

# *Endomorphic metalanguage and abstract planning for real-time intent recognition*

**Antoine Gréa**



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ISO-HE

- Directors
  - Samir Aknine
  - Lætitia Matignon
- Jury
  - Hamamache Kheddouci



- Ivan Varzinczac



- Reviewers

- Eva Onainda



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- Damien Pellier

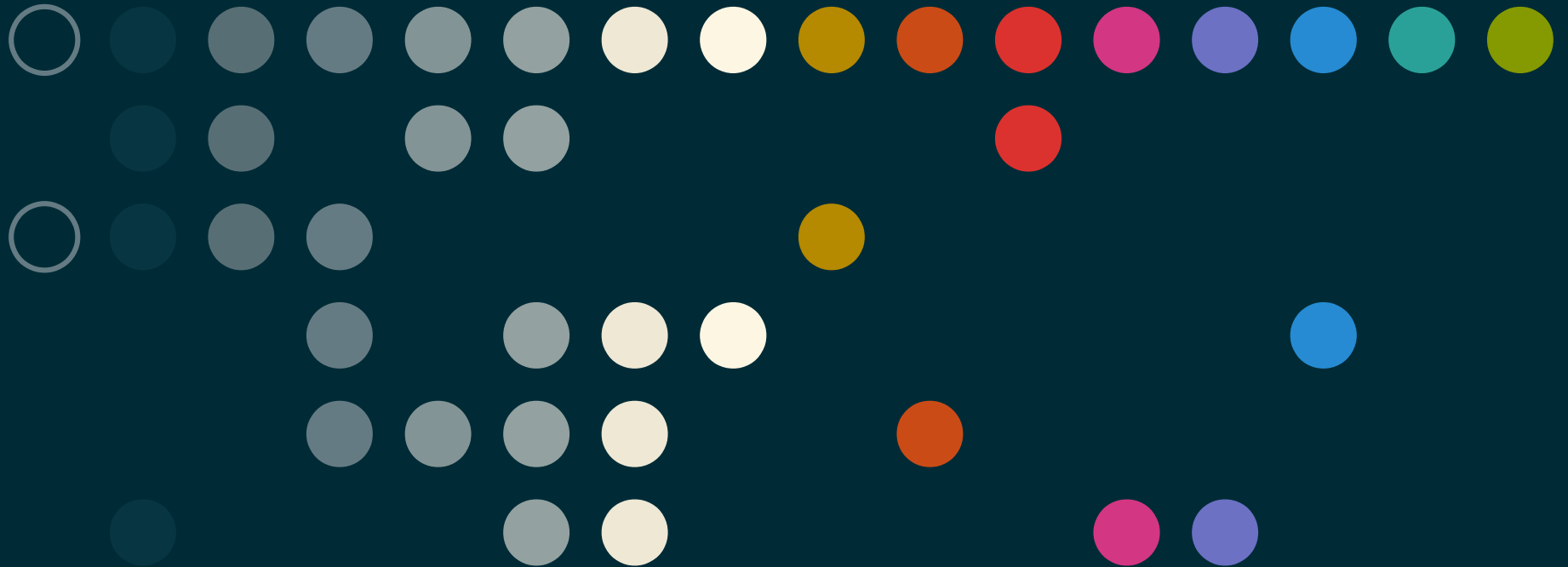


# *Endomorphic metalanguage and abstract planning for real-time intent recognition*



# 1 Introduction

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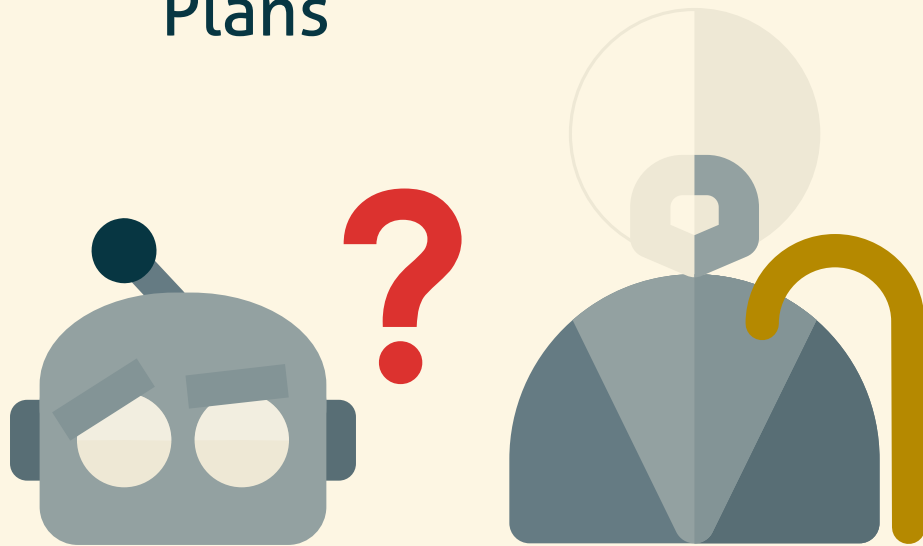


# 1.1 A what ?

- *Dependent people need help !*
  - Not **annoying** the person
  - Can't see *everything* they are doing
- How to help without asking ?
  - Guessing the intent somehow

- **INTENT RECOGNITION**

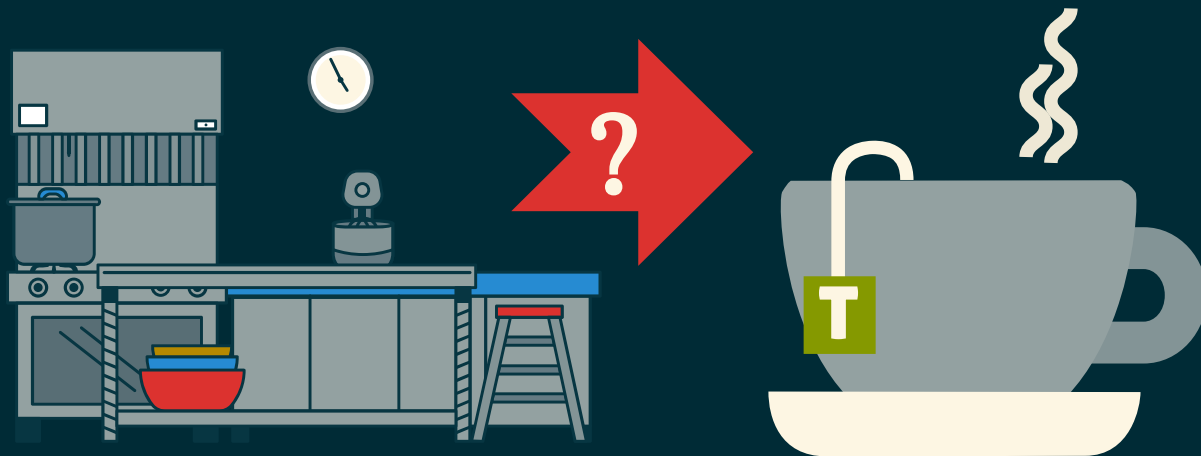
- Observed behavior → Goal
- Using action sequences: Plans



# 1.2 Kitchen Example

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- **Observation**
  - Bob goes in the kitchen
- **Possible goals**
  - Bob cleans the dishes
  - Bob makes tea
  - ...
- **Infer the correct goal**
- **Issues**
  - Multiple goals
  - Interleaving actions
  - Partial observations



