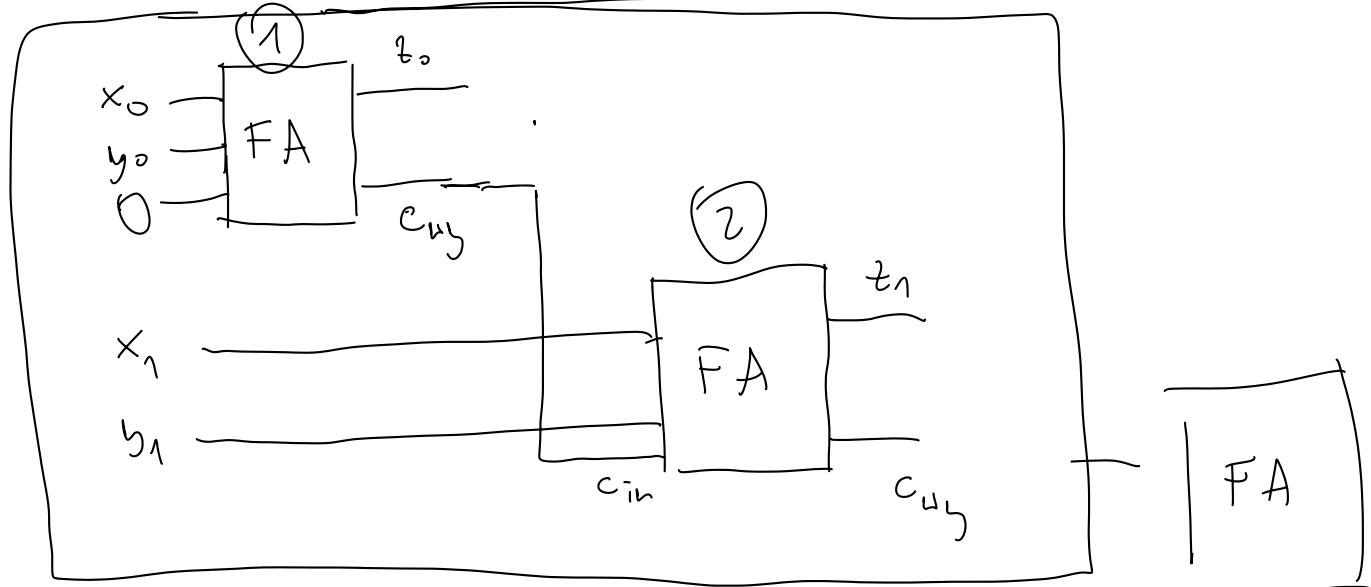
