
DENOISING DIFFUSION MODEL CIFAR-10 DATASET

❖ HYPER PARAMETERS

- 1) IMAGE_SIZE:- The width or height of the image in pixels
- 2) Batch Size: - The number of batches to divide our train data into
- 3) NOISE_EMBEDDING_SIZE:- Size for our noise embedding
- 4) PLOT_DIFFUSION_STEPS:- The number of diffusion steps to go through in noising process.
- 5) EMA: - Exponential Moving Average rate
- 6) LEARNING_RATE:- The learning rate our model will be using in optimizer.
- 7) WEIGHT_DECAY:- The weight decay rate used in AdamW optimizer
- 8) EPOCHS: - The no of Iterations our model will be going through.

❖ Functions

1) display()

Displays and optionally saves a set number of images.

2) preprocess()

Preprocesses image data by scaling pixel values to the range[0, 1].

3) Diffusion Schedule Functions:-

i) linear_diffusion_schedule()

ii) cosine_diffusion_schedule()

iii) offset_cosine_diffusion_schedule()

4)sinusoidal_embeddings()

Creates sinusoidal embedding for the noise variance

5)residual_block()

Defines a residual block to be used in unet model

6)down_block()

Defines a down-sampling block to be used in unet model

7)up_block()

Defines an up-sampling block for the unet model.

8)DiffusionModel

- Purpose: Implements the Diffusion Model class with necessary methods for training, testing, and generating images.
- Methods:
 - `__init__()`: Initializes the model.
 - `compile()`: Compiles the model with necessary configurations.
 - `metrics()`: Returns the metrics used.
 - `denormalize()`: Denormalizes the images.
 - `denoise()`: Denoises the images during the diffusion process.
 - `reverse_diffusion()`: Performs the reverse diffusion process.
 - `generate()`: Generates images using the reverse diffusion process.
 - `train_step()`: Defines the training step.
 - `test_step()`: Defines the testing step.

9)Image Generator Callback Class

Custom callback to generate and display images at the end of each epoch during training

10)spherical_interpolation()

Performs spherical interpolation between 2 points

❖ VARIABLES

i)display Function

- images: Array of images to be displayed.
- n: Number of images to display.
- size: Size of the display figure.
- cmap: Color map for displaying images.
- as_type: Data type for images.
- save_to: File path to save the displayed images.

ii)preprocess Function

- imgs: Array of images to preprocess.

iii)linear_diffusion_schedule Function

- diffusion_times: Array of diffusion times.
- min_rate: Minimum diffusion rate (0.0001).
- max_rate: Maximum diffusion rate (0.02).
- betas: Array of beta values calculated based on diffusion times.
- alphas: Array of alpha values calculated from betas.
- alpha_bars: Cumulative product of alphas.
- signal_rates: Square root of alpha_bars.
- noise_rates: Square root of (1 - alpha_bars).

iv)cosine_diffusion_schedule Function

- `diffusion_times`: Array of diffusion times.
- `signal_rates`: Cosine of diffusion times scaled by $\pi/2$.
- `noise_rates`: Sine of diffusion times scaled by $\pi/2$.

v) `offset_cosine_diffusion_schedule` Function

- `diffusion_times`: Array of diffusion times.
- `min_signal_rate`: Minimum signal rate (0.02).
- `max_signal_rate`: Maximum signal rate (0.94).
- `start_angle`: Arccosine of `max_signal_rate`.
- `end_angle`: Arccosine of `min_signal_rate`.
- `diffusion_angles`: Interpolated diffusion angles.
- `signal_rates`: Cosine of `diffusion_angles`.
- `noise_rates`: Sine of `diffusion_angles`.

vi) `sinusoidal_embeddings` Function

- `x`: Input tensor.
- `frequencies`: Array of frequencies for the embeddings.
- `angular_speeds`: Angular speeds calculated from frequencies.
- `embeddings`: Sinusoidal embeddings created by concatenating sine and cosine of angular speeds times `x`.

vii) `residual_block` Function

- `width`: Number of filters in the convolution layers.
- `x`: Input tensor.
- `input_width`: Width of the input tensor.
- `residual`: Residual tensor (identity connection or convolution result).
- `Block output`: Tensor after passing through batch normalization and convolution layers.

viii) `down_block` Function

- `width`: Number of filters in the convolution layers.
- `block_depth`: Depth of the block.
- `x`: Input tensor and skip connections.
- `skips`: List of skip connections.

ix) up_block Function

- width: Number of filters in the convolution layers.
- block_depth: Depth of the block.
- x: Input tensor and skip connections.
- skips: List of skip connections.

x) DiffusionModel Class

- noise_loss_tracker: Tracker for noise loss.
- normalizer: Normalization layer.
- network: UNet model.
- ema_network: Exponential moving average of the network.
- diffusion_schedule: Function to compute diffusion schedule.
- initial_noise: Initial noise for the reverse diffusion process.
- diffusion_steps: Number of steps for the diffusion process.
- current_images: Current images in the reverse diffusion process.
- diffusion_times: Array of diffusion times.
- noise_rates: Noise rates from the diffusion schedule.
- signal_rates: Signal rates from the diffusion schedule.
- pred_noises: Predicted noises from the network.
- pred_images: Predicted images from the network.
- next_diffusion_times: Next set of diffusion times.
- next_noise_rates: Next set of noise rates.
- next_signal_rates: Next set of signal rates.
- generated_images: Generated images.
- images: Array of images for training/testing.
- noises: Array of random noise.
- noisy_images: Array of noisy images.
- noise_loss: Calculated noise loss.
- gradients: Gradients for the trainable weights.

xi) ImageGenerator Callback Class

- num_imgs: Number of images to generate.
- epoch: Current epoch during training.
- logs: Training logs.

xii) spherical_interpolation Function

- a: Start point.
- b: End point.
- t: Interpolation parameter.
- Interpolated value: Result of the spherical interpolation between a and b using t.