# Programming and Experimenting with Ethernet

Hui Chen Computer Science Virginia State University, Virginia 23806

> Written on September 14, 2015 Lastly revised on September 14, 2016 Revision: 7ad8257f6115

The objective of this assignment is to gain familiarity with Ethernet addresses including unicast, broadcast, and multicast addresses, Ethernet frame formats, and socket APIs pertinent to programming with Ethernet.

Using the provided example as your basis, you shall complete the tasks in this document and *prepare a report*. In the report, describe *concisely* your activities, observations, and answers.

# 1 Programming and Experiment Environment

Students are to use Linux virtual machines. See the additional document entitled "Setting up Virtual Machines for Network Programming and Experiment" for detail.

Unless explicitly stated otherwise, all the operations shown in this document are command line operations.

# 2 Example Programs

The instructor provides 4 example programs, ethercap, etherinj, ethersend, and etherrecv. The programs are hosted on a code repository at Github.com. Upon log in a Linux virtual machine, you can obtain the source code of the program by cloning the code repository using git as follows,

```
git clone https://github.com/huichen-cs/ethernet.git
```

To compile the example programs, go to the directory where the cloned repository resides and issue the command make, i.e., provided that you cloned the repository under your home directory, do the following,

```
cd ~/ethernet
make
```

To learn how to use the programs, run the programs from the command line without giving any command line arguments and follow the brief instruction the programs display.

#### 3 Tasks

## 3.1 Ethernet Frame Capture and Injection

To make the description of the exercise easier, assume that two individuals, Alice and Bob, are communicate with each other on *two virtual machines*.

Be aware that your Ethernet interface's name may not be the same as the instructions below. To determine which Ethernet interface to use is a part of the exercise.

- 1. Find out available Ethernet interfaces and their status on the two computers Bob and Alice are using the command ip and determine an Ethernet adaptor on each computer and the adaptors are on the same Ethernet.
- 2. Assume that the Ethernet interfaces in both Alice and Bob computers are eth0. Be aware that eth0 is *incorrect* for the provided virtual machines. To determine which Ethernet interface to use is a part of the exercise.
- 3. Check if the adapters are up using the command ip. If an adaptor is down, you can turn it on using the ip command. For example, to turn on eth0, we run

```
sudo ip link set eth0 up
```

4. Bob starts capturing fames and saving the captured frames to the file frame\_captured.txt by,

```
sudo ./ethercap eth0 | tee -a frame_captured.txt
```

Note that you may name the captured frame file differently.

5. Alice injects a frame to the link, for example,

```
sudo ./etherinj -s 10:22:33:44:55:66 -d 60:55:44:33:22:11 -m "Hello, World" eth0
```

where 10:22:33:44:55:66 is the Ethernet address of interface eth0 on Alice's computer, 60:55:44:33:22:11 is the Ethernet address of interface eth0 on Bob's computer, and the message that Alice transmits to Bob is "Hello, World".

- 6. After Alice finishes injecting the frame, Bob may stop frame capturing by press CTRL-C.
- 7. Examine the captured frame file to verify the message is successfully transmitted.

Answer the questions,

- 1. Locate the frame transmitted from etherinj and list the values of all fields of the captured Ethernet frame that carries the "Hello, World" message using Table 1,
- 2. Can you run etherinj and ethercap without using sudo?
- 3. Explain from the computer security perspective, why does Linux require you to run such programs using a special permission, such as using sudo?

Revision:7ad8257f6115 2

Table 1: Table for captured frame

Captured frame in hexadecimals and printable characters:

Frame Header: destination address:

Frame Header: source address:

Frame Header: type or length of fram:

Body of Frame:

## 3.2 Unicast, Broadcast, and Multicast

Using the ethercap and etherinj programs, send and receive a message using unicast address, broadcast address, and multicast address.

Describe the examples and observations in the report.

### 3.3 Extending Programs for Unicast, Broadcast, and Multicast

You are given two other programs, ethersend and etherrecv. First, figure out how to run the programs. At present, the etherecv program only receives the frames with unicast addresses. Revise the program (or the programs) so that ethersend can transmit to etherrecv using unicast, broadcast, and multicast addresses.

The instructor suggests that you make a copy of the programs and work on the copy.

Prepare a test procedure and how you test the programs.

#### 3.4 Extending Programs for Duplex Communication

The communication achieved via the two programs ethersend and etherrecv is one way, i.e., ethersend can only send message and etherrecv can only receive message. In other words, these two programs can send and receive messages on two computers on Ethernet, however, only in simplex fashion.

Extend the programs so that both of the programs must be able to send and receive messages, i.e., in half-duplex or full-duplex fashion. It is simpler to extend the two programs to communicate in the half-duplex fashion than in the full-duplex fashion.

The instructor suggests that you make a copy of the programs and work on the copy.

Prepare a test procedure and how you test the programs.

#### 4 Submission

Upload the report, along with the extended programs to Blackboard October 5, 2016.

Revision:7ad8257f6115 3