```
create database Ecommerce;
use Ecommerce;
create table customer
(customer_id int primary key,
first_name varchar(10),
last_name varchar(10),
email varchar(50),
address varchar(50),
phone_number int);
select * from customer
create table category
(category_id int primary key,
category_name varchar(50));
select * from category
create table products
(product_id int primary key,
product_name varchar(50),
product_desc varchar(50),
price int,
categoryid int ,constraint fk foreign key(categoryid) references category
  (category_id));
select * from products
create table orders
(order_id int primary key,
customerid int ,constraint f foreign key(customerid) references customer
  (customer_id),
order_date date,
total_amount int,
order_status varchar(15));
select * from orders
create table payments
(payment_id int primary key,
orderid int ,constraint k foreign key(orderid) references orders(order_id),
payment date date,
payment_amount int,
payment_status varchar(50));
select * from payments
create table shipping
(shipping_id int primary key,
```

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ordid int,constraint fkr foreign key(ordid) references orders(order_id),
shipping add varchar(50),
shipping_date date,
shipping_status varchar(50));
select * from shipping
create table order item id(
order_id int,constraint kr foreign key(order_id) references orders(order_id),
productid int ,constraint a foreign key(productid) references products(product_id),
quantity int,
item_total_amount int);
select * from order_item_id;
INSERT INTO customer
    (customer id ,first name, last name ,email , address, phone number ) values
    (001, 'gaurav','prasad','gaurav123@gmail.com','patna',744343443),
    (002, 'vivek', 'kumar', 'vivek123@gmail.com', 'kolkata',947233388),
    (003, 'aman', 'gupta', 'aman123@gmail.com', 'goa', 983443534),
    (004, 'ankur', 'adarsh', 'ankur123@gmail.com', 'jharkhand', 765656664),
    (005, 'riya', 'sen', 'riya123@gmail.com', 'jaipur', 788786879);
select * from customer;
    INSERT INTO category (category_id ,category_name ) values
    (11, 'fashion'),
    (12, 'moblies'),
    (13, 'grocery'),
    (14, 'sports'),
    (15, 'home');
select * from category
INSERT INTO products
(product id ,product name,product desc ,price ,categoryid ) values
(21, 'shirts', 'formal-shirt', 699, 11),
(22, 'oneplus9', 'mobile', 38000, 12),
(23, 'tea', 'grocery', 500, 13),
(24, 'skates', 'sports', 7999, 14),
(25, 'tool kits', 'home', 899,15);
select * from products
INSERT INTO orders
(order_id ,customerid ,order_date ,total_amount,order_status) values
(31,001,'2023-02-07',999,'pending'),
(32,002,'2022-02-06',8090,'shipped'),
(33,002,'2021-10-05',1300,'delivered'),
```

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(34,003,'2020-05-09',4000,'pending'),
(35,004,'2019-09-03',8000,'delivered');
select * from orders
INSERT INTO payments
                                                                                     P
  (payment_id ,orderid ,payment_date ,payment_amount ,payment_status ) values
(41,31,'2022-02-09',8009, 'pending'),
(42,32,'2023-05-06',9000, 'paid'),
(43,33,'2021-03-05',6000, 'refunded'),
(44,34,'2020-02-06',3400, 'paid'),
(45,35,'2019-01-04',5400, 'refunded');
select * from payments
INSERT INTO order_item_id( order_id,productid ,quantity,item_total_amount) values
(31,21,2,1398), (32,22,3,114000), (33,23,1,500), (34,24,4,31996),
(35, 25, 3, 9434);
select * from order_item_id;
INSERT INTO shipping
(shipping_id ,ordid ,shipping_add ,shipping_date ,shipping_status ) values
(51,31,'goa','2021-04-20','not shipped'),
(52,32,'jaipur','2022-05-30',' shipped'),
(53,33,'jaipur','2022-05-30','not shipped'),
(54,34,'jharkhand','2020-03-23','shipped'),
(55,35,'kolkata','2019-02-22','delivered');
select * from shipping
--Q3
--curd opertions (create,update,read,delete)
--here we adding new products
select * from products
INSERT INTO products
(product_id ,product_name,product_desc ,price ,categoryid ) values
(26, 'furnisher', 'home', 80000,15);
-- here we updating product_name
update products SET product_name= 'furnis' WHERE product_id =26;
select * from products
-- here read or viewing customer information
select * from customer;
--here we delete product_desc with help of product id
delete from products where product desc = 'home' and product id = 26;
select * from products
--here we deleting order_item_id
--delete from order_item_id;
```

```
--Q4 advanced queries
-- here we finding products with the highest sales
select pro.product_id, pro.product_name, sum(oi.quantity) as total_sales
from Products pro
join order_item_id oi on pro.product_id = oi.productid
group by pro.product_id, pro.product_name
order by total_sales
-- here calculating the total revenue for a specific time period
select sum(ord.total_amount) as total_revenue
from orders ord
where ord.order_date between'2019-01-01' and '2023-05-30';
--here identifying the most active customers.
