This is a data report outlining the a pearson correlation analysis of viral qpcr and clinical score data in the CC lines.

This analysis is based off code documented here:

https://www.r-bloggers.com/r-defining-your-own-color-schemes-for-heatmaps/ (https://www.r-bloggers.com/r-defining-your-own-color-schemes-for-heatmaps/)

```
## R version 3.2.3 (2015-12-10)
## Platform: x86 64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)
## Running under: Windows 10 x64 (build 14393)
## locale:
## [1] LC_COLLATE=English_United States.1252
## [2] LC_CTYPE=English_United States.1252
## [3] LC MONETARY=English United States.1252
## [4] LC NUMERIC=C
## [5] LC_TIME=English_United States.1252
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats
                 graphics grDevices utils
                                               datasets methods
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] reshape2_1.4.2 ggplot2_2.2.1 gplots_3.0.1
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
  [1] Rcpp 0.12.8
                           knitr 1.15.1
                                              magrittr 1.5
## [4] munsell 0.4.3
                           colorspace 1.3-2
                                              stringr_1.1.0
## [7] plyr_1.8.4
                           caTools_1.17.1
                                              tools 3.2.3
                                              KernSmooth_2.23-15
## [10] grid_3.2.3
                           gtable 0.2.0
## [13] htmltools_0.3.5
                           gtools_3.5.0
                                              assertthat_0.1
## [16] lazyeval 0.2.0
                           yaml 2.1.14
                                              rprojroot 1.1
## [19] digest 0.6.11
                           tibble 1.2
                                              bitops 1.0-6
## [22] evaluate 0.10
                           rmarkdown 1.3
                                              gdata 2.17.0
## [25] stringi 1.1.2
                           scales 0.4.1
                                              backports 1.0.4
```

```
set.seed(123)

oas1b_corr_plot <- read.csv(file="C:\\gale_lab\\oas1b_manuscript\\revisions\\qPCR_and_outcomes.c
sv", header=T)

#transponse values
m <- melt(cor(oas1b_corr_plot[,c(5:11)], use="pairwise.complete.obs"))

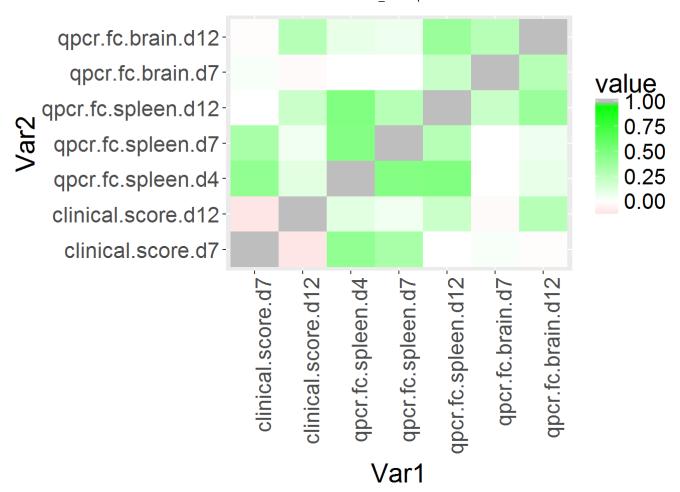
# create a correlation plot image uusing ggplot2
p <- ggplot(data=m, aes(x=Var1, y=Var2, fill=value)) + geom_tile() + theme(text = element_text(s ize=20),
axis.text.x = element_text(angle=90, hjust=1))</pre>
```

We update the color panel to show those conditions with the highest correlation.

```
#set up a coloring scheme using colorRampPalette
red=rgb(1,0,0); green=rgb(0,1,0); blue=rgb(0,0,1); white=rgb(1,1,1)
RtoWrange<-colorRampPalette(c(red, white ) )
WtoGrange<-colorRampPalette(c(white, green) )

p <- p + scale_fill_gradient2(low=RtoWrange(100), mid=WtoGrange(100), high="gray")

p + theme(text = element_text(size=20),
axis.text.x = element_text(angle=90, hjust=1))</pre>
```



In the correlation heatmap above, there is a relationship between viral load and clinical score at days 4 and 7 post infection. There is also a correlation between clinical score and viral load in the brain at day 12 post infection.