### In [4]:

```
from sklearn.datasets import load_boston
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
pd.set option('display.max columns', 500)
boston_data = load_boston()
# print(df)
df = pd.DataFrame(boston data.data,columns=boston data.feature names)
df['target'] = pd.Series(boston data.target)
print(df.describe())
```

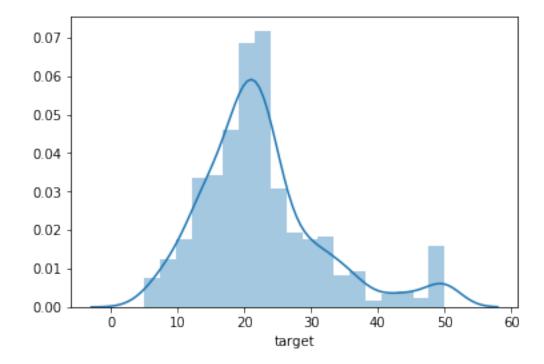
CRIM	ZN	INDUS	CHAS	NOX
RM \ count 506.000000 506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000
mean 3.613524 6.284634	11.363636	11.136779	0.069170	0.554695
std 8.601545 0.702617	23.322453	6.860353	0.253994	0.115878
min 0.006320 3.561000	0.000000	0.460000	0.000000	0.385000
25% 0.082045 5.885500	0.000000	5.190000	0.000000	0.449000
50% 0.256510 6.208500	0.000000	9.690000	0.000000	0.538000
75% 3.677083 6.623500	12.500000	18.100000	0.000000	0.624000
max 88.976200 8.780000	100.000000	27.740000	1.000000	0.871000
AGE	DIS	RAD	TAX	PTRATIO
B \ count 506.000000 506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000
mean 68.574901 356.674032	3.795043	9.549407	408.237154	18.455534
std 28.148861 91.294864	2.105710	8.707259	168.537116	2.164946
min 2.900000 0.320000	1.129600	1.000000	187.000000	12.600000
25% 45.025000 375.377500	2.100175	4.000000	279.000000	17.400000
50% 77.500000 391.440000	3.207450	5.000000	330.000000	19.050000
75% 94.075000 396.225000	5.188425	24.000000	666.000000	20.200000
max 100.000000 396.900000	12.126500	24.000000	711.000000	22.000000
	target 506.000000 22.532806 9.197104 5.000000 17.025000 21.200000 25.000000 50.000000			

# In [5]:

sns.distplot(df['target'], bins=19)

# Out[5]:

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1040da208>



```
In [6]:
```

```
my_col_picks = ['CRIM', 'PTRATIO', 'RAD']
# I am going to evaluate a linear model for a set of combinations while keepin
g some columns fixed
# I chose rooms, neighbourhoud and employment as a primary indicator for price
of house.
print("Keeping the RM, LSTAT and DIS columns fixed, evaluating the following c
olumns for a Linear Model! \n")
for choice in my col picks:
    X = pd.DataFrame(np.c_[df['RM'],df['LSTAT'],df['DIS'], df[f"{choice}"]], c
olumns = ['RM','LSTAT','DIS',f"{choice}"])
    y = df['target']
    X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size = 0.15
)
    linear model = LinearRegression()
    linear model.fit(X train, y train)
    y_train_pred = linear_model.predict(X train)
    RootMeanSqError = (np.sqrt(mean squared error(y train, y train pred)))
    RSq = linear model.score(X train, y train)
    print(f"\nTraining performance with {choice} the training results are \n")
    print("\033[0;32;23m Training Results")
    print("\033[0;30;0m")
              R2 score is: ", RSq)
    print("
             RootMeanSqError computes: ", RootMeanSqError)
    print("
    y test pred = linear model.predict(X test)
    RootMeanSqError = (np.sqrt(mean squared error(y test, y test pred)))
    RSq = linear model.score(X test, y test)
    print("\033[0;31;23m\n Testing Results")
    print("\033[0;30;0m")
             R2 score is: ", RSq)
    print("
              RootMeanSqError computes: ", RootMeanSqError)
    print('\n \n')
```

Keeping the RM, LSTAT and DIS columns fixed, evaluating the following columns for a Linear Model!

