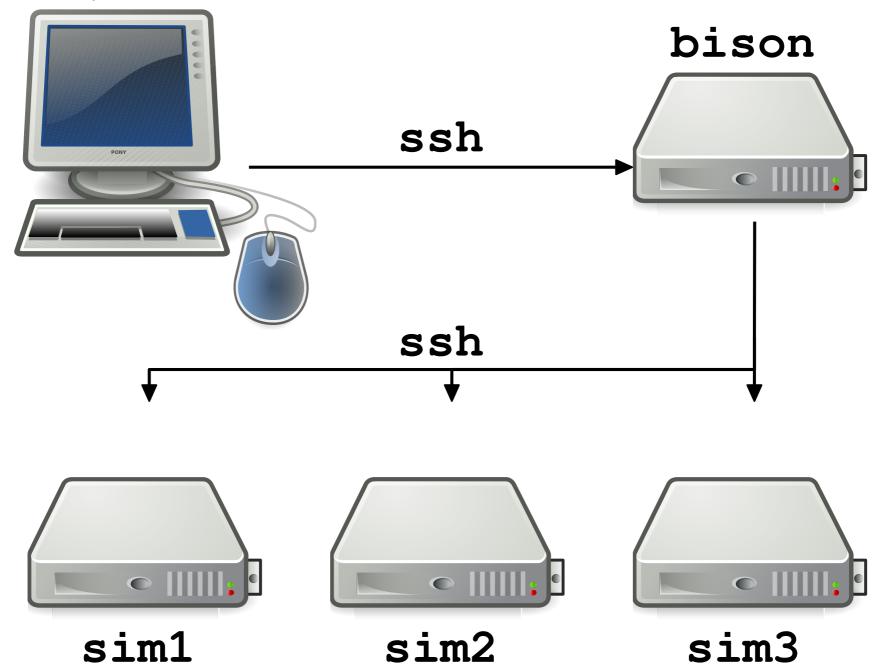
# BlueBEAR



#### user/client

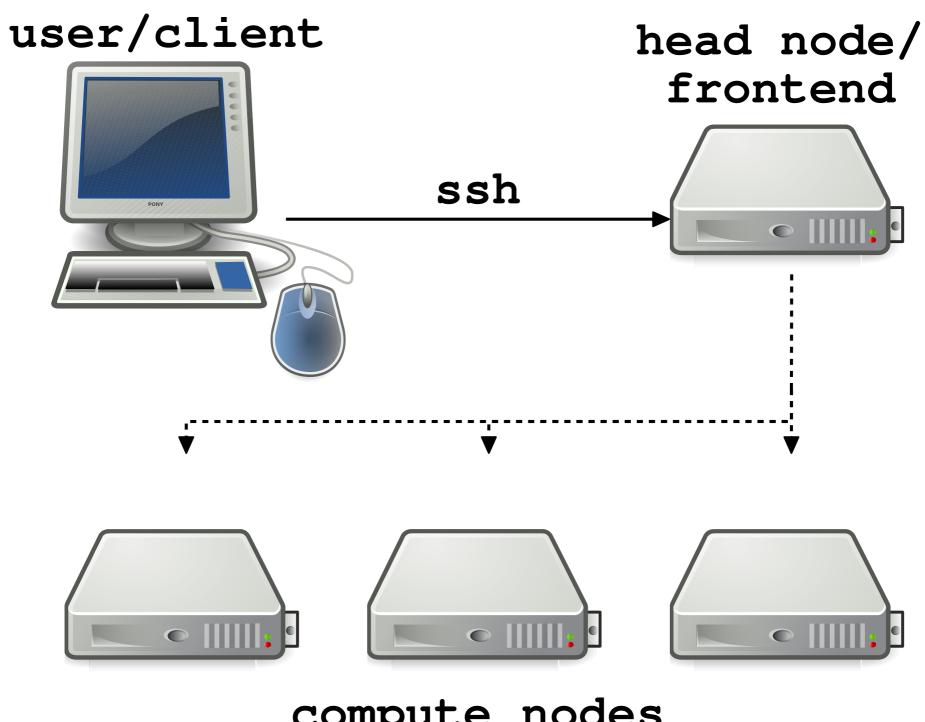


# Scheduling

time  $\rightarrow$ 

	4 cores 3.5d	
12 cores 1d		
		12 cores 1d
	2 cores 3d	

nodes



compute nodes

## Job scripts

To run a program, you prepare a shell script that

runs your program and

tells the scheduler what the program needs

#### BlueBEAR basics

- Documentation: http://www.birmingham.ac.uk/bear
- Log in (via ADF BiSON if outside Uni network):
   ssh <username>@bluebear.bham.ac.uk
- Your BlueBEAR projects: my bluebear
- Your disk quotas: my\_quota
- RDS folders are mounted at: /rds/projects/.../<owner>-<project>/

## An example script

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
#SBATCH --nodes 1
#SBATCH --ntasks 1
#SBATCH --qos bbshort
#SBATCH --time 00:05:00
#SBATCH --account=ballwh-sse-learning-bluebear
module purge; module load bluebear
echo "2^2^22" | time bc
```

#### SLURM commands

• Submit: sbatch <script name>

• View queue: squeue

Cancel job: scancel <job\_id>

#### Loading software with module

- See what's loaded: module list
- Load a module: module load <module>
- Unload a module: module unload <module>
- Unload all modules: module purge
- See what's available: module avail

## Tips for module

• module avail is slow, so save the output with e.g.

module avail 2> ~/modules.txt

- Load the highest-level module you need
- If you purge, reload defaults with module load bluebear
- List of modules also maintained online:

https://bear-apps.bham.ac.uk/

#### Accessing \$HOME with sshfs

Make a local folder (the "mount point") e.g.
 mkdir -p ~/mnt/bluebear

• Mount it with sshfs e.g.

```
sshfs \
ballwh@bluebear.bham.ac.uk:/rds/homes/b/ballwh \
~/mnt/bluebear
```

## Accessing RDS

You shouldn't mount it with sshfs e.g.

```
sshfs \
ballwh@bluebear.bham.ac.uk:/rds/ ~/mnt/rds/
```

Use the official method

```
sudo mount -t cifs -o vers=3.0 \
-o domain=ADF -o username=ballwh \
//its-rds.bham.ac.uk/2018 rds/2018/
```

https://intranet.birmingham.ac.uk/it/teams/infrastructure/research/bear/HowTo/HowToRDS.aspx

## Tips

- Estimate job needs as accurately as you can
- Lots of disk I/O? Consider using compute node hard drives and copying everything at the end
- Be patient!
  - Jobs won't usually start immediately
  - RDS data isn't synced immediately
- Easier to deploy code with version control (e.g. git)

#### Resources

- Documentation: http://www.birmingham.ac.uk/bear
- Search for a "cheat sheet". e.g.

https://slurm.schedmd.com/pdfs/summary.pdf

- BEAR Drop-in sessions
- Online console: https://bearadmin.bham.ac.uk/