

# *Endomorphic metalanguage and abstract planning for real-time intent recognition*

**Antoine Gréa**



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# *Endomorphic metalanguage and abstract planning for real-time intent recognition*



**LIRiS**



**Lyon 1**

**Antoine Gréa**

# 1 Introduction

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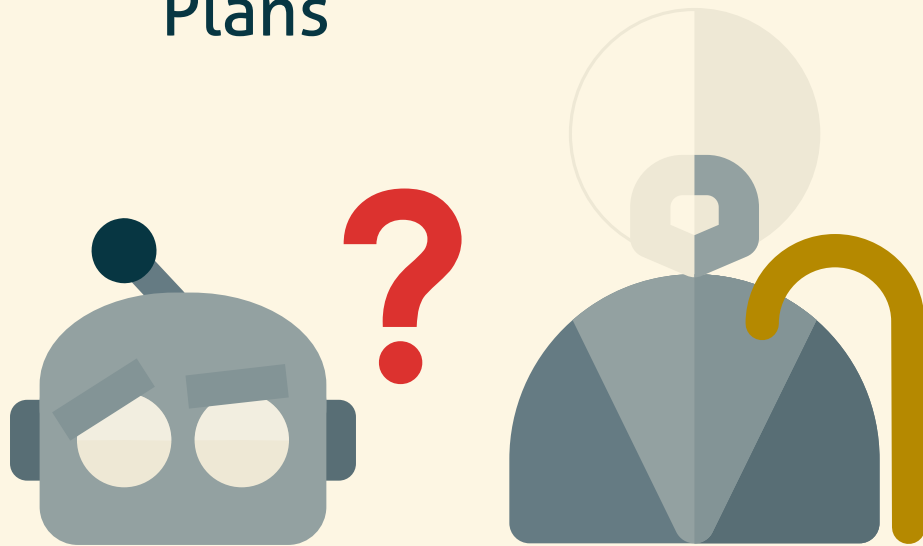


# A what ?

- *Dependent people need help !*
  - Not **annoying** the person
  - Can't see *everything* they are doing
- How to help without asking ?
  - Guessing the intent somehow

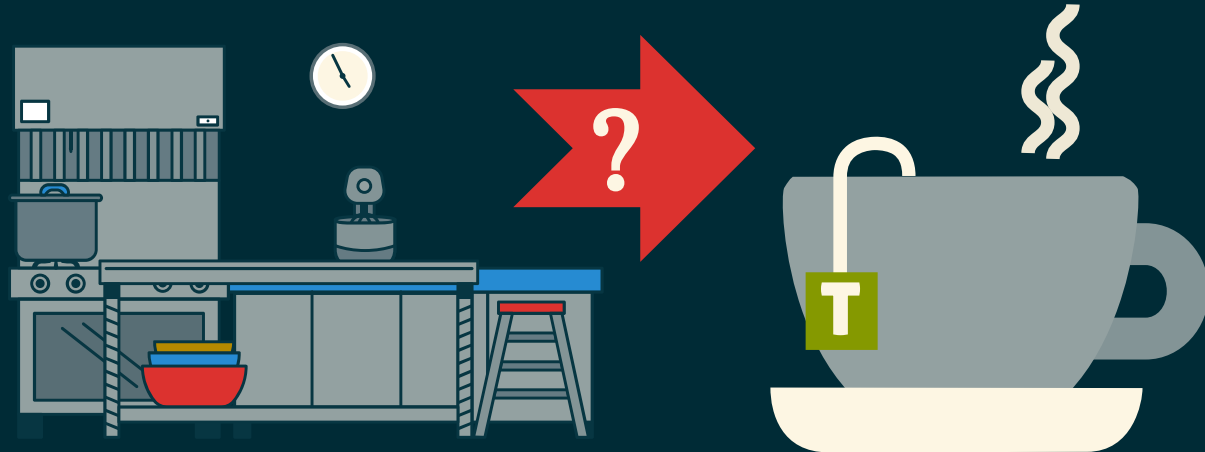
- **INTENT RECOGNITION**

- Observed behavior → Goal
- Using action sequences:  
Plans



# Kitchen Example

- Observation
  - Bob goes in the kitchen
- Available goals
  - Bob cleans the dishes
  - Bob makes tea
  - ...
- Infer correct one
- Issues
  - Multiple goals
  - Interleaving
  - Partial Observation



# *Plan*

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1 Introduction

2 Intent Recognition

3 Knowledge Representation

4 General Planning

5 Flexible Online Planning

6 Conclusion

# 2 Intent Recognition

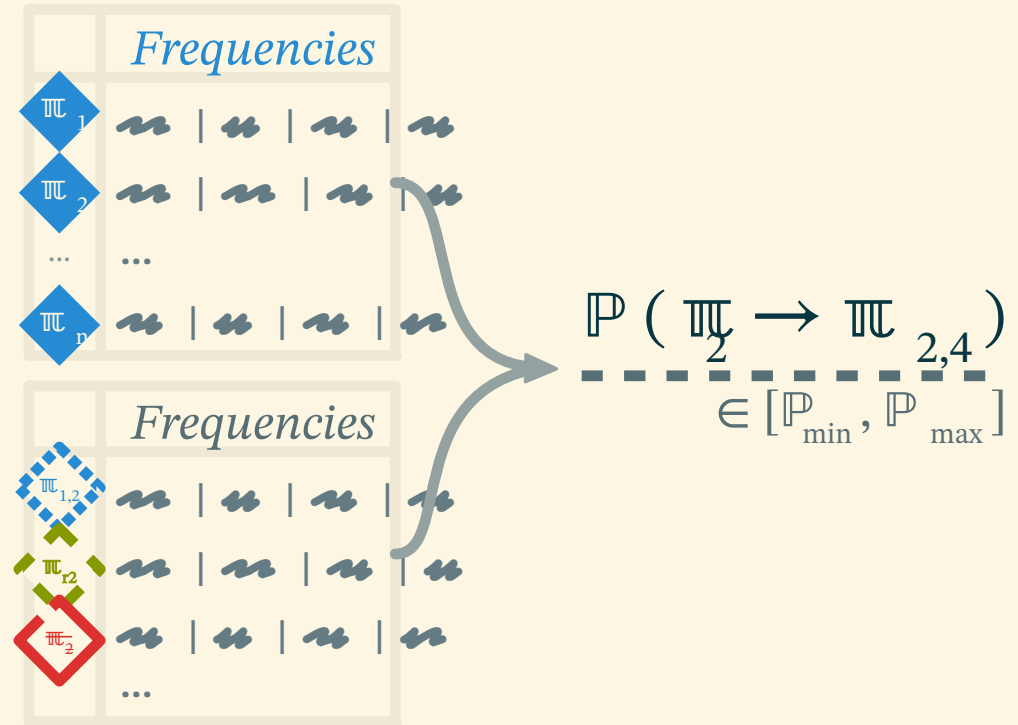
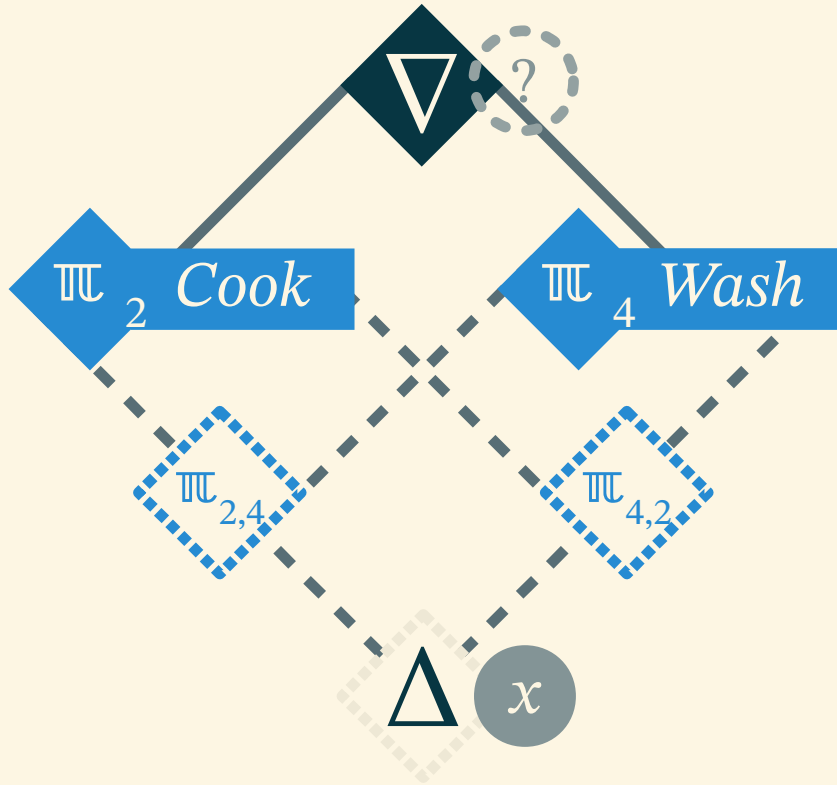


