true"
    app:navGraph="@navigation/nav_graph" />
```

- 33. Notice the app:navGraph is pointing at the nav_graph.xml that we just created.
- 34. Next, let's create the **Navigation Drawer** layout. Start off by creating the header for our **Navigation Drawer**. Create a new layout again (**File > New > Layout Resource File**) with the name "nav_header_main.xml". After that, create a new **Vector Asset** and search for "**Coffee**".





- 35. Name the icon "coffee" and set the color to #3E2811, then click Next > Finish.
- 36. Next, update your **nav_header_main.xml** to the code below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout</pre>
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout_height="176dp"
   android:background="@color/light brown"
  android:gravity="bottom"
   android:orientation="vertical"
  android:paddingStart="16dp"
  android:paddingTop="16dp"
   android:paddingEnd="16dp"
  android:paddingBottom="16dp"
   android:theme="@style/ThemeOverlay.AppCompat.Dark">
   <ImageView</pre>
       android:id="@+id/imageView"
       android:layout_width="70dp"
       android:layout height="100dp"
       android:contentDescription="@string/nav_header_desc"
       android:paddingTop= "8dp"
       app:srcCompat="@drawable/coffee" />
   <TextView
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout height="wrap content"
       android:paddingTop= "8dp"
       android:text="@string/app_title"
       android:textAppearance= "@style/TextAppearance.AppCompat.Body1" />
</LinearLayout>
```

37. So far your navigation header should look like this.



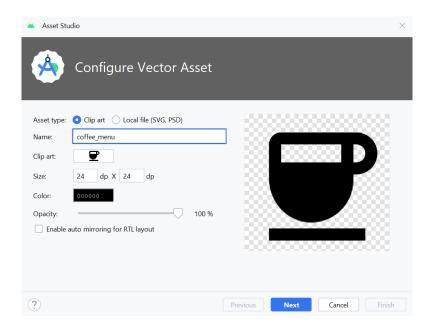


38. Next, let's create the **app bar** for our application. Create a new **layout resource file** and name it "**app bar main.xml**". Update it to the code below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.coordinatorlayout.widget.CoordinatorLayout</pre>
   xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
   xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
   xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
   android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout height="match parent"
   android:orientation="vertical"
   tools:context=".MainActivity">
   <com.google.android.material.appbar.AppBarLayout</pre>
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:theme= "@style/Theme.NavigationDrawer.AppBarOverlay">
           <androidx.appcompat.widget.Toolbar</pre>
               android:id="@+id/toolbar"
               android:layout_width="match_parent"
               android:layout height="?attr/actionBarSize"
               android:background="@color/light_brown"
               app:popupTheme="@style/Theme.NavigationDrawer.PopupOverlay" />
   </com.google.android.material.appbar.AppBarLayout>
   <include</pre>
       android:id="@+id/include"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout height="wrap content"
```

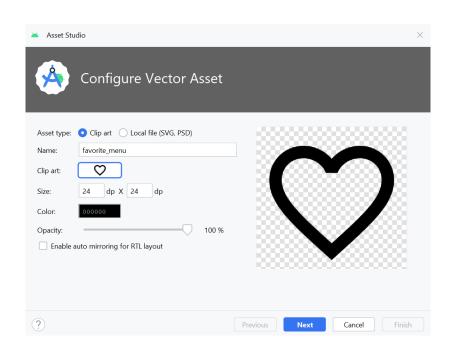


- 39. The above code basically integrates the **main body layout** of the app with the **app bar** that appears above it. You may also notice that **content_main.xml** is placed separately from the **app bar**.
- 40. We've created the **header** for our **Navigation Drawer**, we've also created the **app bar** for our application. Next, let's create the **Menu** for our **Navigation Drawer**. Before that, let's add the necessary icons for each menu. For the first icon, create a **Coffee Vector Asset** with the name "**coffee menu**" and set the color to **black**.

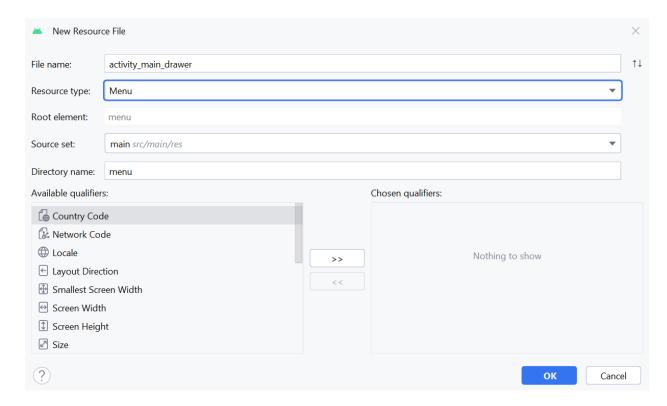


41. For the second icon, create a **Favorite Vector Asset** with the name "**favorite_menu**" and set the color to **black**.





42. Now let's create the **Menu Layout.** Go to **File > New > Android Resource File**. Name the file **"activity_main_drawer"** and set the resource type to **Menu**.



43. Edit your activity_main_drawer.xml to the code below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```



