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MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (Constituent Institute of Manipal University) MANIPAL-576104



FIFTH SEMESTER BE DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION 14th NOVEMBER 2009

THEORY OF COMPUTATION (CSE 301) (REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM)

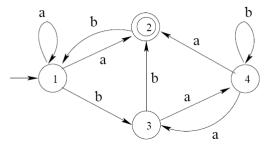
TIME: 3 HOURS MAX.MARKS: 50

Instructions to Candidates

- Answer **any five** full questions.
- Missing data can be suitably assumed.
- 1a. Prove that for any positive integer number n, $(n^3 + 2 n)$ is divisible by 3.
- 1b. Construct DFAs for the following language. In all cases the alphabet is {0, 1}.
 - i. $L_1 = \{ w \mid w \text{ begins with } 1 \text{ and ends with } 0 \}$
 - ii. $L_2 = \{w \mid w \text{ contains an even number of } 0\text{'s, or exactly two } 1\text{'s}\}$
- 1c. Let $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. Let L be the language of all words that contain at least one letter, and that begin and end with the same letter. Write a regular expression that defines L.

(4+4+2)

2a. Consider the following state diagram N.



Apply the subset construction to obtain a DFA M that is equivalent to N and state the corresponding elements in its formal definition.

- 2b. Design a CFG for the language $L = \{a^i b^j c^k d^m \mid i+j=k+m\}$ with i, j, k, m ≥ 0 .
- 2c. If $L = 0*1*0^+$, Provide an NFA recognizing L with exactly three states.

(5+3+2)

- 3a. State and prove the Pumping Lemma for regular languages.
- 3b. Remove all unit productions, useless productions, and λ productions from the grammar given below.

S -> Aa / aBB B -> bB / bbC A -> aaA / λ C -> B

3c. What is an ambiguous grammar? Explain with an example.

(4+3+3)

- 4a. Prove that L={ $a^{2n}b^{2m}c^nd^m : n,m \ge 0$ } is not a CFL using pumping lemma for CFL's.
- 4b. Show that $L = \{w \in \{a,b\}^* : n_a(w) \neq n_b(w) \text{ is a deterministic context free language.}$
- 4c. Define Chomsky Normal form and Greibach Normal form.

(4+4+2)

- 5a. Design a deterministic turing machine for a palindrome of even length $\Sigma = (a,b)$. Show the instantaneous descriptions for any string accepted by the machine of length 4.
- 5b. Explain the working of turing machine as a transducer with an example.
- 5c. Discuss the Closure properties of CFL's.

(5+3+2)

- 6a. What are multitape Turing machines? How can they be simulated using a single tape Turing machine.
- 6b. Explain the Chomsky hierarchy.
- 6c. Write notes on the halting problem.

(5+3+2)