# 2.1 Logic Approach

[@BOUCHARD\_2006]

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- Lattice Based : ✓ Fast computations ✗ Exponential growth





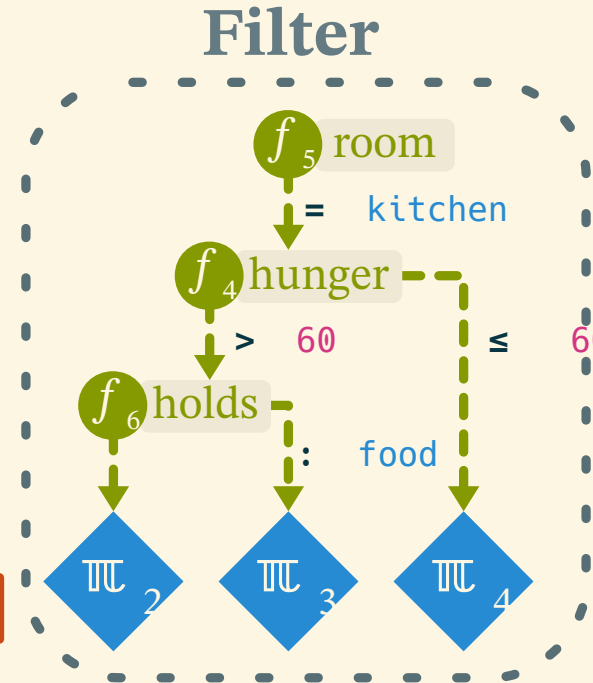
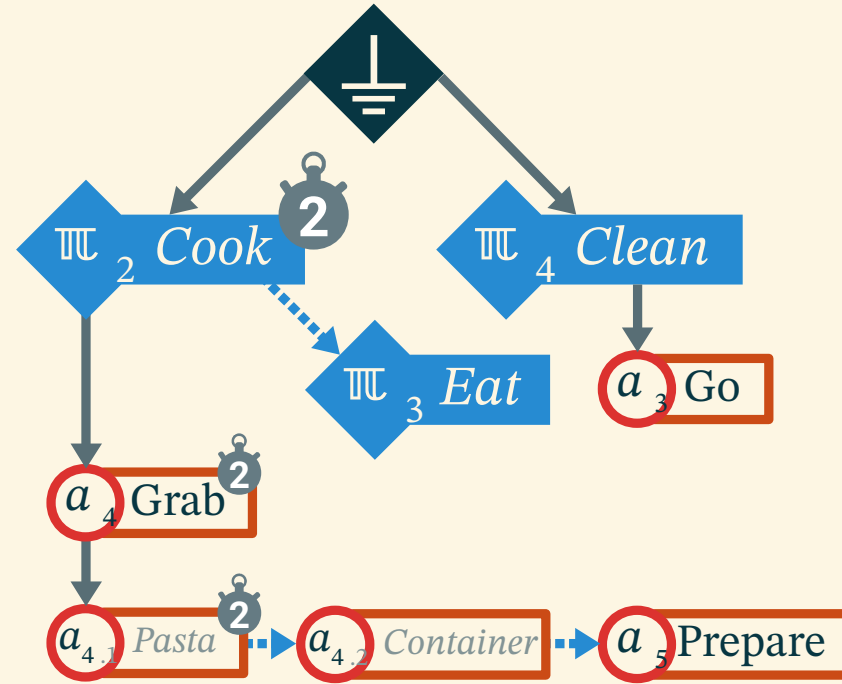
# 2.2 Stochastic Approach

[@avrahami\_2006]

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- And/Or and decision tree :