# *Plan*

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1 Introduction

2 Intent Recognition

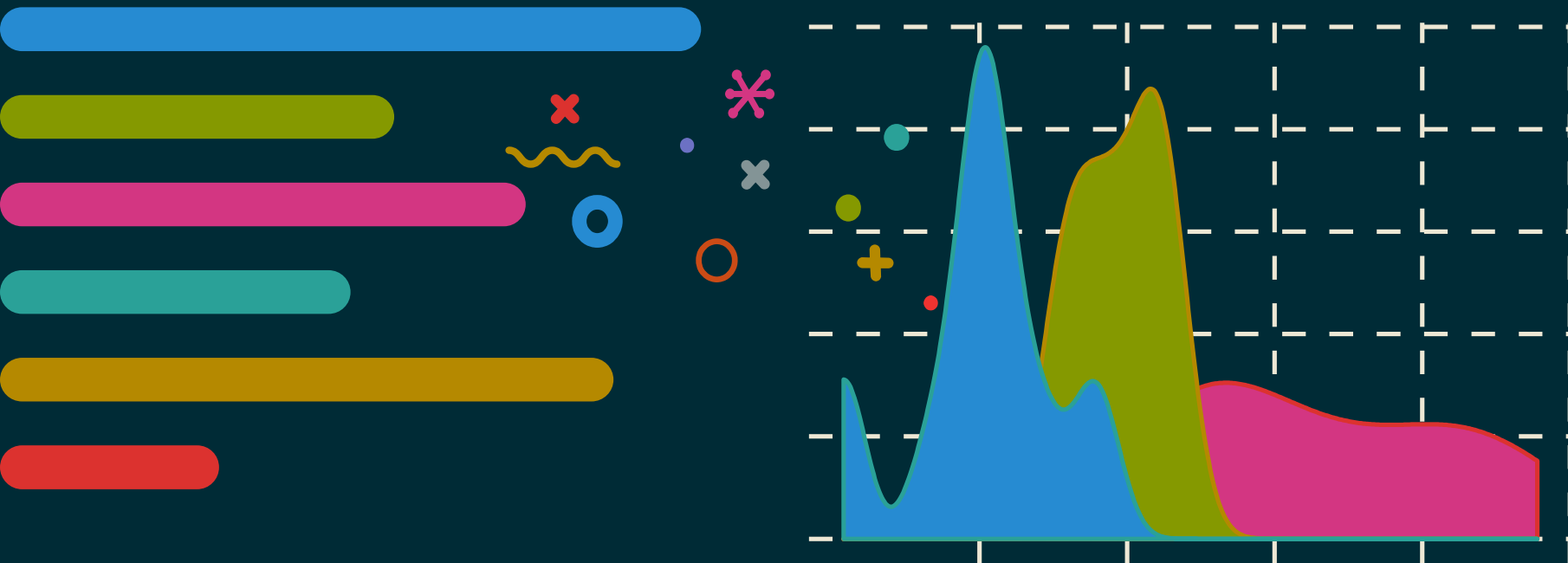
3 Knowledge Representation

4 General Planning

5 Flexible Online Planning

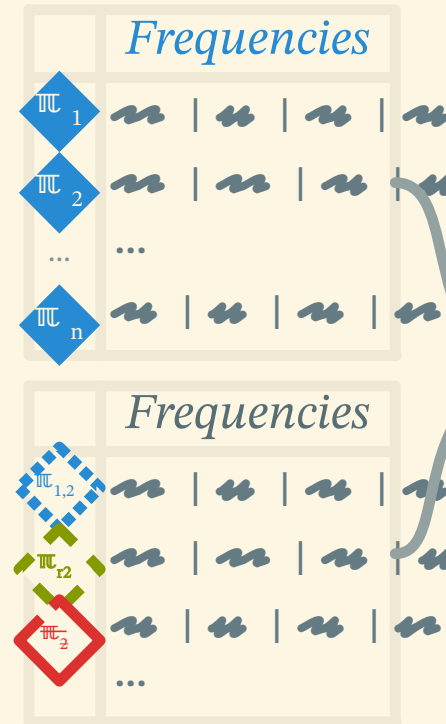
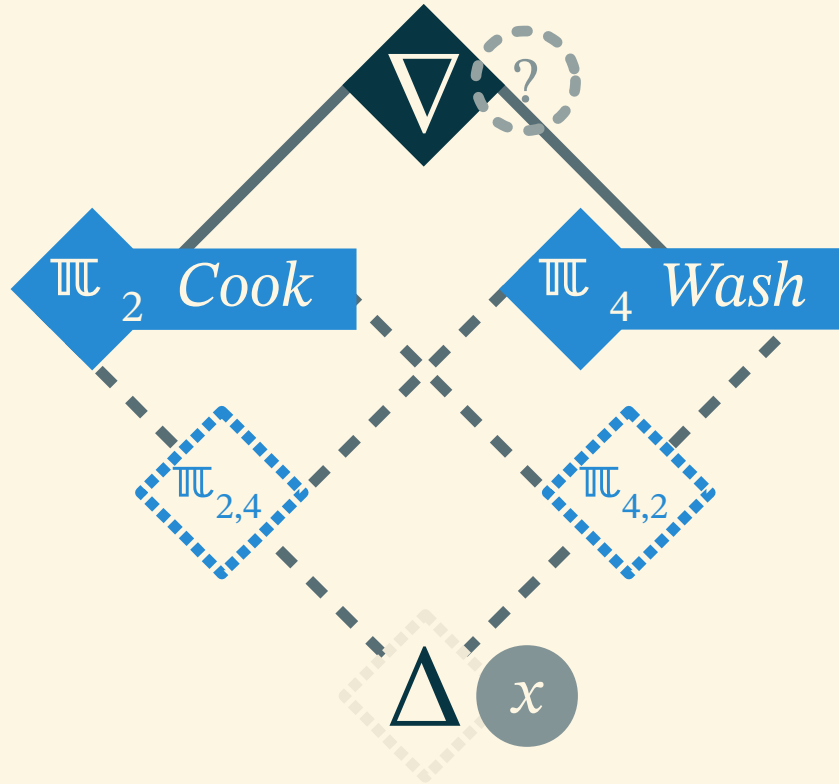
6 Conclusion

# 2 Intent Recognition



# 2.1 Logic Approach

- Lattice Based : ✓ Fast computations ✗ Exponential growth



$$\mathbb{P}(\pi_2 \rightarrow \pi_{2,4})$$

$$\in [\mathbb{P}_{\min}, \mathbb{P}_{\max}]$$

(Bouchard et al. 2006)



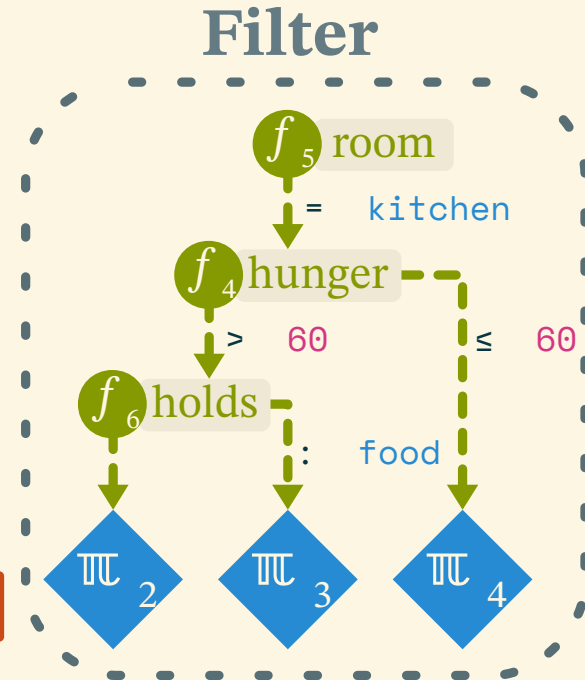
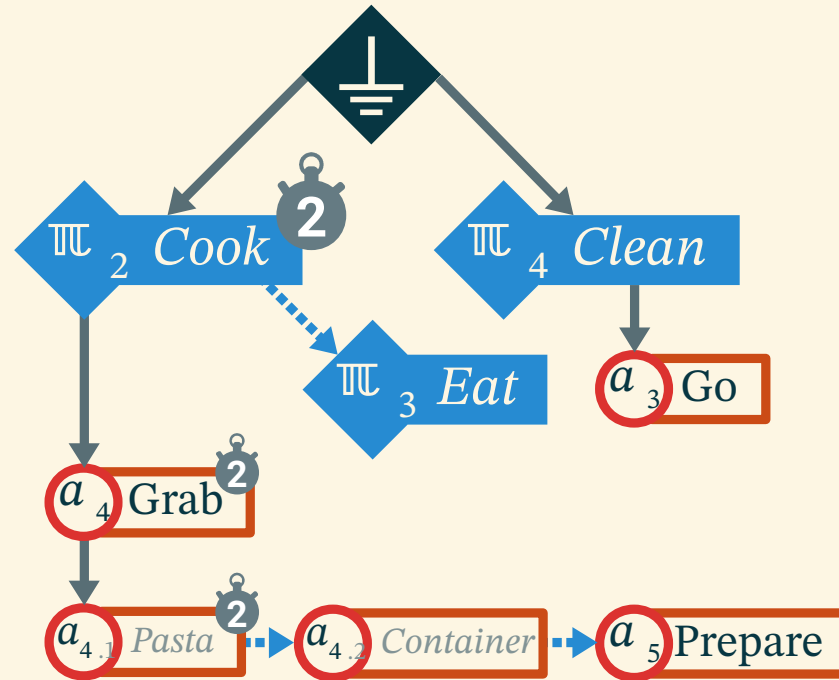
# 2.2 Stochastic Approach

