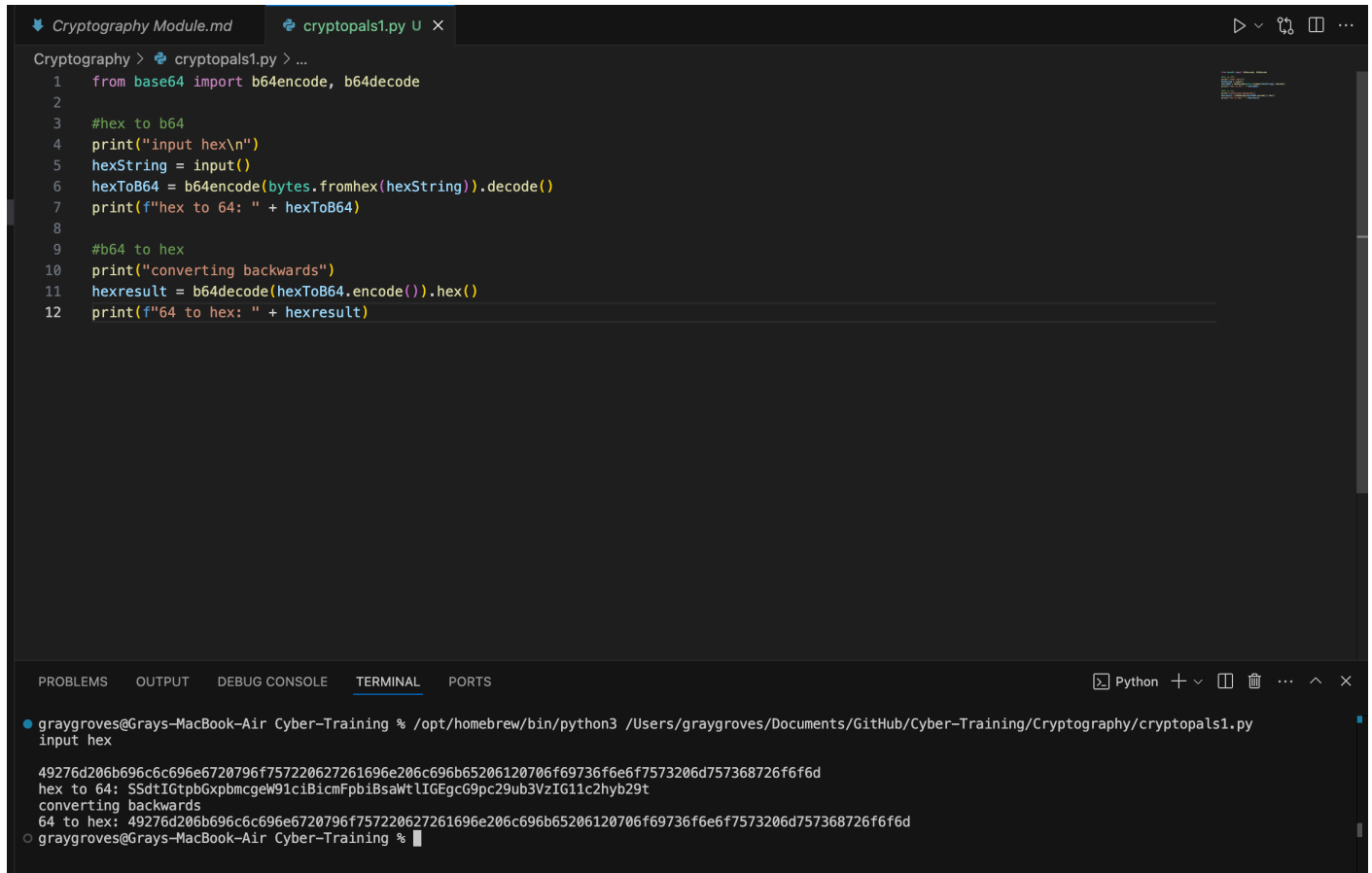


1:



The screenshot shows a VS Code editor with a file named `cryptopals1.py` open. The script is a Python program that demonstrates Base64 encoding and decoding. It includes comments in green and code in white. The script prompts the user to input a hex string, converts it to Base64, and then converts it back to hex. The terminal output shows the execution of the script, where a long hex string is input, and the corresponding Base64 and hex results are printed.

```
Cryptography > cryptopals1.py > ...
1  from base64 import b64encode, b64decode
2
3  #hex to b64
4  print("input hex\n")
5  hexString = input()
6  hexToB64 = b64encode(bytes.fromhex(hexString)).decode()
7  print(f"hex to 64: " + hexToB64)
8
9  #b64 to hex
10 print("converting backwards")
11 hexresult = b64decode(hexToB64.encode()).hex()
12 print(f"64 to hex: " + hexresult)
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS Python + - [] [] ... ^ X

```
● graygroves@Grays-MacBook-Air Cyber-Training % /opt/homebrew/bin/python3 /Users/graygroves/Documents/GitHub/Cyber-Training/Cryptography/cryptopals1.py
input hex
49276d206b696c6c696e6720796f757220627261696e206c696b65206120706f69736f6e6f7573206d757368726f666d
hex to 64: SSdtIGtpbGxpbmcgeW91ciBicmFpbSBsaWtLIIEgcG9pc29ub3VzIG11c2hyb29t
converting backwards
64 to hex: 49276d206b696c6c696e6720796f757220627261696e206c696b65206120706f69736f6e6f7573206d757368726f666d
○ graygroves@Grays-MacBook-Air Cyber-Training %
```

2:

The image shows a VS Code editor window with three tabs: 'Cryptography Module.md', 'cryptopals1.py U', and 'cryptopals2.py U'. The active tab is 'cryptopals2.py U', which contains the following Python code:

```
1 hex1 = input()
2 hex2 = input()
3
4 int1 = int(hex1, 16)
5 int2 = int(hex2, 16)
6
7 xor_res = int1^int2
8 hex_res = hex(xor_res)[2:]
9 print(f"hex result of xor ops: " + hex_res)
```

Below the editor is a terminal window with the following output:

```
graygroves@Grays-MacBook-Air Cyber-Training % /opt/homebrew/bin/python3 /Users/graygroves/Documents/GitHub/Cyber-Training/Cryptography/cryptopals2.py
1c0111001f010100061a024b53535009181c
686974207468652062756c6c277320657965
hex result of xor ops: 7468652062756c6c206277420706c6179
graygroves@Grays-MacBook-Air Cyber-Training %
```

3: Key 88: Cooking MC's like a pound of bacon

```
cryptopals1.py U  cryptopals2.py U  cryptopals3.py U
Cryptography > cryptopals3.py > ...
1  import string
2
3  print("1. XOR two hex values")
4  print("2. XOR single char solve")
5  print("0. Exit")
6  value = -1
7  while(value != 0):
8      value = input("Enter a value: ")
9
10     match value:
11         case "1":
12             print("in development")
13             break
14         case "2":
15             print("single char XOR BF solve\n")
16             ciphertext = input("Input ciphertext: ")
17
18
19             try: #input validation
20                 processed_ciphertext = bytes.fromhex(ciphertext)
21             except ValueError:
22                 print("Invalid hex. Try again.")
23                 continue
24
25             printable = set(string.printable) #learn how this works
26
27             potential_candidates = []
28
29             for key in range(256):
30                 plaintext = bytes(b ^ key for b in processed_ciphertext)

```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS Python + - [] [] ... ^ x

```
/opt/homebrew/bin/python3 /Users/graygroves/Documents/GitHub/Cyber-Training/Cryptography/cryptopals3.py
graygroves@Grays-MacBook-Air Cyber-Training % /opt/homebrew/bin/python3 /Users/graygroves/Documents/GitHub/Cyber-Training/Cryptography/cryptopals3.py
1. XOR two hex values
2. XOR single char solve
0. Exit
Enter a value: 2
single char XOR BF solve