✓ Accurate  
& efficient  
✗ Handmade  
plan library &  
tree

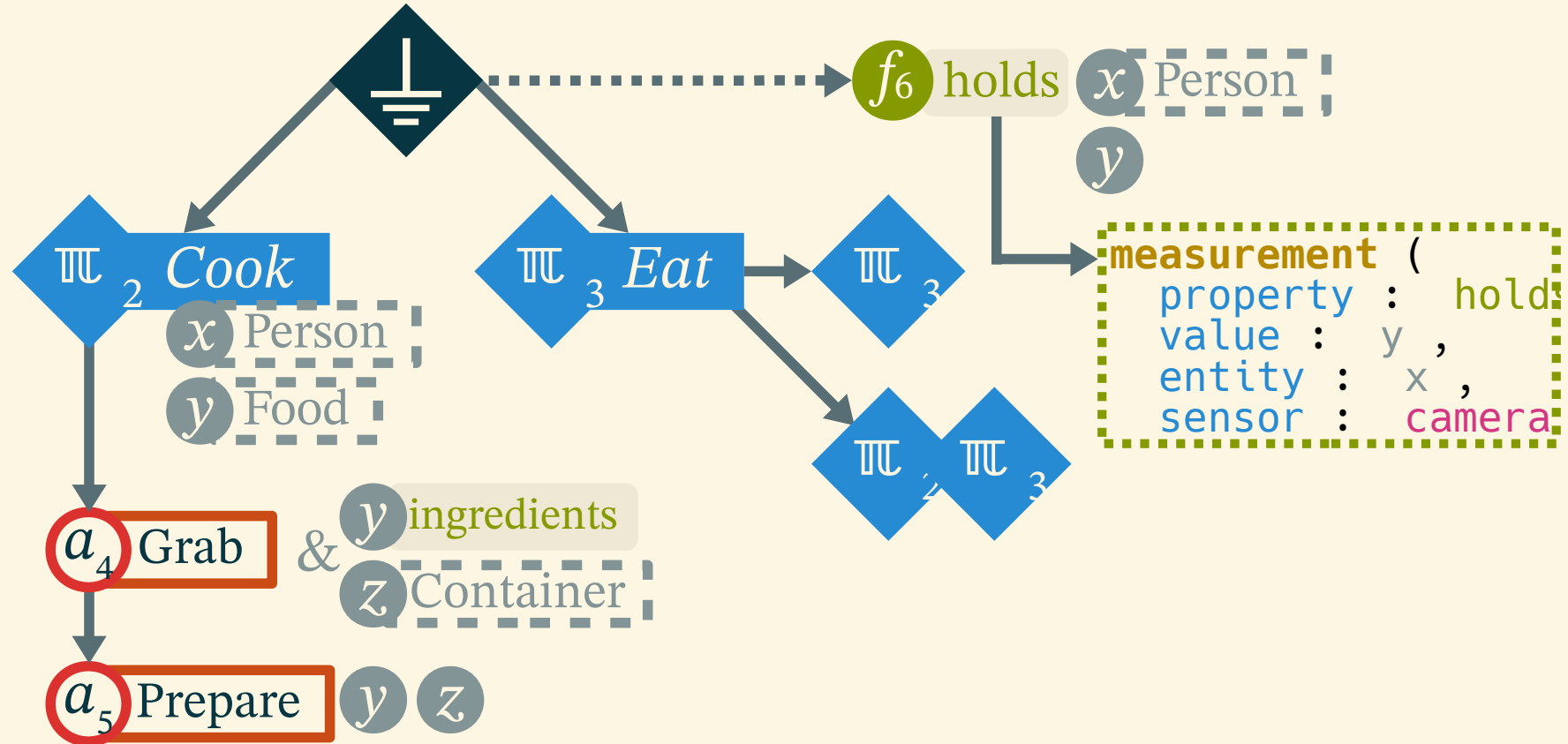


# 2.3 Grammatical Approach

[@VIDAL\_2010]

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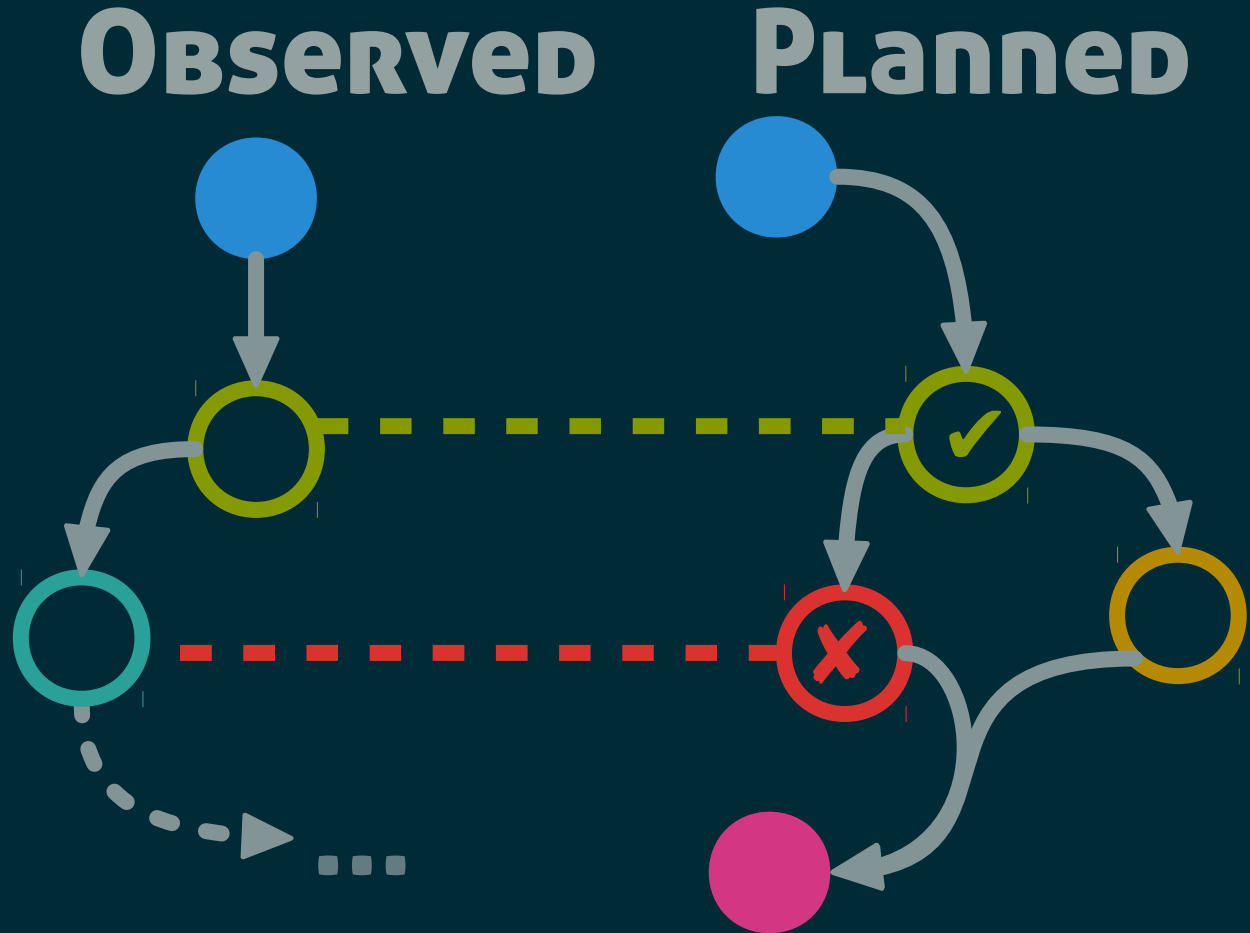
- Valued Grammar : ✓ Versatile ✗ Slow refresh rate (~40s)