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- And/Or and decision tree

✓ Accurate & efficient

✗ Handmade plan library & tree

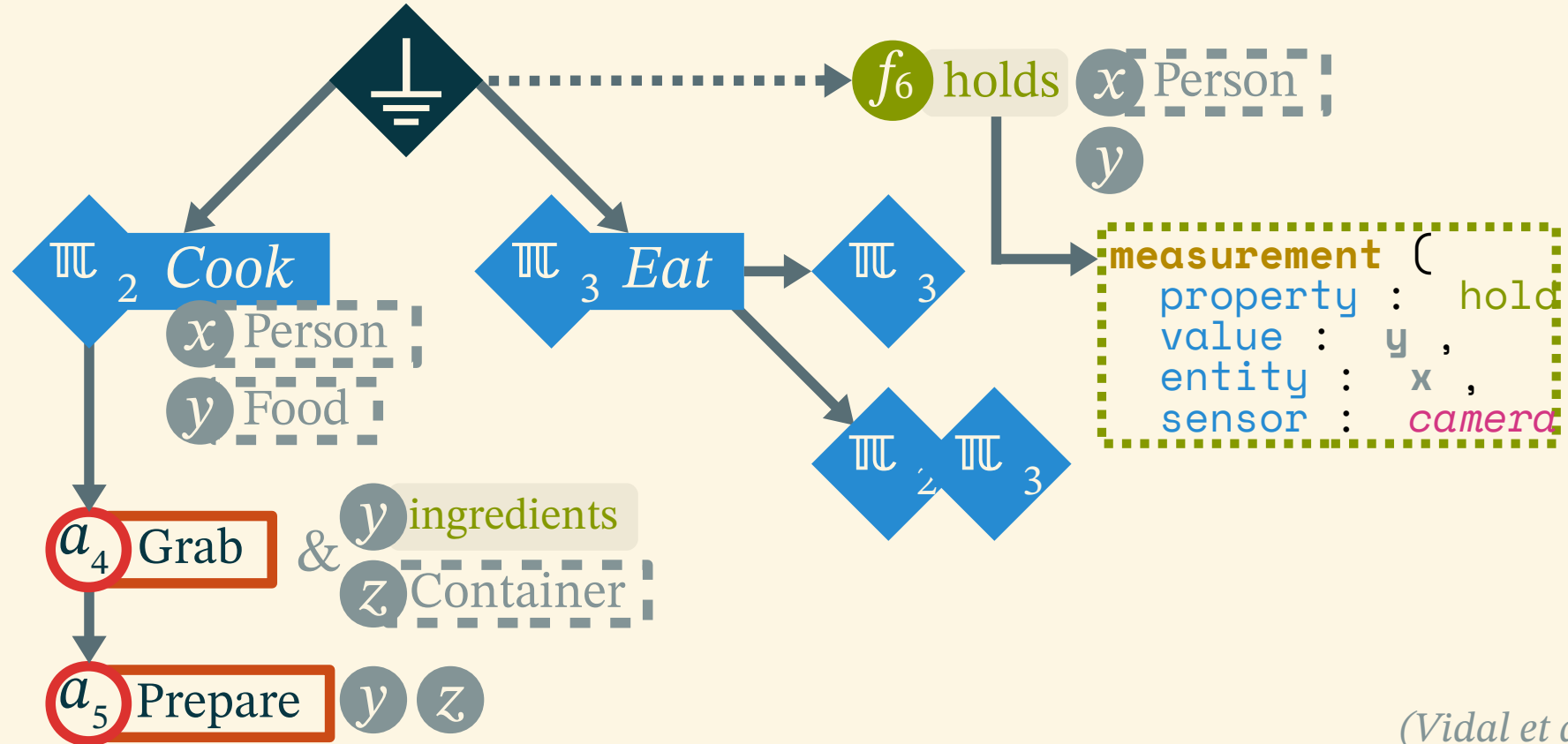


(Avrahami et al. 2006)

# 2.3 Grammatical Approach

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- Valued Grammar : ✓ Versatile    ✗ Slow refresh rate (~40s)

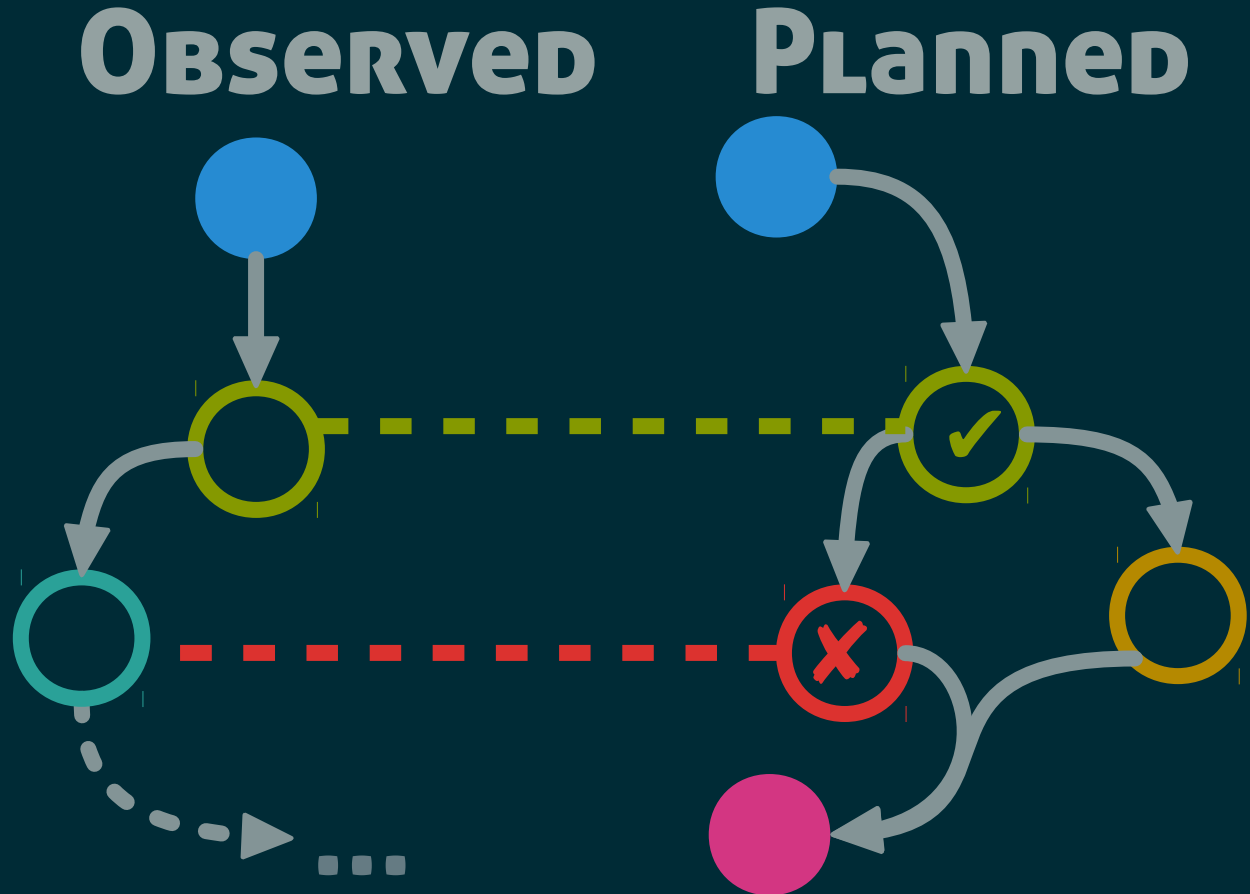


(Vidal et al. 2010)