```
<menu xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  tools:showIn="navigation view">
   <group
       android:id="@+id/menu top"
       android:checkableBehavior="single">
       <item
           android:id="@+id/listFragment"
           android:icon="@drawable/coffee_menu"
           android:title="@string/menu coffee" />
   </group>
   <group
       android:id="@+id/menu_bottom"
       android:checkableBehavior="single">
       <item
           android:id="@+id/favoritesFragment"
           android:icon="@drawable/favorite menu"
           android:title="@string/menu favorites" />
   </group>
</menu>
```

- 44. Notice that each **item** has the same **ID** as the **navigation ID** in **nav_graph.xml**. With this, each item is automatically linked to that specific fragment without any extra work.
- 45. Next, let's update our **activity_main.xml** to the code below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.drawerlayout.widget.DrawerLayout
    xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:id="@+id/drawer_layout"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:fitsSystemWindows="true"
    tools:openDrawer="start">
     <include
        layout="@layout/app_bar_main"
              android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
```

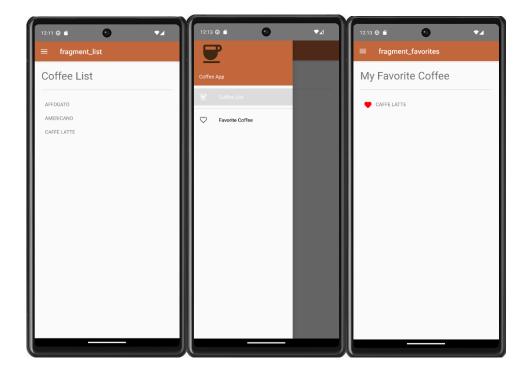


- 46. Notice app:headerLayout corresponds to our previously created navigation header and app:menu corresponds to our previously created drawer menu.
- 47. Lastly, let's update the logic for our app in MainActivity.kt.

```
package com.example.lab week 04
import android.os.Bundle
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
import androidx.navigation.findNavController
import androidx.navigation.fragment.NavHostFragment
import androidx.navigation.ui.*
import com.google.android.material.navigation.NavigationView
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
   private lateinit var appBarConfiguration: AppBarConfiguration
   override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
       setSupportActionBar(findViewById(R.id.toolbar))
       val navHostFragment =
supportFragmentManager.findFragmentById(R.id.nav_host_fragment)
               as NavHostFragment
       val navController = navHostFragment.navController
       //Creating top level destinations
       //and adding them to the draw
       appBarConfiguration = AppBarConfiguration(
           setOf(
               R.id.listFragment, R.id.favoritesFragment
           ), findViewById(R.id.drawer_layout)
       setupActionBarWithNavController(navController, appBarConfiguration)
```



48. You're all set to go! Run your application and it should work as intended.

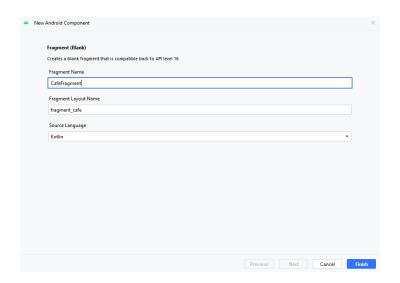


COMMIT to **GITHUB** at this point. **Commit Message: "Commit No. 1 – Navigation drawer"**.

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Part 2 - Bottom Navigation

- 1. Continue your "LAB_WEEK_04" project.
- 2. In this part, we will be focusing on how you can make a **Bottom Navigation** in Android. First, create a new **Blank Fragment** called **CafeFragment**.