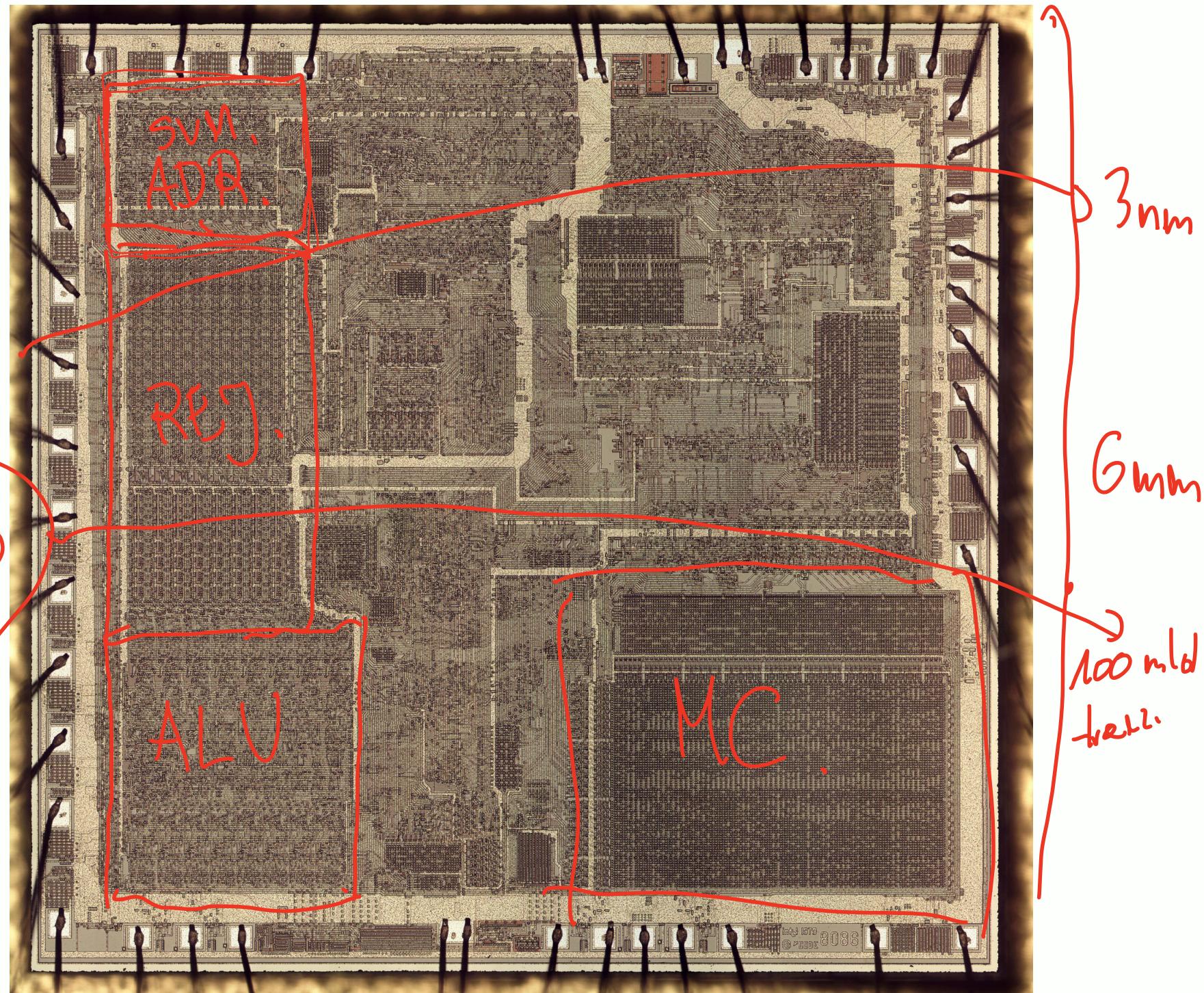