# 2.4 Inverted Planning

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- **Intent Recognition**
  - Find the goal of a plan
- **Planning**
  - Find the plan to a goal
- *Theory of Mind*
  - The easier the plan, the more likely the goal

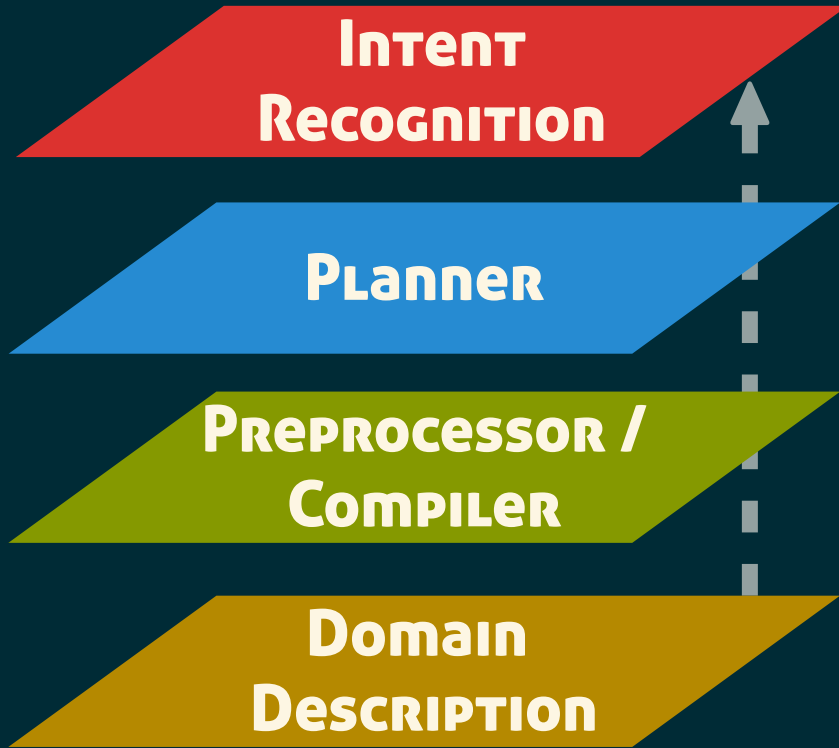


(Ramirez et al. 2010)

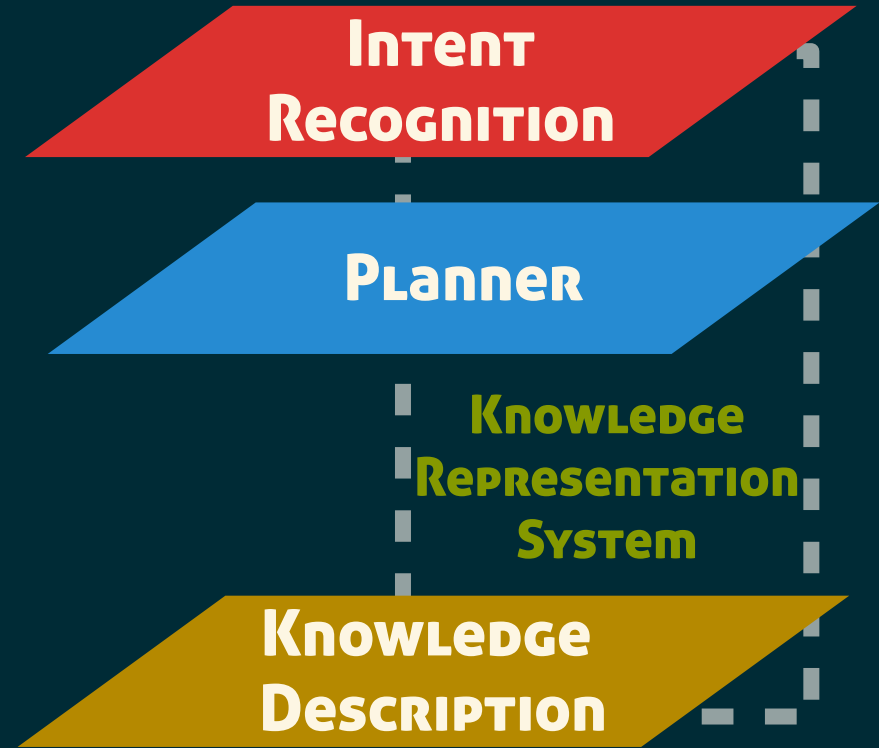
## 2.5 Framework Stacks

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- Existing



- Contribution



# 3 Knowledge Representation



# 3.1 Knowledge in Planning

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- **Reification** *(Cambridge Dictionary)*

“The act of changing something abstract into something real

tea is **not** hot;

***a***

*eff*

(tea is hot);

*method*

{( $a_1 \rightarrow a_2$ )};

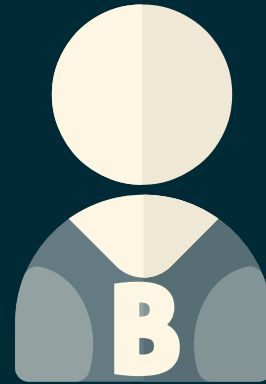
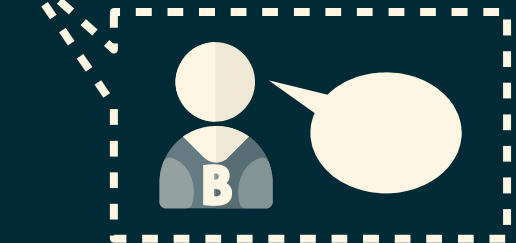
*Abstraction*



