Air Quality Monitoring Wireless System

Graziano A. Manduzio, PhD student

University of Florence

May 26, 2021

supervisors: Giorgio Battistelli, Luigi Chisci ,Nicola Forti and Roberto Sabatini

Model

Advection-diffusion model equation: second order pde equation

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial t} - \lambda \nabla^2 x + \mathbf{v}^T \nabla x = f \text{ in } \mathbb{R}^2$$
 (1)

where:

x(p,t) is the space-time dependent pollutant concentration field, defined over the space-time domain with an initial condition $x(p,0)=x_0$;

 $p \in \mathbb{R}^2$ denotes the 2-dimensional position vector;

 $t \in \mathbb{R}^+$ denotes time;

 λ is the diffusion coefficient;

v(p, t) is the advection velocity vector;

f(p, t) = s(t)F(p) represents the internal sources of pollution, defined as the product of the source signal waveform s(t) and the position-dependent function F(p).

We need to truncate the physical domain to solve numerically the problem by using the finite element method (FEM): $\mathbb{R}^2 - > \Omega$.

Variational formulation of the problem

$$\int_{\Omega} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} \varphi \, d\mathbf{p} \, - \, \lambda \int_{\Omega} \, \nabla^2 x \, \varphi \, d\mathbf{p} + \int_{\Omega} \mathbf{v}^T \, \nabla x \, \varphi \, d\mathbf{p} = \int_{\Omega} f \varphi \, d\mathbf{p}$$

where $\varphi(p)$ is a generic space-dependent weight function.

Green's identity substitution $\varphi \nabla^2 x = \nabla . (\varphi \nabla x) - \nabla \varphi . \nabla x$

$$\begin{split} & \int_{\Omega} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} \varphi \, d\mathbf{p} \, - \, \lambda \int_{\Omega} \nabla . (\varphi \nabla x) \, d\mathbf{p} + \lambda \int_{\Omega} \nabla \varphi . \nabla x \, d\mathbf{p} + \int_{\Omega} \mathbf{v}^T \, \nabla x \, \varphi \, d\mathbf{p} = \\ & \int_{\Omega} f \varphi \, d\mathbf{p} \end{split}$$

$$\int_{\Omega} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} \varphi \, d\mathbf{p} - \lambda \int_{\partial \Omega} \varphi \nabla x \cdot \mathbf{n} \, d\mathbf{p} + \lambda \int_{\Omega} \nabla \varphi \cdot \nabla x \, d\mathbf{p} + \int_{\Omega} \mathbf{v}^{T} \nabla x \, \varphi \, d\mathbf{p} = s(t) \int_{\Omega} F(\mathbf{p}) \varphi \, d\mathbf{p}$$

FEM derivation

FEM approximation:

$$x(p,t) \simeq \sum_{j=1}^{n} \phi_j(p) x_j(t) = \phi^T(p) x(t)$$

FEM derivative model: a set of n inhomogeneus differential equations

$$\underbrace{\left[\int_{\Omega} \phi(\mathbf{p}) \phi^{T}(\mathbf{p}) d\mathbf{p}\right]}_{\mathbf{M}} \dot{\mathbf{x}}(t) + \underbrace{\left[\lambda \int_{\Omega} \nabla \phi^{T}(\mathbf{p}) \nabla \phi(\mathbf{p}) d\mathbf{p}\right]}_{\mathbf{S}_{\lambda}} \mathbf{x}(t) + \underbrace{\left[\int_{\Omega} \phi(\mathbf{p}) \left(\mathbf{v}^{T}(\mathbf{p}) \nabla \phi(\mathbf{p})\right) d\mathbf{p}\right]}_{\mathbf{S}_{\nu}} \mathbf{x}(t) - \underbrace{\left[\lambda \int_{\partial \Omega} \phi(\mathbf{p}) (\mathbf{n}^{T} \nabla \phi(\mathbf{p})) d\mathbf{p}\right]}_{\mathbf{Q}_{\lambda}} \mathbf{x}(t) = \underbrace{\left[\int_{\Omega} \phi(\mathbf{p}) F(\mathbf{p}) d\mathbf{p}\right]}_{\mathbf{f}} \mathbf{x}(t) \quad (2)$$