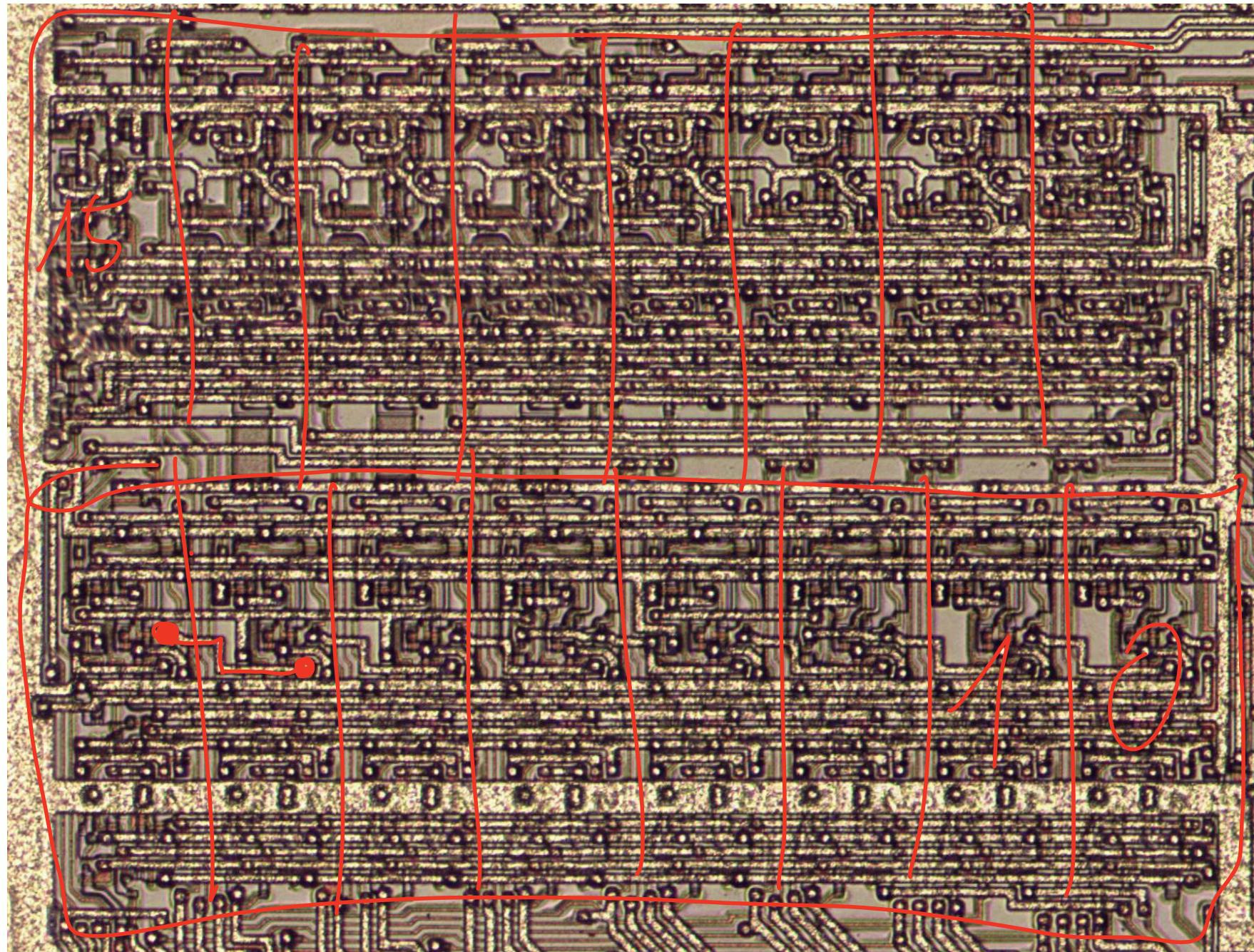