**Formalization**



**Interpretation**



# 3.2 Existing Tools

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- **Ontologies**

- Based on Description Logic

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>

<RDF>
  <Description about="Bob">
    <likes>Tea</likes>
    <location>Kitchen</location>
  </Description>
</RDF>
```

- **Languages**

- RDF
- OWL-(Lite, DL, Full)
- ...

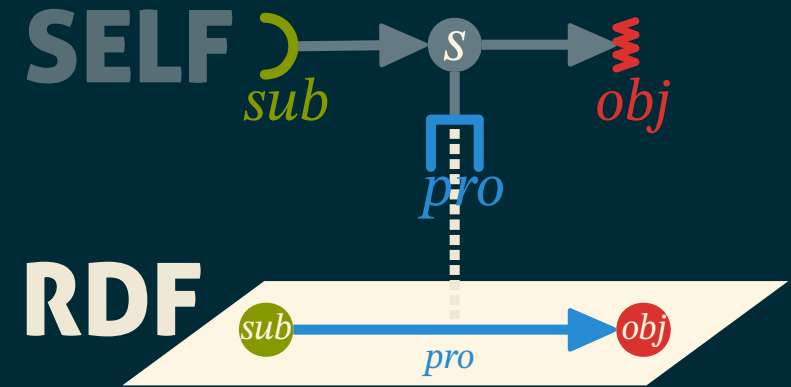
- **Issues**

- Reification inefficient
- Higher order knowledge
- Flexibility of the structure

# 3.3 SELF Structurally Expressive Language Framework

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- Minimal definition
  - Structure is meaning
  - **Ex:**  $\forall x = x;$
- More expressive
- Native reification
  - Express fluents and states in higher order spaces
  - Methods for hierarchical planning



Examples:

$s = (\text{bob } \bar{a} \text{ kitchen});$

$\alpha \text{ pre } s;$

$\alpha \text{ methods}$

$\{\text{go}(\text{kitchen}) \rightarrow \text{take}(\text{cup})\};$

(Gréa et al. 2020)



# 4 General Planning



# 4.1 Classical Planning

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- Domain
  - **Fluents**
    - Formulas over objects
  - **States**
    - Properties of the world
    - Formulas over fluents
  - **Actions**
    - Preconditions
    - Effects
- **Problem**
  - Initial state
  - Goal state
- **Plan (solution)**
  - Action sequence
  - Order
    - Total
    - Partial

## 4.2 Example

- **Fluents**

- thing *taken*
- *hot water, tea ready*

- **Actions**

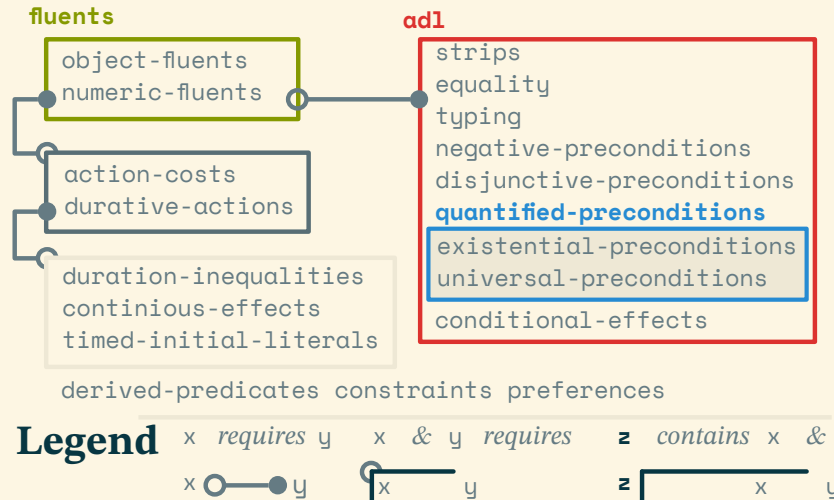
- *take, brew, boil, ...*



# 4.3 Existing Frameworks

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- Standard language: **PDDL**
  - Numerous extensions to the language
  - Not used in probabilistic or hierarchical planning
  - Most of the time translated into an intermediate language for planners

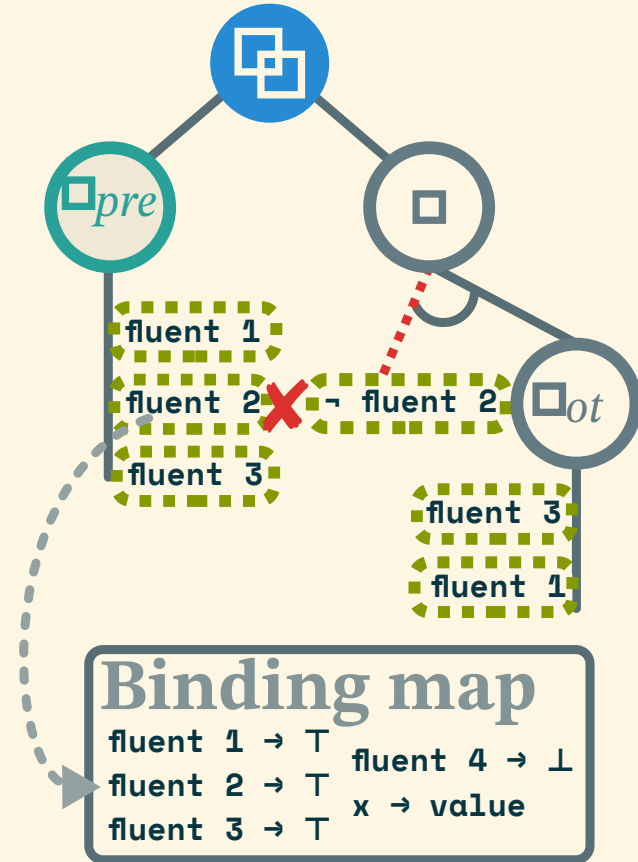
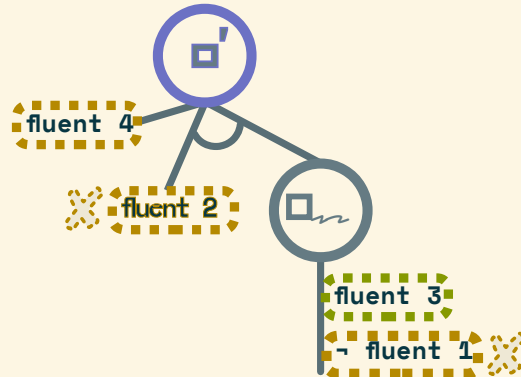
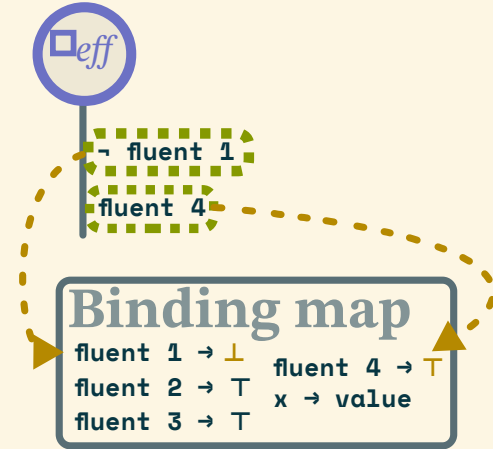


- Temporal
  - PDDL+
  - ANML
- Probabilistic
  - PPDDL
  - RDDDL
- Multi-Agent
  - MAPL
  - MA-PDDL
- Hierarchical
  - UMCP
  - SHOP2
  - **HDDL**
  - HPDDL
- Ontological
  - *WebPDDL*
  - *OPT*
- Hybrids
  - **SIADEx**

# 4.4 Factorizing Planning States

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States: And/Or trees of Fluents



(Gréa et al. 2020)

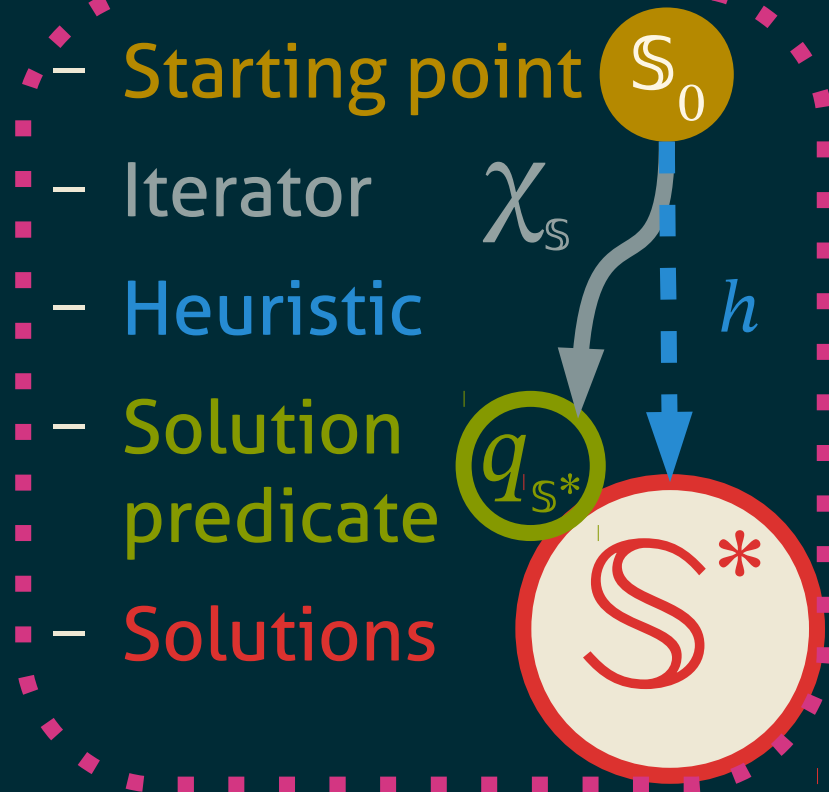
# 4.5 Planning Formalism Revisited 22

- Actions
  - Preconditions, Effects
  - Constraints
  - Cost, Duration, Probability
  - Methods
    - $(eff \rightarrow pre)$
- Problem
  - Root Action  $\omega$ 
    - $pre(\omega) = a^0$
    - $eff(\omega) = a^*$

(Gréa et al. 2020)

# 4.6 General Planning Framework 23

- Search Space



- Instances for

- State-transition



- Plan space

- Case based

- Probabilistic

- Hierarchical

$$\begin{aligned} S_0 &= \text{eff}(\omega)_{(\text{initial})} \\ \chi_s &= a \in A_{(\text{actions})} \\ q_{s^*} &= (\models \text{pre}(\omega))_{(\text{goal})} \\ S &= \square_{(\text{states})} \end{aligned}$$

(Gréa et al. 2020)

# 4.7 PDDL vs COLOR

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```
(define (domain tea)

  (:requirements :equality :object-fluents)

  (:types container, liquid, item)

  (:constants no-item - item, water - liquid,
cup - container)

  (:predicates (hot ?x - liquid))

  (:functions (taken) - item)

  (:action take
    :parameters (?x - item)
    :precondition (and (= (taken ?x) no-item))
    :effect (and (assign (taken) ?x)))

  (:action heat
    :parameters (?x - liquid)
    :precondition (and (not (hot ?x))
      (= (taken ?x) ?x))
    :effect (and (hot ?x))
```

