Linux security modules and whole-system provenance capture

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ABSTRACT

Data provenance describes how data came to be in its present form. It includes data sources and the transformations that have been applied to them. There have been several different OS provenance capture tools in the past. However, only CamFlow and its predecessor Linux Provenance Modules use Linux Security Modules which is a framework that allows the Linux kernel to support a variety of computer security models while avoiding favouritism toward any single security implementation. This paper examines the relationship between LSM and CamFlow. the two key research questions that are addressed: 1) Does the latest version of Linux LSM capture all security related information flows? 2) Given the results of (1) and the data captured by CamFlow in its LSM hooks, can we prove that an intrusion will be reflected as a different in the provenance graphs. This is an important question that either validates or refutes the use of kernel provenance for intrusion detection.

I. INTRODUCTION

Provenance is the chronology of ownership, custody or location of a historical object. These documents are used to guide the authenticity and quality of an item. The term is used in a wide range of fields including science and computing. In computing...

Data provenance has wide range of applications ranging from dependibility (reliability and security) of the system to reproducibility of computational experiments.

Security is a major concern since there is no permanent fix to detect intrusions. Its a race between attackers and defenders. Data provenance can help detect such intrusions in the kernel. However, in order to make sure that all the intrusions are getting detected, we need a way to capture the entire data flowing in the system which is why we use CamFlow.

Camflow is a practical implementation of whole-system provenance capture that can be easily maintained and deployed. They use Linux security modules as the underlying framework to capture the data flows..

In this paper, we examine if the whole system provenance capture mechanism developed by Camflow can be utilized for intrusion detection.

We first focus on a methodology proposed by Georget et al. to verify if indeed every security related flow goes through an LSM hook. The methodology proposed by Georget et al. had been designed for linux kernel v4.3 to ensure that all security flows are passing through the hooks. We gaurantee the same for v4.20 which is the last formal release.

A second challenge in determining if the use of kernel provenance can help in intrusion detection, we prove that a security breach is reflected in the provenance graph it produces.

The key contributions of our work are:1)

II. BACKGROUND

There have been multiple provenance capture systems proposed before this PASS, HiFi. However, they had problems 1) struggled to keep abreast with current OS releases 2) Did not have whole system provenance capture guarantees. Camflow provides easy maintainability because of its adoption of LSMs and Net-filters.

LSMs are security frameworks which were initially built for accommodation differnt access policies such as MAC and DAC. It was however not built for information flow policies. This is why ensuring if it captures all the information flow paths is important. Georget et al. does so...

The purpose of information flow control is to monitor the way in which information is disseminated in the system once it is out of its original container. This is unlike access control which can only enforce rules on how whose containers are accessed. Several scientific and technical challenges exist in ensuring complete information flow. One of them being the large Linux kernel code base. Georget tackles this issue in his work.

In order to improve the state of art of the information flow systems, Georget et. al developed a plugin for the GCC compiler to easily extract and visualize control flow graphs of kernel functions...

Camflow which utilizes LSM for the whole-system provenance capture. It collects the provenance data and constructs

1

provenance graphs from the collected data. Now that we are aware that Georget's methodology ensures the placement of hooks such that complete information flow is possible, we prove/disprove that the violations are reflected in the provenance graphs.

III. METHODOLOGY
IV. RESULTS
V. LIMITATIONS
VI. RELATED WORK

VII. CONCLUSION

VIII. DISCUSSION

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