$$C_{out} + \frac{x_1 x_0}{z_1} \frac{y_1 y_0}{z_0}$$

$$(x_1 x_0)_1 + (y_1 y_0)_2 ?$$







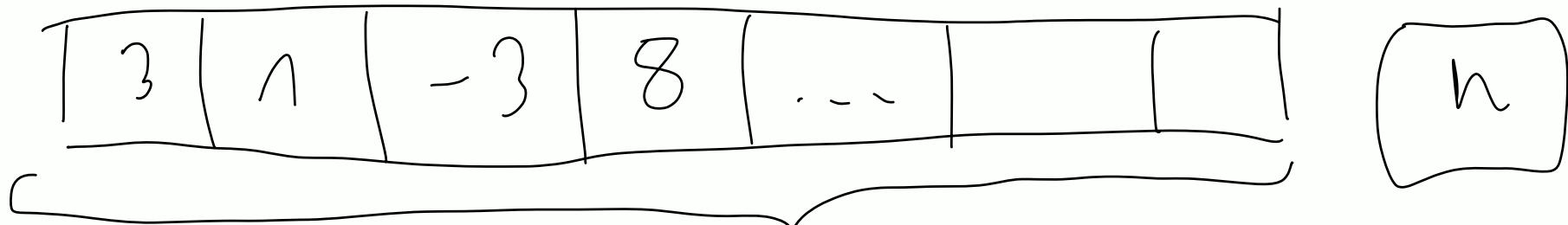
C. Shannon

A. Twilp

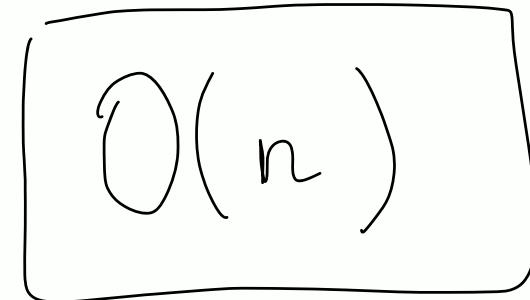
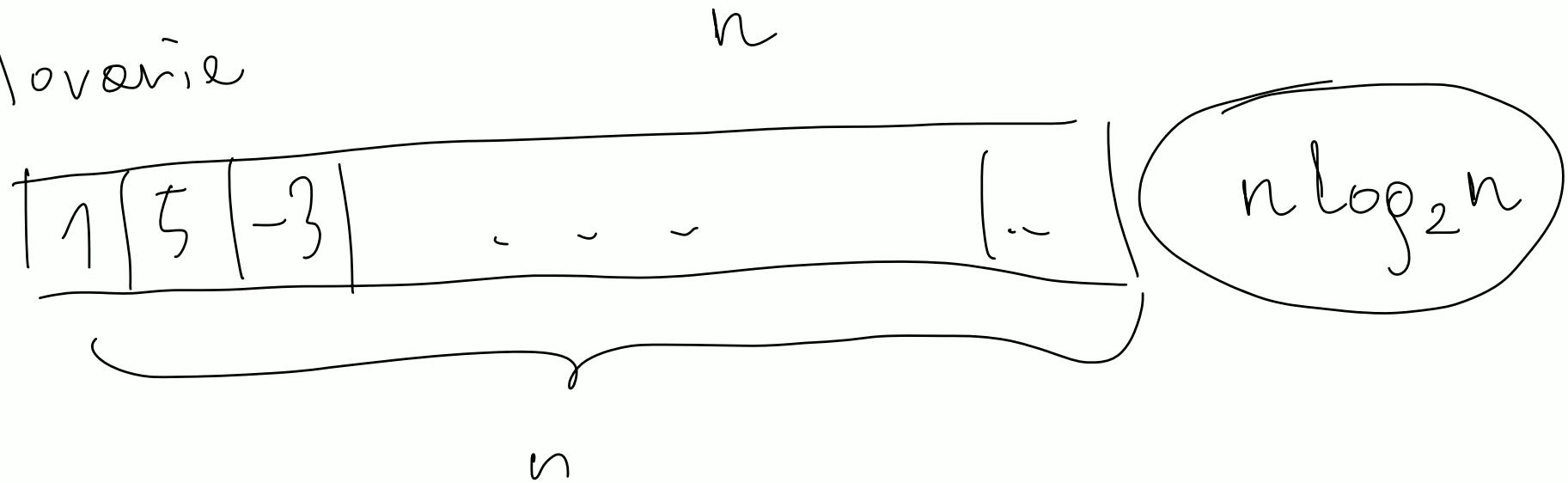
zagniedzdzenie

Złożoność obliczeniowa

l. operacji



szybkozbiórnie



Złożoność obliczeniowa

n	$5 \mid 1 \mid 3 \mid -2 \mid -8 \mid 7 \mid \dots \mid 132 \mid \dots$
\dots	$-15 \mid \dots \mid \dots$
\dots	$\dots \mid \dots \mid \dots \mid \dots$
\dots	$\dots \mid \dots \mid \dots \mid \dots \mid \dots \mid \dots$

- 1) Czy $\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ dla $n=15$?
- Liczba par $= \binom{n}{2} = \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ ~ n^2
- 2) Czy $\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ dla $n=15$?

5	1	1	3	-2	-8	7			132
...	-15								
...	...								
...	...								

1) Czy sp. u. tyc tablicy dane Wnby, ktorej suma rowna jest 15?

$$\text{liczba par} = \binom{n}{2} = \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \sim n^2$$

2) Czy sp. u. tyc tablicy trzy Wnby, ktorej suma = 15?

