repeated-rsa

We were given three RSA moduli n1, n2, n3, all with the same public exponent e=65537/

Decrypt in reverse order of encryption: first invert the last encryption (mod n3), then the second (mod n2), then the first (mod n1). The final value is the plaintext; convert to bytes.

- step 1: Compute gcd(n1, n2), gcd(n1, n3), gcd(n2, n3). if any of these is greater than 1 then the two moduli share a prime factor. in this challenge they do, so factoring becomes trivial.
- step 2: Once we find a common prime p, we divide the modulus by p to get the other prime. that way we fully factor each modulus.
- step 3: For each modulus we compute phi = (p-1)(q-1) and then the private exponent d = e inverse mod phi.
- step 4: Since the message was encrypted in the order $n1 \rightarrow n2 \rightarrow n3$, we decrypt in reverse. first undo the n3 encryption using d3, then undo n2 with d2, finally undo n1 with d1.
- step 5: The result is the plaintext message as an integer. we convert it to bytes and decode it as ascii to get the flag.

solver.py

n1 =

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#!/usr/bin/env python3
from math import gcd
from Crypto.Util.number import inverse, long_to_bytes

# Given challenge values (unchanged)
c =
2229410785527946317635364774835292537483430453984495968574494831489047511519
9583126438810406415780578589317728030876071960128202963699911641071909483103
5646341786103539063832685153414254210352637538317254003034392774677173879944
7167088443458066616851627575911524859083341172154834543040819704989345198246
0406174977997009503526822670054684877992627681290941230403373762955119240244
8454462953942161502288872062996569920734979494404696622257100766685119573316
5359026061537015238737950972546865047312074247990897947567884264249056289574
64816167161517091505355553708417244667944748511654713623504947979781945831925
18797381
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 $1385240420850740880296988048783918628477615465859141402504281068636040001312\\7774847502340273305623845274604456776137166609277405684272007689391356639812\\3569401553311805897380563701471005215571170365167080001780350920486633734557\\5030553432323705983860226343165955105604587258009836491641747403943791234689\\4641330241402004752256659954856461727024372071766854017300857517546611231762\\9520914189811149534732162408928226335822030363205279925734321365835910143499\\9435142703278196514560863082001805105023007572056473187136837223147026220308\\6280844504502775043017498384280801239614982205079609753900100398376733169246$

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631316697
n2 =
1574815263779636536813779770652799629860821533789045692726903842792684667469
1875943720267244971370381141809968407326275871803323803581747080314261544332
4859437313688526550678508964715166250291431121656278120774730646084407106601
7523675924824094834081418505144870364763205828611639739769107075574106058349
0520669070244688435237540855552495653539878452018167471132051693278659684051
6537817097470037648423645591703992855238721222662257745670966410205056143770
3816707225762809260196514196840868539094065553823877783052625466400959204914
9365322701602030688998803373578751050513395088465372935837841398695709538326
833988663
n3 =
1035089617717568200751159880502884760013795748711730206277481313876335187359
3461980448507272975998922468304798492231343207761721052707925786605782262384
4437684432191232625777135115948395948668451848278421528080317284893810105074
4038576207311918562914897844671716763027842396181413918765504772192533409364
8039612144978295204796441976465669226134091497180200823086476742877790199362
5297384463787428487797182685041626703335727174060017929541747701415809353964
6959895919578647388558465533445110591034298470804060087439159282312391281984
2735773171990927274721245258273810346405096613207897653796787022916757597225
522651119
e = 65537
def find_common_factors(mods):
    """Return a dict mapping discovered prime -> list of indices of moduli
that contain it."""
   n = len(mods)
   common = \{\}
   for i in range(n):
        for j in range(i+1, n):
            g = gcd(mods[i], mods[j])
            if g != 1:
                common.setdefault(g, []).extend([i, j])
   # normalize lists to unique indices
   for k in list(common.keys()):
        common[k] = sorted(set(common[k]))
   return common
def factor_moduli(mods, common_factors):
    """Return a list of (p, q) for each modulus index i."""
   n = len(mods)
   factors = [None]*n
   # For each discovered common prime, divide it out of moduli that contain
it
   for p, indices in common_factors.items():
        for i in indices:
            if factors[i] is None:
                if mods[i] % p != 0:
                    raise ValueError("Unexpected: modulus not divisible by
found gcd")
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q = mods[i] // p
                factors[i] = (p, q)
   # If any modulus remains unfactored, try to factor it by using any known
primes (rare here)
   for i in range(n):
        if factors[i] is None:
            # try dividing by any found primes
            for p in common_factors:
                if mods[i] % p == 0:
                    factors[i] = (p, mods[i] // p)
   # Final sanity check
    if any(x is None for x in factors):
        raise RuntimeError("Could not factor all moduli with discovered
qcds.")
   return factors
def compute_private_exponent(p, q, e):
   phi = (p-1)*(q-1)
   return inverse(e, phi)
# main
mods = [n1, n2, n3]
common = find_common_factors(mods)
if not common:
   raise RuntimeError("No common prime factors found between moduli;
different attack required.")
pairs = factor_moduli(mods, common)
# Compute private exponents in the same index order (matching n1,n2,n3)
ds = [compute_private_exponent(p, q, e) for (p,q) in pairs]
# Decrypt in reverse order of encryption: last applied modulus is n3, so
invert with d3 mod n3 first
step_after_n3 = pow(c, ds[2], n3)
step_after_n2 = pow(step_after_n3, ds[1], n2)
m_int = pow(step_after_n2, ds[0], n1)
flag = long_to_bytes(m_int)
print(flag.decode())
```