Training performance with CRIM the training results are

### Training Results

R2 score is: 0.6306890279139064

RootMeanSqError computes: 5.3839579496617835

### Testing Results

R2 score is: 0.746406543420154

RootMeanSqError computes: 5.44418962081807

Training performance with PTRATIO the training results are

#### Training Results

R2 score is: 0.6785176162989659

RootMeanSqError computes: 5.0647309040889885

### Testing Results

R2 score is: 0.7269521645710901

RootMeanSqError computes: 5.460188956483667

Training performance with RAD the training results are

#### Training Results

R2 score is: 0.6645982700297816

RootMeanSqError computes: 5.404946416634118

#### Testing Results

R2 score is: 0.5311634223233317

RootMeanSqError computes: 5.395494886571268

```
In [7]:
```

```
#model scheme
X = pd.DataFrame(np.c [df['DIS'], df['RM'], df['LSTAT'], df['PTRATIO']], colum
ns = ['DIS','RM', 'LSTAT', 'PTRATIO'])
y = df['target']
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size = 0.15, ra
ndom state = 77)
linear_model = LinearRegression()
linear model.fit(X train, y train)
y train pred = linear model.predict(X train)
RootMeanSqError = (np.sqrt(mean squared error(y train, y train pred)))
RSq = linear model.score(X train,y train)
print(f"\n Selected featureset based on location, neighbours, employement and
education \n")
print("\033[0;32;23m Training Results")
print("\033[0;30;0m")
print("
           R2 score is: ", RSq)
print("
           RootMeanSqError computes: ", RootMeanSqError)
y test pred = linear model.predict(X test)
RootMeanSqError = (np.sqrt(mean squared error(y test, y test pred)))
RSq = linear model.score(X_test, y_test)
print("\033[0;31;23m\n Testing Results")
print("\033[0;30;0m")
           R2 score is: ", RSq)
print("
           RootMeanSqError computes: ", RootMeanSqError)
print('\n \n')
 Selected featureset based on location, neighbours, employement an
d education
```

### Training Results

R2 score is: 0.6920300104192643 RootMeanSqError computes: 5.2452044252813375

#### Testing Results

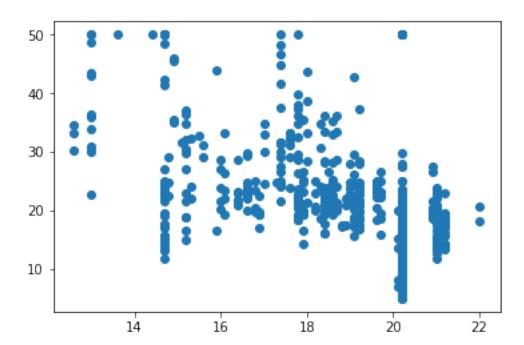
R2 score is: 0.6449132375849227 RootMeanSqError computes: 4.424287799686455

# In [9]:

```
x = df['PTRATIO']
y = df['target']
plt.scatter(x,y)
#plt.plot(x, np.polyld(np.polyfit(x, y, 1))(x), 'r--')
plt.plot()
```

# Out[9]:

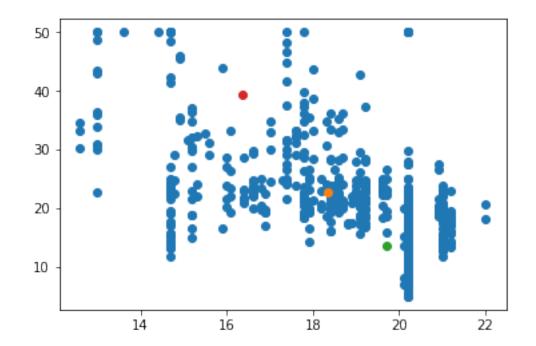
# []



### In [11]:

```
Kx = df[['PTRATIO', 'target']].values
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3).fit(Kx)
centroids = kmeans.cluster_centers_
print(centroids)
x = df['PTRATIO']
y = df['target']
plt.scatter(x,y)
for i in range(len(centroids)):
    plt.scatter(centroids[i][0],centroids[i][1],)
```

```
[[18.35036496 22.74233577]
[19.70324675 13.59155844]
[16.36153846 39.45 ]]
```

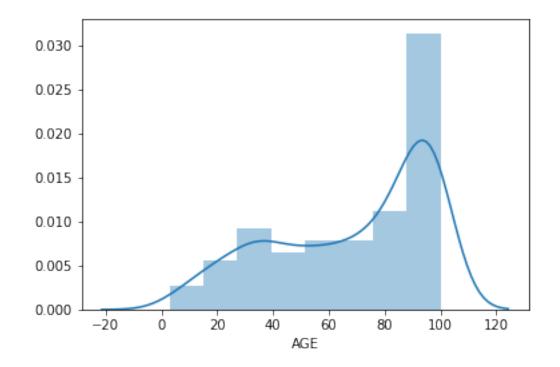


#### In [13]:

```
sns.distplot(df["AGE"])
```

#### Out[13]:

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x122f93ef0>



In [ ]:			
In [ ]:			
In [ ]:			