## Combo Proofs

1. Prove the following identity.

$$\binom{n}{k} = \binom{n-2}{k} + 2\binom{n-2}{k-1} + \binom{n-2}{k-2}$$

2. Prove the following identity.

$$\binom{n}{k} = \sum_{j=0}^{m} \binom{m}{j} \binom{n-m}{k-j}$$

3. Prove the following identity for  $n \ge 1$ .

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} k \binom{n}{k} = n2^{n-1}$$

4. Prove the following identity for  $n \ge 0$ .

$$1 + \binom{n}{1} 2 + \binom{n}{2} 4 + \ldots + \binom{n}{n-1} 2^{n-1} + \binom{n}{n} 2^n = 3^n$$

5. Prove the following identity for  $n \ge 0$ .

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} f_{2k-1} = f_{2n} - 1$$

6. Prove the following identity for  $n \ge 0$ .

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k} F_k = F_{2n}$$

7. Prove the following identity for  $n \ge 2$ .

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} k^{2} \binom{n}{k} = n2^{n-1} + n(n-1)2^{n-2}$$

8. Prove the following identity.

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k} \binom{k}{m} = \binom{n}{m} 2^{n-m}$$