## X

## REGLAS DE DIFERENCIACIÓN

Fórmulas generales

$$1. \ \frac{d}{dx}(c) = 0$$

**3.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x) + g(x)] = f'(x) + g'(x)$$

**5.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)] = f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x)$$
 (regla del producto)

7. 
$$\frac{d}{dx} f(g(x)) = f'(g(x))g'(x)$$
 (regla de la cadena)

$$2. \frac{d}{dx}[cf(x)] = cf'(x)$$

**4.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x) - g(x)] = f'(x) - g'(x)$$

**6.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{g(x)f'(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{\left[ g(x) \right]^2}$$
 (regla del cociente)

**8.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^n) = nx^{n-1}$$
 (regla de potencias)

Funciones exponenciales y logarítmicas

$$9. \ \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x$$

$$11. \ \frac{d}{dx} \ln |x| = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$10. \ \frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = a^x \ln a$$

Funciones trigonométricas

**13.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) = \cos x$$

**14.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) = -\sin x$$

**15.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tan x) = \sec^2 x$$

**16.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\csc x) = -\csc x \cot x$$

17. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sec x) = \sec x \tan x$$

Funciones trigonométricas inversas

**19.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx} (\text{sen}^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

**20.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cos^{-1}x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

**21.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tan^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

**22.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\csc^{-1}x) = -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

**23.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sec^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

**24.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cot^{-1}x) = -\frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

Funciones hiperbólicas

**25.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx} (\operatorname{senh} x) = \cosh x$$

**26.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cosh x) = \sinh x$$

**27.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tanh x) = \operatorname{sech}^2 x$$

**28.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{csch} x) = -\operatorname{csch} x \operatorname{coth} x$$

**29.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{sech} x) = -\operatorname{sech} x \tanh x$$

$$\mathbf{30.} \ \frac{d}{dx} \left( \coth x \right) = -\mathrm{csch}^2 x$$

Funciones hiperbólicas inversas

**31.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \operatorname{senh}^{-1} x \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}}$$

**32.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \cosh^{-1} x \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$

**33.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx} (\tanh^{-1} x) = \frac{1}{1 - x^2}$$

**34.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx} (\operatorname{csch}^{-1} x) = -\frac{1}{|x| \sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

**35.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx} (\operatorname{sech}^{-1} x) = -\frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

**36.** 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \coth^{-1} x \right) = \frac{1}{1 - x^2}$$