P  
D  
D  
L

C  
O  
L  
O  
R

```
"planning.w" = ? ;

take(item) pre (taken(~), ?(item));
take(item) eff (taken(item));

heat(thing) pre (~(hot(thing)), taken(thing));
heat(thing) eff (hot(thing));

make(drink) method (
  init(make(drink)) → take(spoon),
  take(spoon) → put(spoon),
  init(make(drink)) → infuse(drink,water,cup),
  infuse(drink,water,cup) → take(cup),
  take(cup) → put(cup),
  put(spoon) → goal(make(drink)),
  infuse(drink,water,cup) → goal(make(drink)),
  put(cup) → goal(make(drink))
);
```



(Gréa et al. 2020)



# 5 Flexible Online Planning

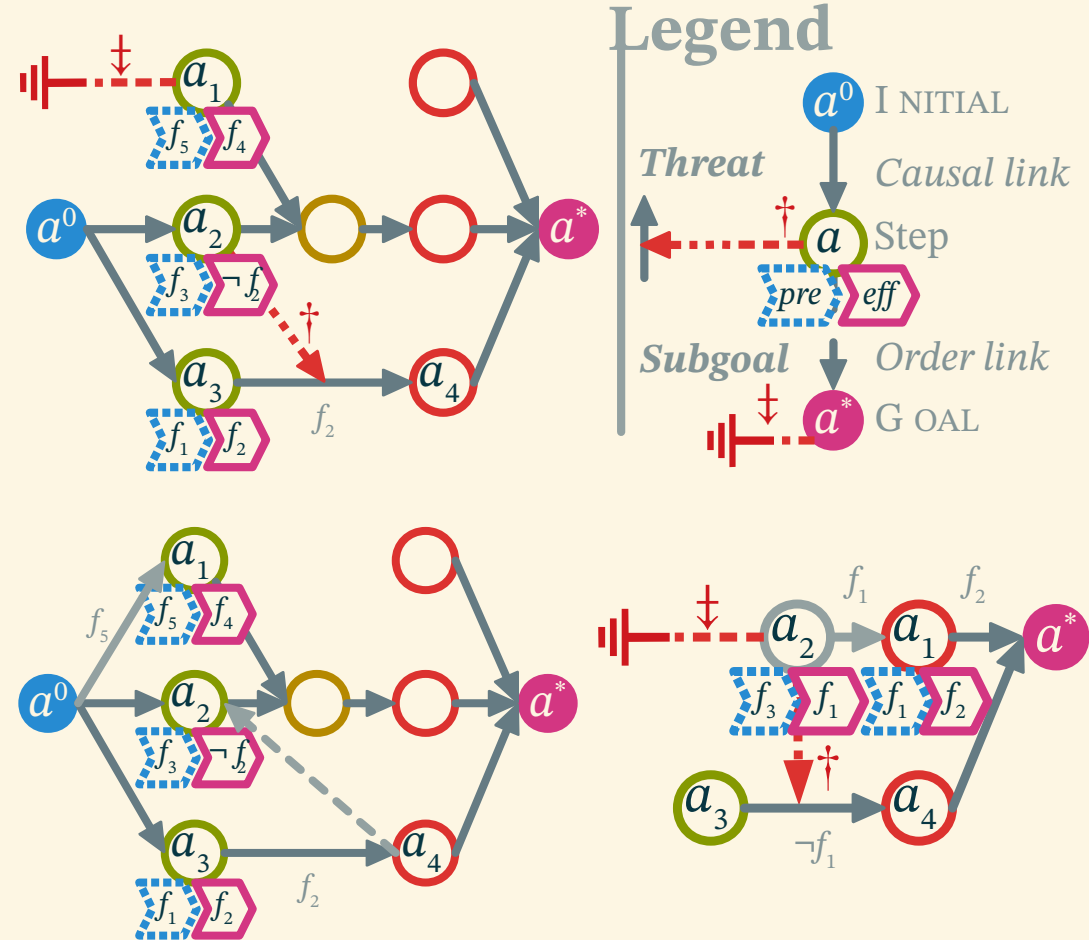
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# 5.1 Plan Space Planning

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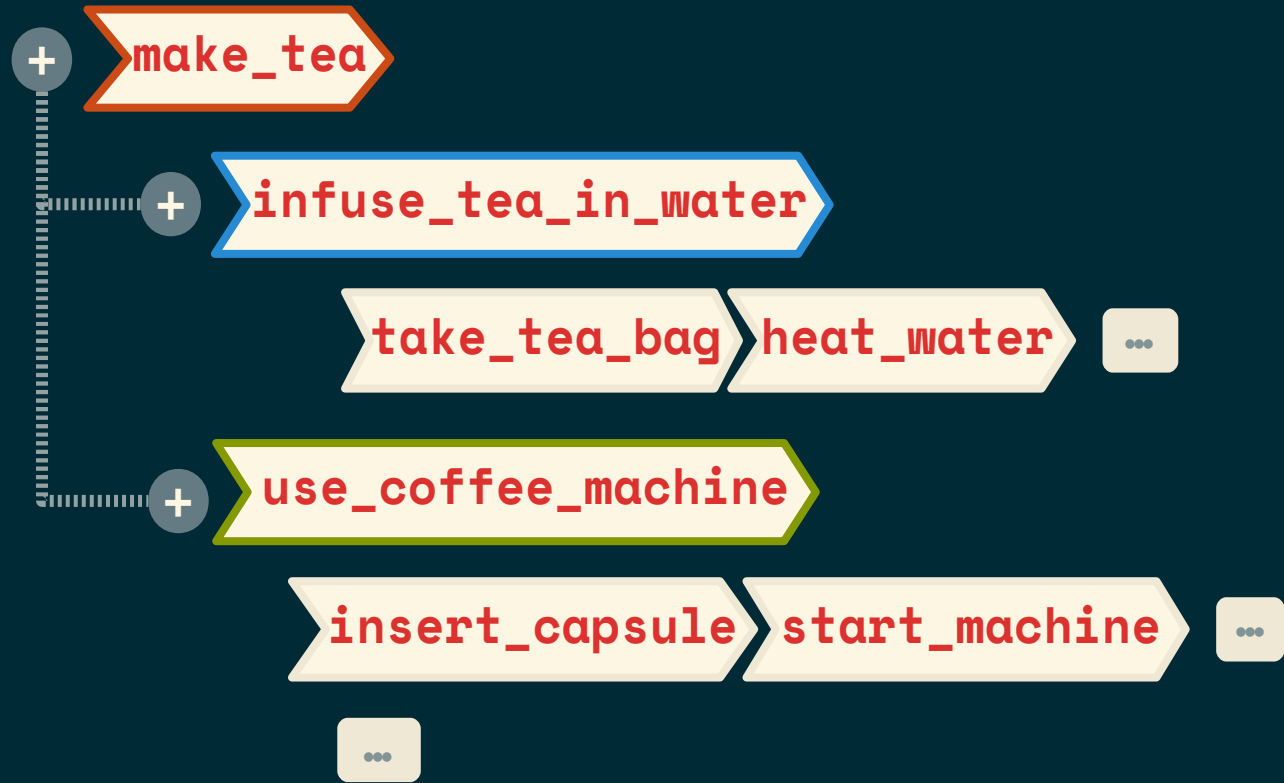
- Exploration by refinements
- Flaws
  - Subgoals
  - Threats
- Resolvers
  - Side effects
- May need backtracking