Source terms

example1:

single source

$$f(p, t) = s(t)\delta(p - p_s)$$

$$s(t)\int_{\Omega}\phi(\mathsf{p})F(\mathsf{p})d\mathsf{p}=s(t)\int_{\Omega}\phi(\mathsf{p})\delta(\mathsf{p}-\mathsf{p}_s)d\mathsf{p}=s(t)\phi(\mathsf{p}_s)$$

example2:

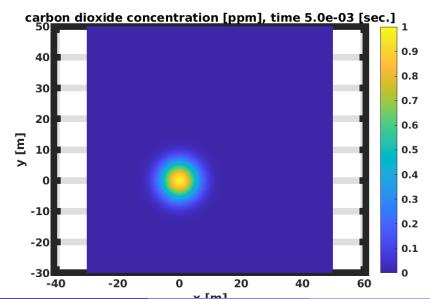
multiple point source

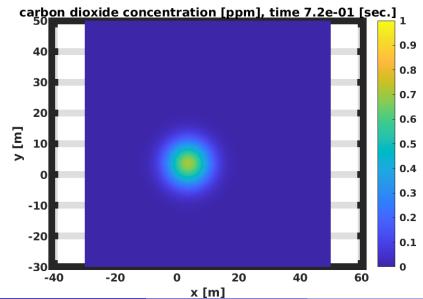
$$f(\mathbf{p},t) = \sum_{s=1}^{N_s} s_s(t) \delta(\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{p}_s)$$

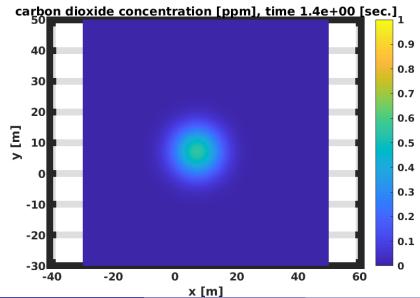
$$\int_{\Omega} \phi(\mathsf{p}) f(\mathsf{p},t) d\mathsf{p} = \sum_{s=1}^{N_s} s_s(t) \int_{\Omega} \phi(\mathsf{p}) \delta(\mathsf{p} - \mathsf{p}_s) d\mathsf{p} = \sum_{s=1}^{N_s} s_s(t) \phi(\mathsf{p}_s)$$

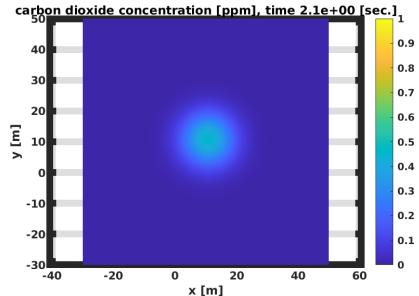
◄□▶
4□▶
4□▶
4□▶
4□▶
4□▶
4□▶
4□▶
4□▶

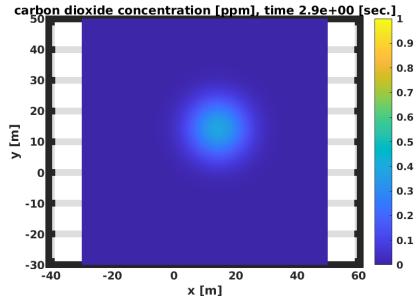
```
advection velocity vector = [5 	ext{ } 5] 	ext{ m/sec.}
diffusion coefficient = 5 	ext{ m}^2/\text{sec}
```

