

- First look the classic FT

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}(af+bg)(s) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (af+bg)(t) e^{-2\pi i s t} dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (af(t)+bg(t)) e^{-2\pi i s t} dt \\ &= a \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-2\pi i s t} dt + b \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(t) e^{-2\pi i s t} dt \\ &= a \mathcal{F}f(s) + b \mathcal{F}g(s)\end{aligned}$$

or

$$\mathcal{F}(af+bg) = a \mathcal{F}f + b \mathcal{F}g$$

- Now looking at distributions

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}(a\mathcal{T}+b\mathcal{L}) \\ \langle \mathcal{F}(a\mathcal{T}+b\mathcal{L}), \varphi \rangle &= \langle a\mathcal{T}+b\mathcal{L}, \mathcal{F}\varphi \rangle \\ &= a \langle \mathcal{T}, \mathcal{F}\varphi \rangle + b \langle \mathcal{L}, \mathcal{F}\varphi \rangle \\ &= a \langle \mathcal{F}\mathcal{T}, \varphi \rangle + b \langle \mathcal{F}\mathcal{L}, \varphi \rangle \\ &= \langle a\mathcal{F}\mathcal{T}+b\mathcal{F}\mathcal{L}, \varphi \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{F}(a\mathcal{T}+b\mathcal{L}) = a\mathcal{F}\mathcal{T}+b\mathcal{F}\mathcal{L}$$