

## 题意

初始所有点都为1

三种操作：

D x 将x从1变成0

Q x 包含x的最长连续1区间长度

R 将最后一次D操作的x变回1

## 分析

线段树节点维护三个信息：

1. 区间最长全1前缀长度 `treel`

2. 区间最长全1后缀长度 `treer`

3. 区间最长连续1长度 `trees`

当前区间为x,左孩子lc,右孩子rc

update:

`treel[x] = treel[lc]`

如果 `treel[lc]` 满了 `treel[x] += treer[lc]`

同理

`treer[x] = treer[rc]`

如果 `treer[rc]` 满了 `treer[x] += treel[rc]`

`trees[x] = max(trees[lc], trees[rc], treer[lc]+treel[rc])`

query:

如果当前区间为空或满或为叶子节点 返回`trees[o]`

如果x在左区间，如果 x在最长后缀范围内 返回`treer[lc]+treel[rc]`,否则查询左区间

同理如果x在右区间，如果x在最长前缀范围内 返回`treer[lc]+treel[rc]`，否则查询右区间

删除顺序：

用栈维护

## 代码

```
1 #include<iostream>
2 #include<cmath>
3 #include<cstring>
4 #include<cstdio>
5 #include<stack>
6 #define For(i,a,b) for(int i=(a); i<=(b) ; i++)
```

```

7  #define _For(i,a,b) for(int i=(a); i>=(b) ; i--)
8  #define Memset(a,b); memset((a),(b),sizeof((a)));
9  #define Cin(a); scanf("%d",&(a));
10 #define Cinc(a); scanf(" %c",&(a));
11 #define Cins(a); scanf("%s",(a));
12 #define Cout(a,b); printf("%d",(a));printf(b);
13 #define Coutc(a,b); printf("%c",(a));printf(b);
14 #define Couts(a,b); printf("%s",(a));printf(b);
15 using namespace std;
16 typedef long long LL;
17 typedef unsigned long long ULL;
18 typedef long double LDB;
19 inline LL readint() {LL x;cin>>x;return x;}
20 int treel[200005],treer[200005],trees[200005];
21 int n,m;
22 int D = -1;
23 char cmd;
24 int x;
25 int ans;
26 void update(int o,int l,int r,int x,int d)
27 {
28     if(l == r && l == x){
29         treel[o] = treer[o] = trees[o] = d;
30         return;
31     }
32     if(l == r) return;
33     int M = (l+r)>>1;
34     if(M>=x) update(o<<1,l,M,x,d);
35     else update(o<<1|1,M+1,r,x,d);
36     treel[o] = treel[o<<1];
37     treer[o] = treer[o<<1|1];
38     trees[o] = max(trees[o<<1],trees[o<<1|1]);
39     trees[o] = max(trees[o],treer[o<<1]+treel[o<<1|1]);
40     if(trees[o<<1] == M -l+1){
41         treel[o]+=treel[o<<1|1];
42     }
43     if(trees[o<<1|1] == r-(M+1)+1){
44         treer[o]+=treer[o<<1];
45     }
46 }
47 void build(int o,int l,int r)
48 {
49     treel[o] = treer[o] = trees[o] = r-l+1;
50     if(l == r) return ;
51     int M = (l+r)>>1;
52     build(o<<1,l,M);

```

```

53     build(o<<1|1,M+1,r);
54     return ;
55 }
56 int query(int o,int l,int r,int x)
57 {
58     if(l == r|| trees[o] == 0|| trees[o] == r-l+1)
59     {
60         return trees[o];
61     }
62     int M = (l+r)>>1;
63     if(M>=x)
64     {
65
66         if(x>= (M-treer[o<<1]+1))
67         {
68             return (treer[o<<1]+treel[o<<1|1]);
69
70         }
71         return query(o<<1,l,M,x);
72
73     }
74     else
75     {
76         if(x<=M+treel[o<<1|1])
77         {
78             return (treel[o<<1|1]+treer[o<<1]);
79         }
80         return query(o<<1|1,M+1,r,x);
81     }
82 }
83 stack<int>s;
84 int main()
85 {
86     while(scanf("%d%d",&n,&m)!=EOF)
87     {
88         while(!s.empty())s.pop();
89         build(1,1,n);
90         while(m--)
91         {
92             Cinc(cmd);
93             if(cmd == 'D')
94             {
95                 Cin(x);
96                 s.push(x);
97                 update(1,1,n,x,0);
98             }

```

```
99         else if(cmd == 'Q')
100         {
101             Cin(x);
102             printf("%d\n",query(1,1,n,x));
103         }
104         else if(cmd == 'R')
105         {
106             if(s.empty()) continue;
107             D = s.top();
108             s.pop();
109             update(1,1,n,D,1);
110         }
111     }
112 }
113 }
```