# 2.4 Inverted Planning

[@Ramirez\_2008] 11

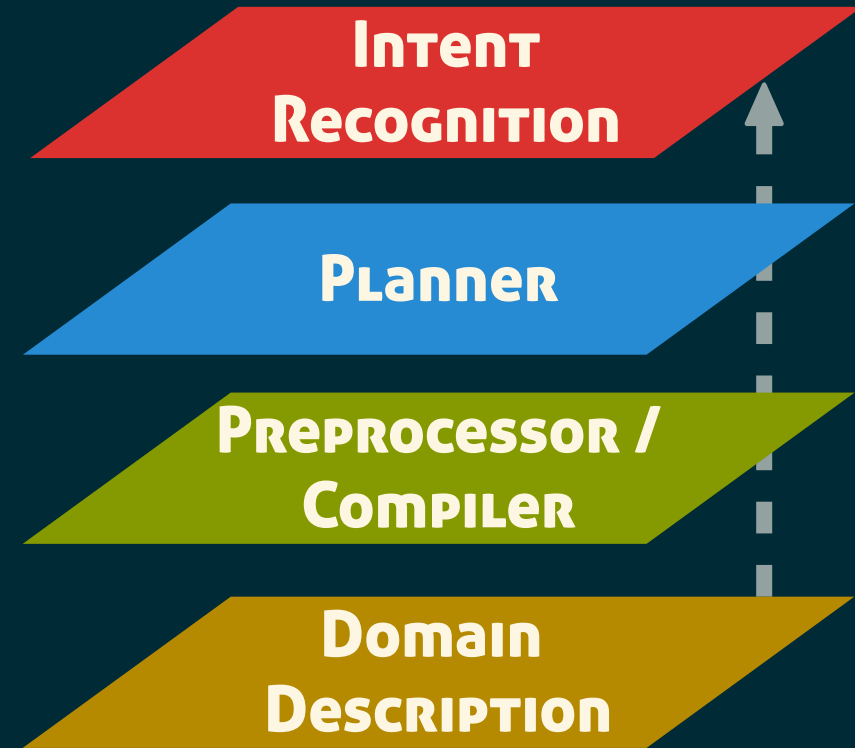
- **Intent Recognition**
  - Find the goal of a plan
- **Planning**
  - Find the plan to a goal
- *Theory of Mind*
  - The easier the plan, the more likely the goal



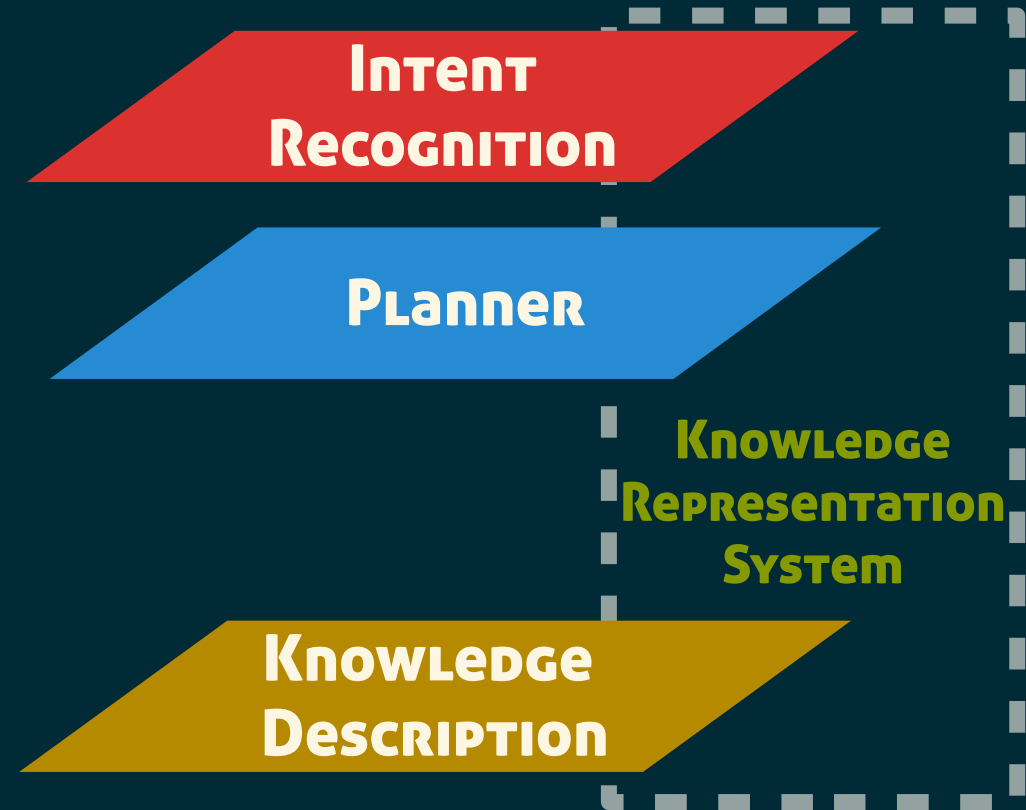
# 2.5 Framework Stacks

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- Existing



- Contribution



# 3 Knowledge Representation



# Knowledge in Planning

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- Reification [[@camBRIDGE](#)]

“The act of changing something abstract into something real

tea is **not** hot;

*a*

*eff*

(tea is hot);

*method*

{( $a_1 \rightarrow a_2$ )};

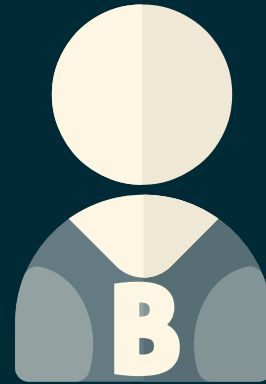
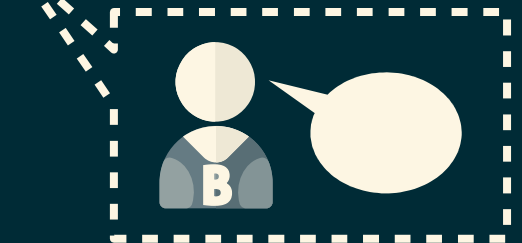
*Abstraction*