# 5.2 Hierarchical Task Networks

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- Based on tasks decomposition
  - Replace task with method
- Numerous approaches



# 5.3 Planning Phases

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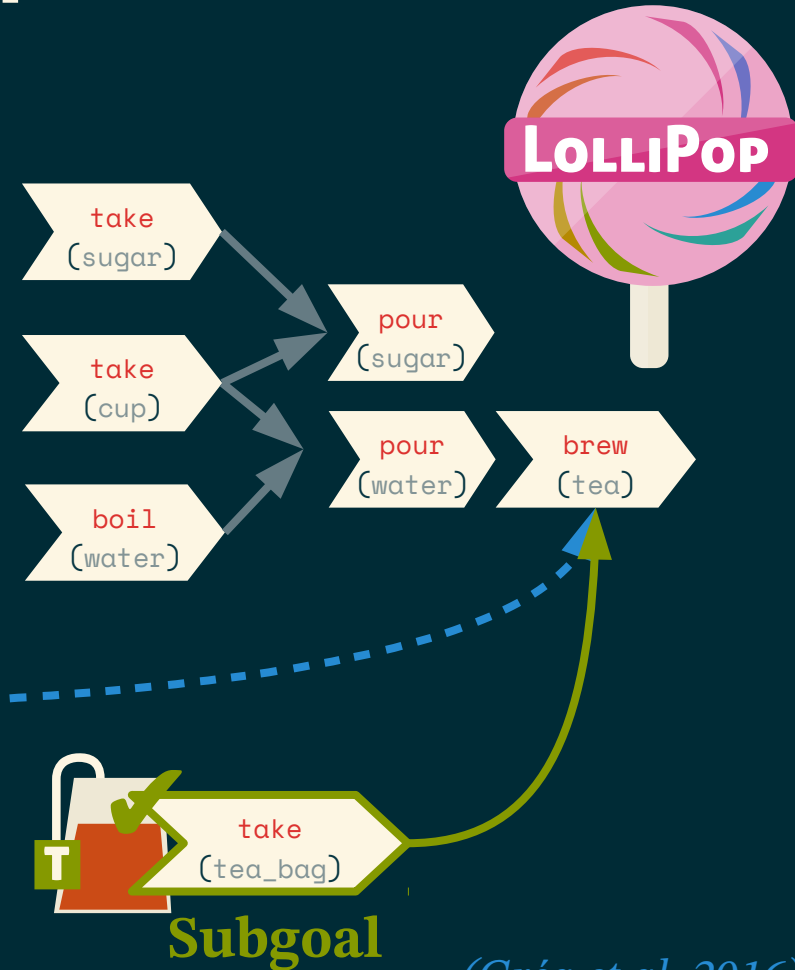
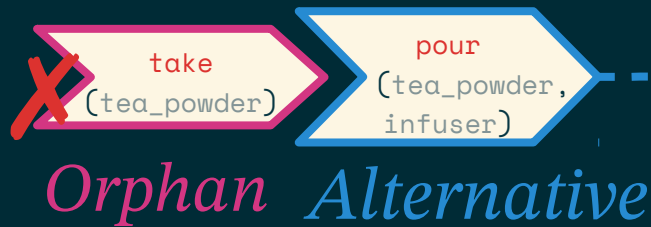
- Phases dependent on
  - Available information
  - Timing constraints
  - Planning paradigm



# 5.4 Plan Repair Prototype

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- Partial Order Planner (POP)
- Operator dependency graph
- Negative refinements
- Alternatives & Orphans



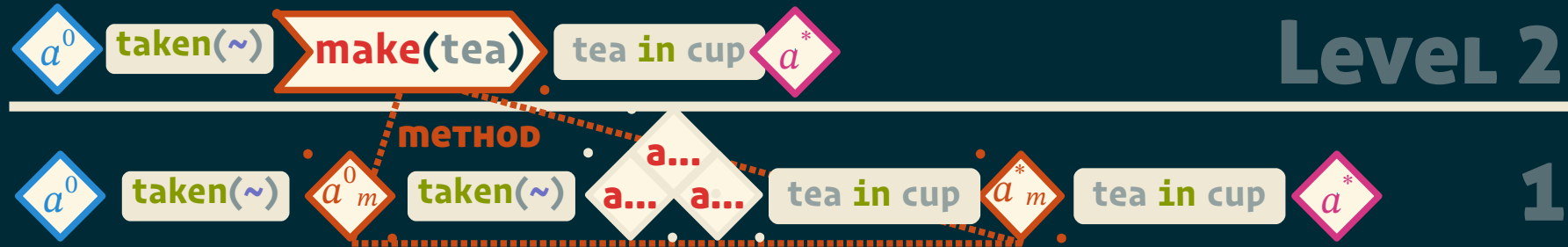
- Utility Heuristics

(Gréa et al. 2016)

# 5.5 Abstract Planning

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- HTN + POP planning
- Partial Resolution
  - An abstract solution at every level of abstraction
- Search by level
  - Expansion after completion :
- Decomposition flow
  - Resolver : Decompose one composite action in the plan

