

斜率优化DP

题意

1. 给定 n, L
2. 给定 n 个物品长度 编号为 $1 \sim n$
3. 将 n 个物品分成连续的若干段
如果从 I 到 J 组成一段，他的费用是 $(J - I + \text{sum}[J] - \text{sum}[I-1] - L)^2$
4. 目标：总费用最小

思路

- $F[I]$ ：前 I 个物品分成连续的若干份最小花费
 $\text{sum}[I]$ ：前缀和
- 朴素方程
$$F[I] = \min (F[J] + (J - I + \text{sum}[J] - \text{sum}[I-1] - L)^2)$$
- 变形
$$F[I] = \min (F[J] + (\text{sum}[I] + I - \text{sum}[J] - J - L - 1)^2)$$

令 $S[I] = \text{sum}[I] + I, C = L + 1$
$$F[I] = \min (F[J] + (S[I] - S[J] - C)^2)$$
$$= \min (F[J] + S[I]^2 - 2 * S[I] * S[J] - 2 * S[I] * C + 2S[J]C + S[J]^2 + C^2)$$
$$= \min (F[J] + 2 * (C - S[I]) * S[J] + S[J]^2) + C^2 - 2 * S[I] * C$$
$$F[I] = F[J] + 2 * (C - S[I]) * S[J] + S[J]^2$$
$$\rightarrow F[J] + S[J]^2 = F[I] + 2 (S[I] - C) * S[J]$$

令 $Y = F[J] + S[J]^2$
 $X = S[J]$
 $K = 2 (S[I] - C)$
 $\rightarrow Y = F[I] + K * X$
接下来应该是套路，具体看代码

```
1  #include<bits/stdc++.h>
2  using namespace std;
3  typedef long long LL;
4  LL s[50005];
5  LL que[50005],head,tail;
6  LL f[50005];
7  double Y(LL j)
```

```

8 {
9     return f[j]+s[j]*s[j];
10 }
11 double X(LL j)
12 {
13     return s[j];
14 }
15 double js(LL j,LL k)
16 {
17     return (Y(k)-Y(j))/(X(k)-X(j));
18 }
19 int main()
20 {
21     ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
22     LL n,L;
23     cin>>n>>L;
24     LL c;
25     for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
26     {
27         cin>>c;
28         s[i] = s[i-1]+c;
29     }
30     for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
31     {
32         s[i] = s[i] +i;
33     }
34     L = L+1;
35     head = tail = 0;
36     que[tail] = 0;
37     for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
38     {
39         while(head<tail && js(que[head],que[head+1]) <= 2*(s[i]-L)) //队
        头两个点的斜率 < K
40         {
41             head++;
42         }
43         int j=que[head];
44         f[i] = f[j] + (s[i] - s[j] - L) * (s[i] - s[j] - L) ; // 由朴素方
        程转移
45         while (head<tail && js(que[tail-1],que[tail])>js(que[tail],i)) //
        维护下凸包
46         {
47             tail--;
48         }
49         que[++tail] = i;
50     }

```

```
51     cout<<f[n]<<endl;  
52 }
```