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MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
 (Constituent Institute of Manipal University)
 MANIPAL-576104



SIXTH SEMESTER B.E (CSE) DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION
 MAY/JUNE 2013

Advanced Database Systems (CSE 310.2)
 (REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM)
 -07-2013

TIME: 3 HOURS

MAX.MARKS: 50

Instruction to Candidates

- Answer **any five** full questions

- Assume (for simplicity in this exercise) that only one tuple fits in a block and memory holds at most 3 page frames. Show the runs created on each pass of the sort-merge algorithm, when applied to sort the following tuples on the first attribute: (kangaroo, 17), (wallaby, 21), (emu, 1), (wombat, 13), (platypus, 3), (lion, 8), (warthog, 4), (zebra, 11), (meerkat, 6), (hyena, 9), (hornbill, 2), (baboon, 12).
 - Explain any SIX selection operations on a relation whose tuples are stored together in one file.
 - Let relations $r1(A,B,C)$ and $r2(C,D,E)$ have the following properties: $r1$ has 20,000 tuples, $r2$ has 45,000 tuples, 25 tuples of $r1$ fit on one block, and 30 tuples of $r2$ fit on one block. Estimate the number of block accesses required, using each of the following join strategies for $r1 \bowtie r2$:
 - Nested-loop join
 - Block nested-loop join

(3+3+4)
- Suppose that a B+-tree index on building is available on relation department, and that no other index is available. What would be the best way to handle the following selections that involve negation?
 - $\sigma \neg (\text{building} < \text{"Watson"}) (\text{department})$
 - $\sigma \neg (\text{building} = \text{"Watson"}) (\text{department})$
 - $\sigma \neg (\text{building} < \text{"Watson"} \vee \text{budget} < 50000) (\text{department})$
 - Write a nested query on the relation account(account_number, branch_name, balance) to find, for each branch with name starting with B, all accounts with maximum balance at the branch.
 - Rewrite the above query, without using nested query (decorrelate the query)

((2+2+2)+(2+2))
- Show that the two-phase locking protocol ensures conflict serializability, and that transactions can be serialized according to their lock points
 - Explain why log records for transactions on the undo-list must be processed in

- reverse order, whereas redo is performed in a forward direction
- C) Explain the purpose of the checkpoint mechanism. How often should checkpoints be performed? How does the frequency of checkpoints affect:
- System performance when no failure occurs?
 - The time it takes to recover from a system crash?
 - The time it takes to recover from a media (disk) failure?
- (4+3+3)
- 4 A) Explain deferred database modification and immediate database modification
- B) Explain the checkpoint mechanism with an example. (6+4)
- 5 A) Consider a database schema with a relation Emp whose attributes are as shown below, with types specified for multivalued attributes.
- Emp = (ename, ChildrenSet **multiset**(Children), SkillSet **multiset**(Skills))
- Children = (name, birthday)
- Skills = (type, ExamSet **setof**(Exams))
- Exams = (year, city)
- Using the above schema, write the following queries in SQL.
- Find the names of all employees who have a child born on or after January 1, 2000.
 - Find those employees who took an examination for the skill type “typing” in the city “Dayton”.
 - List all skill types in the relation Emp.
- B) Explain the persistent C++ systems. ((2+2+2) + 4)
- 6 A) Consider a distributed database for a bookstore chain called National Books with 3 sites called East, Middle and West and Stock is replicated in all the three sites.
- Books(book_Id, primary_author, topic, total_stock, price)
- BookStore(Store_Id,city,state,zip,inventory_value)
- Stock(Store_Id, Book_Id, city)
- Consider that Books are fragmented by price amounts into:
- B1:Book1:price up to \$20 B2:Book2:price from \$ 20.01 to \$50
- B3:Book3: price from \$ 50.01 to \$ 100 B4:Book4: price from \$100.01 and above.
- Similarly, BookStore is divided by ZIP code into:
- East: Zip up to 35000 Middle: Zip 35001 to 70000 West: Zip 70001 to 99999
- Assume further that Books are allocated as East site:B1,B4 West site:B1,B2
- Middle site:B1,B2,B3,B4
- If the book price of book_id=1234 is updated to from \$45 to \$55 at site middle, what update does generate?
- Describe a good strategy for processing each of the following queries.
- Retrieve the book_id, total_stock of books whose price is in between 15 and 55.
 - Retrieve all the books stored in “Mangalore” bookstore.
- B) Explain the following i) single lock manager approach ii) Distributed lock manager approach. ((2+2+2) + 4)