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 <p>प्रज्ञानं ब्रह्म Manipal INSPIRED BY LIFE</p>	<p>MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (Constituent Institute of Manipal University) MANIPAL-576104</p>	
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FIFTH SEMESTER B.E(CSE)
End semester exam
Principles Of Programming Languages(CSE-303)
25-11-2008

TIME : 3 HOUR

MAX. MARKS : 50

Instructions to Candidates

- Answer any five full questions
- Answer should be clear and concise in point form
- Missing data can be suitably assumed

- 1a) In C++, in presence of side effects the function evaluates to different results on same datasets which design principle does it violate? Define that design principle.(3marks).
- 1b) The syntax of a language is cryptic which design principle does this aid? Define that design principle. (3marks).
- 1c) Write down while statement equivalent of the following statement.
If(e) s1 else s2 //where “e” evaluates to either zero or one. (2marks).
- 1d) List the subdivisions of efficiency design principle. (2marks).
- 2a) “Any expression can be used within the conditional statement”.Which design principle the language supporting? Define that design principle. (3marks).
- 2b)Using the following grammar

$$E \rightarrow E+T \mid E * T \mid T$$

$$T \rightarrow 0 \mid 1 \mid 2 \mid 3 \mid 4 \mid 5 \mid 6 \mid 7 \mid 8 \mid 9 \mid (E)$$
 Draw a parse tree & abstract syntax tree for each of the following
 i)5+4*3 ii)5*4+3 (5marks).
- 2c)Given the following Java declaration
 short i=2;
 the java compiler generates an error for the statement
 i=i+i;
 why? (2marks).

3a) Disambiguate the following grammar also give EBNF notation for the disambiguous grammar.

$E \rightarrow E+E \mid E-E \mid E * E \mid E \% E \mid E^E \mid (E) \mid \text{num}$

$\text{num} \rightarrow \text{num digit} \mid \text{digit}$

$\text{digit} \rightarrow 0 \mid 1 \mid 2 \mid 3 \mid 4 \mid 5 \mid 6 \mid 7 \mid 8 \mid 9$

Priority & associativity of the operators are as in language C++. (5marks).

3b) Draw the symbol table structure at point1 for the following code.

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct
{
    int a;
    char b;
    double c;
}x={8,'b',2.5};
void p(void)
{
    struct
    {
        double a;
        int b;
        char c;
    }x={1.2,5,'e'};
    /*point1*/ printf ("%f %d %c\n",x.a,x.b,x.c);
}
main( )
{
    p( );
    return 0;
}
```

(5marks).

4a) Write an exception handler to handle division by zero error in C++ or Java. (3marks).

4b) Write iterative versions of quicksort and merge sort. (7marks).

5a) Write complete algebraic specification for Boolean data type. Identify the constructors, selectors & predicates. Find out total number of axioms possible. (7marks).

5b) prove that

$\text{if-statement} \rightarrow \text{if}(\text{expression})\text{statement} [\text{else statement}]$

is ambiguous. Disambiguate the above grammar. (3marks).

6a) A tautology is a statement that is always true, no matter what the truth values of its components. Use the truth table to show that $\text{false} \rightarrow p$ is a tautology for any statement p. (2marks).

6b) Write Scheme procedures to

i) find factorial of a number.

ii) find whether element is present in a list.

iii) find the sum of two lists. ((2+3+3)marks).