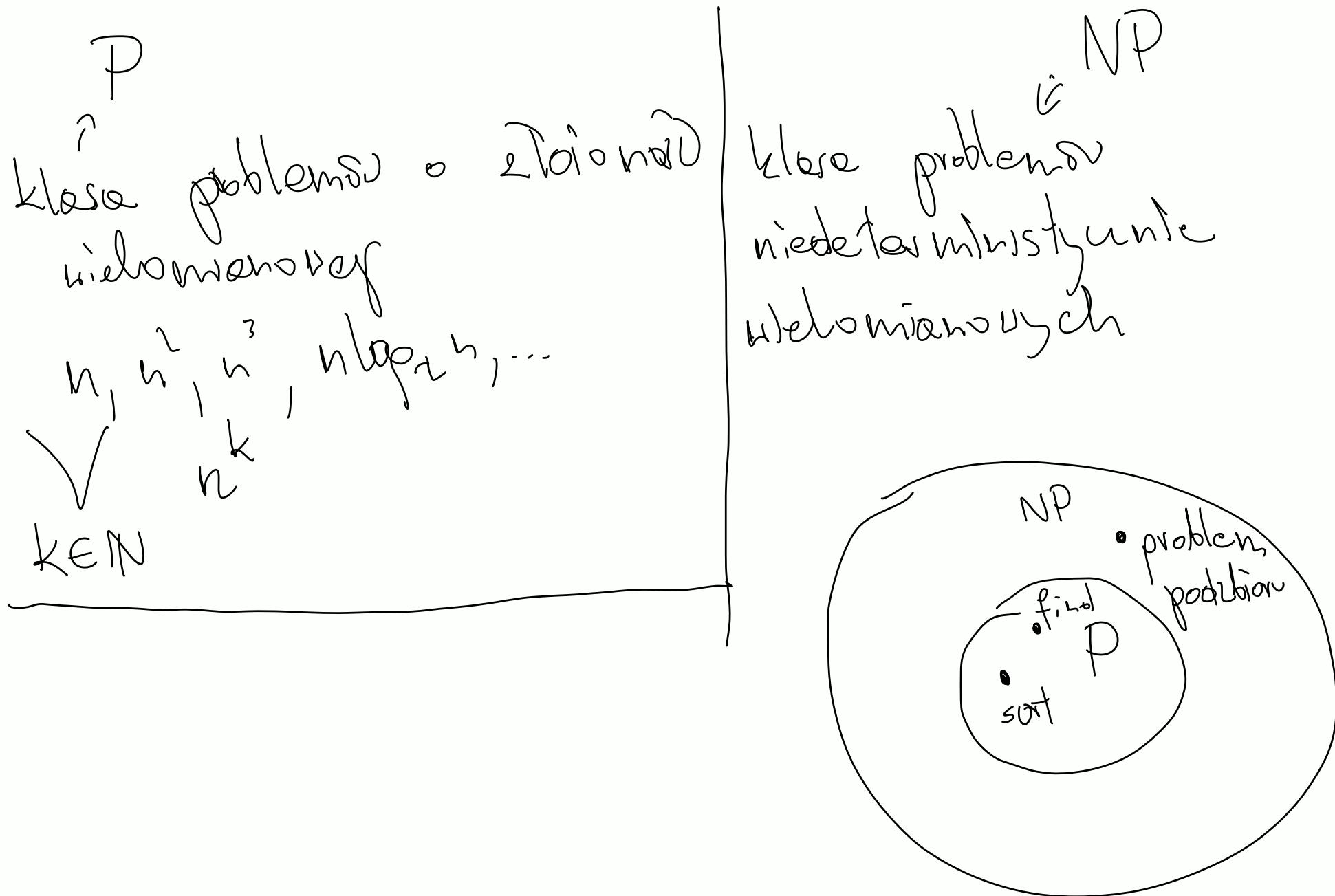
$$\text{liczba 3.} = \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{6} \sim n^3$$

3) Czy istnieje tablica ktorej suma = 15?
u. tyc tablicy, ktorej suma = 15?

