

1. What is data mining?

For me, data mining is pattern discovery, and it is very useful in the company because it can help to solve the business problem by extracting valuable patterns, trends, and insight from large datasets, enabling informed decision making.

a. Is it another type?

No, data mining is not another type of technology. It is an advanced and specialized application that combines elements of database technology, statistics, and machine learning.

b. Is it a simple transformation of technology developed from database, statistics, and machine learning?

No, data mining is not a simple transformation but rather an advanced and specialized application that builds upon technologies from databases, statistics, and machine learning.

c. Explain how the evolution of database technologies leads to data mining?

The evolution of database technologies provided a foundation for data mining by enabling efficient storage and retrieval of data. As databases evolved to support complex queries and data manipulation, it became possible to apply sophisticated analysis techniques, leading to the development of data mining.

d. Describe the steps involved in the data mining when viewed as a process of knowledge discovery. Present an example where data mining is crucial to success of business. What data mining functions does this business need? Can they be performed alternatively by data query processing or simple statistics analysis.

Data mining involves steps such as data collection, cleaning, exploratory analysis, feature selection, model building, evaluation, and deployment. These steps collectively form a process for discovering valuable knowledge from large datasets.

Example: In a retail business aiming to optimize marketing, data mining functions like association rule mining, clustering, and predictive modeling are crucial. These functions go beyond what simple data queries or basic statistics can achieve, providing deeper insights into customer purchasing behavior and contributing to the success of the marketing strategy.

2. Present an example where data mining is crucial to success of business. What data mining functions does this business need? Can they be performed alternatively by data query processing or simple statistics analysis?

Example: Internet Fraud Detection in Banking.

In the banking industry, data mining is critical for detecting and preventing fraudulent activities in online transactions. Data mining functions required for this business include:

Anomaly Detection: Identify unusual patterns or behaviors in transaction data that may indicate fraudulent activity.

Pattern Recognition: Recognize consistent patterns of fraudulent behavior by analyzing historical data.

Classification: Develop models to classify transactions as either legitimate or potentially fraudulent based on various features.

These functions are essential for creating sophisticated fraud detection systems. While data query processing can identify specific transactions or basic patterns, it may not efficiently capture the complexity and subtle variations seen in fraudulent activities. Simple statistics analysis might help in basic trend identification, but it is unlikely to provide the predictive power needed for effective fraud detection.