```
function [ a, e, inc, RAAN, argper, truanom ] = CoEs( R, V )
%Greg Soos
%Homework 3
%AERO 215-03
%10.29.2017
mu = 398600 ; %km^3/s^2
%Semi-Major Axis
specmechE = ((norm(V)^2)/2) - (mu/norm(R));
a = -mu / (2*specmechE) ;
%Eccentricity
evec = (1/mu)*(((norm(V)^2 - (mu/norm(R)))*R) - (dot(R, V)*V));
e = norm(evec) ;
%Inclination
h = cross(R, V);
irad = acos(h(3)/norm(h));
inc = rad2deg(irad) ;
%Right Ascension of Ascending Node (RAAN)
K = [0, 0, 1];
n = cross(K, h);
RAANrad = acos(n(1)/norm(n));
RAAN = rad2deg(RAANrad) ;
if n(2) >= 0
    RAAN = RAAN ;
else
    RAAN = -RAAN + 360;
end
%If function required since acos only outputs from 0 to 180 degrees;
%can be up to 360 degrees depending on the sign of the y-component of
 the n
%vector.
%Argument of Perigee
argperrad = acos(dot(n, evec)/(norm(n)*e));
argper = rad2deg(argperrad) ;
if evec(3) >= 0
    argper = argper ;
else
    argper = -argper + 360;
end
%Argument of Perigee goes up to 360 degrees depending on the sign of
%z-component of the eccentricity vector.
```

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