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Algorithm 1: Clustermatch algorithm
 1 Function get_partitions(v, k):
          Input:
                \mathbf{v}: feature values on n objects
                k: maximum number of internal clusters
          Output:
                \Omega_r: clustering with r clusters over n objects
          if \mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^n then
 2
                for r \leftarrow 2 to \min\{k, |\mathbf{v}| - 1\} do
  3
                 | \rho \leftarrow (\rho_{\ell} | \Pr(v_i < \rho_{\ell}) \leq (\ell - 1)/r), \forall \ell \in [1, r + 1] 
\Omega_{r\ell} \leftarrow \{i | \rho_{\ell} < v_i \leq \rho_{\ell+1}\}, \forall \ell \in [1, r] 
  5
          else
              \mathcal{C} \leftarrow \cup_i \{v_i\}
              \Omega_{rc} \leftarrow \{i \mid v_i = \mathcal{C}_c\}, \forall c \in [1, r]
          // TODO: remove singletons
          return \Omega
10
11
12 Function clustermatch (x, y, k):
          Input:
                \mathbf{x}: feature values on n objects
                \mathbf{v}: feature values on n objects
                k: maximum number of internal clusters
          Output:
                c: similarity value for x and y (c \in [0,1])
          \Omega^{\mathbf{x}} = \text{get\_partitions}(\mathbf{x}, k)
13
          \Omega^{\mathbf{y}} = \text{get\_partitions}(\mathbf{y}, k)
14
          // get the maximum adjusted Rand index (A) across all clusterings
          c \leftarrow \max\{\mathcal{A}(\Omega_p^{\mathbf{x}}, \Omega_q^{\mathbf{y}})\}, \forall p, q
15
          return c
16
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