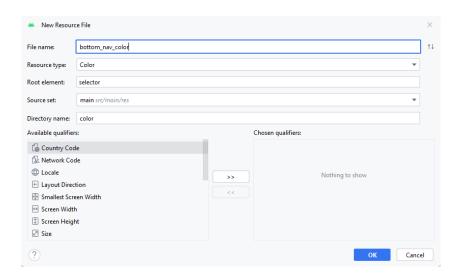
3. Update your **fragment_cafe.xml** to the code below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<ScrollView xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout width="match parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
tools:context=".CafeFragment"
android:padding="20dp">
<LinearLayout</pre>
   android:layout width="match parent"
   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
   android:orientation="vertical">
   <TextView
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:textSize="30sp"
       android:text="@string/cafe list"/>
   <View
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout_height="1dp"
       android:layout marginVertical="20dp"
       android:background="?android:attr/dividerVertical" />
   <TextView
       android:id="@+id/affogato"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
```



```
android:layout height="wrap content"
       android:padding="10dp"
       android:text="@string/starbucks title"/>
   <TextView
       android:id="@+id/americano"
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:padding="10dp"
       android:text="@string/janjijiwa_title"/>
   <TextView
      android:id="@+id/latte"
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout height="wrap content"
       android:padding="10dp"
       android:text="@string/kopikenangan_title"/>
</LinearLayout>
</ScrollView>
```

4. Before we add our Bottom Navigation, we need to set the style behavior of our Bottom Navigation Menu. Go to File > New > Android Resource File. Set the Resource Type to Color and set the name to "bottom_nav_color".

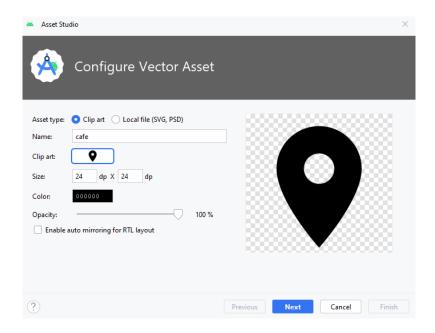


5. Edit the **bottom_nav_color.xml** to the code below.



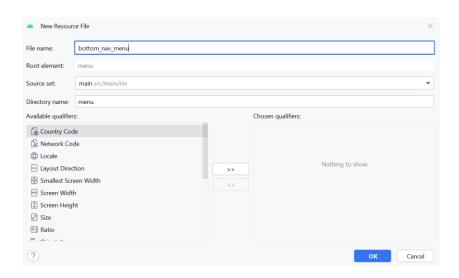
<item android:state_checked="false" android:color="@color/gray"/>
</selector>

- 6. The code above sets the color for the **Selected Menu** to **Black** and sets the color for the **Unselected Menu** to **Gray**.
- 7. Other than the colors, let's add 1 more **Vector Asset** for our cafe menu. Use the "**location on**" icon and name the icon "**cafe**".



8. We've created the icon for our **Cafe**. Next, let's add the menu resource file for the **Bottom Navigation**. Name your menu "bottom_nav_menu".





9. Now, edit your **bottom_nav_menu.xml** to the code below.

10. Next, let's add our **Bottom Navigation**. Go to **app_bar_main.xml** and update it to the code below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.coordinatorlayout.widget.CoordinatorLayout
    xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:orientation="vertical"
    tools:context=".MainActivity">
    <com.google.android.material.appbar.AppBarLayout
        android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
```



```
android:layout height="wrap content"
       android:theme= "@style/Theme.NavigationDrawer.AppBarOverlay">
           <androidx.appcompat.widget.Toolbar</pre>
               android:id="@+id/toolbar"
               android:layout width="match parent"
               android:layout height="?attr/actionBarSize"
               android:background="@color/light brown"
               app:popupTheme="@style/Theme.NavigationDrawer.PopupOverlay" />
   </com.google.android.material.appbar.AppBarLayout>
   <include</pre>
       android:id="@+id/include"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout height="wrap content"
       layout="@layout/content_main"
       app:layout behavior="@string/appbar scrolling view behavior"/>
   <com.google.android.material.bottomnavigation.BottomNavigationView</pre>
       android:id="@+id/bottom nav"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:layout_gravity="bottom"
       android:background="?android:attr/windowBackground"
       app:itemTextColor="@color/bottom_nav_color"
       app:itemIconTint="@color/bottom_nav_color"
       app:menu="@menu/bottom nav menu"
       app:labelVisibilityMode="labeled"/>
</androidx.coordinatorlayout.widget.CoordinatorLayout>
```