**Formalization**



**Interpretation**



# Existing Tools

- **Ontologies**

- Based on Description Logic

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>

<RDF>
  <Description about="Bob">
    <likes>Tea</likes>
    <location>Kitchen</location>
  </Description>
</RDF>
```

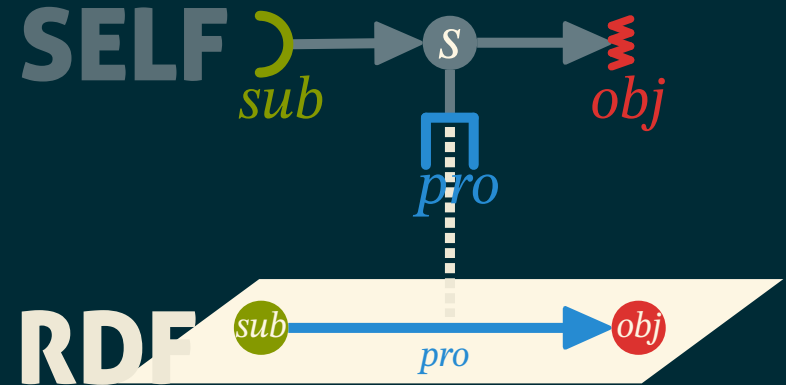
- **Languages**

- RDF
- OWL-(Lite, DL, Full)
- ...

- **Issues**

- Reification inefficient
- Higher order knowledge
- Flexibility of the structure

- Self defined
  - Structure = meaning
  - **Ex:**  $*x = x;$
- More expressive
- Native reification
  - Express fluents and states in higher order spaces
  - Methods for hierarchical planning



Examples:

$s = (\text{bob } \bar{a} \text{ kitchen});$

$\alpha \text{ pre } s;$

$\alpha \text{ methods}$

$\{\text{go}(\text{kitchen}) \rightarrow \text{take}(\text{cup})\};$



# 4 General Planning



# Classical Planning

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- Domain
  - Fluents
    - Formula over objects
  - States
    - Properties of the world
    - Formula over fluents
  - Actions
    - Precondition
    - Effects
- Problem
  - Initial state
  - Goal state
- Plan (solution)
  - Action sequence
  - Order
    - Total
    - Partial

# Example

- **Fluents**

- thing *taken*
- *hot water, tea ready*

- **Actions**

- *take, brew, boil, ...*



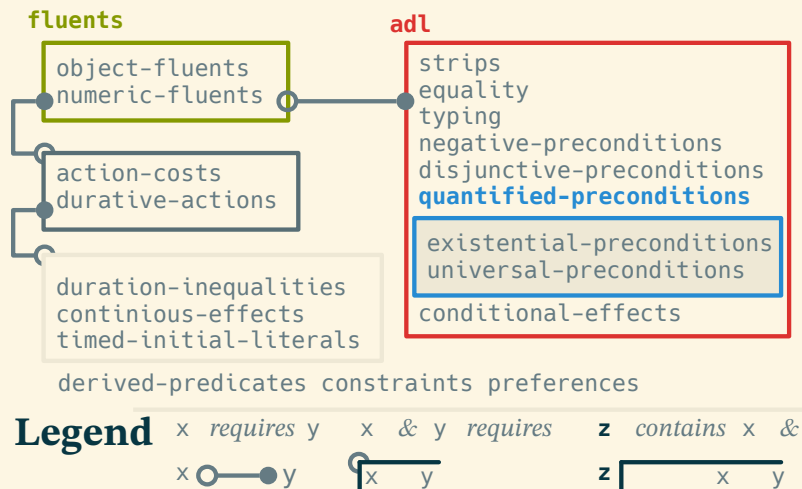
*Initial State*



**Goal State**

# Existing Frameworks

- Standard language: **PDDL**
  - Numerous extensions to the language
  - Not used in probabilistic or hierarchical planning
  - Most of the time translated into an intermediate language for planners

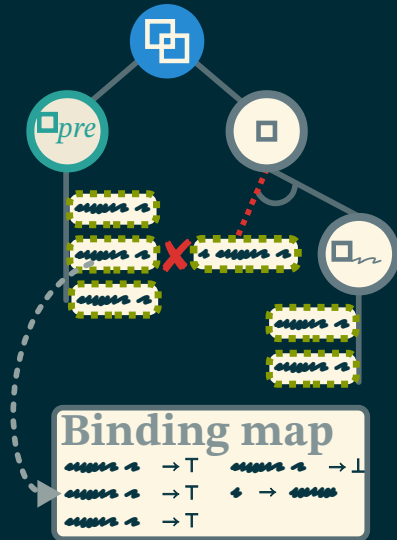


- Temporal
  - PDDL+
  - ANML
- Probabilistic
  - PPDDL
  - **RDDL**
- Multi-Agent
  - MAPL
  - MA-PDDL
- Hierarchical
  - UMCP
  - SHOP2
  - **HDDL**
  - HPDDL
- Ontological
  - *WebPDDL*
  - *OPT*
- Hybrids
  - **SIADEx**

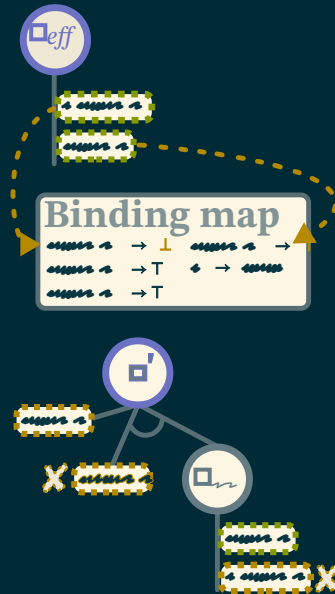
# Planning Formalism Revisited [@GRéa] 21

- **States**
  - And/Or trees of **Fluents**
- **Actions**
  - **Precondition, Effects**
  - **Constraints**
  - **Cost, Duration, Probability**
  - **Methods** ( $\text{eff} \rightarrow \text{pre}$ )

Verifying

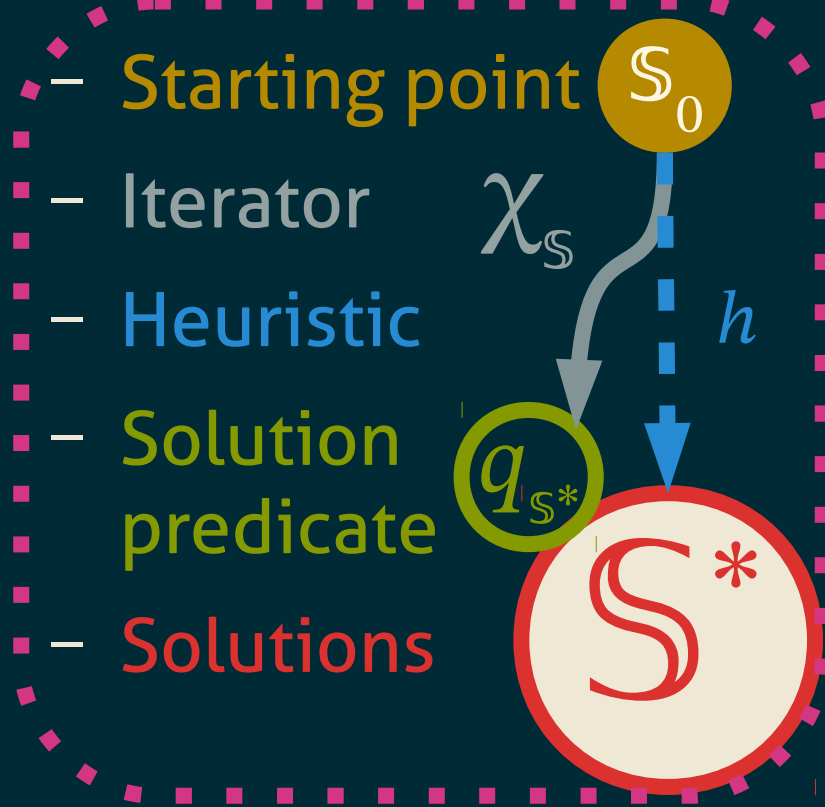


Applying



# General Planning Framework [GREA] 22

- Search Space



- Instances available for

- State-transition ↴

- Plan space

- Case based

- Probabilistic

- Hierarchical

$$S_0 = a^0_{\text{(initial)}}$$

$$\chi_s = a \in A_{\text{(actions)}}$$

$$q_{s^*} = (=a^*)_{\text{(goal)}}$$

$$S = \square_{\text{(states)}}$$

# COLOR Framework

[@GRéa]

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```
(define (domain tea)
  (:requirements :equality :object-fluents)
  (:types container, liquid, item)
  (:constants no-item - item, water - liquid, cup -
container)
  (:predicates (hot ?x - liquid))
  (:functions (taken) - item)

  (:action take
    :parameters (?x - item)
    :precondition (and (= (taken ?x) no-item))
    :effect (and (assign (taken) ?x)))

  (:action heat
    :parameters (?x - liquid)
    :precondition (and (not (hot ?x))
                      (= (taken ?x) ?x))
    :effect (and (hot ?x)))
```

```
"planning.w" = ? ;

take(item) pre (taken(~), ?(item));
take(item) eff (taken(item));

heat(thing) pre (~(hot(thing)), taken(thing));
heat(thing) eff (hot(thing));

make(drink) method (
  init(make(drink)) → take(spoon),
  take(spoon) → put(spoon),
  init(make(drink)) → infuse(drink,water,cup),
  infuse(drink,water,cup) → take(cup),
  take(cup) → put(cup),
  put(spoon) → goal(make(drink)),
  infuse(drink,water,cup) → goal(make(drink)),
  put(cup) → goal(make(drink))
);
```