Input ciphertext: 1b37373331363f78151b7f2b783431333d78397828372d363c78373e783a393b3736
Candidates (ratio, key, char) -> text
1.00, 88 ('X') -> Cooking MC's like a pound of bacon
1.00, 95 ('_') -> Dhhlni'JD t'knlb'f'whric'ha'efdhi
0.97, 17 ('?') ->
&&' '.i
n:i% ",i(i9&<'~i&/i+(*&'
i=n'%~n/n>; *n!(n,/~!
```

4:

```
yam_time.py U cryptopals3.py U • yellow.py U cryptopals8.py U ▶ ▾ 🔗 📄

Cryptography > cryptopals3.py > ...
131 def xor_repeated(string_in: bytes, key: bytes) -> bytes:
139     return bytes(xor_out)
140
141 xr_string = input("input the text (string) to be encoded: ").encode("utf-8")
142 xr_key = input("input the key (string) to be used to encode: ").encode("utf-8")
143 result = xor_repeated(xr_string, xr_key)
144 print(result.hex())
145 se "0":
146     break
147
148 se :
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

Line 171 | key=53 ('5')
score=13.90 printable_ratio=1.00 alpha_ratio=0.80 spaces=5
plaintext:
Now that the party is jumping

Line 103 | key=125 ('}')
score=12.89 printable_ratio=0.96 alpha_ratio=0.48 spaces=5
plaintext:
VD p | <N \XpC@?hPB(c9_X P

Line 120 | key=17 ('?')
score=10.06 printable_ratio=0.85 alpha_ratio=0.26 spaces=4
plaintext:
\[?F -' %2/XEHY fG-=
>

Line 169 | key=119 ('w')
score=9.30 printable_ratio=0.92 alpha_ratio=0.64 spaces=3
plaintext:
DvG N# Cq5]LztrJzZbkD@

Line 306 | key=110 ('n')
score=9.18 printable_ratio=1.00 alpha_ratio=0.56 spaces=2

zsh crypto
Python

5:

```
yam_time.py U cryptopals3.py U × yellow.py U cryptopals8.py U ▶ ▼ 🔍 📄

Cryptography > cryptopals3.py > ...
126     best_total, best_idx, best_key, best_pr, best_spaces, best_ar, be
127     if (best_pr >= 0.90 and best_spaces >= 1) or (best_ar >= 0.55 and
128         print(f"\n>>> PROBABLE single-byte XOR on line {best_idx}")
129
130     case "4":
131         def xor_repeated(string_in: bytes, key: bytes) -> bytes:
132             xor_out = bytearray()
133             for i in range(len(string_in)):
134                 xor_out.append(string_in[i] ^ key[i % len(key)])
135             return bytes(xor_out)
136
137     print("\npaste plaintext, then send EOF (Ctrl-D twice on mac/linux,
138     xr_string = sys.stdin.buffer.read() # exact bytes, no
139     xr_key = b"ICE"
140
141     result = xor_repeated(xr_string, xr_key)
142     print(result.hex())
143
144
145     #Burning 'em, if you ain't quick and nimbleI go crazy when I hear
146     case "0":
147         break
148
149     case _:
150         print("Invalid option, select one of the provided options.")
151
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS Python + ▼ 📄 🗑️ ... ^

```
Enter a value: 4
Paste the TWO LINES of plaintext, then send EOF (Ctrl-D on mac/linux, Ctrl-Z then Enter on Windo
):
Burning 'em, if you ain't quick and nimble
I go crazy when I hear a cymbal0b3637272a2b2e63622c2e69692a23693a2a3c6324202d623d63343c2a2622632
72765272a282b2f20430a652e2c652a3124333a653e2b2027630c692b20283165286326302e27282f
Enter a value: █
```

6:

yam_time_good.py U cryptopals3.py U yellow.py U cryptopals8.

Cryptography > yam_time_good.py > break_repeating_xor

```
79 # hit it
80 with open("6.txt","rb") as f:
81     b64 = f.read().replace(b"\n", b"")
82     ct = base64.b64decode(b64)
83
84     key = break_repeating_xor(ct)
85     pt = bytes(c ^ key[i % len(key)] for i, c in enumerate(ct))
86
87     print("KEYSIZE candidates:", likely_keysizes(ct))
88     print("Recovered key:", key)
89     print(pt.decode("utf-8", errors="replace")[:400]) # peek
90
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL ...