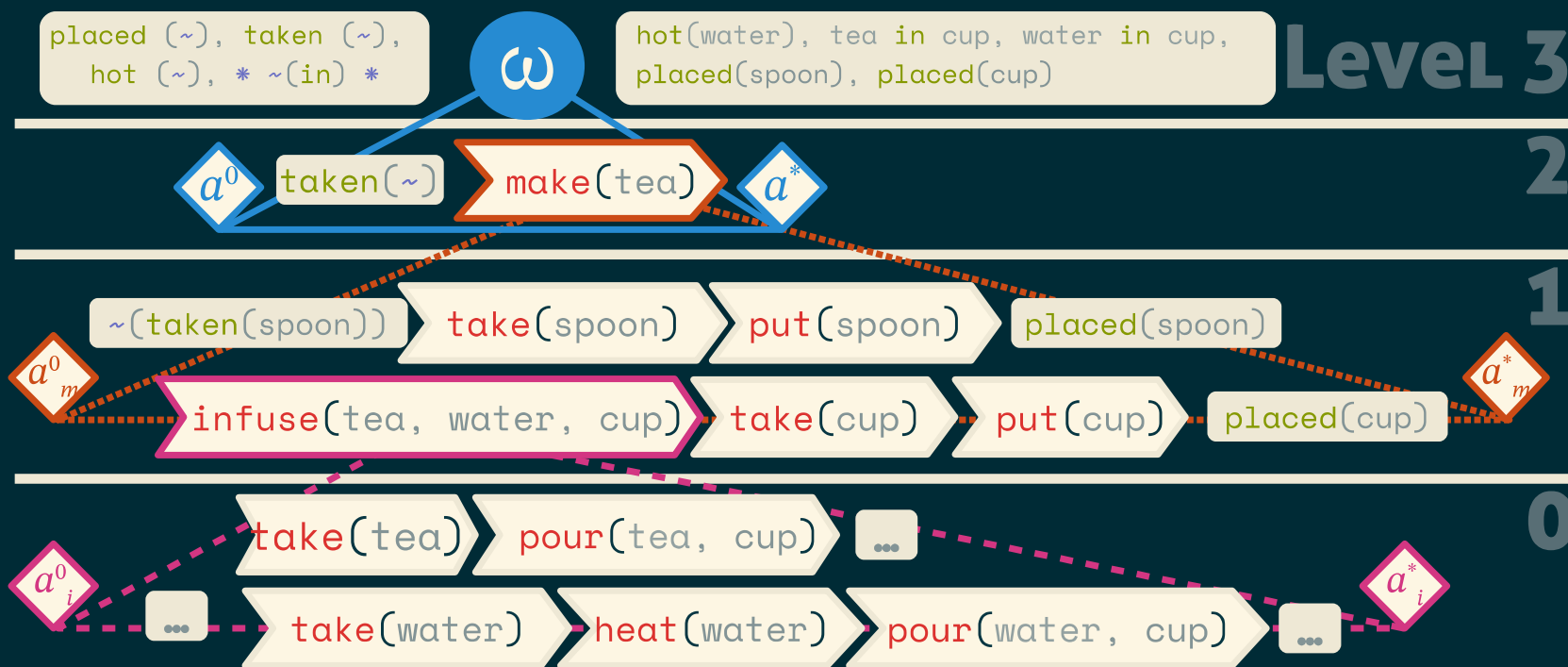


(Gréa et al. 2019)

# 5.6 HEART

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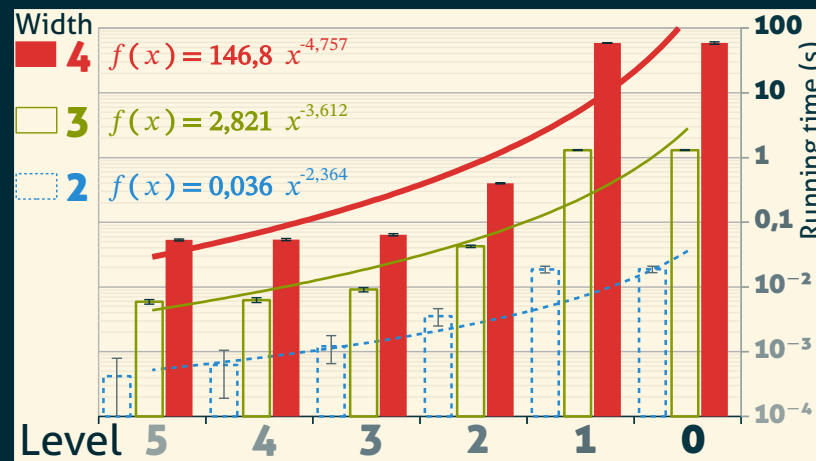
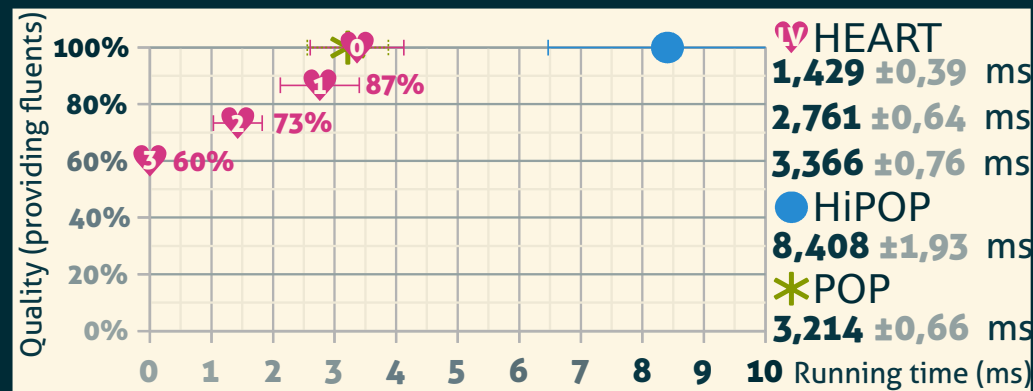
- Low priority for expansion
- Each level is a plan (abstract solution)
- Change of level
  - Propagation of atomic actions
  - Expansion of Composite Equities



(Gréa et al. 2019)

# 5.7 Results

- 60% of the fluents before planning
- Exponentially faster at high abstraction levels
- Faster than HiPOP on some problems
- Common problems solved in milliseconds!



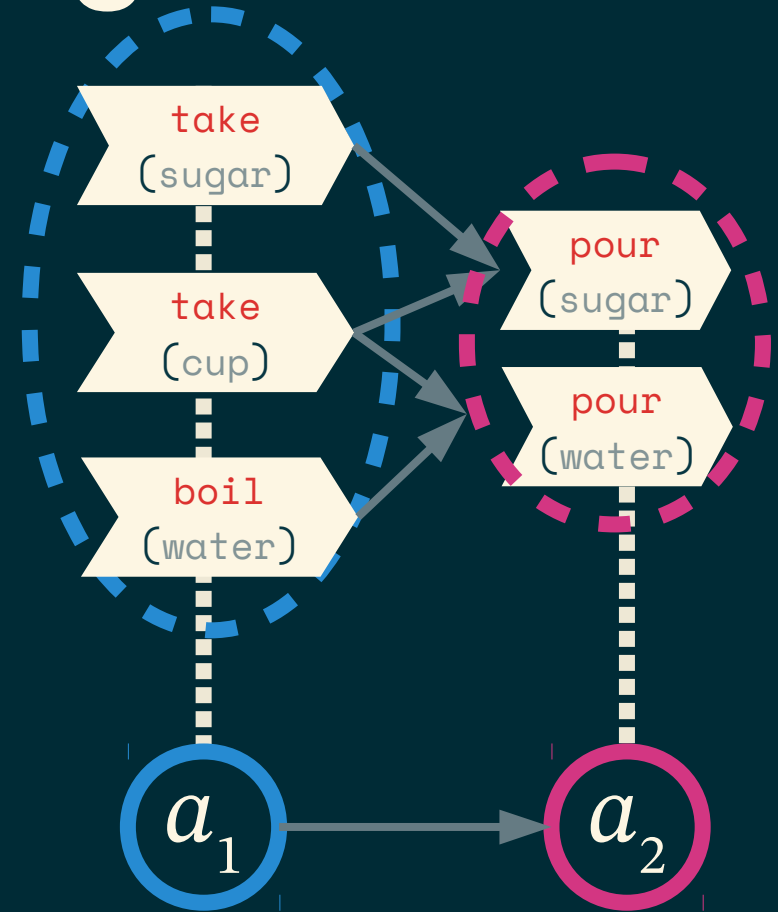
(Gréa et al. 2019)



# 5.8 Toward Intent Recognition

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- Linearized parallel actions using graph quotient
- Abstraction makes it easier (smaller plans)
- Backward chaining is inefficient



(Gréa et al. 2020)

# 6 Conclusion

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# 6.1 Contributions & Results

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- SELF: A knowledge description language defined by structure
- COLOR: A general framework for planning with its formalization
- LOLLIPOP: A plan repair planner for online planning
- HEART: A flexible approach to real-time planning for abstract planning

*(Gréa et al. 2020)*

## 6.2 Perspectives

- SELF Improvement
  - Improve the instantiation workflow
  - Parameterize flexibility performances
- Planning Colorized
  - Conversion tool from PDDL
- Fixing Planning Domains
  - Allow HEART to discover new HTN methods (macro-action learning)

# Thanks for listening !