# 5 Flexible Online Planning

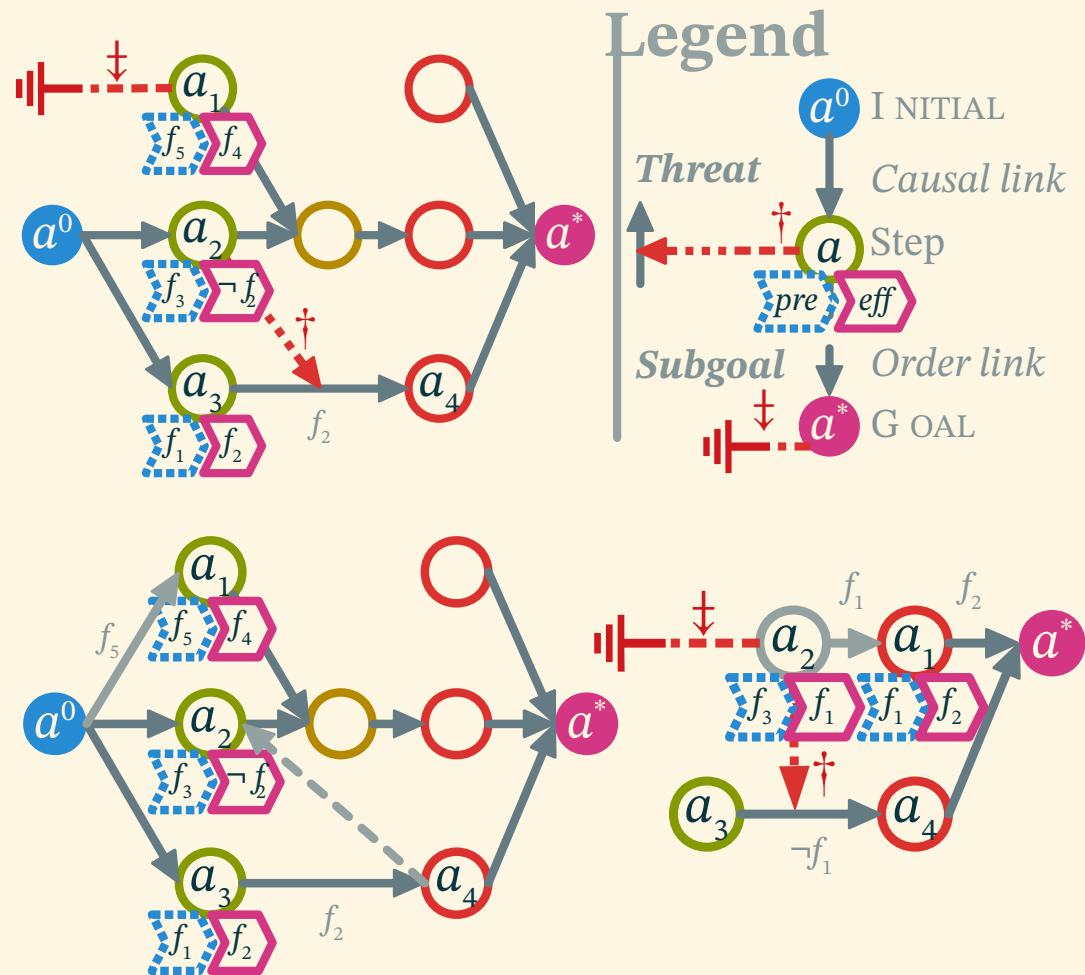
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# Plan Space Planning

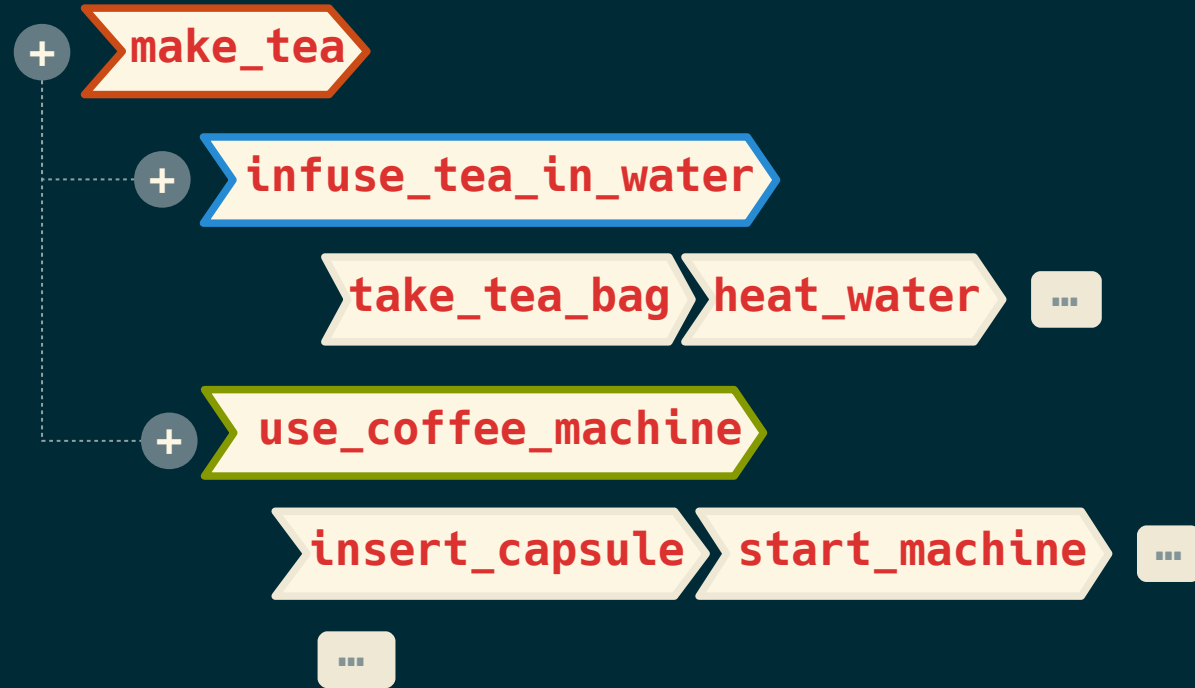
- Exploration by refinements
- Flaws
  - Subgoals
  - Threats
- Resolvers
  - Side effects
- May need backtracking



# Hierarchical Task Networks

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- Based on tasks decomposition
  - Replace task with method
- Lots of different approaches



# Planning Phases

- Phases dependent on
  - Available information
  - Timing constraints
  - Planning paradigm