select cus.customer_id, cus.first_name, cus.last_name, count(ord.order_id) AS
 total orders
from customer cus
join orders ord on cus.customer id = ord.customerid
group by cus.customer_id, cus.first_name, cus.last_name
order by total_orders
       Business needed Views:
--05
-- Monthly sales View with revenue, number of orders, and top-selling products.
create view MonthlySales as
select
sum(ord.total_amount) as revenue,
count(ord.order_id) as num_orders,
p.product_name as top_selling_product
from orders ord
join order_item_id oi on ord.order_id = oi.order_id
join products p on oi.productid = p.product_id
group by p.product_name
order by p.product name
 -- Customer loyalty view, showing the number of repeat customers and their
   purchase history.
```

```
select
customerid,
count( distinct order_id) as number_of_orders,
sum(total_amount) AS historypurchase
from orders
group by customerid
having count(distinct order_id) > 1;
select *from CustomersLoyalty
-- Shipping performance view, analysing average delivery times and tracking delayed >
   orders.
create view ShippingPerformances AS
select
shipping_status,
avg(shipping_id) as average_shipping,
count(ordid) as number_of_delayed_orders
from Shipping
group by shipping_status;
select *from ShippingPerformances
--Q6 . Data Analysis:
--analyzing
--here we identifying the most popular product name
    select
    product_name,
    sum(total_amount) as revenue,
    count(*) as num orders
from orders
    join order_item_id on orders.order_id = order_item_id.order_id
    join products on order_item_id.productid = products.product_id
    join category on products.categoryid = category.category_id
group by
      product_name
order by
    revenue DESC;
-- regions with the highest sales in customer.
select
customer_id,
sum(total_amount) as revenue,
```

```
count(*) as num_orders
from orders
join customer on orders.customerid = customer.customer_id
group by
    customer id
order by
    revenue ;
-- regions with the highest sales in product.
select
product_name,
sum(total_amount) AS revenue
from orders
join order_item_id on orders.order_id = order_item_id.order_id
join products on order_item_id.productid = products.product_id
group by product_name
order by revenue desc;
-- Q7. Security:
--security check done
-- Q8 Transactions and Rollbacks:
BEGIN TRANSACTION;
INSERT INTO orders (customerid, total_amount) VALUES (005, 100);
-- Insert a new order item.
INSERT INTO order_item_id (order_id, productid, quantity) VALUES (37, 26, 5);
select * from order_item_id
-- Check if the order was created successfully.
SELECT order_id from orders where order_id = 36;
rollback transaction ;
COMMIT TRANSACTION;
-- Q9 Optimization:
--use in predicate when querying an index column
--original Query
select*from products
where product id = 2
OR product_id = 4;
-- Improved query:
```

```
select*from products
where product_id IN (4, 7);
--instead of * use column names in a select statement
--original Query :
select * from products;
--Improved Query :
select product_id from products;
--Q10. Data Backup and Recovery:
--backup done and recovery
```