- 21) When implementing linear regression of some dependent variable y on the set of independent variables $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, ..., x_r)$, where r is the number of predictors, which of the following statements will be true?
- a) β_0 , β_1 , ..., β_r are the regression coefficients.
- b) Linear regression is about determining the best predicted weights by using the method of ordinary least squares.
- c) E is the random interval
- d) Both and b

ASNSWER: Option (D) Both and b

- 22) What indicates that you have a perfect fit in linear regression?
- a) The value $R^2 < 1$, which corresponds to SSR = 0
- b) The value $R^2 = 0$, which corresponds to SSR = 1
- c) The value $R^2 > 0$, which corresponds to SSR = 1
- d) The value $R^2 = 1$, which corresponds to SSR = 0

ANSWER: Option(D) The value $R^2 = 1$, which corresponds to SSR = 0

- 23)In simple linear regression, the value of what shows the point where the estimated regression line crosses the *y* axis?
- a) Y
- b) B0
- c) B1
- d) F

ANSWER: Option (B) B0

- 24) Check out these four linear regression plots: Which one represents an underfitted model?
- a) The bottom-left plot
- b) The top-right plot
- c) The bottom-right plot
- d) The top-left plot

ANSWER: Option (D) The top-left plot

- 25) There are five basic steps when you're implementing linear regression:
- a. Check the results of model fitting to know whether the model is satisfactory.
- b. Provide data to work with, and eventually do appropriate transformations.
- c. Apply the model for predictions.
- d. Import the packages and classes that you need.
- e. Create a regression model and fit it with existing data. However, those steps are currently listed in the wrong order. What's the correct order?
- a) e, c, a, b, d
- b) e, d, b, a, c
- c) d, e, c, b, a
- d) d, b, e, a, c

ANSWER: Option (D) d, b, e, a, c

- 26) Which of the following are optional parameters to LinearRegression in scikit-learn?
- a) Fit
- b) fit_intercept
- c) normalize
- d) copy_X
- e) n_jobs
- f) reshape

ANSWER: Options C, D,E (normalize, copy_X, n_jobs)

- 27) While working with scikit-learn, in which type of regression do you need to transform the array of inputs to include nonlinear terms such as x^2 ?
- a) Multiple linear regression
- b) Simple linear regression
- c) Polynomial regression

ANSWER: Option (C) Polynomial regression

- 28) You should choose stats models over scikit-learn when:
- A) You want graphical representations of your data.
- b) You're working with nonlinear terms.
- c) You need more detailed results.
- d) You need to include optional parameters.

ANSWER: Option (C) You need more detailed results.

| 29) is a fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It offers comprehensive mathematical functions, random number generators, linear algebra routines, Fourier transforms, and more. It provides a high-level syntax that makes it accessible and productive. |
|--|
| a) Pandas |
| b) NumPy |
| c) Stats model |
| d) SciPy |
| ANSWER: Option(B) NumPy |
| 30) is a Python data visualization library based on Matplotlib. It provides a high-level interface for drawing attractive and informative statistical graphics that allow you to explore and understand your data. It integrates closely with pandas' data structures. |
| a) Bokeh |
| b) Seaborn |
| c) Matplotlib |
| d) Dash |
| |

ANSWER: Option (B) Seaborn