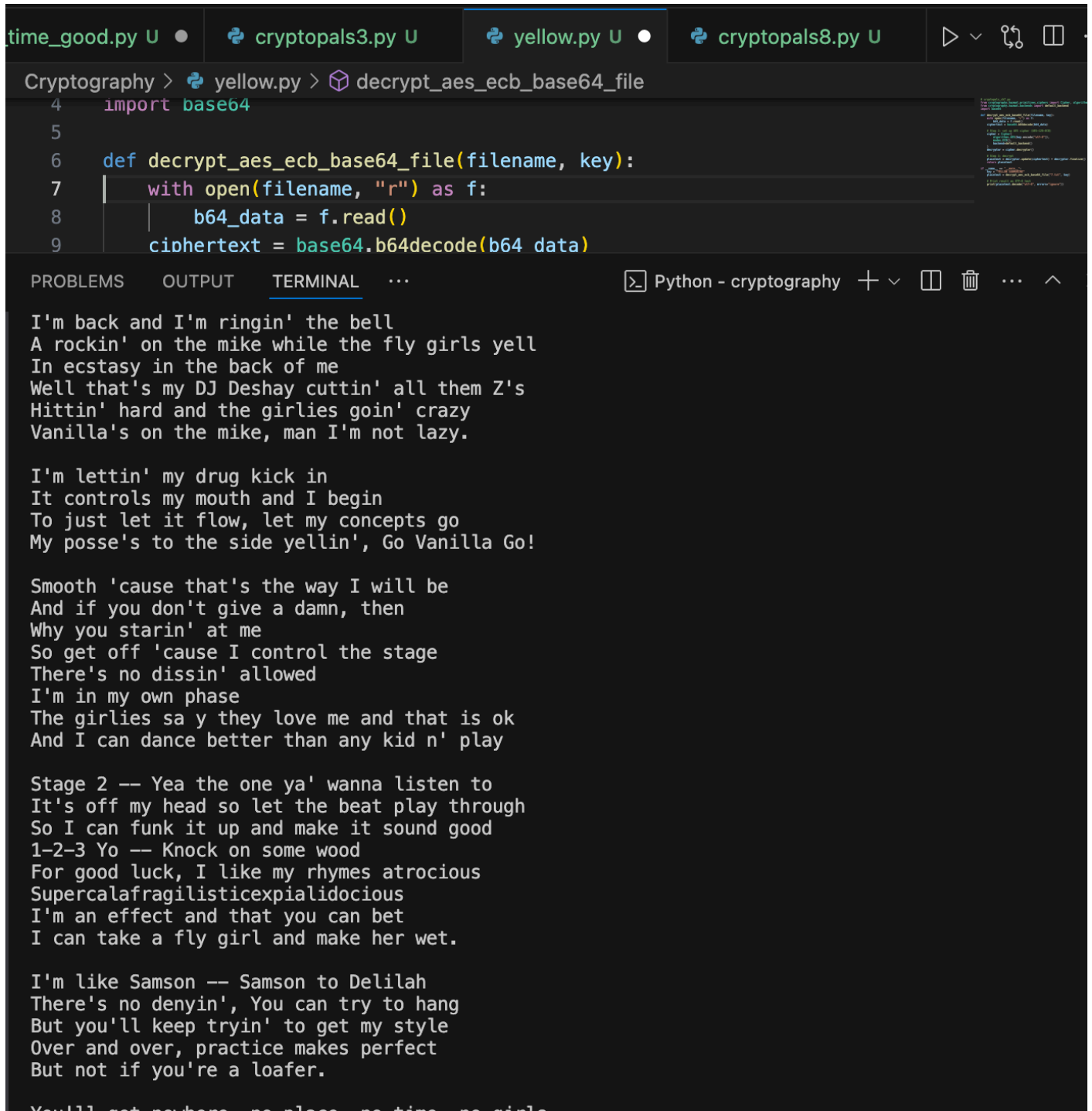
Python - cryptography + -

```
● graygroves@Grays-MacBook-Air cryptography % /opt/homebrew/bin/python3 /Users/graygroves/Document
GitHub/Cyber-Training/Cryptography/yam_time_solved.py
KEYSIZE candidates: [29, 5, 15, 31, 11]
Recovered key: b'Terminator X: Bring the noise'
I'm back and I'm ringin' the bell
A rockin' on the mike while the fly girls yell
In ecstasy in the back of me
Well that's my DJ Deshay cuttin' all them Z's
Hittin' hard and the girlies goin' crazy
Vanilla's on the mike, man I'm not lazy.

I'm lettin' my drug kick in
It controls my mouth and I begin
To just let it flow, let my concepts go
My posse's to the side yellin', Go Vanilla Go!

Sm
○ graygroves@Grays-MacBook-Air cryptography %
```

