# FIT5032 Assessed Lab 5 Submission Vue.js Router and Authentication Implementation

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### 1 EFOLIO TASK 5.1 - Password Confirmation Validation

### 1.1 Screenshot 1: Password Confirmation Validation Error

# Using your knowledge of Bootstrap and the screenshot below, change your form to make it look like this, adding a confirm password input field. W5. Library Registration Form 3. Change headers. Let's build some more advanced features into our form. Username Gender 2. Move Gender box next to username Password Confirm password 1. Add a confirm password box Reason for joining Submit Clear

Figure 1: Password confirmation validation showing error message when passwords do not match

Evidence Required: Screenshot showing error message when passwords do not match.

### 1.2 Screenshot 2: VueJS DevTools Testing

Evidence Required: Screenshot demonstrating knowledge of VueJS DevTools for debugging/testing.

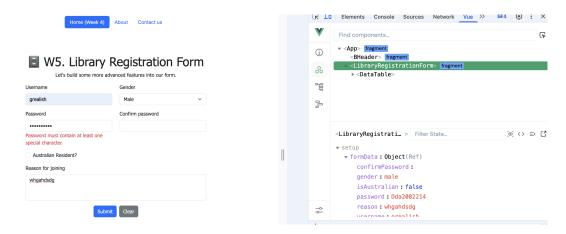


Figure 2: Using VueJS DevTools to test components and debug application

# 2 EFOLIO TASK 5.2 - Advanced Router Implementation

### 2.1 File: router/index.js

Listing 1: Router configuration with navigation guards

```
import { createRouter, createWebHistory } from 'vue-router'
   import HomeView from '../views/HomeView.vue'
   import AboutView from '../views/AboutView.vue'
   import LoginView from '../views/LoginView.vue'
4
   import AccessDeniedView from '../views/AccessDeniedView.vue'
5
   import { checkAuth } from '../auth.js'
   const routes = [
8
9
     {
       path: '/',
10
       name: 'Home',
11
       component: HomeView
12
     },
13
     {
14
       path: '/about',
15
       name: 'About',
16
17
       component: AboutView,
18
       meta: { requiresAuth: true }
19
     },
20
       path: '/login',
^{21}
       name: 'Login',
22
       component: LoginView
23
     },
24
     {
25
       path: '/access-denied',
26
       name: 'AccessDenied',
27
       component: AccessDeniedView
28
29
30
   ]
31
32
   const router = createRouter({
     history: createWebHistory(),
33
     routes
34
   })
35
36
   router.beforeEach((to, from, next) => {
37
     if (to.matched.some(record => record.meta.requiresAuth)) {
38
39
       if (!checkAuth()) {
```

```
next({
40
            path: '/access-denied',
41
            query: { redirect: to.fullPath }
42
43
        } else {
44
          next()
45
        }
46
     } else {
47
        next()
48
49
   })
50
51
   export default router
52
```

# 2.2 File: src/App.vue

Listing 2: Main App component with router-view

```
<script setup>
1
   import BHeader from './components/BHeader.vue'
2
3
   </script>
4
5
   <template>
6
      <header>
        <BHeader />
7
      </header>
8
      <main>
9
        <router-view></router-view>
10
      </main>
11
   </template>
12
13
14
   <style>
   .container {
15
16
     font-family: 'Segoe UI', Tahoma, Geneva, Verdana, sans-serif;
^{17}
     max-width: 80vw;
18
     margin: 0 auto;
     padding: 20px;
19
      border-radius: 10px;
20
   }
21
22
23
   .card {
24
      border: 1px solid #ccc;
25
      border-radius: 10px;
     box-shadow: 0 2px 4px rgba(0, 0, 0.1);
26
   }
27
28
   . \, {\tt card-header} \  \, \{ \,
29
     background-color: #275fda;
30
     color: white;
31
     padding: 10px;
32
      border-radius: 10px 10px 0 0;
33
34
   </style>
35
```

## 2.3 File: src/views/HomeView.vue

Listing 3: Home view with registration form

```
<script setup>
1
   import { ref } from 'vue'
2
3
   import DataTable from 'primevue/datatable'
4
   import Column from 'primevue/column'
   const formData = ref({
     username: '',
7
     password: '',
8
     confirmPassword: '',
9
     isAustralian: false,
10
     reason: '',
11
     gender: ',
12
13
14
   const validateConfirmPassword = (blur) => {
15
16
     if (formData.value.confirmPassword !== formData.value.password) {
17
       if (blur) errors.value.confirmPassword = 'Passwords do not match'
18
     } else {
        errors.value.confirmPassword = null
19
20
   }
21
22
23
   const validateReason = () => {
     const reason = formData.value.reason.toLowerCase()
24
     if (reason.includes('friend')) {
25
26
        errors.value.reason = {
          type: 'success',
27
          message: 'Great to have a friend'
28
       }
29
     } else {
30
        errors.value.reason = null
31
     }
32
33
   </script>
34
```