- 11. The code above added the **Bottom Navigation** as the navigation in app_bar_main.xml. The **Coffee Menu** navigates you to the **List Fragment** and the **Cafe Menu** navigates you to the **Cafe Fragment**. You may also notice 2 important attributes from **BottomNavigation**.
 - app:menu="@menu/bottom_nav_menu" sets the menu items of the bottom
 navigation.
 - app:labelVisibilityMode="labeled" sets the display mode for the bottom navigation. There are 4 modes: auto, selected, labeled, unlabeled.
- 12. Our layouts are done. Now let's update our **Kotlin Files**. Go to **MainActivity.kt** and update it to the code below.

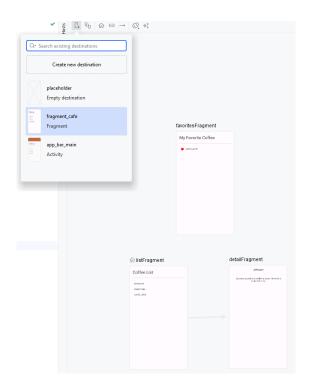
```
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  private lateinit var appBarConfiguration: AppBarConfiguration
```



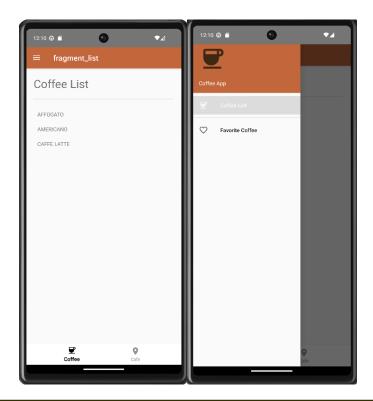
```
override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
       setContentView(R.layout.activity main)
       setSupportActionBar(findViewById(R.id.toolbar))
      val navHostFragment =
supportFragmentManager.findFragmentById(R.id.nav_host_fragment)
               as NavHostFragment
      val navController = navHostFragment.navController
      //Creating top level destinations
      //and adding them to the draw
       appBarConfiguration = AppBarConfiguration(
           setOf(
               R.id.listFragment, R.id.favoritesFragment, R.id.cafeFragment
           ), findViewById(R.id.drawer layout)
       setupActionBarWithNavController(navController, appBarConfiguration)
      findViewById<NavigationView>(R.id.nav view)
           ?.setupWithNavController(navController)
      // Added this part only
      findViewById<BottomNavigationView>(R.id.bottom_nav)
           ?.setupWithNavController(navController)
  override fun onSupportNavigateUp(): Boolean {
      val navController = findNavController(R.id.nav host fragment)
      return navController.navigateUp(appBarConfiguration) ||
super.onSupportNavigateUp()
}
```

- 13. The code above only adds the **setupWithNavController** for the **BottomNavigationView** and sets the necessary **Nav Controller**. The rest of the code is the same as before.
- 14. Lastly, because we added a new fragment, let's update our **nav_graph.xml** and add the **Cafe Fragment** into the board.





15. Now run your application, and the **Bottom Navigation** should work alongside with the **Navigation Drawer.**



COMMIT to **GITHUB** at this point. **Commit Message: "Commit No. 2 – Bottom Navigation"**.

Part 3 - Tabbed Navigation

- 1. Continue your "LAB_WEEK_04" project.
- 2. In this part, we will be focusing on how you can make a **Tabbed Navigation** in Android. First, let's implement a library for our application. Add the code below to the **dependencies** section in **build.gradle.kts** (**Module :app**) and **sync** your gradle files.

```
implementation("androidx.viewpager2:viewpager2:1.0.0")
```

3. Create a new Blank Fragment called CafeDetailFragment.

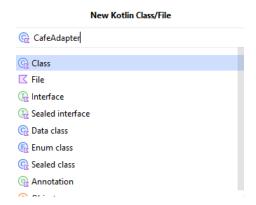


 We will implement the **Tabbed Navigation** inside our **Cafe Fragment** so that we can see the individual description of each cafe. Update your **fragment_cafe.xml** to the code below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout</pre>
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:orientation="vertical">
   <com.google.android.material.tabs.TabLayout</pre>
       app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent"
       android:id="@+id/tab layout"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout height="wrap content"
       app:tabMode="fixed"/>
   <androidx.viewpager2.widget.ViewPager2</pre>
       app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@id/tab_layout"
       android:id="@+id/view pager"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
```



- 5. The code above has 2 **important** key components:
 - com.google.android.material.tabs.TabLayout this is where the tabs will be placed.
 - androidx.viewpager2.widget.ViewPager2 this is where the **content** of the **chosen tab** will be placed.
- 6. Our layouts are done, now let's update our Kotlin Files. In order to make the Tabbed Navigation, we need something called an Adapter. This Adapter is used to populate the View Pager that we've just created in our layout. Right click the com.example.lab_week_04 Folder > New > Kotlin Class/File and set the name to CafeAdapter.



7. Now update your **CafeAdapter.kt** to the code below.