7:



```
Cryptography > yellow.py > decrypt_aes_ecb_base64_file
4 import base64
5
6 def decrypt_aes_ecb_base64_file(filename, key):
7     with open(filename, "r") as f:
8         b64_data = f.read()
9         ciphertext = base64.b64decode(b64_data)
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL ... Python - cryptography

I'm back and I'm ringin' the bell
A rockin' on the mike while the fly girls yell
In ecstasy in the back of me
Well that's my DJ Deshay cuttin' all them Z's
Hittin' hard and the girlies goin' crazy
Vanilla's on the mike, man I'm not lazy.

I'm lettin' my drug kick in
It controls my mouth and I begin
To just let it flow, let my concepts go
My posse's to the side yellin', Go Vanilla Go!

Smooth 'cause that's the way I will be
And if you don't give a damn, then
Why you starin' at me
So get off 'cause I control the stage
There's no dissin' allowed
I'm in my own phase
The girlies say they love me and that is ok
And I can dance better than any kid n' play

Stage 2 -- Yea the one ya' wanna listen to
It's off my head so let the beat play through
So I can funk it up and make it sound good
1-2-3 Yo -- Knock on some wood
For good luck, I like my rhymes atrocious
Supercalafrafragilisticexpialidocious
I'm an effect and that you can bet
I can take a fly girl and make her wet.

I'm like Samson -- Samson to Delilah
There's no denyin', You can try to hang
But you'll keep tryin' to get my style
Over and over, practice makes perfect
But not if you're a loafer.

You'll get nowhere, no place, no time, no girls

8:

..._time_good.py Ucryptopals3.py Uyellow.py Ucryptopals8.py U

Cryptography > cryptopals8.py > find_most_likely_ecb

```
8
9 def find_most_likely_ecb(filename: str, block_size: int = 16):
10     best_idx, best_score, best_line = None, -1, b""
11     with open(filename, "r") as f:
12         for idx, line in enumerate(f):
13             line = line.strip()
14             if not line:
15                 continue
16             ct = bytes.fromhex(line) # Challenge 8 uses hex
17             score = ecb_repetition_score(ct, block_size)
18             if score > best_score:
19                 best_idx, best_score, best_line = idx, score, line
20     return best_idx, best_score, best_line
21
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL ...

Python - cryptography + v [] [] ... ^ x

- graygroves@Grays-MacBook-Air cryptography % /opt/homebrew/bin/python3 /Users/graygroves/Documents/GitHub/Cyber-Training/Cryptography/cryptopals8.py
- Most likely ECB line: 132 (score=3)
- Cipher (hex): d880619740a8a19b7840a8a31c810a3d08649af70dc06f4fd5d2d69c744cd283e2dd052f6b641dbf9d11b0348542bb5708649af70dc06f4fd5d2d69c744cd2839475c9dfdbc1d46597949d9c7e82bf5a08649af70dc06f4fd5d2d69c744cd28397a93eab8d6aecd566489154789a6b0308649af70dc06f4fd5d2d69c744cd283d403180c98c8f6db1f2a3f9c4040deb0ab51b29933f2c123c58386b06fba186a
- graygroves@Grays-MacBook-Air cryptography %