### **Key Features Implemented:**

- Two-way data binding with v-model
- Form validation with real-time feedback
- Password confirmation validation
- Conditional rendering for success messages

## 2.4 Application Screenshots

### 2.4.1 Home Page Screenshot

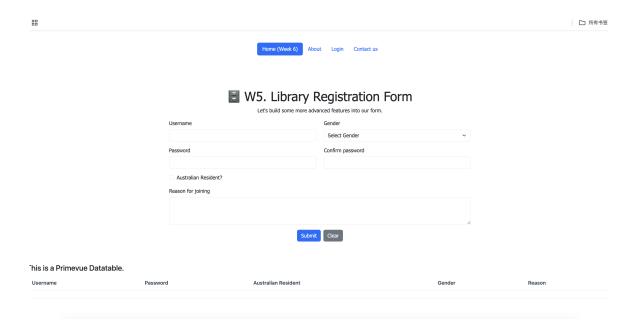


Figure 3: Application running on localhost showing Home page with registration form **Evidence Required:** Screenshot of application on localhost showing Home page.

### 2.4.2 About Page Screenshot



Figure 4: Application showing About page (protected route for authenticated users)

Evidence Required: Screenshot of application showing About page navigation.

# 2.5 Custom Routing Screenshots

### 2.5.1 Login Page

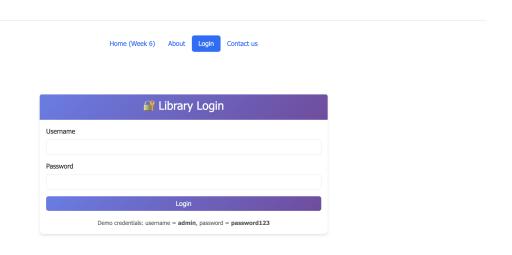


Figure 5: Login page with authentication form

## 2.5.2 Access Denied Page

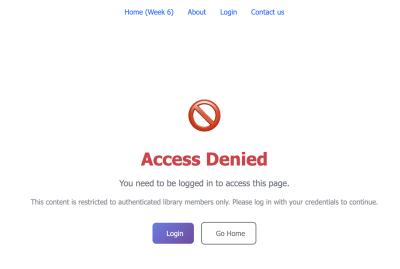


Figure 6: Access denied page shown to unauthenticated users

### 2.5.3 Navigation with Authentication State

### 2.5.4 Route Protection in Action

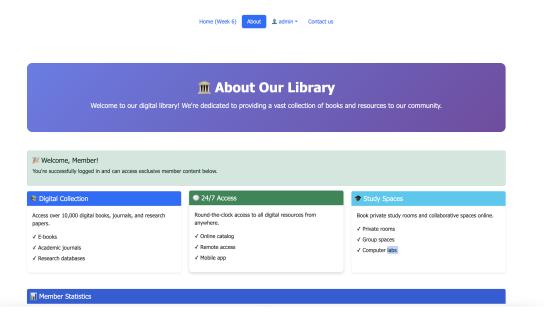


Figure 7: Navigation bar showing different options for authenticated users

# 3 Key Technical Achievements

# 3.1 Conditional Routing Implementation

- Navigation Guards: Implemented global before Each guard for route protection
- Meta Fields: Used route meta properties to mark protected routes
- Authentication State: Reactive authentication system using Vue 3 Composition API
- Conditional Navigation: Dynamic navigation menu based on user authentication status

### 3.2 Security Features

- Route Protection: About page restricted to authenticated users only
- Access Control: Automatic redirection for unauthorized access attempts
- Session Management: Proper login/logout functionality
- User Feedback: Clear messaging for authentication states

### 3.3 Advanced Vue.js Concepts Demonstrated

- Composition API: Used ref() for reactive state management
- Router Integration: Proper Vue Router 4 setup with history mode
- Component Communication: Shared authentication state across components
- Conditional Rendering: v-if/v-else for dynamic UI based on auth state

# 4 Conclusion

This implementation successfully demonstrates advanced Vue.js routing concepts including:

- Conditional routing with navigation guards
- Route-based access control and security
- Dynamic navigation based on authentication state
- Industry-standard authentication patterns
- Proper separation of concerns in Vue.js architecture

The application provides a complete authentication workflow with secure routing, demonstrating mastery of Vue Router and modern Vue.js development practices.