TD2_CORRIGE

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In [1]: from scipy import stats
     #from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf
     import random
     CONSTANTES
     # -----
    RANGE_EXO_3 = 10
    SEED EXO 3 = 1337
     # -----
             FUNCTIONS
     EXERCICE 1
     def exo1(X0, a, c, m, size, affiche=False):
          """Methode Congruentielle Lineaire
          n n n
         X
             = [XO]
         Ri
             = -1
         periode = -1
         trouve = False
         for i in range(1, size):
              X.append(0.0) # C'est la valeur Xi
              X[i] = (a*X[i-1] + c) \% m
              Ri = X[i] / m
              if( (X[i] == X0) and not(trouve) ):
                   periode = i
                   trouve = True
              #END_IF
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if(affiche):
                    print(Ri)
             #END_IF
      #END FOR
      print("Periode(%d, %d, %d, %d) = %d" % (X[0], a, c, m, periode))
      return X
#END_DEF
# -----
             EXERCICE 2
# -----
def exo2(m1, affiche, *generateurs):
       """Methode de Congruences lineaires combinees
      # ===== VARIABLES ===== #
          = [0.0]
      nb_gen = len(generateurs)
      nb_Xi = len(generateurs[0])
      Χi
             = -1
      R.i
             = -1
      periode = -1
      trouve = False
      for i in range(nb_Xi):
             for j in range(1, nb_gen):
                    X[i] += ( ((-1)**(j-1)) * generateurs[j][i] )
             #END FOR
             X[i] \% = (m1 - 1)
             if(X[i] > 0):
                    Ri = X[i] / m1
             else:
                    Ri = (m1 - 1) / m1
             #END_IF
             if( (X[i] == X[0]) and not(trouve) and i!=0):
                    periode = i
                    trouve = True
             #END IF
             if(affiche):
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print(Ri)
              #END_IF
              X.append(0.0)
       #END FOR i
       print("Periode(Xk, m1 = %d) = %d" % (m1, periode))
       return 0
#END_DEF
EXERCICE 3
def exo3(seed=False):
       """Generation de nombres aleatoires
       11 11 11
       # ===== VARIABLES ===== #
       x1
             = []
            = []
       xЗ
             = []
       result = []
       # Le seed permet "d'influencer" la RNG
       if(seed):
              random.seed(SEED_EXO_3)
       #END IF
       print("===== Random.uniform(0,1) =====")
       for i in range(RANGE_EXO_3):
              x1.append(random.uniform(0,1))
              print(x1[i])
       #END FOR
       print("\n===== stats.uniform.rvs(RANGE) =====")
       x2 = stats.uniform.rvs(size=RANGE_EXO_3)
       for nombre in x2:
              print(nombre)
       #END_FOR
       print("\n===== random.randrange() =====")
       for i in range(RANGE_EXO_3):
              x3.append(random.randrange(1,101,1))
              print(x3[i])
       #END FOR
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for i in range(RANGE_EXO_3):
              print(random.randint(1, 100))
       #END FOR
       print("\n ===== Test de KS =====")
       result = stats.kstest(x1, 'uniform')
       print(result)
       result = stats.kstest(x2, 'uniform')
       print(result)
       result = stats.kstest(x3, 'uniform')
       print(result)
       print("\n ===== Test de Chi Carre =====")
       result = stats.chisquare(x1)
       print(result)
       result = stats.chisquare(x2)
       print(result)
       result = stats.chisquare(x3)
       print(result)
       print("\n ===== Test de chi2_contingency =====")
       result = stats.chi2_contingency(x1)
       print(result)
       result = stats.chi2_contingency(x2)
       print(result)
       result = stats.chi2_contingency(x3)
       print(result)
#END DEF
MAIN
if(__name__ == '__main__'):
       print("===== EXERCICE 1 =====")
       exo1(99, 798, 394, 5967, 543)
       exo1(1, 3, 0, 7, 543)
       print("\n===== EXERCICE 2 =====")
       X1 = exo1(2, 3, 0, 13, 100)
       X2 = exo1(5, 5, 0, 11, 100)
       print("")
       exo2(13, False, X1, X2)
```

print("\n===== random.randint() =====")

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print("\n===== EXERCICE 3 =====")
                exo3()
                print("\n===== EXERCICE 4 =====")
        #END IF
===== EXERCICE 1 =====
Periode(99, 798, 394, 5967) = -1
Periode(1, 3, 0, 7) = 6
===== EXERCICE 2 =====
Periode(2, 3, 0, 13) = 3
Periode(5, 5, 0, 11) = 5
Periode(Xk, m1 = 13) = 5
===== EXERCICE 3 ======
==== Random.uniform(0,1) =====
0.8870528953548551
0.12600109130128578
0.809051974290405
0.005626228623497376
0.734128422711549
0.2842283437398473
0.5809061795116536
0.9616406707645044
0.09956087922298051
0.45335105499651784
===== stats.uniform.rvs(RANGE) =====
0.33923023426532506
0.5300982049784521
0.544406343490097
0.10235890631901123
0.9949171391692703
0.6854160893076298
0.6158711867619862
0.5736543318339761
0.45117727503547667
0.2642099101095535
==== random.randrange() =====
99
36
5
14
87
22
```

```
80
6
52
39
==== random.randint() =====
32
85
79
2
93
71
6
75
40
==== Test de KS =====
KstestResult(statistic=0.1739989086987142, pvalue=0.9225827344670295)
KstestResult(statistic=0.21458391069237026, pvalue=0.6979760660281604)
KstestResult(statistic=1.0, pvalue=0.0)
==== Test de Chi Carre =====
Power_divergenceResult(statistic=2.2519686668862295, pvalue=0.9868278505437748)
Power_divergenceResult(statistic=1.0624072672993656, pvalue=0.9992797064814476)
Power_divergenceResult(statistic=242.545454545453, pvalue=3.733027569300815e-47)
==== Test de chi2_contingency =====
(0.0, 1.0, 0, array([0.8870529], 0.12600109, 0.80905197, 0.00562623, 0.73412842,
       0.28422834, 0.58090618, 0.96164067, 0.09956088, 0.45335105]))
(0.0, 1.0, 0, array([0.33923023, 0.5300982, 0.54440634, 0.10235891, 0.99491714,
       0.68541609, 0.61587119, 0.57365433, 0.45117728, 0.26420991]))
(0.0, 1.0, 0, array([99., 36., 5., 14., 87., 22., 80., 6., 52., 39.]))
===== EXERCICE 4 =====
```