MATLAB subroutines for parameter estimation of ODE models

- Parameter estimation of an ODE model requires numerical integration of the ODE system followed by minimization of the log-likelihood function.
- The programs paramfit1D and Sfun1D provide an example of MATLAB code for parameter estimation for 1-dimensional model

$$\dot{x} = b_1 - b_2 x$$

with data $(t_i, x_i) = (0.5, 0.5), (1, 1.2), (5, 2.5), (30, 2.7)$.

- To run the code, download the files paramfit1D.m and Sfun1D.m (using right-click of the mouse) and save them into the MATLAB working directory. Then run paramfit1D
- In order adapt the program to your model you must change (i) the data, the initial conditions, and the initial guess for the parameter values in paramfit1D.m and (ii) the model definition in Sfun1D.m (indicated by the boxes below).
- For comparison, versions of the programs for a two-dimensional model are included in the files paramfit2D.m and Sfun2D.m (see the course website). They contain code for estimation of parameters for the model

$$\dot{x}_1 = -b_1 x_1 x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = b_1 x_1 x_2 - b_2 x_2$$

function paramfit1D

```
% main program for fitting parameters of an ODE model to data
% the model and the error function are defined in the file Sfun1D.m

clearvars -global
global tdata xdata x0

%% data for the model
% time - x value

tdata(1) = 0.5; xdata(1) = 0.5;
tdata(2) = 1; xdata(2) = 1.2;
tdata(3) = 5; xdata(3) = 2.5;
```

%% initial condition

```
x0(1) = 0;
```

%% initial guess of parameter values

tdata(4) = 30; xdata(4) = 2.7;

```
b(1) = 1;

b(2) = 0.5;
```

%% minimization step

```
[bmin, Smin] = fminsearch(@Sfun1D,b);

disp('Estimated parameters b(i):');
disp(bmin)
disp('Smallest value of the error S:');
disp(Smin)
```

end

```
function S = Sfun1D(b)
% computation of an error function for an ODE model
% INPUT: b - vector of parameters
global tdata xdata x0
%% ODE model
% (nested function, uses parameters b(1) and b(2) of the main function)
    function dx = f(t,x)
        dx(1) = b(1)-b(2)*x(1);
    end
%% numerical integration set up
tspan = [0:0.1:max(tdata)];
[tsol, xsol] = ode23s(@f, tspan, x0);
%% plot result of the integration
plot(tdata, xdata, 'x', 'MarkerSize', 10);
hold on
plot(tsol, xsol(:,1));
hold off
drawnow
%% find predicted values x(tdata)
xpred = interp1(tsol, xsol(:,1), tdata);
%% compute total error
S = 0;
for i = 1:length(tdata)
    S = S + (xpred(i) - xdata(i))^2;
end
end
```