$$\text{liczba podzbiorow} = 2^n$$

(takiejs) u. tablica

Problem P=NP



Problem SAT

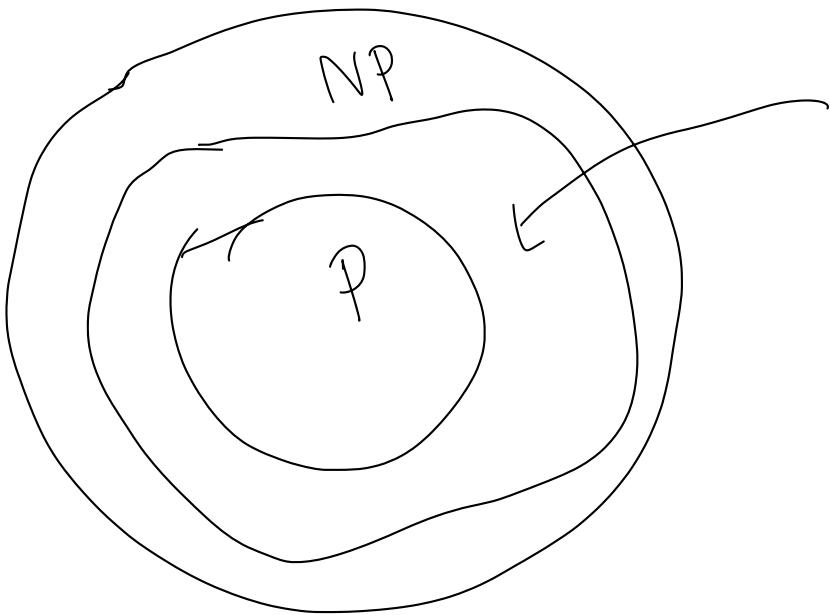
Problem spezielles Formular
logisch

ϕ spezielle \Rightarrow

ist eine Verknüpfung
von logischen Variablen,
die durch ϕ definiert ist.

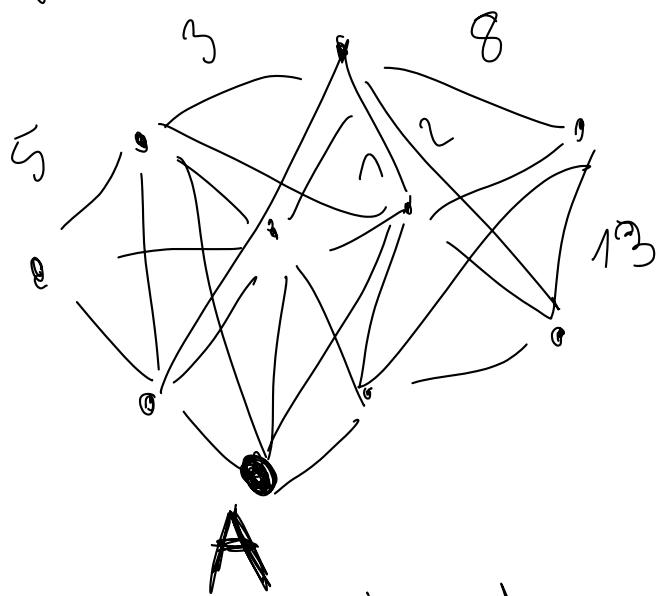
$\phi \rightarrow \text{TAKE}$?
 $\rightarrow \text{NE}$

$\phi(p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n)$
p_1
p_2
\vdots
p_n
F
T
2^n

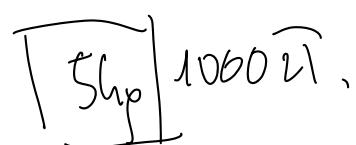
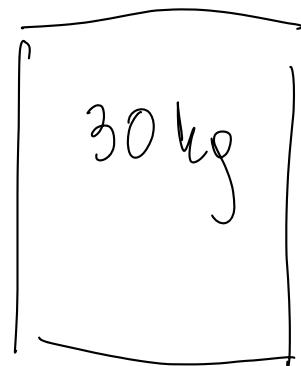


