

# HeMPS

## A Framework for NoC-Based MPSoC Generation

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# Overview I

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- PE

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# Terminology

HeMPS Hermes Multiprocessor Systems

IP Intellectual property

PE Processing element

RTL Register-transfer level

NoC Network-on-Chip

SoC System-on-Chip

MPSoCs Multi-Processor Systems-on-Chip

ISS Instruction set simulator

# HeMPS

Introduces ...

- ▶ a scalable NoC-based homogeneous MPSoC RISC architecture
- ▶ a microkernel which supports a dynamic workload
- ▶ design tools (configure MPSoC dimension, initial state, and debug simulation)
- ▶ the code for the above on github (open source)

Aim: Flexible architecture with fast design space exploration via SystemC simulation

## Design flow

# Design flow

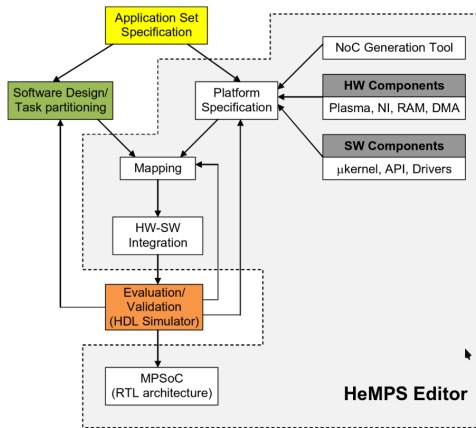


Figure: HeMPS[1] Design Flow.

# Architecture

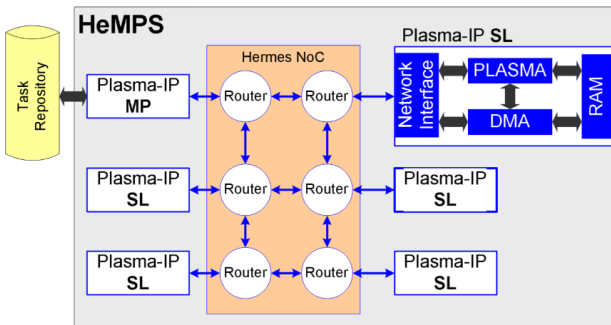


Figure: HeMPS[1] instance using a 2x3 mesh NoC.

## Processing element

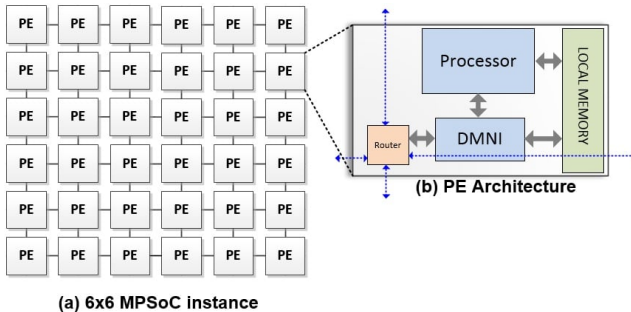


Figure: HeMPS[2] instance using a 6x6 mesh NoC.



# NoC

- ▶ a 2D mesh topology of routers
- ▶ routers have: input buffers, control logic shared by all router ports, an internal crossbar and up to five bi-directional ports
- ▶ single round-robin arbitration schedule
- ▶ a deterministic distributed XY routing algorithm

# Cluster-based organization

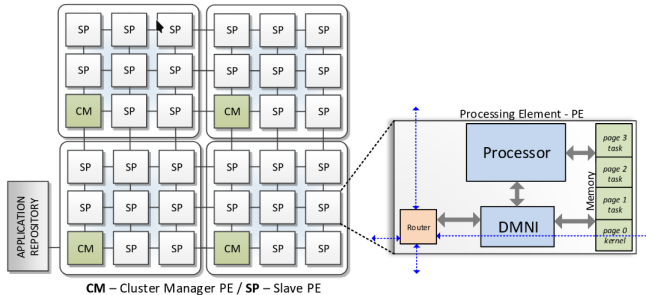


Figure: HeMPS[2] PE organization.

## Communication layers

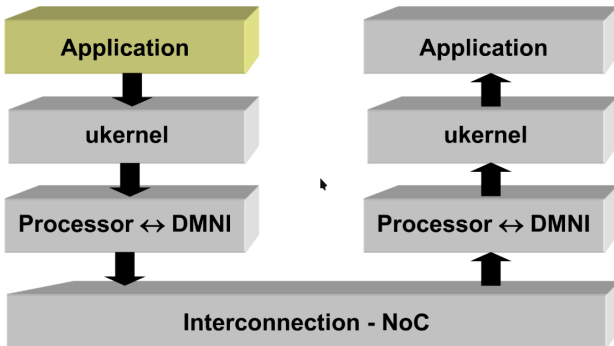


Figure: HeMPS[2] communication layers.