Domain   
compilation

*Initialisation*



**Planning**

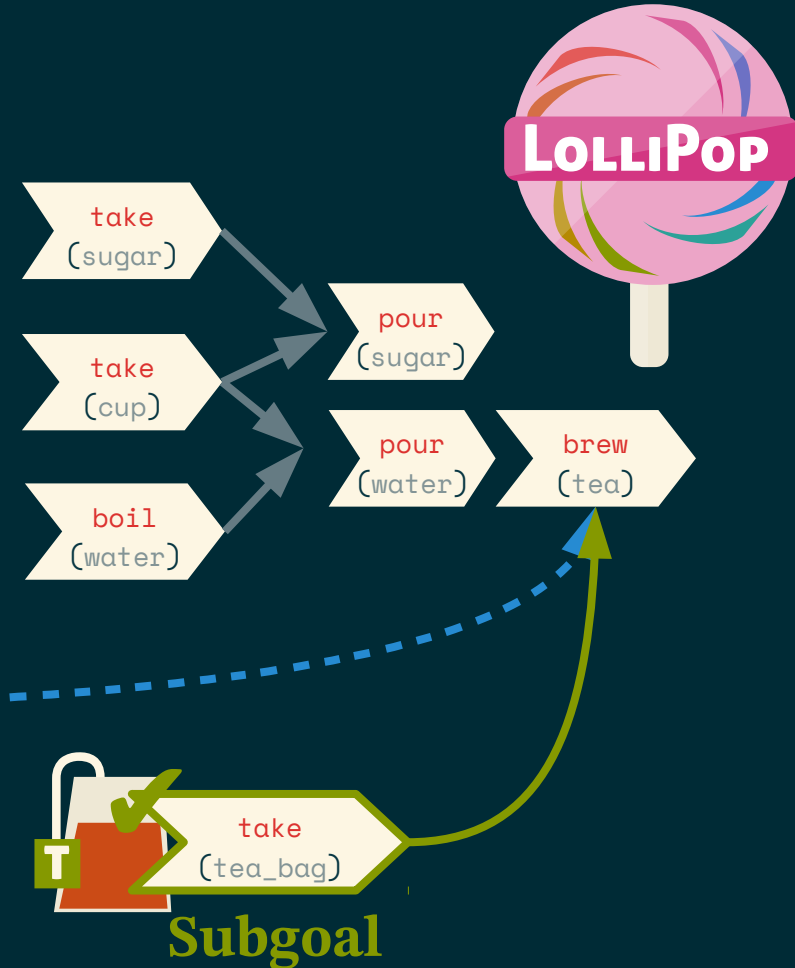
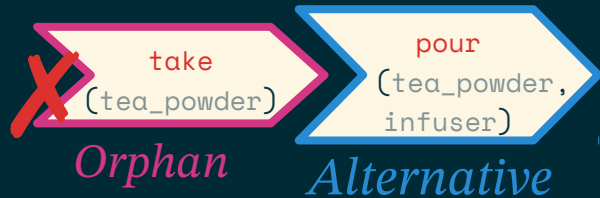


 Solution  
optimisation

# Plan Repair Prototype

[@GRéa] 28

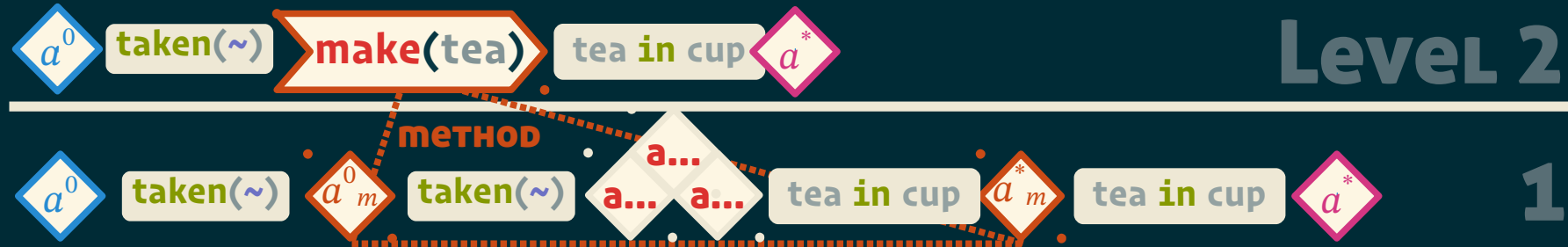
- Partial Order Planner (POP)
- Operator dependency graph
- Negative refinements
- Alternatives & Orphans



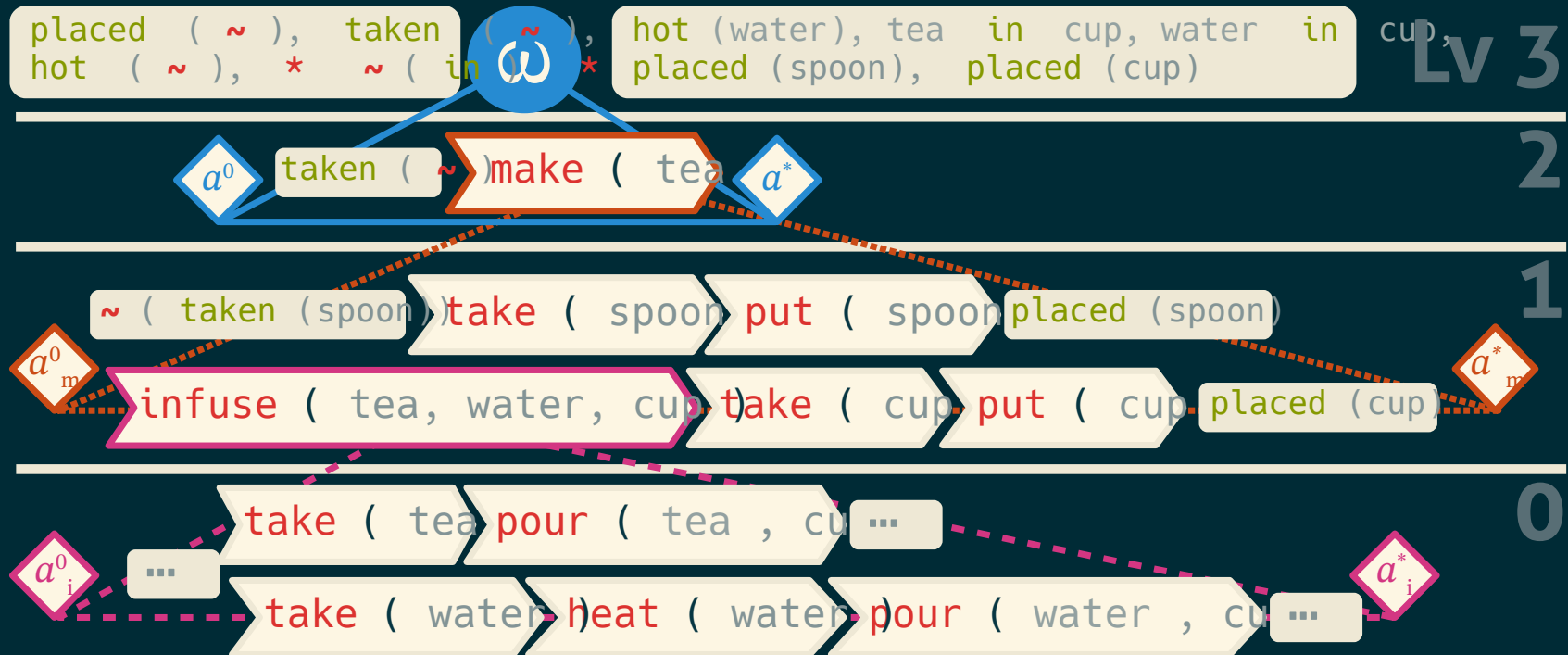
- Utility Heuristics

# Abstract Planning

- HTN + POP planning
- Partial Resolution
  - An abstract solution at every level of abstraction
- Search by level
  - Expansion after completion :
- Decomposition flaw
  - Resolver : Decompose one composite action in the plan

