Linux Kernel Release Model

(and security stuff)

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github.com/gregkh/presentation-release-model



68,000 files 28,443,000 lines

4,537 developers 450+ companies

8,200 lines added 3,200 lines removed 2,000 lines modified

8,200 lines added 3,200 lines removed 2,000 lines modified

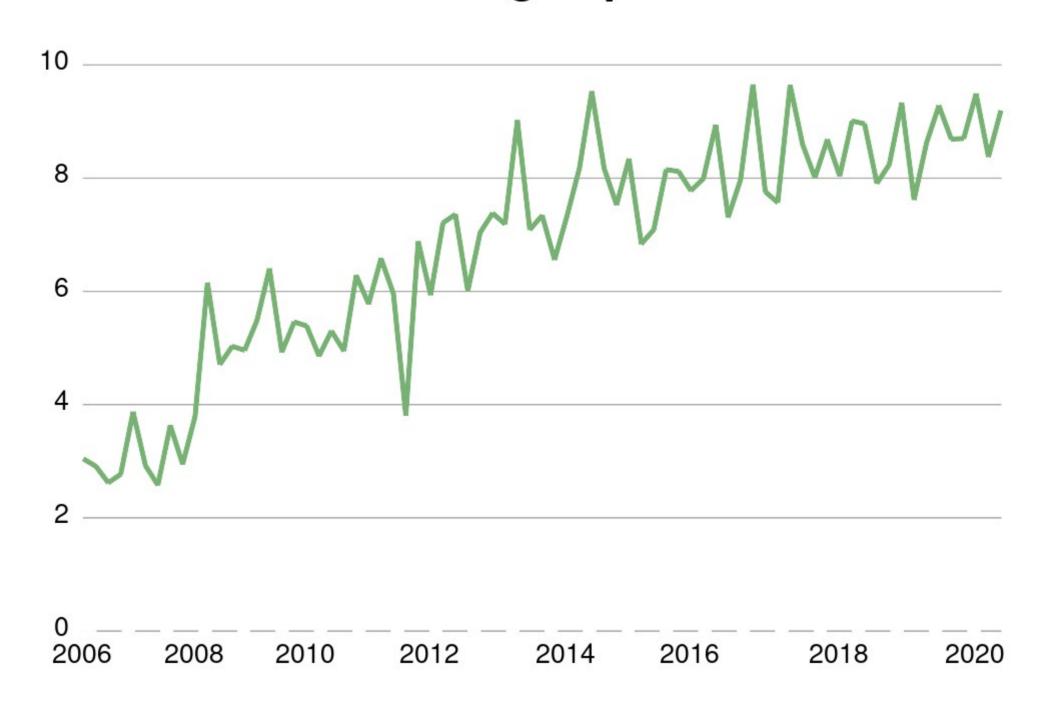
Every day

9 changes per hour

9.5 changes per hour

5.5 release

Patches merged per hour



Old release model

- 2.2 January 1999
- 2.4 January 2001
- 2.6 December 2003

"New" release model

Release every 2-3 months All releases are stable

"Cambridge Promise"

Will not break userspace.

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Will not break userspace, on purpose.

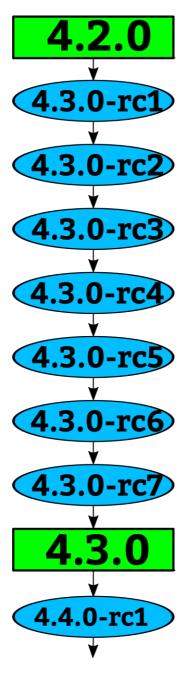
- July 2007

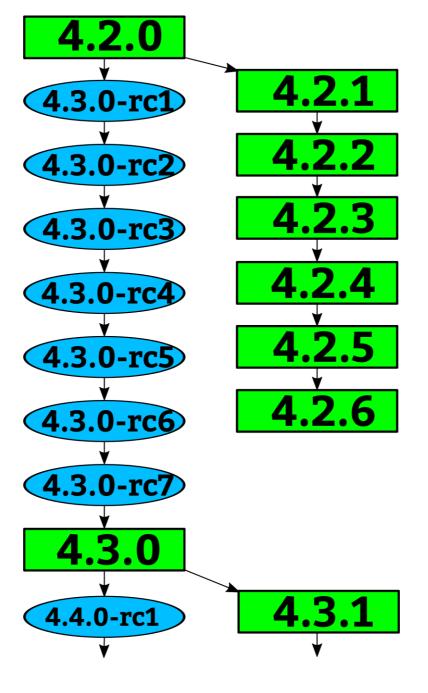
Version numbers mean nothing

$2.6.x \rightarrow 3.x \ 2011$

$3.x \rightarrow 4.x \quad 2015$

$4.x \to 5.x = 2019$





Stable rules

- Bugfix
- Less than 100 lines
- New ids or quirks
- Must be in Linus's tree

kernel.org/doc/html/latest/process/stable-kernel-rules.html

"Longterm kernels"

One picked per year Maintained for at least 2 years

4.4 4.9 4.14 4.19 5.4

kernel.org/category/releases

9 changes / day 4.4 13 changes / day 4.9 18 changes / day 4.14 23 changes / day 4.19 28 changes / day 5.4

5.7 33 changes / day

Every release is stable

Decade old guarantee

Always update your kernel

Can't update your kernel?

Blame your SoC provider...

"Popular" SoC kernel tree

6171 files changed 2837180 insertions(+), 42568 deletions(-)

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Image.lz4-3.2 million lines

Linux "like"

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How the Kernel Security team works

Linux security fixes

- Happen at least once a week
- Look like any other bugfix
- Rarely called out as a security fix
- Most fixes not known to be security related until much later
- Very few CVEs ever get assigned

Linux security fixes ≠ CVEs

- Small fraction of kernel fixes get CVEs
- Cherry-picking CVEs result in insecure system
- Some CVEs have follow-on fixes not listed

Linux security fixes ≠ CVEs

- Small fraction of kernel fixes get CVEs
- 2006-2018 had 1005 CVEs for Linux
 - 41% (414) had negative "fix date"
 - 12 never fixed
 - Average fix date, -100 days
 - Longest fix dates, -3897 and 2348
 - 88 fixed within 1 week
 - Standard deviation 405 days

CVEs mean nothing for Linux

More details for the curious

Linux Longterm kernels fix problems

- Bugs are fixed before you realize it
- Google security team requests in 2018:
 - 92% (201/218) problems already fixed in LTS release
 - No need for cherry-picking
 - Remaining issues were due to out-of-tree code

Linux Longterm kernels fix problems

- Bugs are fixed before you realize it
- Google security team requests in 2019:
 - 90% problems already fixed in LTS release
 - 950+ criticial non-security bugs also fixed

Linux Longterm kernels fix problems

Android now requires LTS kernel updates

Keeping a Secure System

Take all stable kernel updates

Enable hardening features

"If you are not using a stable / longterm kernel, your system is insecure"

- me



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