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MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
 (Constituent Institute of Manipal University)
 MANIPAL-576104



VI SEM B.Tech (CSE) DEGREE END SEM MAKE UP EXAM
CSE 324: CRYPTOGRAPHY & NETWORK SECURITY
 DATE : xx- 05-2014

TIME : 3 HOURS

MAX.MARKS : 50

Instructions to Candidates

- Answer any **FIVE** full questions.
- Missing data if any, may be suitably assumed.

- 1A. Eve captures Bob's Hill cipher machine, which uses a 2×2 matrix K . She tries a chosen plaintext attack. She finds that the plaintext ba encrypts to HC and the plaintext zz encrypts to GT . What is the matrix K ?
- 1B. What is the difference between diffusion and confusion?
- 1C. From the DES key K (in hexadecimal): $133457799BBCDFF1$, derive K_1 , the first-round subkey (in hexadecimal). Use the following tables in computation. (4+2+4)

Table: PC-1

57	49	41	33	25	17	9
1	58	50	42	34	26	18
10	2	59	51	43	35	27
19	11	3	60	52	44	36
63	55	47	39	31	23	15
7	62	54	46	38	30	22
14	6	61	53	45	37	29
21	13	5	28	20	12	4

Table: PC-2

14	17	11	24	1	5	3	28
15	6	21	10	23	19	12	4
26	8	16	7	27	20	13	2
41	52	31	37	47	55	30	40
51	45	33	48	44	49	39	56
34	53	46	42	50	36	29	32

- 2A. Why do some block cipher modes of operation only use encryption while others use both encryption and decryption? Give examples.
- 2B. If the input to AES MIX Column transformation is "D4 BF 5D 30" (in bytes). Compute the output (in bytes).
- 2C. Explain output feedback (OFB) mode encryption and decryption process with neat diagram. State one advantage and one disadvantage of OFB. (2+4+4)

- 3A. Alice and Bob have the same modulus n for RSA, and encryption exponents e_A and e_B with $\gcd(e_A, e_B) = 1$. Charles sends them the same message m encrypted with these keys, resulting in the ciphertexts c_A and c_B . Eve intercepts both c_A and c_B . How can she find m ?
- 3B. Perform encryption and decryption using RSA algorithm for the following:
 $p = 17$; $q = 31$; $e = 7$; $M = 2$
- 3C. What primitive operations are used in RC4?
- 3D. The Miller-Rabin test can determine if a number is not prime but cannot determine if a number is prime. How can such an algorithm be used to test for primality? (2+4+2+2)
- 4A. List and define the seven requirements for a cryptographic hash function?
- 4B. With neat diagram briefly explain five steps of message digest generation using SHA-512.
- 4C. Explain 3 approaches for producing message authentication. (3+4+3)
- 5A. Explain with neat diagram overall operation of the SSL record protocol.
- 5B. What is R64 conversion? Why R64 conversion useful for an email application?
- 5C. Distinguish between two modes of IPSec .
- 5D. With neat diagram explain the structure of PGP private key ring. (3+2+2+3)
- 6A. Define Authentication Header (AH) and state the security service it provides.
- 6B. Explain the difference between statistical anomaly detection and rule-based intrusion detection.
- 6C. What is the difference between worms and viruses? Give an example for each.
- 6D. State three advantages and three disadvantages of circuit-level firewalls. (2+3+2+3)