Account Enumeration Vulnerability: Elisa Raamat app (iOS/Android)

Gregor Eesmaa gregor.eesmaa@ut.ee University of Tartu

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1 Introduction

Account enumeration is a security vulnerability enabling attackers to determine if specific user accounts exist on a service. The vulnerability usually lies in the account registration functionality of a service, where an error message is returned, indicating that a user with the specified email address is already registered. However, an online service can also leak this information in other, more subtle ways, which are often overlooked by software developers.

On 2025-02-02, we tested Elisa Raamat app (iOS/Android) and found that the service is vulnerable to account enumeration. The vulnerability allows any party to test whether a user with a specific email address is registered with the service. Disclosing such information to third parties constitutes a data breach, as an email address and the fact of whether its holder has an account with an online service are considered personal data, and may be disclosed to third parties only if there is a legal basis for doing so [1].

We advise you to investigate the potential data breach, and notify the supervisory authority and the affected data subjects, if necessary. After **2025-04-29**, we will reassess the service and notify the Estonian Data Protection Inspectorate in case the vulnerability has not been mitigated. Detailed guidelines for mitigating this type of flaw are available in [2].

2 Vulnerabilities Found

We tested the login form, password reset form and account registration form of Elisa Raamat app (iOS/Android). No issues appeared on the login form and password reset form. However, we identified security issues on the account registration form. Same vulnerabilities were found on iOS and Android. The vulnerabilities found are described in more detail in subsections below.

2.1 Account Registration Form

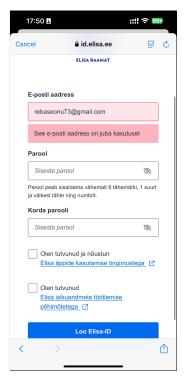


Figure 1: The vulnerability in the account registration form

The account registration form is susceptible to account enumeration attacks. This is because when the provided email address is already taken, the form shows an error message (see Figure 1).

The form normally sends a confirmation email to the email owner on successful submission. However, by introducing validation errors in the form, an attacker can determine whether an email address is already registered, without successfully submitting the form. This allows the attacker to also verify unregistered email addresses without triggering a confirmation email, thereby ensuring that the email owner remains unaware of the potential attack.

It is also crucial to eliminate any side-channels that an attacker could exploit to differentiate between account existence and non-existence. For example, the response should not be faster for an existing account than for an email with which an account does not exist.

To mitigate the flaw, return the same message whether the email is registered or not. For example, the message could read as follows: "We have sent further instructions to the provided email address". Send an email in both cases, but differentiate the content based on account existence. For example, for new registration, provide means for account activation, and for existing accounts, provide means for account recovery. [2]

3 Security Contacts

To responsibly disclose this vulnerability, we have taken the following actions:

The email address andmekaitse@elisa.ee was found in the privacy policy
of Elisa Raamat app (iOS/Android) and this report was sent to this
email address.

About This vulnerability report is part of an ongoing study on user enumeration vulnerabilities in Estonian online services. The study is conducted by the University of Tartu master's student Gregor Eesmaa (supervised by Arnis Paršovs - arnis.parsovs@ut.ee). The findings of this study will be published in a master's thesis scheduled for defence in May 2025.

References

- [1] European Union. General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR): Regulation (EU) 2016/679. Official Journal of the European Union, L 119/1. 2016. URL: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32016R0679.
- [2] OWASP. Authentication Cheat Sheet Authentication and Error Messages. Accessed: 2025-01-26. URL: https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Authentication_Cheat_Sheet.html#authentication-and-error-messages.