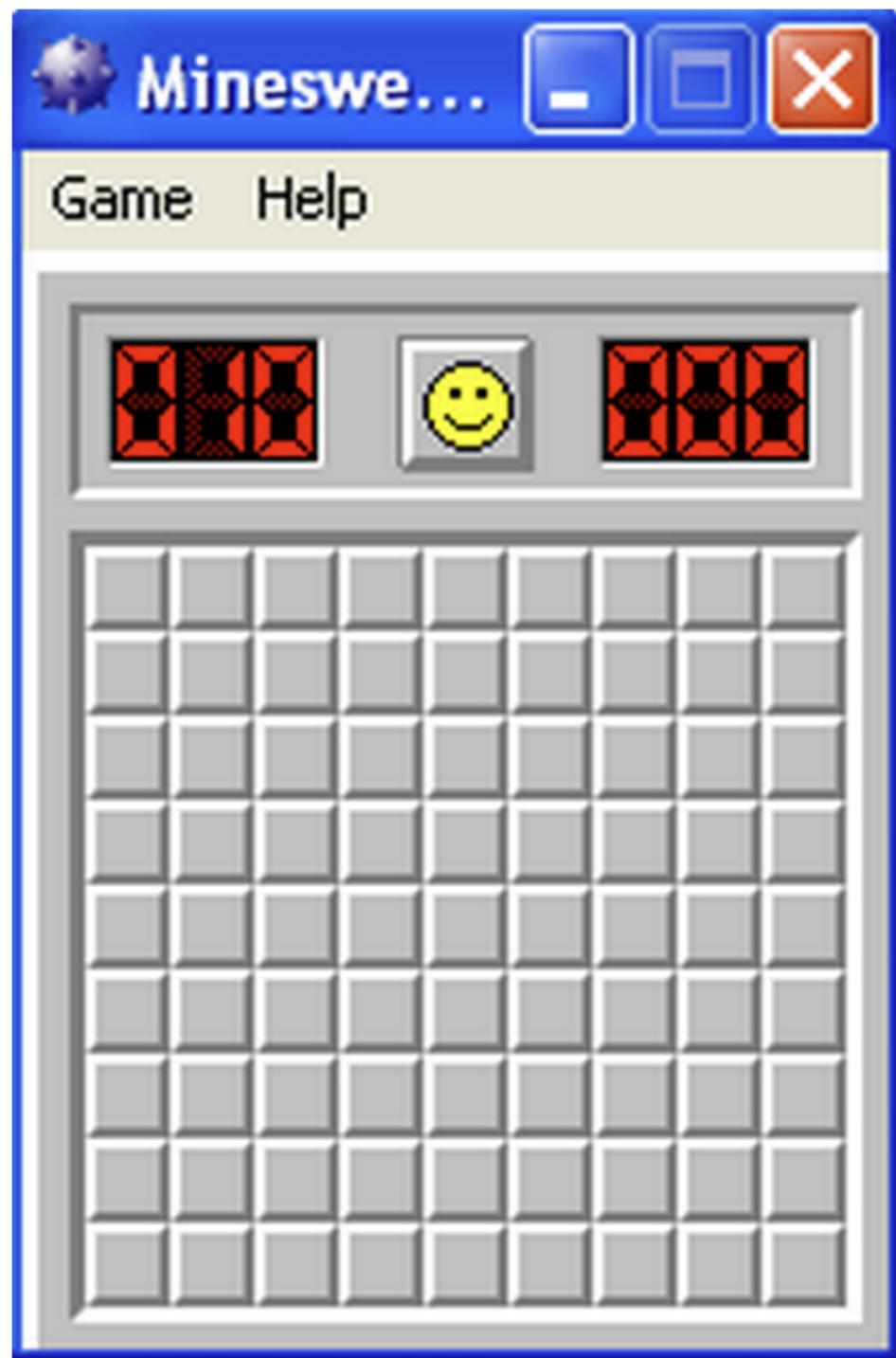
NP - vnpeline

• problem komplexität



• problem platzierung





✓	✗	✓			
✗	2	2	2	2	
✗	2			2	
	2			2	
	2	2	2	2	

			✓	✓	✓	X
	2	2	3	2	X	
2				2	X	
2				2		
2	2	2	2			

096



10

