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# Checkerboard

Demo

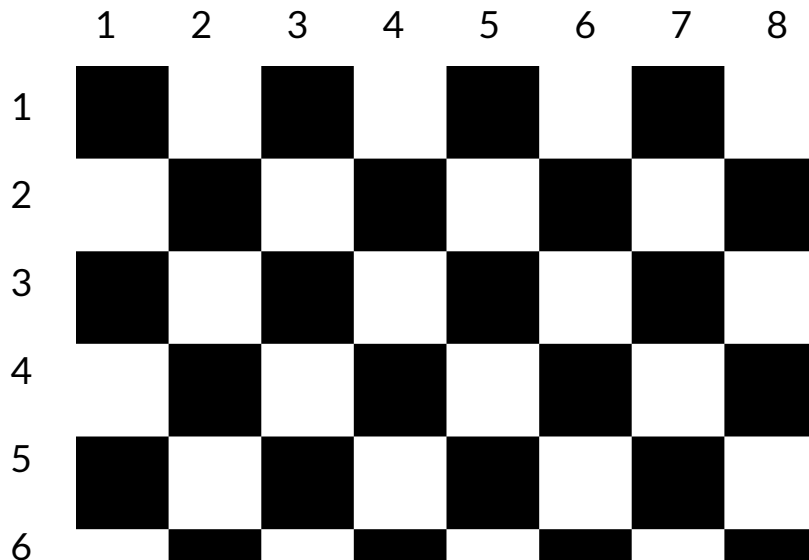
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Green Fox Gymnocercus EGO  
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600 px

The classic checkerboards has 8 columns & rows and they are square-shaped.  
But we have here a rectangle... 😞 ...so we gotta deal with it.



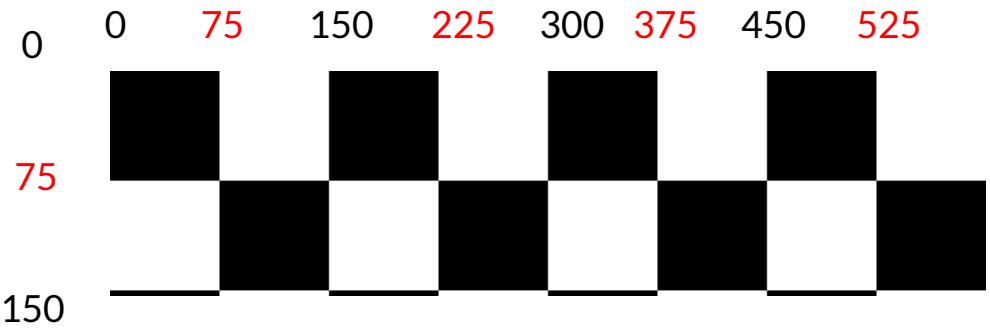
400px

8 columns  
 $600 / 8 = 75$ , so  
the side of the square = 75



$400 / 75 = 5.3333...$  so  
6 rows

The 'x' and 'y' coordinates will be the multiples of 75 including 0.



2 types of row to emulate.

- They are shifted to each other.
- Coordinates should mirror this.



Odd row :  
x- coordinates: 0, 150, 300, 450  
y-coordinates: 0, 150, 300

Even row :  
x- coordinates: 75, 225, 375, 525  
y-coordinates: 75, 225, 375

---

# We need altogether 4 loops.

That's our matrix.



```
let side = 75;

let board = [
  [0, 150, 300, 450],    //x1
  [75, 225, 375, 525],  //x2
  [0, 150, 300],         //y1
  [75, 225, 375]         //y2
]
//y1 runs in x1 ----> odd rows
//y2 runs in x2 ----> even rows
```

*the 'x' arrays  
are defined so:*

**board[0] = x1  
board[1] = x2**

*while 'y' ones  
so:*

**board[2] = y1  
board[3] = y2**




```
//odd rows
for (let i = 0; i < board[0].length; i++) {
  for (let j = 0; j < board[2].length; j++) {
    ctx.fillRect(board[0][i], board[2][j], side, side)
  }
}

//even rows
for (let i = 0; i < board[1].length; i++) {
  for (let j = 0; j < board[3].length; j++) {
    ctx.fillRect(board[1][i], board[3][j], side, side)
  }
}
```

---

# We need altogether 4 loops.

That's our matrix.



```
let side = 75;

let board = [
  [0, side * 2, side * 4, side * 6], //x1
  [side, side * 3, side * 5, side * 7], //x2
  [0, side * 2, side * 4], //y1
  [side, side * 3, side * 5] //y2
]


//y1 runs in x1 ----> odd rows
//y2 runs in x2 ----> even rows
```

*the 'x' arrays  
are defined so:*

**board[0] = x1  
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```
//odd rows
for (let i = 0; i < board[0].length; i++) {
  for (let j = 0; j < board[2].length; j++) {
    ctx.fillRect(board[0][i], board[2][j], side, side)
  }
}

//even rows
for (let i = 0; i < board[1].length; i++) {
  for (let j = 0; j < board[3].length; j++) {
    ctx.fillRect(board[1][i], board[3][j], side, side)
  }
}
```



*Thank you*

*attention!!!*

*FOR YOUR*

*That's all Folks!*