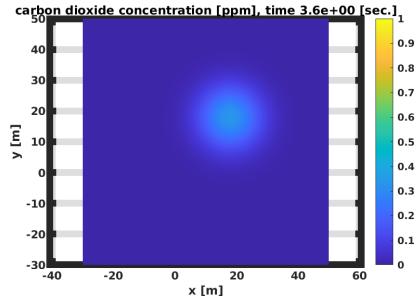


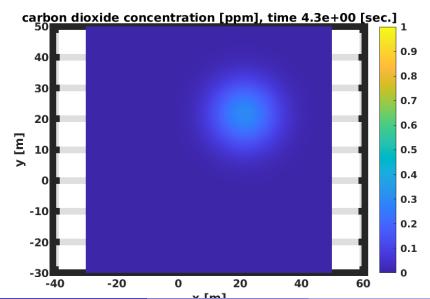




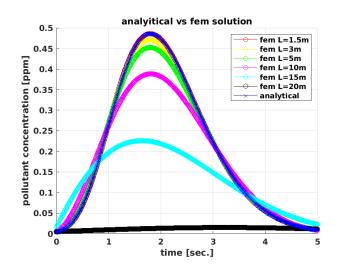




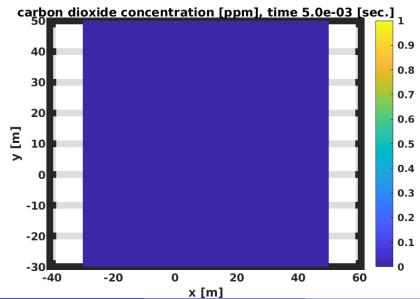


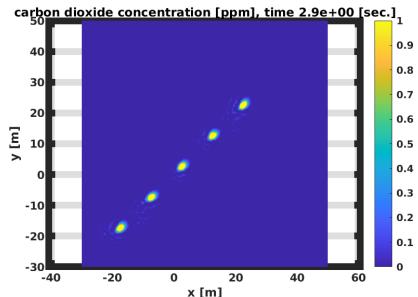


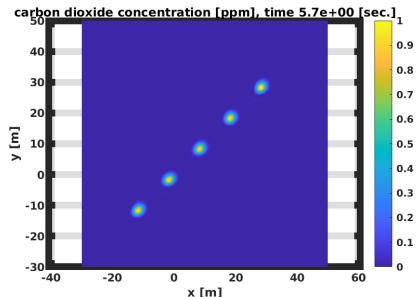
Analytical vs FEM comparison

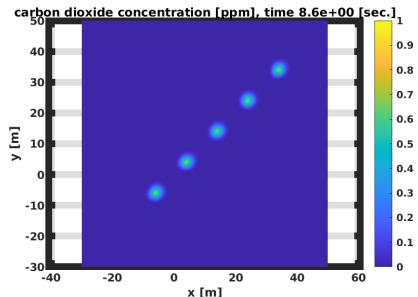


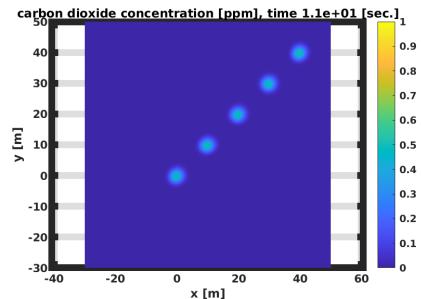
advection velocity vector = $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ m/sec. diffusion coefficient = 0.1 m²/sec

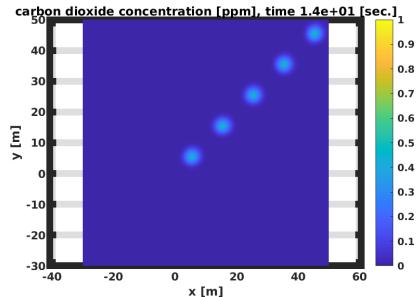


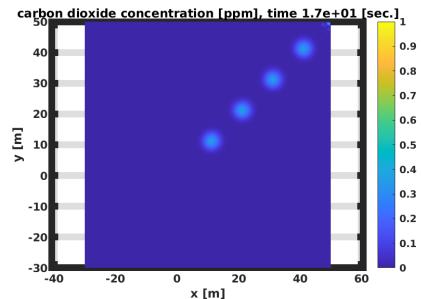


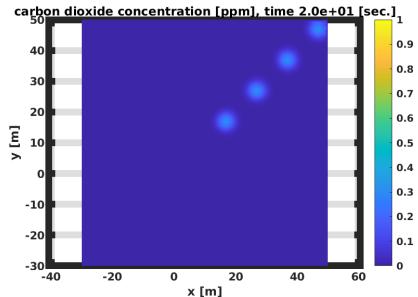




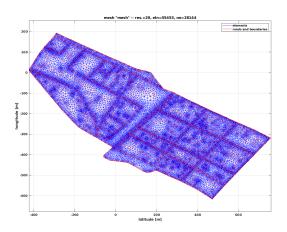








Domain Mesh



Domain source points