```
val TABS_FIXED = listOf(
   R.string.starbucks_title,
   R.string.janjijiwa_title,
   R.string.kopikenangan_title,
)

class CafeAdapter(fragmentManager: FragmentManager, lifecycle: Lifecycle) :
FragmentStateAdapter(fragmentManager, lifecycle) {
   override fun getItemCount(): Int {
      return TABS_FIXED.size
   }
   override fun createFragment(position: Int): Fragment
   {
      return CafeDetailFragment()
   }
}
```

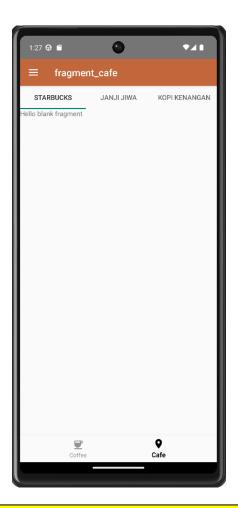
8. Lastly, we just need to link our **Cafe Adapter** to our **View Pager**. Update your **CafeFragment.kt** to the code below.



```
class CafeFragment : Fragment() {
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
   }
  override fun onCreateView(
       inflater: LayoutInflater, container: ViewGroup?,
       savedInstanceState: Bundle?
   ): View? {
      // Inflate the layout for this fragment
        return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment cafe, container, false)
   }
  override fun onViewCreated(view: View, savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
       super.onViewCreated(view, savedInstanceState)
       val viewPager = view.findViewById<ViewPager2>(R.id.view_pager)
      val tabLayout = view.findViewById<TabLayout>(R.id.tab_layout)
      val adapter = CafeAdapter(childFragmentManager, lifecycle)
      viewPager.adapter = adapter
      TabLayoutMediator(tabLayout, viewPager) { tab, position ->
           tab.text = resources.getString(TABS_FIXED[position])
       }.attach()
   }
}
```

9. Run your application, and the **Tabbed Navigation** should work in your **Cafe Fragment**.





COMMIT to **GITHUB** at this point. **Commit Message: "Commit No. 3 – Tabbeb Navigation"**.

ASSIGNMENT

Continue your LAB_WEEK_04 project. You may notice that the Tabbed Navigation content is **not changing** when you **switch** the tab. Implement a way to **change** the **content** of **each tab** so that each cafe can have their own description.

Here are some help:

1. Update your **strings.xml** to the code below.



2. Update your **fragment_cafe_detail.xml** to the code below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<FrameLayout
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    tools:context=".CafeDetailFragment"
    android:padding="30dp">
    <TextView
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="match_parent"
        android:text="" />
        </FrameLayout>
```

3. Update your **CafeDetailFragment.kt** to the code below.

```
private const val TAB_CONTENT = "TAB_CONTENT"

class CafeDetailFragment : Fragment() {
   private var content: String? = null
```



```
override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
       arguments?.let {
           content = it.getString(TAB CONTENT)
       }
   }
   override fun onCreateView(
       inflater: LayoutInflater, container: ViewGroup?,
       savedInstanceState: Bundle?
   ): View? {
      // Inflate the layout for this fragment
       return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_cafe_detail, container, false)
   }
   override fun onViewCreated(view: View, savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
       super.onViewCreated(view, savedInstanceState)
       view.findViewById<TextView>(R.id.content_description)
           ?.text = content
   }
   companion object {
       fun newInstance(content: String) =
           CafeDetailFragment().apply {
               arguments = Bundle().apply {
                   putString(TAB_CONTENT, content)
               }
           }
  }
}
```

4. Next, you only need to modify your **CafeAdapter.kt** and **CafeFragment.kt**. Goodluck!

COMMIT to **GITHUB** at this point. **Commit Message: "Commit No. 4 – Assignment"**.