```
#include <algorithm>
1
   #include <bitset>
2
3
   #include <cstdio>
   #include <cstring>
4
   #include <cstdlib>
5
6
   #include <cmath>
7
   #include <deque>
8
   #include <iostream>
9
   #include <map>
10 #include <queue>
11 #include <set>
12 #include <stack>
13 #include <string>
14 #include <utility>
15 #include <vector>
16 #include <list>
17 | #define For(i,a,b) for(int i=(a); i<=(b); i++)
18 | #define _For(i,a,b) for(int i=(a); i>=(b) ; i--)
19 #define Memset(a,b); memset((a),(b),sizeof((a)));
20 using namespace std;
  const int INF = 0x3f3f3f3f3f;
21
22 typedef long long LL; typedef unsigned long long ULL; typedef long double
   LDB;
23 inline LL CinLL(){LL x=0,f=1;char ch=getchar();while(ch<'0'||ch>'9'){if(ch=='-
    ')f=-1;ch=getchar();}while(ch>='0'&&ch<='9'){x=x*10+ch-
    '0';ch=getchar();}return x*f;}
24 | inline int Cin(){int x=0,f=1;char ch=getchar();while(!isdigit(ch)){if(ch=='-
    ')f=-1;ch=getchar();}while(isdigit(ch))x=x*10+ch-'0',ch=getchar();return f*x;}
25 | const int N = 1e4+5;
26 | int n,k,ans;
27
   struct Edge{
28
       int to, val;
29
   };
30 vector<Edge>edge[N];
31 int subtree_size[N];
32 int book[N];
33 int ds[N],n_ds;
34 int tds[N],n_tds;
   void init()
35
36
   {
37
       int x,y,v;Edge tmp;
       For(i,1,n-1)
38
39
       {
           x = Cin(); y = Cin(); v = Cin();
40
```

```
41
            tmp.to = y;tmp.val = v;
42
            edge[x].push_back(tmp);
43
            tmp.to = x;
            edge[y].push_back(tmp);
44
45
        }
   }
46
47
   void csh()
48
49
        Memset(book,0);
        Memset(subtree_size,0);
50
51
        For(i,1,n) edge[i].clear();
52
        ans = 0;
53
   }
    int count_subtree_size(int now,int pre)
54
55
   {
56
        subtree_size[now] = 1;
57
        For(i,0,edge[now].size()-1)
        {
58
59
            int _to = edge[now][i].to;
            if(_to == pre || book[_to]) continue;
60
61
            subtree_size[now] += count_subtree_size(_to,now);
        }
62
        return subtree_size[now];
63
   }
64
    int found_center(int now,int pre,int half)
65
     {
66
67
        For(i,0,edge[now].size()-1)
68
        {
69
            int _to = edge[now][i].to;
            if(_to == pre || book[_to]) continue;
70
            if(subtree_size[_to] > half) return found_center(_to,now,half);
71
72
        }
73
        return now;
74
   }
   void count_subtree_path(int now,int pre,int path)
75
76
   {
77
        tds[++n_tds] = path;
        For(i,0,edge[now].size()-1)
78
79
        {
80
            int _to = edge[now][i].to;
            if(_to == pre || book[_to]) continue;
81
82
            count_subtree_path(_to,now,path + edge[now][i].val);
        }
83
84
   int count_pairs(int d[],int siz)
85
86
    {
```

```
87
        sort(d+1,d+siz+1);
        int res = 0;
88
89
        For(i,1,siz)
        {
90
91
            int c = (k - d[i]);
            int j = upper_bound(d+1,d+siz+1,c) - d-1;
92
93
            if(j > siz) j = siz;
94
            if(j > i)
            res+=(j - i);
95
96
        }
97
98
        return res;
99
100 void solve_subtree(int now)
101 {
        count_subtree_size(now,-1);
102
103
        now = found_center(now,-1,subtree_size[now]/2);
104
        book[now] = 1;
        For(i,0,edge[now].size()-1)
105
106
        {
107
            int _to = edge[now][i].to;
108
            if(book[_to]) continue;
109
            solve_subtree(_to);
110
        }
111
        n_ds = 0;
        ds[++n_ds] = 0;
112
113
        For(i,0,edge[now].size()-1)
114
        {
            int _to = edge[now][i].to;
115
116
            if(book[_to]) continue;
117
            n_tds = 0;
            count_subtree_path(_to,now,edge[now][i].val);
118
119
            int t = count_pairs (tds,n_tds);
120
            ans -= t;
121
            For(i,1,n_tds)
            ds[++n_ds] = tds[i];
122
123
        }
124
        int t = count_pairs(ds,n_ds);
125
        ans+=t;
126
        book[now] = 0;
127 }
128 int main()
129 {
130
        while(scanf("%d%d",&n,&k)!=EOF && n && k)
131
        {
132
            init();
```