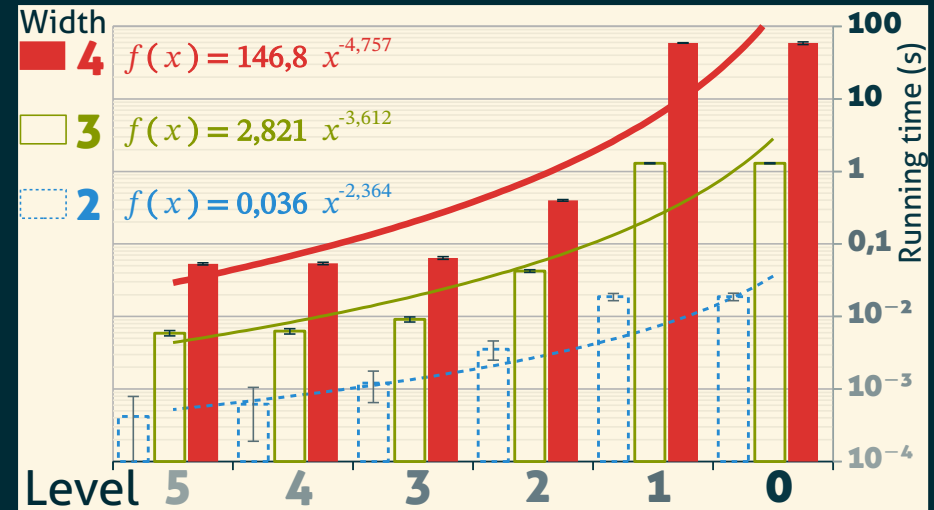
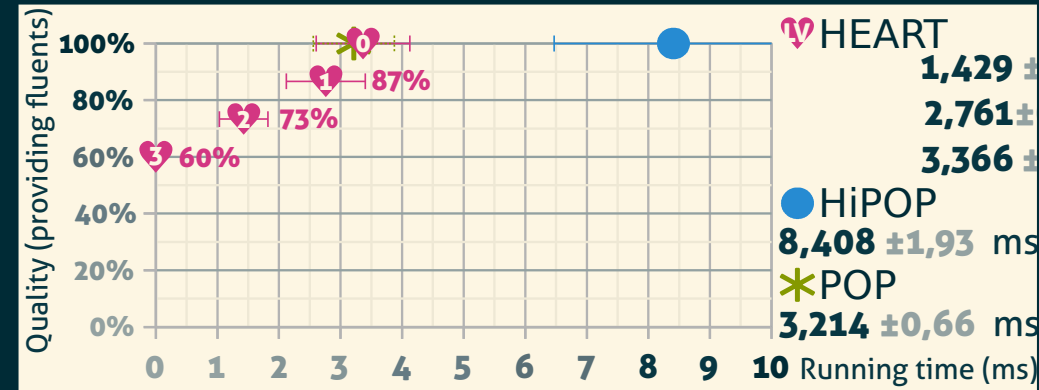


- Low priority for expansion
- Each level is a plan (abstract solution)
- Change of level
  - Propagation of atomic actions
  - Expansion of Composite Equities



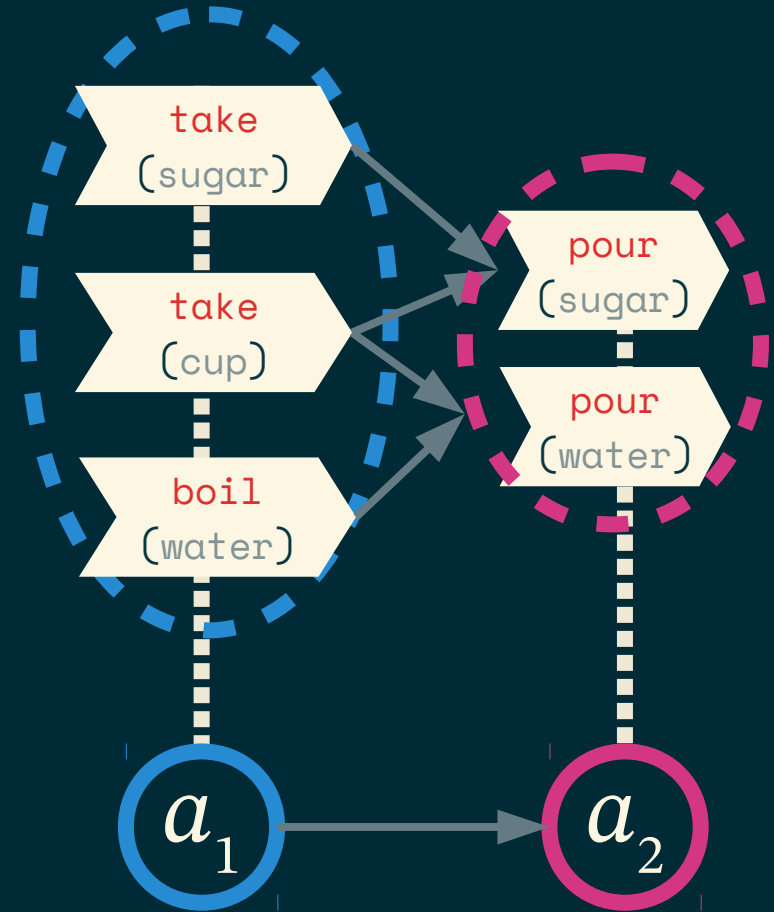
# Results

- 60% of the fluents before planning
- Exponentially faster at high abstraction levels
- Faster than HiPOP on some problems
- Common problems solved in milliseconds!



# Toward Intent Recognition

- Linearized parallel actions using graph quotient
- Abstraction makes it easier (smaller plans)
- Backward chaining is inefficient





# 6 Conclusion

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# Contributions & Results

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- SELF: A knowledge description language defined by structure
- COLOR: A general framework for planning with its formalization
- LOLLIPOP: A plan repair planner for online planning
- HEART: A flexible approach to real-time planning for abstract planning

- SELF Improvement
  - Improve the instantiation workflow
  - Parameterize flexibility performances
- Planning Colorized
  - Conversion tool from PDDL
  - Make a clean implementation for community use
- Fixing Planning Domains
  - Allow HEART to discover new HTN methods (macro-action learning)

# Thanks for listening !