# Overview

- ▶ small operating system that runs on each processor
- ▶ responsible for real-time task scheduling and communication between tasks
- ▶ multitask capable
- ▶ with inter-task communication primitives
- ▶ and support for dynamic workloads
- ▶ communication between PEs via message pipe

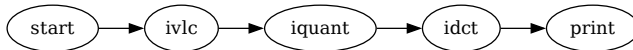
## API

```
Receive(Message *msg, unsigned int target_task_id);  
Send(Message *msg, unsigned int source_task_id);  
unsigned int GetTick(void);  
void Echo(char *string);  
void Exit(char *string);  
  
typedef struct {  
    int length;  
    int msg[MSG_SIZE];  
} Message;
```

# Application mapping

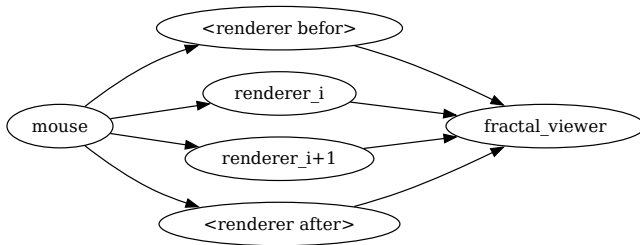
- ▶ applications are modeled as a set o communicating tasks (Communicating Task Graph)

MJPEG example:



# Application mapping

Communicating task graph example for fractal accelerator:



# Inter-task communication

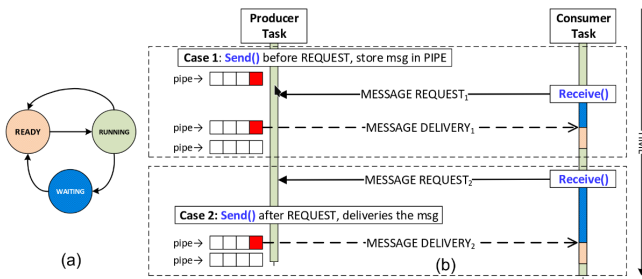


Figure: HeMPS[2] Inter-task communication.



# Task synchronization

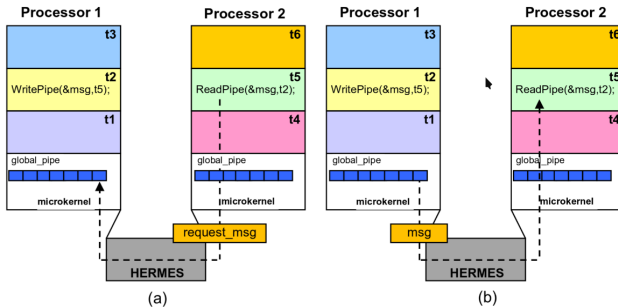
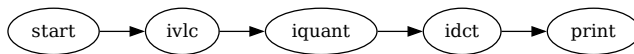


Figure: HeMPS[1] reading of an available message.

# Showcase application

Showcase of code[3] for mjpeg



# Master processor

Responsible for ...

- ▶ task allocation
- ▶ broadcasting of control messages such as placement of allocated tasks and release of finished tasks
- ▶ reception of control messages, as end of task and debug packets

## Design tools

- ▶ configure the hardware and applications mapping
- ▶ generate clock-cycle accurate simulations in form of
  - ▶ synthesizable RTL VHDL
  - ▶ SystemC simulation model for processors
- ▶ debug and verify the system

## Design tools

Quick look at SystemC module[3] for hemps...

# Configuration options

Configured via yaml, lets have a look at a configuration[3]...

## Demo

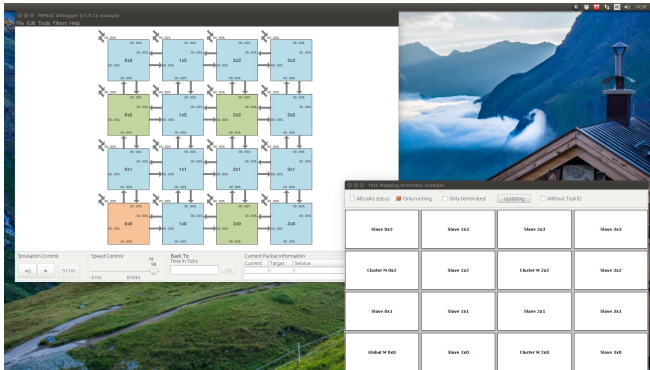


Figure: HeMPS[2] Debugging demo.

# References I

- [1] Everton A. Carara et al. “HeMPS - a framework for NoC-based MPSoC generation”. In: *2009 IEEE International Symposium on Circuits and Systems*. 2009, pp. 1345–1348. DOI: 10.1109/ISCAS.2009.5118013.
- [2] Fernando Gehm Moraes. *HeMPS Multiprocessor System on Chip*. 2010. URL: <https://web.archive.org/web/20240414090143/https://www.inf.pucrs.br/hemps/index.html>.



## References II

- [3] Fernando Gehm Moraes. *HeMPS github source code*. 2019.  
URL:  
<https://web.archive.org/web/20240414012042/https://github.com/gaph-pucrs/hemps>.